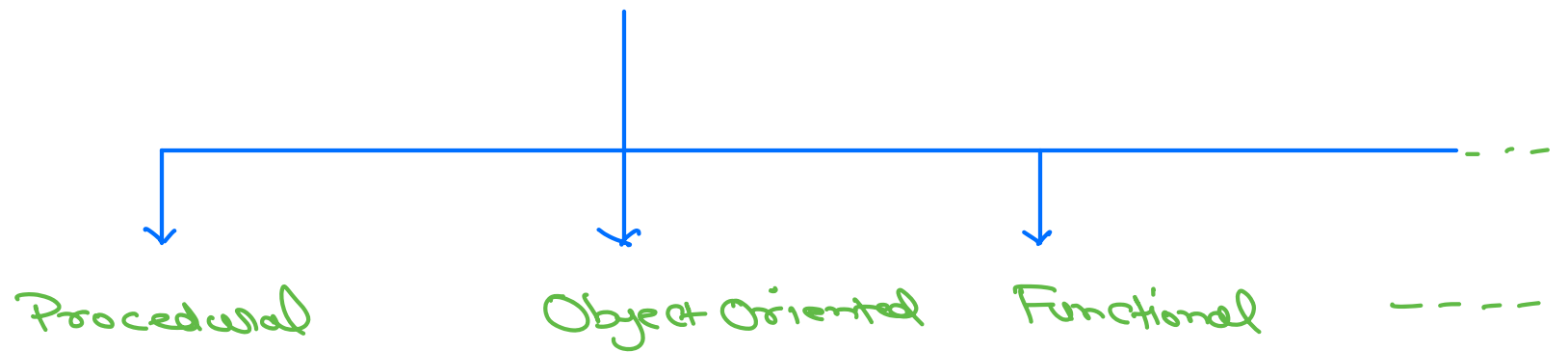


# OOPS

(Object Oriented programming System)

## programming Paradigms



\* Functions  
\* Data

\* Class

\*

Objects/instances

Class Bank Account (Blueprint)

Data/Properties

Behaviour/Functionality

⓪ Acc-id  
⓪ balance  
⓪ bank-name

”  
”

⓪ check-balance  
⓪ debit (withdraw)  
⓪ credit (deposit)

”

# 4 pillars of OOP

## \* Encapsulation : Hiding data

- All data must be stored in the instance itself
- Modifications can be done using methods

We can use Access Specifier

- Public (default)
- Protected
- Private

Python uses name-mangling:

— classname\_\_private\_var

to protect accidental updates to private var

## \* Polymorphism : Same entity multiple behaviours

Ex ⇒ +

→ Abstraction

\* Inheritance

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## Initializer

- \* Initialize instance variable with values
- \* It automatically gets invoked/called when instance is created

Constructor ! = Initializer

- o Allocates memory
- o initialize vars

- o initialize vars

Q What is self

- o The very first parameter stores the object itself as value

