

AFFIRMATION

Resolved: In the United States, the benefits of the use of generative artificial intelligence in education outweigh the harms.

C1: AI in the workforce

Learning generative AI early is crucial for readiness in the workforce

zinfo. ¹⁴ **25**, ¹⁵ www.zinfo.com/blog/ai-in-education-workforce-readiness

Why AI in Education is Crucial for Workforce Readiness

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has become a transformative force across industries, reshaping how work is performed and reshaping workforce demands. **With AI advancing rapidly, the education system is vital in readying individuals for an AI-driven future.** Integrating AI in education extends beyond teaching technical skills; it prepares learners with adaptability, problem-solving abilities, and skills to collaborate with AI technologies.

This article delves into the significance of AI in education for workforce readiness. It shows how schools and colleges can use AI to build skills, close gaps, and prepare students for diverse careers. **AI-powered educational tools are revolutionizing learning by ensuring students grasp foundational concepts, enabling them to tackle more complex topics confidently.** Moreover, it fosters independent learning, an essential skill in a workforce increasingly driven by self-paced technology adoption. Personalized AI in education promotes a learner-centric environment that empowers individuals to progress at their own pace. This level of customization not only improves academic outcomes but also builds confidence and motivation in learners, equipping them with the skills needed for future careers. ¹⁶ **Ensuring Accessibility and Inclusion.**

AI can bridge the gap for students with disabilities or those from underserved communities. Speech recognition, real-time transcription, and text-to-speech tools enable learners to access content in various ways. For example, students with visual impairments can use AI screen readers to access online resources. At the same time, real-time transcription helps students with hearing impairments in the classroom. AI in education helps create a fair environment, allowing every student to learn the skills they need for the jobs. By fostering inclusivity, it ensures that no learner is left behind, opening doors to opportunities for everyone, regardless of their background or circumstances. AI tools also facilitate equitable learning by providing diverse language support, enabling students from non-English-speaking backgrounds to access high-quality education. This inclusivity is critical in leveling the playing field and ensuring diverse participation in future workforce opportunities. **Building Workforce Ready Skills.** Introducing AI Early in K-12 Education

Education Early exposure to AI concepts prepares students for careers in technology-driven industries. **Programs like MIT's AI4ALL and the National Science Foundation's AI Institutes work with K-12 schools to introduce students to machine learning, robotics, and data science.** This early exposure not only sparks interest in STEM fields but also builds critical thinking and problem-solving abilities. Students develop analytical thinking and adaptability to evolving technologies, essential skills in an AI-driven economy. The inclusion of AI in education from a young age lays the foundation for a future-ready workforce equipped to meet emerging challenges. By incorporating hands-on projects and real-world problem-solving tasks, K-12 programs can inspire innovation and creativity among students, fostering a passion for lifelong learning. **Expanding Interdisciplinary Learning in Higher Education.** In higher education, AI integration extends beyond computer science programs. Universities are using interdisciplinary models like "AI + X" to this model, AI is combined with fields like healthcare, finance, or environmental science. For example, medical students learn to use AI-powered diagnostic tools, while business students leverage AI for market analysis. This approach equips graduates with technical skills to apply AI to real-world challenges within their fields. By blending AI in education with domain-specific knowledge, institutions produce graduates who can innovate across industries. Additionally, interdisciplinary programs encourage students to think critically about how AI can address societal challenges, such as climate change and public health issues. **Enriching the Skills Gap.** Addressing the Skills Gap in the Workforce

challenge in workforce readiness is the skills gap, where workers lack the qualifications needed for changing industries. AI in education can address this by aligning curricula with the needs of the modern job market. **Initiatives like IBM's Open P-TECH provide AI training aligned with industry standards, preparing students with in-demand skills. These initiatives emphasize practical applications of AI, ensuring graduates are job-ready upon entering the workforce.** The integration of AI in education helps bridge the gap between academic learning and professional requirements. By partnering with industry leaders, educational institutions can design courses that reflect the skills and technologies most in demand, ensuring students remain competitive in the evolving job market. **Upskilling and Reskilling for Lifelong Learning.** The rise of AI demands that workers continually update their skills to remain relevant. Educational institutions and online platforms play a critical role in facilitating lifelong learning through AI-driven courses and certifications. **Continuing Education and Upskilling.** AI to suggest personalized learning paths aligned with an individual's career goals. This approach empowers professionals to upskill efficiently, making them more adaptable to technological advancements. AI in education enables continuous growth, fostering a resilient and capable workforce. Employees are increasingly embracing their status to participate in these programs, recognizing the value of a workforce skilled in emerging AI technologies. Lifelong learning supported by AI ensures that individuals remain agile and ready to meet the demands of a rapidly changing workplace. **Living AI in education to upskill learning.** Preparing for Ethical and Responsible AI Use Educating About AI Ethics and Biases AI becomes ubiquitous, understanding its ethical implications is crucial. Education must emphasize the responsible use of AI, focusing on issues such as algorithmic bias, data privacy, and transparency.

Generative AI will be present in every part of student's lives, especially once they enter the workforce.

Dive, ¹⁷ **24**, ¹⁸ <https://www.dive.com/news/enterprise-generative-ai-use-workforce-ibm-report/717552/>, Accessed February 10, 2025.

Generative AI use soared in the enterprise since last year, according to a study from consulting firm Accenture published this month. Nearly **two-thirds of businesses adopted** generative AI technology, compared to just 17% in the first quarter of 2023. Software development remains a key focus of adoption in more than three-quarters of developers use generative AI in the workplace, the survey of 400 senior-level executives found. **Over half of enterprises are using gen AI** more than once a week, while 1 in 10 businesses said teams deployed four or more. Text-based tools were most prominent, followed by images and audio.

Yuan, ¹⁹ **24**, ²⁰ <https://www.accenture.com/magazine/digital-experience>, Accessed 4 May 2025.

In today's job market, putting AI skills on your resume isn't just a smart move; it's a must. Companies are using AI tech more so showing you've got a handle on it can make you stand out. Employers know how AI can help make things run smoother and spark new ideas. **As industries continue to evolve, individuals with artificial intelligence skills are better positioned to lead, innovate, and drive positive change, making these skills a valuable asset for career growth and long-term success.**

The shift in priorities highlights the growing importance of AI education for future employment prospects.

Ascione, **24**, www.ecampusnews.com/in-education/2024/03/07/ai-empire-workforce-higher-ed/, Accessed 3 Mar 2025.

1. Most organizations will use AI by 2028. **benefits of AI will be spread across the organization.**

AI will be used across levels of technical knowledge, 61 percent of 'tech-specialists'

. Acquiring AI skills will boost pay and create other career benefits for employees.

Employers rank AI as the most important technology skillset a job candidate can possess, 40 percent of surveyed employers are actively looking for people with AI development qualifications today, and this will rise to 51 percent in the next five years. However, the rapid transition to an AI-enabled workforce has created a labor market shortage for AI talent.

Impact: Not only is AI a vital part of our future but it is bringing up our economy

Morgan, **24**.

AI can power a reindustrialization across the US, to extend the US lead in AI can yield tens of thousands of jobs; significant growth in GDP;

2023 saw massive growth in demand for AI data centers – around 167% year-over-year – that shows no sign of slowing.

C2: Vaccines/Med industry

AI is currently being taught and used in the medical field as well with major results

Basu ^{Kanapureya, et al. "Artificial Intelligence: How Is It Changing Medical Sciences and Its Future?" *Indian Journal of Dermatology*, vol. 65, no. 5, Sept. 2020, pp. 365-376. https://doi.org/10.4103/IJD.IJD_20_20} 20,

that global pharmaceutical companies have invested their time and money on using AI for drug development of major diseases, ^{such as cancer or cardiovascular disease} Given the impact that AI and machine learning is having on our wider world, it is important for AI to be a part of the curriculum for ^{a range of domains} experts. This is particularly true for the medical profession,

^{where the cost of a wrong decision can be fatal.}

This same AI used to help major diseases can prevent pandemics

^{"Using AI From Lab to Field: How Did Artificial Intelligence Help It's Development and Deliver COVID-19 Vaccines?" *Gavi*. 25, <https://www.gavi.org/vaccineswork/using-ai-to-help-how-did-artificial-intelligence-help-its-development-and-deliver-covid-19>}

When COVID-19 first swept ^{across the globe,} researchers rushed to develop a vaccine that could save lives and end the pandemic as quickly as possible. Enter artificial intelligence (AI), which accelerated the process in a way that has never been done before in vaccine development.

Not only did AI help slow the spread of COVID it could prevent the outbreak of new strains

Higgins ^{Matthew K. "Can We AlphaFold Our Way out of the next Pandemic?" *Journal of Molecular Biology*, June 2021, p. 167093. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jmb.2021.167093>} 21,

With an infectious organism dominating ^{the world stage,} the developers of AlphaFold 2 were keen to play their part, accurately predicting ^{and} structures of two proteins from SARS-CoV-2. they highlighted this ^{contribution} writing "we've also seen signs that protein structure prediction could be useful in future pandemic response efforts". ^{Knowledge of the structure of the SARS-CoV coronavirus spike protein allowed design of mutants which stabilise the spike in the pre-fusion conformation.* As this is the form of the spike found on virus particles, vaccine immunogens which elicit antibodies that target this conformation are likely to be most effective."} As the SARS-CoV-2 virus, which causes COVID-19, is closely related to SARS-CoV2, ^{As a result, the Pfizer/BioNTech and Moderna vaccines, amongst others, include spike-stabilising} 3, 4 this insight was transferable to the new pandemic strain.²

^{mutations in their effective designs." This is just one example of a broader field of "reverse vaccinology", in which rational insight into the structure of pathogen surface proteins, and their complexes with neutralising monoclonal antibodies, guide design of improved vaccine immunogens.} The current strengths of AlphaFold 2 appear to be in the prediction of structures of single proteins, ^{both in cases where there is a similar structure to act as a template, and where there is not.} As seen in the case of PfPRH5, structures of single antigens can be used to guide design of improved vaccine immunogens

UN 14.9 Million Excess Deaths Associated with the COVID-19 Pandemic in 2020 and 2021" United Nations, www.un.org/en/news/story/2022/04/149-million-excess-deaths-associated-covid-19-pandemic-2020-and-2021 21

New estimates from the World Health Organization (WHO) show that the full death toll associated directly or indirectly with the COVID-19 pandemic (described as "excess mortality") between 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2021 was approximately 14.9 million (range 13.3 million to 16.6 million). "These sobering data not only point towards the impact of the pandemic but also to the need for all countries to invest in more resilient health systems that can sustain essential health services during crises, including stronger health information systems," said Dr Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus, WHO Director-General.

We need these vaccinations not only in the event of another outbreak but to prevent death overall

Carter Amelle, et al. "Modeling the Impact of Vaccination for the Immunization Agenda 2030: Deaths Averted due to Vaccination against 14 Pathogens in 195 Countries from 2021-2030." *Papertown.com*, 20 Apr. 2022. <https://www.papertown.com/2022/04/20/immunization-2030-deaths-averted/> 21,

Overall, an estimated 51.0 million (95% CI: 48.5 – 53.7) deaths are expected to be averted due to vaccinations administered between the years 2021 and 2030. With immunization coverage projected to increase over 2021–2030 an average of 5.1 million per year (4.9 – 5.4) deaths will be averted annually, with 4.4 million (3.6– 5.1) deaths be averted for the year 2021, gradually rising to 5.8 million 5.5–6.1 deaths averted in 2030.

Impact: AI used in medical fields are used to make vaccinations. These vaccinations helped stop the spread of covid, and potentially the next one. This shows how our youth needs to learn AI in schools.

Overall we can see that AI helps us build crucial infrastructure and prevent millions of deaths annually therefore it is clear that the benefits of AI outweigh the harms and I trust you will vote in the affirmation