HTML in Dash

BUILDING DASHBOARDS WITH DASH AND PLOTLY



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HTML Revisited

- HTML = language for structuring web content
 - Uses 'tags' like Div, H1>H6
- Dash wraps HTML using

```
dash_html_components
```

- H1 tag is .H1()
- Div tag is .Div()
- Many more tags available!

```
<div>
  <div style=
       "background-color: red;
        width:250; height:250;">
  </div>
  <div style=
       "background-color: lightblue;
        width:250; height:250;">
    <h1>This box</h1>
  </div>
</div>
```

Structuring tags

- Huge list of HTML tags available (See documentation)
- Important structuring tags:
 - .Br() = New line break
 - .Img() = Insert an image

Lists in HTML Dash

- .Ul() \ .Ol() & .Li() = Create lists
 - .Ul() for unordered list (bullet-points, like these!)
 - .01() for ordered list (numbered-points)
 - .Li() for each list element

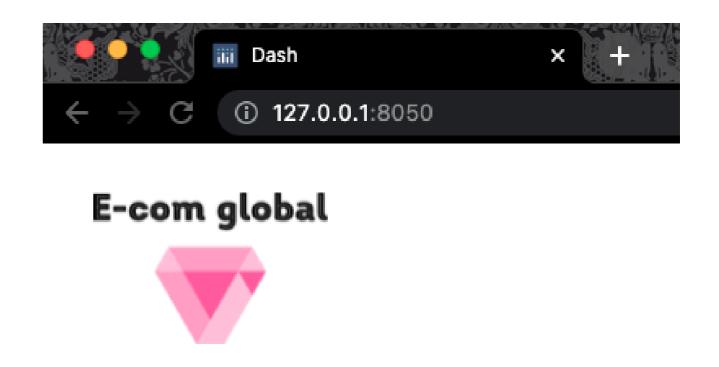
We will practice these!

Inserting a company logo

Add company logo above the title;

```
app.layout = html.Div(children=[
  html.Img(src='www.website.com/logo.png'),
  html.H1("Our Sales Dashboard")
])
```

Nice and professional!



Our Sales Dashboard

Text tags

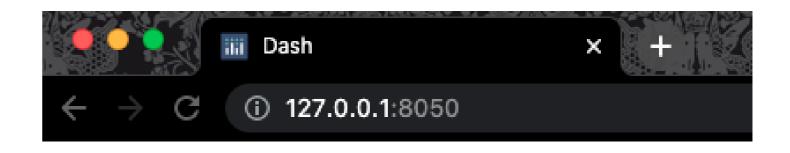
Set and format text content

- .P() or .Span() = Insert plain text
 Accept a children argument (list of text, .P() or .Span())
- .B() = **Bold** some text
- .I() = *Italicize* some text

HTML text tags in Dash

Some complex formatting:

```
app.layout = html.Div(children=[
   html.H1("Our Sales Dashboard"),
   html.Span(children=[
   f"Prepared: {datetime.now().date()}",
   " by ", html.B("Jessie Parker, "),
   html.I("Data Scientist")
   ])
])
```



Our Sales Dashboard

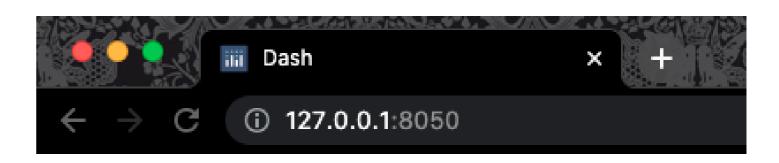
Prepared: 2021-06-27 by Jessie Parker, Data Scientist

Breaking up the text

Adding line breaks:

```
app.layout = html.Div([
  html.H1("Our Sales Dashboard"),
  html.Span(children=[
  f"Prepared: {datetime.now().date()}",
  html.Br(),
  " by ", html.B("Jessie Parker, "),
  html.Br(),
  html.Br(),
  html.I("Data Scientist")])
  ])
```

With line breaks:



Our Sales Dashboard

Prepared: 2021-06-27 by **Jessie Parker**, Data Scientist

Let's practice!

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CSS Basics in Dash

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What is CSS?

CSS stands for 'Cascading Style Sheets'

- A language to determine how a webpage is styled
- We can control:
 - Text/font properties
 - Size & shape of objects (HTML tags!)
 - Placement of objects

CSS on the web

Most websites have CSS files;

- They are read in on page load
- One way to apply CSS to page elements

About Store

- Try opening up developer tools on Chrome to see (Google below!)
- This course: style property instead

Google





CSS on HTML elements

CSS can also be used on a HTML element

- Use the style property of a tag
- CSS statements in one big string separated
 by ;
 - Statements are

```
property:value;property:value;
```

Some CSS styling

```
<h1>Welcome to the website!</h1>
<h2 style="font-size:50px;color:red">
        Enjoy your stay!
</h2>
```

We can see the styling on our second title:

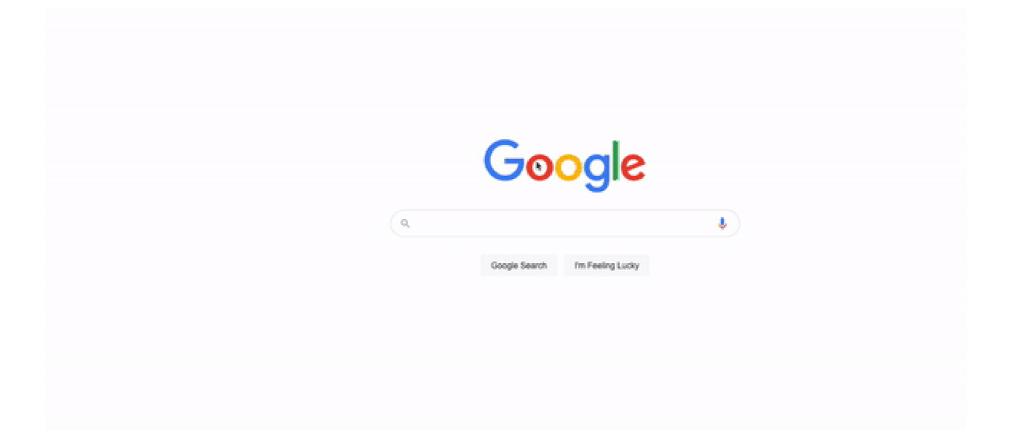
Welcome to the website!

Enjoy your stay!

Editing live CSS

We can see how to edit some CSS on a live website

- Right click an element > select 'inspect' > edit a CSS property
- Note only a local change (gone on refresh)



CSS in Dash

- Dash components style argument
 - Accepts CSS as a dictionary
- Previous code in a Dash component:

CSS for color

CSS can be used to set the:

- Background color of an object (background-color)
- Text color (color)

Both methods accept strings (e.g., 'red') or RGB codes (e.g., 'rgb(0,0,255)'' is blue!)

Some color RGB codes:

Color	RGB Code
	(245, 66, 230)
	(105, 245, 66)
	(245, 66, 87)
	(50, 47, 247)

CSS for Size

CSS can set the size via the width and height properties

```
app.layout = html.Div([
    # Add & resize the company logo
    html.Img(src=logo_link,
    style={'width':'250px', 'height':'250px'})
])
```

CSS size as a percentage

```
app.layout = html.Div([
    # Add & resize the company logo
    html.Img(src=logo_link,
    style={'width':'50%', 'height':'50%'})
])
```

• 50% of parent element size

Let's practice!

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Advanced CSS in Dash

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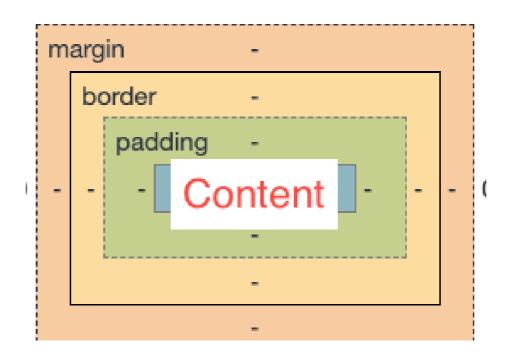
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CSS for spacing between objects

The 'Box Model' considers each HTML element as a box with these properties:

- Content of the object (height & width properties)
- Padding (outside the content)
- Border (between padding and margin)
- Margin (outside the border, separating one element from another)

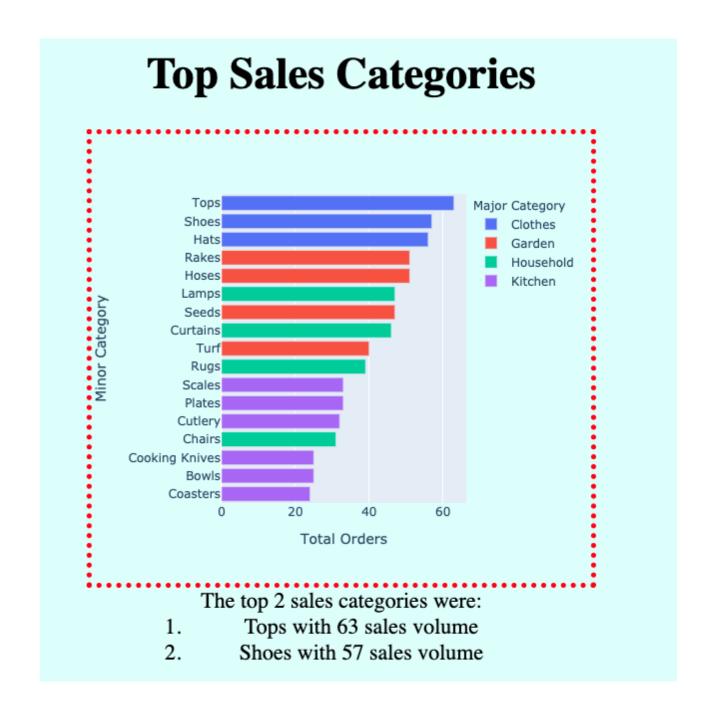


Adding a border

The border CSS argument has three elements:

```
'border':'A B C'
A = width in pixels
B = style (E.g., solid or dotted)
C = color (E.g., red)
```

A border on our app



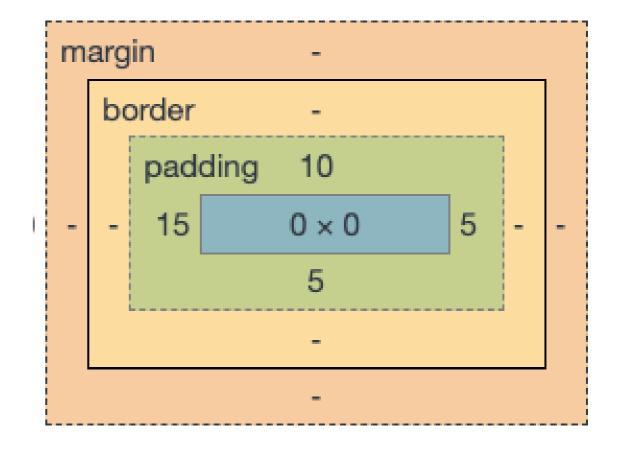
CSS spacing

To set the spacing of an HTML element:

- Specify four numbers for each property (Padding & Margin)
 - Clockwise will be top, right, bottom, left
- Alternatively: one number (will be applied to all sides)
- Alternatively: two numbers for top-bottom and left-right

E.g., 'padding':'10px 5px 5px 15px'

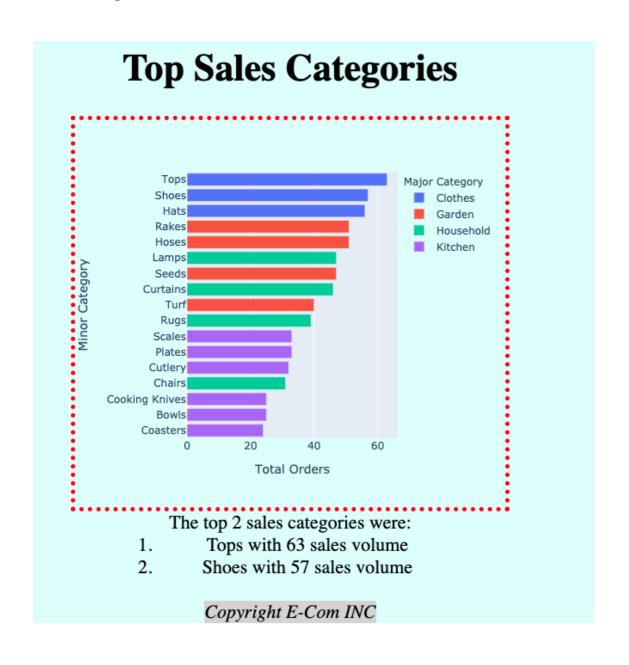
Produces this:



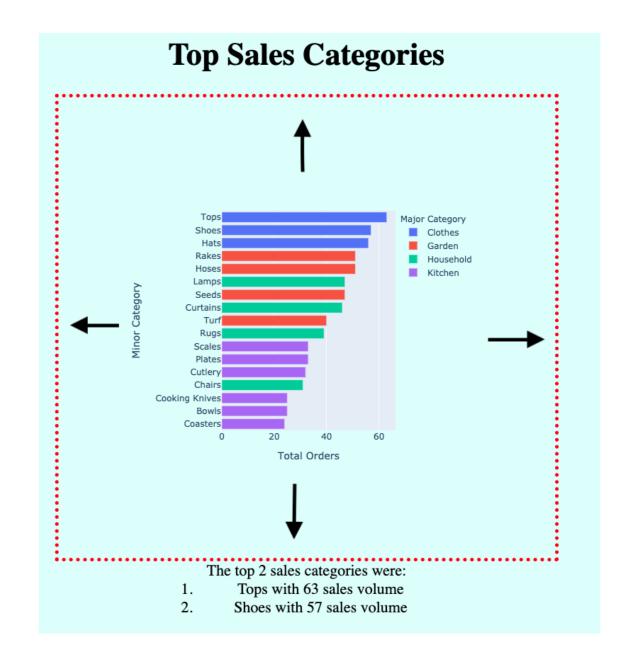


Adding padding in Dash

No padding:



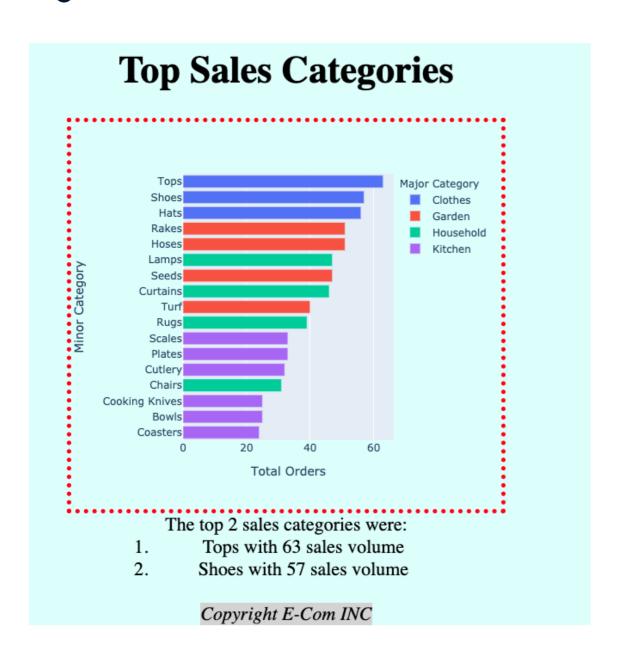
Adding 'padding':'100px':



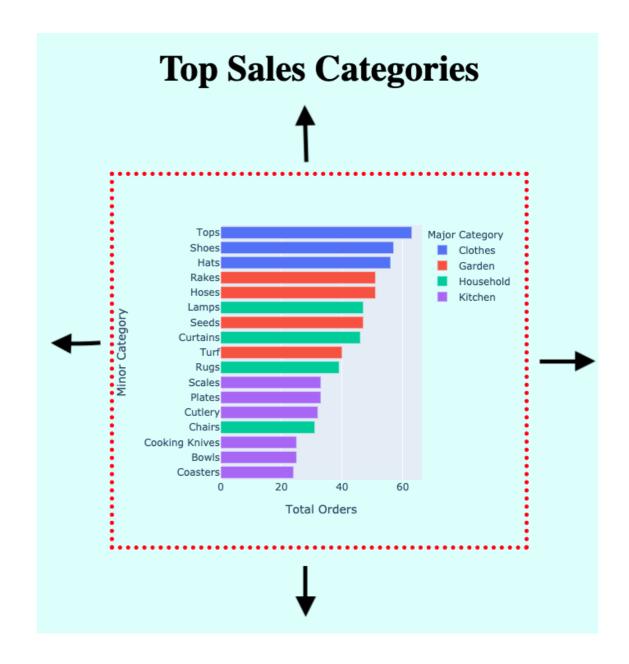


Adding margin in Dash

No margin:



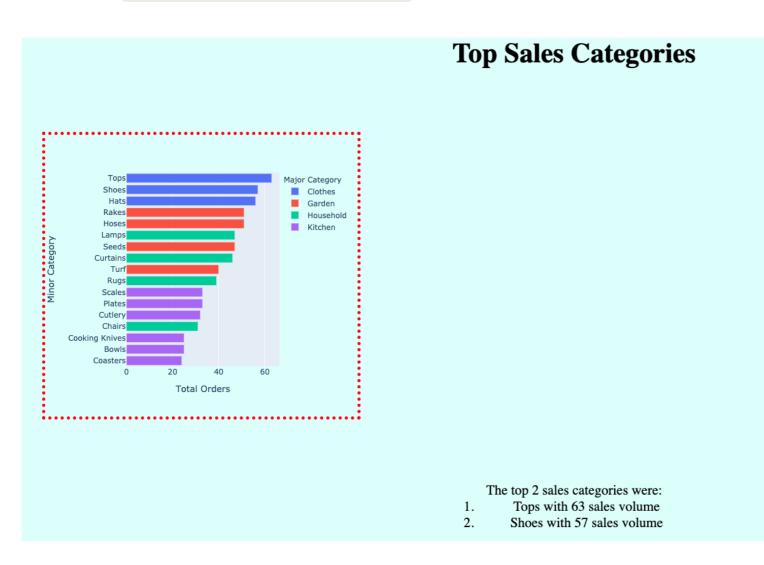
Adding margin: 100px auto:



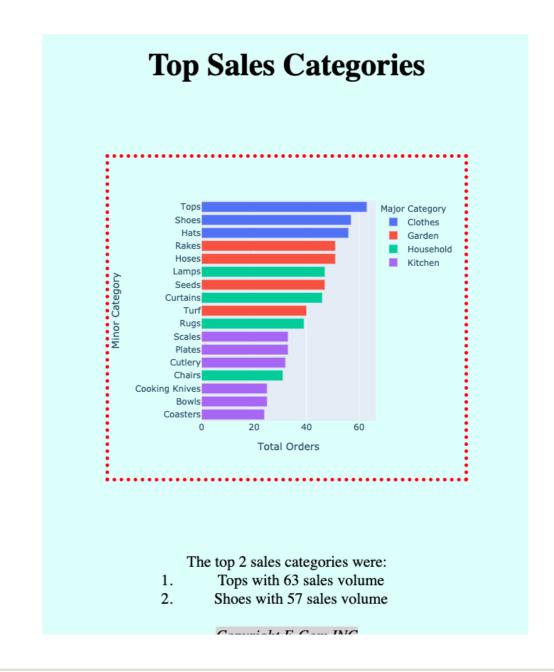


Centering with auto margin

With: 'margin':'100px'



With: 'margin':'100px auto'





CSS for layout

Elements not aligning? HTML elements can either be 'inline' or 'block' elements.

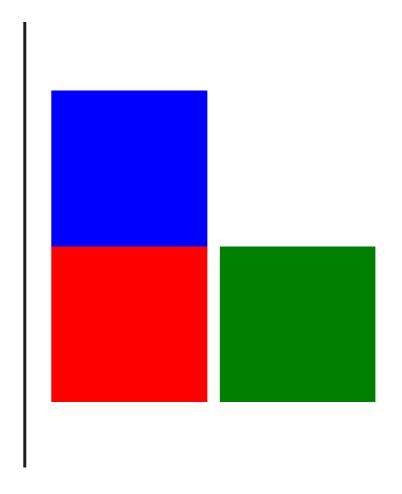
- Inline render on the same line
 - Have no height or width (or box) properties
 - Examples include , <a>,
- Block stack on top of one another as they include a line break
 - Can't have more than one side-by-side
 - Examples include <h1>, <div>
- There is also inline-block
 - Can set height/width/box properties
 - Can be side-by-side

Inline-block elements

We can create some divs that are block and inline-block;

```
<div style='width:50px;height:50px;
    background-color:blue'></div>
<div style='width:50px;height:50px;
    background-color:red
    ;display:inline-block'></div>
<div style='width:50px;height:50px;
    background-color:green;
    display:inline-block'></div>
```

Notice the red beside green?



Let's practice!

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