

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Department: CSE (CS) - Section 2

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE (CS)

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 5_MCQ

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 15

Marks Obtained : 15

Section 1 : MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Alpha {  
    void greet(String name) {  
        System.out.println("Hello " + name);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Alpha obj = new Alpha();  
        obj.greet("Anu");  
    }  
}
```

Answer

Hello Anu

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

2. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class MathUtils {  
    int add(int x) {  
        return x + x;  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        MathUtils m = new MathUtils();  
        System.out.println(m.add(5));  
    }  
}
```

Answer

10

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Person {  
    int age = 18;  
}
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Person p = new Person();  
        p.age += 2;  
        System.out.println("Age: " + p.age);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

Age: 20

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

4. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Sample {  
    int x = 10;  
  
    void display() {  
        System.out.println("x = " + x);  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Sample s = new Sample();  
        s.display();  
    }  
}
```

Answer

x = 10

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. What is the output of the following code?

```
class Box {  
    int height;  
    Box(int height) {  
        this.height = height;  
    }  
    void modifyHeight(Box b) {  
        b.height += 10;  
    }  
}  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Box b1 = new Box(20);  
        b1.modifyHeight(b1);  
    }  
}
```

```
        System.out.println(b1.height);
    }
}
```

Answer

30

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class A {
    int p = 5;
    int q = 2;
}

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        A obj = new A();
        System.out.println(obj.p + obj.q);
    }
}
```

Answer

7

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

7. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class A {
    int y = 30;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        A a1 = new A();
        A a2 = new A();
        a1.y = 50;
    }
}
```

```
        System.out.println(a2.y);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

30

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

8. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class A {  
    int val = 20;  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        A obj1 = new A();  
        A obj2 = obj1;  
        obj2.val += 5;  
        System.out.println(obj1.val);  
    }  
}
```

Answer

25

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

9. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Test {  
    private int value;  
    Test(int value) {  
        this.value = value;  
    }  
    public int getValue() {  
        return value;  
    }  
}
```

```
    }
    public class Main {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            Test obj = new Test(10);
            System.out.println(obj.value);
        }
    }
```

Answer

Compile-time error

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Box {
    int volume(int l, int b, int h) {
        return l * b * h;
    }
}
```

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Box b = new Box();
        System.out.println(b.volume(2, 3, 4));
    }
}
```

Answer

24

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

11. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Box {
    int length = 5;
    int width = 4;
```

```
int area() {  
    return length * width;  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Box b = new Box();  
    System.out.println("Area = " + b.area());  
}  
}
```

Answer

Area = 20

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Demo {  
    void printMessage() {  
        System.out.println("Hello from Demo");  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Demo d = new Demo();  
        d.printMessage();  
    }  
}
```

Answer

Hello from Demo

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

13. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Ball {  
    int size = 11;
```

```
}

class Game {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Ball b1 = new Ball();
        Ball b2 = new Ball();
        b2.size = 10;
        System.out.println(b1.size);
    }
}
```

Answer

11

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

14. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class A {
    int x = 50;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        A obj1 = new A();
        A obj2 = obj1;
        obj2.x = 100;
        System.out.println(obj1.x);
    }
}
```

Answer

100

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

15. What will be the output of the following code?

```
class Person {
```

```
String name;
void setName(String n) {
    name = n;
}
void printName() {
    System.out.println(name);
}
```

```
class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Person p = new Person();
        p.printName();
    }
}
```

Answer

null

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 5_Q2

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are working as a developer for CityBank, which wants to build a basic account management system.

Each customer at the bank has:

An Account Number (integer)
A Customer Name (string)
An Initial Balance (double)

The bank allows two types of transactions:

Deposit – increases the balance.
Withdrawal – decreases the balance only if enough funds are available.

If the withdrawal amount is greater than the balance, the withdrawal should not happen, and the balance should remain the same.

You are required to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for account details. A constructor to initialize account details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent customers.

Finally, display each customer's account details after all transactions.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of customers.

For each customer:

- The next line contains the account number (integer).
- The following line contains the customer name (string).
- The next line contains the initial balance (double).
- The next line contains the deposit amount (double).
- The next line contains the withdrawal amount (double).

Output Format

For each customer, print the details in the following format:

1. Account Number: <account_number>
2. Customer Name: <customer_name>
3. Final Balance: <final_balance> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1234

Rahul Sharma

5000

2000

3000

Output: Account Number: 1234

Customer Name: Rahul Sharma

Final Balance: 4000.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Account {
    private int accountNumber;
    private String customerName;
    private double balance;

    // Constructor
    public Account(int accountNumber, String customerName, double balance) {
        this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
        this.customerName = customerName;
        this.balance = balance;
    }

    // Getter methods
    public int getAccountNumber() {
        return accountNumber;
    }

    public String getCustomerName() {
        return customerName;
    }

    public double getBalance() {
        return balance;
    }

    // Setter methods
    public void setAccountNumber(int accountNumber) {
        this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
    }

    public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {
        this.customerName = customerName;
    }

    public void setBalance(double balance) {
        this.balance = balance;
    }
}
```

```
// Deposit
public void deposit(double amount) {
    if (amount >= 0) {
        balance += amount;
    }
}

// Withdraw
public void withdraw(double amount) {
    if (amount <= balance) {
        balance -= amount;
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of customers

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int accNo = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            double initBal = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());
            double depositAmt = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());
            double withdrawAmt = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());

            Account acc = new Account(accNo, name, initBal);

            acc.deposit(depositAmt);
            acc.withdraw(withdrawAmt);

            // Print details
            System.out.println("Account Number: " + acc.getAccountNumber());
            System.out.println("Customer Name: " + acc.getCustomerName());
            System.out.printf("Final Balance: %.1f%n", acc.getBalance());
        }

        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 5_Q3

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Neha is working as a developer for CityElectricity Board, which wants to build a household electricity billing system.

Each customer's electricity account has:

A Customer ID (integer) A Customer Name (string) Units Consumed (double)

The electricity bill is calculated based on these rules:

For the first 100 units 5 units charge per unit
For the next 100 units (101–200) 7 units charge per unit
For units above 200 10 units charge per unit
If the total bill exceeds 2000 units, a 5% discount is applied on the final bill.

Neha has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for customer details. A constructor to initialize customer details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent customers.

Finally, display each customer's details and final bill amount.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of customers.

For each customer:

- The next line contains the Customer ID (integer).
- The following line contains the Customer Name (string).
- The next line contains the Units Consumed (double).

Output Format

For each customer, print the details in the following format:

Customer ID: <customer_id>

Customer Name: <customer_name>

Final Bill: <final_bill> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

80

Output: Customer ID: 1001

Customer Name: Ravi Kumar

Final Bill: 400.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Customer {  
    private int customerId;  
    private String customerName;  
    private double unitsConsumed;  
    private double finalBill;  
  
    // Constructor  
    public Customer(int customerId, String customerName, double  
unitsConsumed) {  
        this.customerId = customerId;  
        this.customerName = customerName;  
        this.unitsConsumed = unitsConsumed;  
        this.finalBill = calculateBill();  
    }  
  
    // Getters  
    public int getCustomerId() {  
        return customerId;  
    }  
  
    public String getCustomerName() {  
        return customerName;  
    }  
  
    public double getUnitsConsumed() {  
        return unitsConsumed;  
    }  
  
    public double getFinalBill() {  
        return finalBill;  
    }  
  
    // Setters  
    public void setCustomerId(int customerId) {  
        this.customerId = customerId;  
    }  
  
    public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {  
        this.customerName = customerName;  
    }  
}
```

```
public void setUnitsConsumed(double unitsConsumed) {
    this.unitsConsumed = unitsConsumed;
    this.finalBill = calculateBill(); // Recalculate when updated
}

// Bill Calculation
private double calculateBill() {
    double bill = 0;

    if (unitsConsumed <= 100) {
        bill = unitsConsumed * 5;
    } else if (unitsConsumed <= 200) {
        bill = (100 * 5) + (unitsConsumed - 100) * 7;
    } else {
        bill = (100 * 5) + (100 * 7) + (unitsConsumed - 200) * 10;
    }

    // Apply 5% discount if bill > 2000
    if (bill > 2000) {
        bill = bill - (bill * 0.05);
    }

    return bill;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of customers

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            double units = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());

            Customer c = new Customer(id, name, units);

            // Output as per format
            System.out.println("Customer ID: " + c.getCustomerId());
            System.out.println("Customer Name: " + c.getCustomerName());
        }
    }
}
```

```
        System.out.printf("Final Bill: %.1f%n", c.getFinalBill());  
    }  
    sc.close();  
}  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 5_Q4

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are working as a developer for CityCab, a taxi service company that wants to build a ride fare management system.

Each customer booking has:

A Booking ID (integer)
A Customer Name (string)
A Distance Travelled in km (double)

The fare calculation rules are:

Base Fare = 50 units (flat charge for every ride). Per km charge = 10 units/km. If the distance is greater than 20 km, a 10% discount is applied on the total fare.

You are required to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for booking details. A constructor to initialize booking details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent customer rides.

Finally, display each booking's details and final fare.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of bookings.

For each booking:

- The next line contains the booking ID (integer).
- The following line contains the customer's name (string).
- The next line contains the distance travelled (double).

Output Format

For each booking, print the details in the following format:

1. Booking ID: <booking_id>
2. Customer Name: <customer_name>
3. Final Fare: <final_fare> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1234

Rahul Sharma

15

Output: Booking ID: 1234

Customer Name: Rahul Sharma

Final Fare: 200.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Booking {
```

```
private int bookingId;
private String customerName;
private double distance;
private double finalFare;

// Constructor
public Booking(int bookingId, String customerName, double distance) {
    this.bookingId = bookingId;
    this.customerName = customerName;
    this.distance = distance;
    this.finalFare = calculateFare();
}

// Getters
public int getBookingId() {
    return bookingId;
}

public String getCustomerName() {
    return customerName;
}

public double getDistance() {
    return distance;
}

public double getFinalFare() {
    return finalFare;
}

// Setters
public void setBookingId(int bookingId) {
    this.bookingId = bookingId;
}

public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {
    this.customerName = customerName;
}

public void setDistance(double distance) {
    this.distance = distance;
    this.finalFare = calculateFare(); // recalc on update
}
```

```

    }

// Fare Calculation
private double calculateFare() {
    double baseFare = 50;
    double perKmCharge = distance * 10;
    double total = baseFare + perKmCharge;

    if (distance > 20) {
        total = total - (total * 0.10); // 10% discount
    }
    return total;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of bookings

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            double distance = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());

            Booking b = new Booking(id, name, distance);

            // Output in required format
            System.out.println("Booking ID: " + b.getBookingId());
            System.out.println("Customer Name: " + b.getCustomerName());
            System.out.printf("Final Fare: %.1f%n", b.getFinalFare());
        }

        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 5_Q5

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Ram is working as a developer for BrightEdu Coaching Center, which wants to build a student fee management system.

Each student's enrollment has:

An Enrollment ID (integer) A Student Name (string) The Number of Subjects (integer)

The fee calculation rules are:

Registration Fee = 1000 units (flat for every student). Per Subject Fee = 800 units. If the student enrolls in more than 5 subjects, a 20% scholarship (discount) is applied on the total fee.

Ram has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for student details. A constructor to initialize student details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent student enrollments.

Finally, display each student's details and final fee.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of students.

For each student:

- The next line contains the Enrollment ID (integer).
- The following line contains the student's name (string).
- The next line contains the Number of subjects (integer).

Output Format

For each student, print the details in the following format:

- Enrollment ID: <enrollment_id>
- Student Name: <student_name>
- Final Fee: <final_fee> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1234

Ravi Kumar

3

Output: Enrollment ID: 1234

Student Name: Ravi Kumar

Final Fee: 3400.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Student {  
    private int enrollmentId;
```

```
private String studentName;
private int numSubjects;
private double finalFee;

// Constructor
public Student(int enrollmentId, String studentName, int numSubjects) {
    this.enrollmentId = enrollmentId;
    this.studentName = studentName;
    this.numSubjects = numSubjects;
    this.finalFee = calculateFee();
}

// Getters
public int getEnrollmentId() {
    return enrollmentId;
}

public String getStudentName() {
    return studentName;
}

public int getNumSubjects() {
    return numSubjects;
}

public double getFinalFee() {
    return finalFee;
}

// Setters
public void setEnrollmentId(int enrollmentId) {
    this.enrollmentId = enrollmentId;
}

public void setStudentName(String studentName) {
    this.studentName = studentName;
}

public void setNumSubjects(int numSubjects) {
    this.numSubjects = numSubjects;
    this.finalFee = calculateFee(); // Recalculate fee when updated
}
```

```

// Fee Calculation
private double calculateFee() {
    double registrationFee = 1000;
    double perSubjectFee = numSubjects * 800;
    double totalFee = registrationFee + perSubjectFee;

    // Apply 20% scholarship if more than 5 subjects
    if (numSubjects > 5) {
        totalFee = totalFee - (totalFee * 0.20);
    }

    return totalFee;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of students

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            int subjects = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());

            Student s = new Student(id, name, subjects);

            // Print details in required format
            System.out.println("Enrollment ID: " + s.getEnrollmentId());
            System.out.println("Student Name: " + s.getStudentName());
            System.out.printf("Final Fee: %.1f%n", s.getFinalFee());
        }

        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 5_PAH

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 50

Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Ravi is working as a developer for SecureLogin Systems, which wants to build a system to evaluate the strength of user passwords.

Each user record has:

User ID (integer)User Name (string)Password (string)

The system must calculate whether a password is strong or weak.

A password is considered strong if it meets all of the following conditions:

At least 8 characters long. Contains at least one uppercase letter. Contains at least one lowercase letter. Contains at least one digit. Contains at least one special character (from !@#\$%^&*).

Ravi has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for user details. A constructor to initialize user details. Getter and setter methods to retrieve or update user details. A method to check whether the password is strong. Objects of the class to represent users.

Finally, display each user's details and indicate whether their password is Strong or Weak.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer N, representing the number of users.

For each user:

The next line contains the User ID (integer).

The next line contains the User Name (string).

The next line contains the Password (string).

Output Format

For each user, print the details in the following format:

User ID: <user_id>

User Name: <user_name>

Password: <password>

Password Strength: <Strong/Weak>

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

Abc@1234
Output: User ID: 1001
User Name: Ravi Kumar
Password: Abc@1234
Password Strength: Strong

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class User {
    private int userId;
    private String userName;
    private String password;

    // Constructor
    public User(int userId, String userName, String password) {
        this.userId = userId;
        this.userName = userName;
        this.password = password;
    }

    // Getters
    public int getUserId() {
        return userId;
    }

    public String getUserName(){
        return userName;
    }

    public String getPassword() {
        return password;
    }

    // Setters
    public void setUserId(int userId) {
        this.userId = userId;
    }

    public void setUserName(String userName) {
        this.userName = userName;
    }
}
```

```
public void setPassword(String password) {
    this.password = password;
}

// Method to check password strength
public String checkPasswordStrength() {
    if (password.length() < 8) return "Weak";

    boolean hasUpper = false;
    boolean hasLower = false;
    boolean hasDigit = false;
    boolean hasSpecial = false;

    String specialChars = "!@#$%^&*";

    for (int i = 0; i < password.length(); i++) {
        char ch = password.charAt(i);
        if (Character.isUpperCase(ch)) hasUpper = true;
        else if (Character.isLowerCase(ch)) hasLower = true;
        else if (Character.isDigit(ch)) hasDigit = true;
        else if (specialChars.indexOf(ch) >= 0) hasSpecial = true;
    }

    if (hasUpper && hasLower && hasDigit && hasSpecial) {
        return "Strong";
    } else {
        return "Weak";
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of users

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            String pwd = sc.nextLine();
        }
    }
}
```

```
        User u = new User(id, name, pwd);

        // Print details
        System.out.println("User ID: " + u.getUserId());
        System.out.println("User Name: " + u.getUserName());
        System.out.println("Password: " + u.getPassword());
        System.out.println("Password Strength: " + u.checkPasswordStrength());
    }

    sc.close();
}
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Each customer at the bank has an Account Number, Customer Name, and an Initial Balance. The bank allows two types of transactions:

Deposit – Increases the balance. Withdrawal – Decreases the balance, but only if enough funds are available. If the withdrawal amount exceeds the available balance, the transaction should be skipped, and the balance should remain unchanged.

You are required to implement this banking system by:

Creating a class with the necessary attributes to store account details.

Using a constructor to initialize the account details when a new account is created. Providing setter methods to update the details if required. Providing getter methods to retrieve account details. Creating objects of this class to represent different customers, where each customer can perform deposits and withdrawals.

Instructions:

Implement the class to store account details. Implement the logic for performing deposit and withdrawal transactions. Ensure that withdrawals don't exceed the available balance. After performing the transactions, print

the account number, customer name, and final balance.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of customers.

For each customer:

- The next line contains the account number (integer).
- The following line contains the customer name (string).
- The next line contains the initial balance (double).
- The next line contains the deposit amount (double).
- The next line contains the withdrawal amount (double).

Output Format

For each customer, print the details in the following format:

1. Account Number: <account_number>
2. Customer Name: <customer_name>
3. Final Balance: <final_balance> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1234

Rahul Sharma

5000

2000

3000

Output: Account Number: 1234

Customer Name: Rahul Sharma

Final Balance: 4000.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Account {
```

```
private int accountNumber;
private String customerName;
private double balance;

// Constructor
public Account(int accountNumber, String customerName, double balance) {
    this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
    this.customerName = customerName;
    this.balance = balance;
}

// Getters
public int getAccountNumber() {
    return accountNumber;
}

public String getCustomerName() {
    return customerName;
}

public double getBalance() {
    return balance;
}

// Setters
public void setAccountNumber(int accountNumber) {
    this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
}

public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {
    this.customerName = customerName;
}

public void setBalance(double balance) {
    this.balance = balance;
}

// Deposit method
public void deposit(double amount) {
    if (amount >= 0) {
        balance += amount;
    }
}
```

```

    }

// Withdrawal method
public void withdraw(double amount) {
    if (amount <= balance) {
        balance -= amount;
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of customers

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int accNo = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            double initialBalance = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());
            double depositAmount = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());
            double withdrawalAmount = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());

            Account acc = new Account(accNo, name, initialBalance);

            // Perform transactions
            acc.deposit(depositAmount);
            acc.withdraw(withdrawalAmount);

            // Print final details
            System.out.println("Account Number: " + acc.getAccountNumber());
            System.out.println("Customer Name: " + acc.getCustomerName());
            System.out.printf("Final Balance: %.1f%n", acc.getBalance());
        }

        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Anjali is working as a developer for CityFitness Gym, which wants to build a system to calculate monthly membership fees for gym members based on the type of membership and the number of personal training sessions booked.

Each member's record has:

Member ID (integer) Member Name (string) Membership Type (string:
"Basic", "Premium", "Elite") Number of Personal Training Sessions (integer)

The monthly fees are:

Basic – 1000 units Premium – 1500 units Elite – 2000 units

The cost of personal training sessions is 500 units per session.

The calculation rules:

Total Amount = Membership Fee + (Number of Personal Training Sessions \times 500)
If the number of sessions is more than 5, a 10% discount is applied on the total amount.
If the member has Elite membership and the total amount exceeds 4000, an additional 5% service tax is added after discount.

Anjali has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for member details. A constructor to initialize member details. Getter and Setter methods to retrieve and update member details if required. A method to calculate the final monthly fee. Objects of the class to represent members.

Finally, display each member's details and the final monthly fee.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer N, representing the number of members.

For each member:

- Next line contains Member ID (integer)
- Next line contains Member Name (string)

- Next line contains Membership Type ("Basic", "Premium", "Elite")
- Next line contains Number of Personal Training Sessions (integer)

Output Format

For each member, print:

- Member ID: <member_id>
- Member Name: <member_name>
- Final Monthly Fee: <final_fee> (The final fee must be rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

Basic

3

Output: Member ID: 1001

Member Name: Ravi Kumar

Final Monthly Fee: 2500.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Member {
    private int memberId;
    private String memberName;
    private String membershipType;
    private int personalSessions;

    // Constructor
    public Member(int memberId, String memberName, String membershipType,
    int personalSessions) {
        this.memberId = memberId;
        this.memberName = memberName;
        this.membershipType = membershipType;
        this.personalSessions = personalSessions;
    }
}
```

```
}

// Getters
public int getMemberId() {
    return memberId;
}

public String getMemberName() {
    return memberName;
}

public String getMembershipType() {
    return membershipType;
}

public int getPersonalSessions() {
    return personalSessions;
}

// Setters
public void setMemberId(int memberId) {
    this.memberId = memberId;
}

public void setMemberName(String memberName) {
    this.memberName = memberName;
}

public void setMembershipType(String membershipType) {
    this.membershipType = membershipType;
}

public void setPersonalSessions(int personalSessions) {
    this.personalSessions = personalSessions;
}

// Method to calculate final monthly fee
public double calculateFinalFee() {
    double membershipFee = 0;
    switch (membershipType) {
        case "Basic":
            membershipFee = 1000;
        case "Silver":
```

```
        break;
    case "Premium":
        membershipFee = 1500;
        break;
    case "Elite":
        membershipFee = 2000;
        break;
    }
}

double total = membershipFee + (personalSessions * 500);

// Apply 10% discount if more than 5 sessions
if (personalSessions > 5) {
    total = total - (total * 0.10);
}

// Apply 5% service tax if Elite and total > 4000
if (membershipType.equals("Elite") && total > 4000) {
    total = total + (total * 0.05);
}

return total;
}
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of members

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            String type = sc.nextLine();
            int sessions = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());

            Member m = new Member(id, name, type, sessions);

            // Print output as required
            System.out.println("Member ID: " + m.getMemberId());
            System.out.println("Member Name: " + m.getMemberName());
        }
    }
}
```

```
        System.out.printf("Final Monthly Fee: %.1f%n", m.calculateFinalFee());  
    }  
    sc.close();  
}  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Neha is working as a developer for CityQuiz Platform, which wants to build a system to calculate quiz scores and identify top scorers among participants.

Each participant's record has:

Participant ID (integer) Participant Name (string) An array of scores in 5 quiz rounds (integers, each between 0 and 100)

The system must calculate:

Total Score = sum of scores in all 5 rounds. Average Score = Total Score ÷ 5. If a participant scores above 80 in all rounds, a bonus of 10 points is added to the total score. Identify the Top Scorer among all participants. If two participants have the same total score, the one with the lower Participant ID is considered the top scorer.

Neha has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for participant details. A constructor to initialize participant details. Getter and setter methods to retrieve or update participant details. A method to calculate total score and average score (including bonus if applicable). Objects of the class to represent participants.

Finally, display each participant's details and announce the Top Scorer.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of participants.

For each participant:

- Next line: Participant ID (integer)
- Next line: Participant Name (string)
- Next line: 5 integers separated by spaces (scores for 5 quiz rounds)

Output Format

For each participant:

- Participant ID: <participant_id>
- Participant Name: <participant_name>
- Total Score: <total_score>
- Average Score: <average_score>

Finally, print "Top Scorer: <participant_name> with <total_score> points"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

85 90 88 92 87

Output: Participant ID: 1001

Participant Name: Ravi Kumar

Total Score: 452

Average Score: 90

Top Scorer: Ravi Kumar with 452 points

Answer

```
// You are using Java  
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Participant {  
    private int participantId;
```

```
private String participantName;
private int[] scores; // scores for 5 rounds
private int totalScore;
private int averageScore;

// Constructor
public Participant(int participantId, String participantName, int[] scores) {
    this.participantId = participantId;
    this.participantName = participantName;
    this.scores = scores;
    calculateScores();
}

// Getters
public int getParticipantId() {
    return participantId;
}

public String getParticipantName() {
    return participantName;
}

public int getTotalScore() {
    return totalScore;
}

public int getAverageScore() {
    return averageScore;
}

// Setters
public void setParticipantId(int participantId) {
    this.participantId = participantId;
}

public void setParticipantName(String participantName) {
    this.participantName = participantName;
}

public void setScores(int[] scores) {
    this.scores = scores;
    calculateScores();
}
```

```
}

// Calculate total and average score, including bonus if applicable
private void calculateScores() {
    totalScore = 0;
    boolean bonusEligible = true;
    for (int score : scores) {
        totalScore += score;
        if (score <= 80) {
            bonusEligible = false;
        }
    }
    // Add bonus if all scores > 80
    if (bonusEligible) {
        totalScore += 10;
    }
    averageScore = totalScore / 5;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
        Participant[] participants = new Participant[N];

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            String[] scoreStr = sc.nextLine().split(" ");
            int[] scores = new int[5];
            for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
                scores[j] = Integer.parseInt(scoreStr[j]);
            }

            participants[i] = new Participant(id, name, scores);
        }

        // Find top scorer
        Participant topScorer = participants[0];
        for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) {
```

```

        if (participants[i].getTotalScore() > topScorer.getTotalScore() ||
            (participants[i].getTotalScore() == topScorer.getTotalScore() &&
            participants[i].getParticipantId() < topScorer.getParticipantId())) {
                topScorer = participants[i];
            }
        }

        // Print participant details
        for (Participant p : participants) {
            System.out.println("Participant ID: " + p.getParticipantId());
            System.out.println("Participant Name: " + p.getParticipantName());
            System.out.println("Total Score: " + p.getTotalScore());
            System.out.println("Average Score: " + p.getAverageScore());
        }

        System.out.println("Top Scorer: " + topScorer.getParticipantName() +
                           " with " + topScorer.getTotalScore() + " points");

        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

5. Problem Statement

Neha is working as a developer for CityMovie Theatre, which wants to build a system to calculate total ticket cost for movie-goers based on the number of tickets and type of seats booked.

Each customer's booking has:

Booking ID (integer)Customer Name (string)Number of Tickets
(integer)Seat Type (string: "Standard", "Premium", "VIP")

The ticket prices are:

Standard – 250 units per ticketPremium – 400 units per ticketVIP – 600 units per ticket

The calculation rules:

Total Amount = Number of Tickets × Seat Price

If a customer books more than 4 tickets, they get a 10% discount on the total amount.

If the booking is for VIP seats and the total amount exceeds 3000 units, a 5% luxury tax is added after any discount.

Neha has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for booking details. A constructor to initialize booking details. Getter and Setter methods to retrieve and update booking details if required. A method to calculate the final ticket cost. Objects of the class to represent bookings.

Finally, display each customer's details and final ticket amount.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer N, representing the number of bookings.

For each booking:

- The next line contains the Booking ID (integer).
- The next line contains the Customer Name (string).
- The next line contains Number of Tickets (integer).
- The next line contains Seat Type ("Standard", "Premium", or "VIP").

Output Format

For each booking, print:

- Booking ID: <booking_id>
- Customer Name: <customer_name>
- Final Ticket Amount: <final_amount> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001
Ravi Kumar
3
Standard
Output: Booking ID: 1001
Customer Name: Ravi Kumar
Final Ticket Amount: 750.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Booking {
    private int bookingId;
    private String customerName;
    private int numberOfTickets;
    private String seatType;

    // Constructor
    public Booking(int bookingId, String customerName, int numberOfTickets,
String seatType) {
        this.bookingId = bookingId;
        this.customerName = customerName;
        this.numberOfTickets = numberOfTickets;
        this.seatType = seatType;
    }

    // Getters
    public int getBookingId() {
        return bookingId;
    }

    public String getCustomerName() {
        return customerName;
    }

    public int getNumberOfTickets() {
        return numberOfTickets;
    }

    public String getSeatType() {
        return seatType;
    }
}
```

```
// Setters
public void setBookingId(int bookingId) {
    this.bookingId = bookingId;
}

public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {
    this.customerName = customerName;
}

public void setNumberOfTickets(int numberOfTickets) {
    this.numberOfTickets = numberOfTickets;
}

public void setSeatType(String seatType) {
    this.seatType = seatType;
}

// Method to calculate final ticket amount
public double calculateFinalAmount() {
    double seatPrice = 0;
    switch (seatType) {
        case "Standard":
            seatPrice = 250;
            break;
        case "Premium":
            seatPrice = 400;
            break;
        case "VIP":
            seatPrice = 600;
            break;
    }
    double total = numberOfTickets * seatPrice;

    // Apply 10% discount if more than 4 tickets
    if (numberOfTickets > 4) {
        total = total - (total * 0.10);
    }

    // Apply 5% luxury tax for VIP if total > 3000
    if (seatType.equals("VIP") && total > 3000) {
```

```
        total = total + (total * 0.05);
    }

    return total;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()); // number of bookings

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            int tickets = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String seat = sc.nextLine();

            Booking booking = new Booking(id, name, tickets, seat);

            System.out.println("Booking ID: " + booking.getBookingId());
            System.out.println("Customer Name: " + booking.getCustomerName());
            System.out.printf("Final Ticket Amount: %.1f%n",
                booking.calculateFinalAmount());
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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Batch: 2028

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Scan to verify results



2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

REC_2028_OOPS using Java_Week 5_CY

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 40

Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Anjali is now working as a developer for the City Marathon Association, which wants to build a system to track and find the fastest runner among marathon participants.

Each runner's record has:

Runner ID (integer) Runner Name (string) An array of times (in minutes) taken in 5 marathon events (integers)

The system must calculate:

The average time of each runner (sum of all times / 5). Identify the fastest runner (the one with the lowest average time). If two or more runners have the same average time, the one with the lower Runner ID is considered the

fastest runner.

Anjali has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for runner details. A constructor to initialize runner details. Getter and Setter methods to retrieve and update runner details if required. A method to calculate the average time. Objects of the class to represent runners.

Finally, display each runner's details and announce the Fastest Runner.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N (number of runners).

For each runner:

- The next line contains the Runner ID (integer).
- The following line contains the Runner Name (string).
- The next line contains 5 integers separated by spaces (times in minutes for 5 marathon events).

Output Format

For each runner the output prints the following details:

- Runner ID: <runner_id>
- Runner Name: <runner_name>
- Average Time: <average_time>

Finally, print "Fastest Runner: <runner_name> with <average_time> minutes"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

240 250 245 255 260
Output: Runner ID: 1001
Runner Name: Ravi Kumar
Average Time: 250
Fastest Runner: Ravi Kumar with 250 minutes

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Runner {
    private int runnerId;
    private String runnerName;
    private int[] times; // times in 5 events
    private int averageTime;

    // Constructor
    public Runner(int runnerId, String runnerName, int[] times) {
        this.runnerId = runnerId;
        this.runnerName = runnerName;
        this.times = times;
        calculateAverageTime();
    }

    // Getters
    public int getRunnerId() {
        return runnerId;
    }

    public String getRunnerName() {
        return runnerName;
    }

    public int getAverageTime() {
        return averageTime;
    }

    // Setters
    public void setRunnerId(int runnerId) {
        this.runnerId = runnerId;
    }

    public void setRunnerName(String runnerName) {
```

```
this.runnerName = runnerName;
}

public void setTimes(int[] times) {
    this.times = times;
    calculateAverageTime();
}

// Method to calculate average time
private void calculateAverageTime() {
    int sum = 0;
    for (int t : times) {
        sum += t;
    }
    averageTime = sum / times.length;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
        Runner[] runners = new Runner[N];

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            String[] timeStr = sc.nextLine().split(" ");
            int[] times = new int[5];
            for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
                times[j] = Integer.parseInt(timeStr[j]);
            }
            runners[i] = new Runner(id, name, times);
        }

        // Find fastest runner
        Runner fastest = runners[0];
        for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) {
            if (runners[i].getAverageTime() < fastest.getAverageTime() ||
                (runners[i].getAverageTime() == fastest.getAverageTime() &&
                 runners[i].getRunnerId() < fastest.getRunnerId())) {
```

```
        fastest = runners[i];
    }

    // Print runner details
    for (Runner r : runners) {
        System.out.println("Runner ID: " + r.getRunnerId());
        System.out.println("Runner Name: " + r.getRunnerName());
        System.out.println("Average Time: " + r.getAverageTime());
    }

    System.out.println("Fastest Runner: " + fastest.getRunnerName() +
        " with " + fastest.getAverageTime() + " minutes");

    sc.close();
}
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Anjali is working as a developer for the City Basketball Association, which wants to build a system to track and find the top scorer among basketball players.

Each player's record has:

Player ID (integer) Player Name (string) An array of points scored in 5 matches (integers)

The system must calculate:

The total score of each player (sum of all match points). Identify the highest scorer among all players. If two or more players have the same total score, the one with the lower Player ID is considered the top scorer.

Anjali has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for player details. A constructor to initialize player

details. Getter and Setter methods to retrieve and update player details if required. A method to calculate the total score. Objects of the class to represent players.

Finally, display each player's details and announce the Top Scorer.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N (number of players).

For each player:

- The next line contains the Player ID (integer).
- The following line contains the Player Name (string).
- The next line contains 5 integers separated by spaces (points scored in 5 matches).

Output Format

For each player the output prints the following details:

- Player ID: <player_id>
- Player Name: <player_name>
- Total Score: <total_score>

Finally, print "Top Scorer: <player_name> with <total_score> points"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

10 20 30 40 50

Output: Player ID: 1001

Player Name: Ravi Kumar

Total Score: 150

Top Scorer: Ravi Kumar with 150 points

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Player {
    private int playerId;
    private String playerName;
    private int[] points; // points in 5 matches
    private int totalScore;

    // Constructor
    public Player(int playerId, String playerName, int[] points) {
        this.playerId = playerId;
        this.playerName = playerName;
        this.points = points;
        calculateTotalScore();
    }

    // Getters
    public int getPlayerId() {
        return playerId;
    }

    public String getPlayerName() {
        return playerName;
    }

    public int getTotalScore() {
        return totalScore;
    }

    // Setters
    public void setPlayerId(int playerId) {
        this.playerId = playerId;
    }

    public void setPlayerName(String playerName) {
        this.playerName = playerName;
    }

    public void setPoints(int[] points) {
```

```
this.points = points;
calculateTotalScore();
}

// Calculate total score
private void calculateTotalScore() {
    totalScore = 0;
    for (int p : points) {
        totalScore += p;
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
        Player[] players = new Player[N];

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            String[] pointStr = sc.nextLine().split(" ");
            int[] points = new int[5];
            for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
                points[j] = Integer.parseInt(pointStr[j]);
            }
            players[i] = new Player(id, name, points);
        }

        // Find top scorer
        Player topScorer = players[0];
        for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) {
            if (players[i].getTotalScore() > topScorer.getTotalScore() ||
                (players[i].getTotalScore() == topScorer.getTotalScore() &&
                 players[i].getPlayerId() < topScorer.getPlayerId())) {
                topScorer = players[i];
            }
        }

        // Print player details
```

```

        for (Player p : players) {
            System.out.println("Player ID: " + p.getPlayerId());
            System.out.println("Player Name: " + p.getPlayerName());
            System.out.println("Total Score: " + p.getTotalScore());
        }

        System.out.println("Top Scorer: " + topScorer.getPlayerName() +
                           " with " + topScorer.getTotalScore() + " points");

        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Arjun is working as a developer for CityWater Supply Board, which wants to build a household water billing system.

Each household's water account has:

A Customer ID (integer)	A Customer Name (string)	Liters Consumed (double)
-------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

The water bill is calculated based on these rules:

For the first 500 liters 2 per liter
 For the next 500 liters (501–1000) 3 per liter
 For liters above 1000 5 per liter
 If the total bill exceeds 3000, a 10% discount is applied on the final bill.

Arjun has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for customer details.A constructor to initialize customer details.Setter methods to update details if needed.Getter methods to retrieve details.Objects of the class to represent customers.

Finally, display each customer's details and final bill amount.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of customers.

For each customer:

- The next line contains the Customer ID (integer).
- The following line contains the Customer Name (string).
- The next line contains the Liters Consumed (double).

Output Format

For each customer, print the details in the following format:

Customer ID: <customer_id>

Customer Name: <customer_name>

Final Bill: <final_bill> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

300

Output: Customer ID: 1001

Customer Name: Ravi Kumar

Final Bill: 600.0

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Customer {  
    private int customerId;  
    private String customerName;  
    private double litersConsumed;  
  
    // Constructor  
    public Customer(int customerId, String customerName, double
```

```
litersConsumed) {  
    this.customerId = customerId;  
    this.customerName = customerName;  
    this.litersConsumed = litersConsumed;  
}  
  
// Getters  
public int getCustomerId() {  
    return customerId;  
}  
  
public String getCustomerName() {  
    return customerName;  
}  
  
public double getLitersConsumed() {  
    return litersConsumed;  
}  
  
// Setters  
public void setCustomerId(int customerId) {  
    this.customerId = customerId;  
}  
  
public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {  
    this.customerName = customerName;  
}  
  
public void setLitersConsumed(double litersConsumed) {  
    this.litersConsumed = litersConsumed;  
}  
  
// Method to calculate final bill  
public double calculateBill() {  
    double bill = 0;  
    double remaining = litersConsumed;  
  
    // First 500 liters  
    if (remaining > 0) {  
        double firstTier = Math.min(remaining, 500);  
        bill += firstTier * 2;  
        remaining -= firstTier;  
    }  
  
    // Remaining liters  
    if (remaining > 0) {  
        double secondTier = Math.min(remaining, 1000 - 500);  
        bill += secondTier * 3;  
        remaining -= secondTier;  
    }  
  
    // Remaining liters  
    if (remaining > 0) {  
        double thirdTier = Math.min(remaining, 1000 - 1000);  
        bill += thirdTier * 4;  
        remaining -= thirdTier;  
    }  
}
```

```
        }

        // Next 500 liters (501–1000)
        if (remaining > 0) {
            double secondTier = Math.min(remaining, 500);
            bill += secondTier * 3;
            remaining -= secondTier;
        }

        // Above 1000 liters
        if (remaining > 0) {
            bill += remaining * 5;
        }

        // Apply 10% discount if bill > 3000
        if (bill > 3000) {
            bill = bill - (bill * 0.10);
        }

        return bill;
    }
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
        Customer[] customers = new Customer[N];

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            double liters = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());

            customers[i] = new Customer(id, name, liters);
        }

        // Print customer details and final bill
        for (Customer c : customers) {
            System.out.println("Customer ID: " + c.getCustomerId());
            System.out.println("Customer Name: " + c.getCustomerName());
        }
    }
}
```

```
        System.out.printf("Final Bill: %.1f%n", c.calculateBill());  
    }  
  
    sc.close();  
}  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

You are working as a developer for CityMobile, which wants to build a basic mobile data usage management system.

Each customer has:

A Customer ID (integer)
A Customer Name (string)
An Initial Data Balance (in GB, double)

The company allows two types of operations:

Recharge – increases the data balance.
Usage – decreases the data balance only if enough data is available.

If the usage amount is greater than the available data balance, the usage should not happen, and the balance should remain the same.

You are required to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for customer details.
A constructor to initialize customer details.
Setter methods to update details if needed.
Getter methods to retrieve details.
Objects of the class to represent customers.

Finally, display each customer's details after all operations.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of customers.

For each customer:

- The next line contains the Customer ID (integer).
- The following line contains the Customer Name (string).
- The next line contains the Initial Data Balance (double).
- The next line contains the Recharge Amount in GB (double).
- The next line contains the Usage Amount in GB (double).

Output Format

For each customer, print the details in the following format:

Customer ID: <customer_id>

Customer Name: <customer_name>

Final Data Balance: <final_data_balance> GB (The final balance must be rounded to one decimal place.)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

1234

Ravi Kumar

5.0

2.0

3.0

Output: Customer ID: 1234

Customer Name: Ravi Kumar

Final Data Balance: 4.0 GB

Answer

```
// You are using Java  
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Customer {  
    private int customerId;  
    private String customerName;  
    private double dataBalance;
```

```
// Constructor
public Customer(int customerId, String customerName, double dataBalance) {
    this.customerId = customerId;
    this.customerName = customerName;
    this.dataBalance = dataBalance;
}

// Getters
public int getCustomerId() {
    return customerId;
}

public String getCustomerName() {
    return customerName;
}

public double getDataBalance() {
    return dataBalance;
}

// Setters
public void setCustomerId(int customerId) {
    this.customerId = customerId;
}

public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {
    this.customerName = customerName;
}

public void setDataBalance(double dataBalance) {
    this.dataBalance = dataBalance;
}

// Recharge method
public void recharge(double amount) {
    if (amount >= 0) {
        dataBalance += amount;
    }
}

// Usage method
public void useData(double amount) {
```

```
        if (amount <= dataBalance && amount >= 0) {
            dataBalance -= amount;
        }
    }

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int N = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
        Customer[] customers = new Customer[N];

        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
            int id = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            double initialBalance = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());
            double rechargeAmount = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());
            double usageAmount = Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine());

            customers[i] = new Customer(id, name, initialBalance);
            customers[i].recharge(rechargeAmount);
            customers[i].useData(usageAmount);
        }

        // Print customer details
        for (Customer c : customers) {
            System.out.println("Customer ID: " + c.getCustomerId());
            System.out.println("Customer Name: " + c.getCustomerName());
            System.out.printf("Final Data Balance: %.1f GB\n", c.getDataBalance());
        }

        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10