## **Exercise - Introduction to Database**

Problem Statement: There can be multiple customers, who can place multiple orders on the site. Now a sales person can handle these orders will distribute into multiple sales persons (One order will be assign to one salesperson only). So a sales person can have multiple orders of multiple customers.

#### **Create Database**

Here we are creating a Database named *bootcamp* using command *create database <database* name>;.

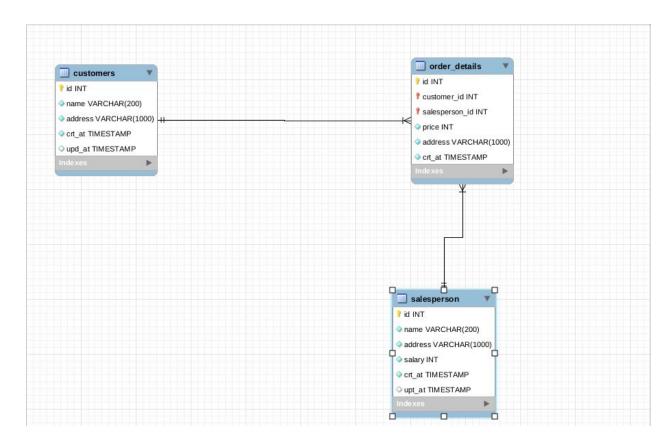
And command *show databases*; lists all the databases present in the system.

```
Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Welcome Harshdeep!!
@ [ttn]~ -> mysqlhd
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \setminus g.
Your MySQL connection id is 28
Server version: 5.7.25-0ubuntu0.18.04.2 (Ubuntu)
Copyright (c) 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> create database bootcamp;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> show databases;
Database
| information_schema |
| bootcamp
mysql
| performance_schema |
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

# **Design Schema**

The Schema defines how a database should look like, what all relations are necessary for the database to work properly.

Here, the table *customers* is having customer details, the table *salesperson* is having details of the salesperson, and the table *order\_details* is having the details for the order and both customer id and salesperson id as foreign keys from respective tables. Moreover, order id, salesperson id and customer id serve as a composite primary key in the table *order\_details*.



#### Create tables

We can create a table in mysl using the command *create table (<column\_name> <data type> <options>,....)* 

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE order details (
   -> id int not null auto_increment,
   -> customer_id int not null,
   -> salesperson_id int not null,
   -> price int not null,
   -> address varchar(1000) not null,
   -> crt at timestamp not null default current timestamp,
   -> upt_at timestamp null default null on update current_timestamp,
   -> primary key (id, customer_id, salesperson_id),
-> foreign key order_customer (customer_id) REFERENCES customers(id),
    -> foreign key order_salesperson (salesperson_id) REFERENCES salesperson(id)
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.44 sec)
mysql> desc order_detail;
ERROR 1146 (42502): Table 'bootcamp.order_detail' doesn't exist
mysql> desc order_details;
| Field
            | Type
                               | Null | Key | Default | Extra
            | int(11)
 id
                                 NO
                                      | PRI | NULL
                                                                  | auto_increment
                                 NO PRI NULL
 customer_id
                 | int(11)
 salesperson_id | int(11)
               NULL
                                 NO
 price
 address
                                              NULL
 crt_at
upt_at
                                                CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
                                 | YES
                                              NULL
                                                                  on update CURRENT_TIMESTAMP |
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

#### Insert sample data

Inserting sample data in all the tables, considering all the foreign key constraints.

Activities ☑ Terminal ▼	Wed Feb	6, 3:28 PM ♀ ••) 🖹	80% ▼
Terminal		Terminal –	
File Edit View Search Terminal Help		File Edit View Search Terminal Help	
-> ;			
<u> </u>		mysql> INSERT INTO order_details (customer_id,salesperson_id,price,ad) VALUES (	ddress
id   name   address	crt_at   upt_at	-> 1,1,300,"Lajpat Nagar" -> ):	
<del></del>		Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)	
+   1   Harshdeep Singh   Lajpat Nagar	2019-02-06 15:06:33   NULL	mysql> INSERT INTO order details (customer id.salesperson id.price.ac	ddress
   2   New User   Some place here!	2019-02-06 15:07:00   NULL	) VALUES ( 1,2,3000,"Here" );	
i ·		Query OK, 1 row affected (0.05 sec)	
3   Some other user   Some place there!	2019-02-06 15:07:14   NULL	<pre>mysql&gt; INSERT INTO order_details (customer_id,salesperson_id,price,ac ) VALUES ( 3.3,5000,"There" );</pre>	ddress
<del></del>		Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)	
t 3 rows in set (0.00 sec)		mysql> INSERT INTO order details (customer id,salesperson id,price,ac	ddress
mysql> [		) VALUES ( 2,2,2000,"Now here" ); Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)	
Terminal			
File Edit View Search Terminal Help		<pre>mysql&gt; INSERT INTO order_details (customer_id,salesperson_id,price,act) VALUES ( 1,3,500,"Now there" );</pre>	ddress
+		Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)	
id   name	salary   crt_at	mysql> INSERT INTO order_details (customer_id,salesperson_id,price,ad	ddress
++		) VALUES ( 3,1,5500,"Please, again here." ); Ouery OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)	
1   Harshdeep Singh   Lajpat Nag	ar - 4   90000   2019-02-06 15		
:09:28   NULL     2   New salesperson   Some place	here!   40000   2019-02-06 15	<pre>mysql&gt; INSERT INTO order_details (customer_id,salesperson_id,price,ac ) VALUES ( 3,2,505,"Please, again there." );</pre>	ddress
:09:55   NULL		Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)	
3   Some other Salesperson   Some place :10:34   NULL	there!   9000   2019-02-06 15	<pre>mysql&gt; select * from order_details;</pre>	
++-		<del></del>	
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)			crt_a
mysql> [		t   upt_at   	

d   cu	stomer_id   s	alesperson_id	price	address		upt_at
1	1	1	300	Lajpat Nagar	2019-02-06 15:20:45	
2	1	2	3000	Here	2019-02-06 15:21:07	NULL
3	3	3	5000	There	2019-02-06 15:25:24	NULL
4	2	2	2000	Now here	2019-02-06 15:26:41	NULL
5	1	3	500	Now there	2019-02-06 15:26:53	NULL
6	3	1	5500	Please, again here.	2019-02-06 15:27:35	NULL
7	3	2	505	Please, again there.	2019-02-06 15:27:48	NULL

## Find the sales person have multiple orders.

The fuction *count()* return the number of records satisfying a particular condition. Here, it is used to get the number of orders present for a particular salesperson.

```
mysql> select * from order details;
 id | customer_id | salesperson_id | price | address
                                                                 | crt_at
                                                              ----+-------
                     1 | 300 | Lajpat Nagar
                                                           | 2019-02-06 15:20:45 | NULL
                                2 |
  4
  6
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> delete from order_details where id = 6;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> select * from order details;
 id | customer_id | salesperson_id | price | address | crt_at
                                                                                 | upt_at |
  1 | 300 | Lajpat
2 | 3000 | Here
                                      300 | Lajpat Nagar | 2019-02-06 15:20:45 | NULL
                                1 | 300 | Lajpat Nagar | 2019-02-06 15:20:45 | NULL | 2 | 3000 | Here | 2019-02-06 15:21:07 | NULL | 3 | 5000 | There | 2019-02-06 15:25:24 | NULL | 2 | 2000 | Now here | 2019-02-06 15:26:41 | NULL | 3 | 500 | Now there | 2019-02-06 15:26:53 | NULL | 2 | 505 | Please, again there. | 2019-02-06 15:38:12 | NULL
                1 |
               3 j
  3 |
  4
                1
  9
               3
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

# Find the all sales person details along with order details

Inner Join creates a result set joining two tables on the basis of a common column, the foreign key.

A foreign key is a constraint which is used to link two tables, the primary key of the other table is made the foreign key of this table.

```
-> salesperson.id Salesperson_ID,
-> order_details.id Order_ID,
-> name Salesperson_Name,
-> order_details.address Delivery_Address,
   -> salesperson.address Salespersons_Address,
  -> salary Salary,
-> price Order_Price
   -> FROM salesperson INNER JOIN order_details ON salesperson.id = order_details.salesperson_id;
                                                                                           | Salespersons_Address | Salary | Order_Price
Salesperson_ID | Order_ID | Salesperson_Name
                                                               | Delivery_Address
                                  Harshdeep Singh
                                                                 Lajpat Nagar
                                                                                             Lajpat Nagar - 4
                                                                                                                           90000
                                                                                                                                               300
                             2 | New salesperson
3 | Some other Salesperson
4 | New salesperson
                                                                 Неге
                                                                                              Some place here!
                                                                 There
                                                                                             Some place there!
                                                                                                                            9000
                                                                                                                                              5000
                                                                 Now here
                                                                                             Some place here!
                                                                                                                           40000
                                                                                                                                              2000
                             5 | Some other Salesperson
                                                                 Now there
                                                                                             Some place there!
                                                                                                                            9000
                                                                                                                                               500
                             9 | New salesperson
                                                                 Please, again there. | Some place here!
                                                                                                                           40000
                                                                                                                                               505
rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

# **Create index**

Index is also a kind of constraint we list with the mysql to make the *select* operation on the basis of that indexed column faster. Every key is an index.

```
mysql> CREATE INDEX newTestIndex on customers(name);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.34 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

#### How to show index on a table

Show index from is used to show all the indexes of a table.

# Find the order number, sale person name, along with the customer to whom that order belongs to

Here we want data from all the three tables, *customers*, *salesperson* and *order\_details*. Hence we're going to perform inner join on all the three tables.