

```
with open("MyNewFile.txt", 'w') as file:
    file.write("ABCDE")
```

```
with open("MyNewFile.txt", 'r') as file:
    a = (file.read(5)) # line1 Both lines are in with Block(Under
Context of With Statement)
    print(file.closed) # line2
```

False

```
with open("MyNewFile.txt", 'w') as file:
    file.write("ABCDE")
```

```
with open("MyNewFile.txt", 'r') as file:
    a = (file.read(5))
print(file.closed)
```

True

Try Try but never cry

```
read(4)--> "Try "
read(5)--> "Try b"
```

```
with open("file1.txt", "w" ) as f:
    f.write("ABCD")
```

```
with open("file1.txt", "w" ) as f:
    f.write("A\nB\nC\nD\n")
```

```
with open("file2.txt", "w" ) as f:
    f.writelines(["A\n" ,"B\n","C\n", "D\n"])
```

```
with open("file2.txt", "w" ) as f:
    f.writelines(["A " ,"B " ,"C " , "D "])
```

```
output = "\n".join(["A" ,"B","C", "D"])
output
```

```
{"type":"string"}
```

```
with open("file1.txt", "r" ) as f:
    print(f.readlines())
```

```
['A\n', 'B\n', 'C\n', 'D\n']
```

```
with open("file1.txt", "r" ) as f:
    output_list = f.readlines()
print(output_list)
```

```
['A\n', 'B\n', 'C\n', 'D\n']
```

```
type(output_list)
```

```
list
```

```
with open("file1.txt", "r" ) as f:
    output_list = f.read()
print(output_list)
```

```
A
B
C
D
```

```
type(output_list)
```

```
str
```

```
with open("file1.txt", "r" ) as f:
    output_list = f.readline() # read only one row at a time into string
print(output_list)
```

```
A
```

```
with open("file1.txt", "r" ) as f:
    print("reading: ", f.readline()) # read only one row at a time into string
    print("reading again: ",f.readline()) # read only one row at a time into string
```

```
reading:  A
```

```
reading again:  B
```

```
students = ["S ROY" , "B BOSE" , "N KAR" , "C DUTTA" , "G GHOSH" , "B KAR"]
scores = [1 , 3 , 2, 1 , 1, 2]
```

```
list(zip(students,scores))
```

```
[('S ROY', 1),
 ('B BOSE', 3),
 ('N KAR', 2),
 ('C DUTTA', 1),
```

```

('G GHOSH', 1),
('B KAR', 2)]

student_data = list(map(list,zip(students,scores))) # line 1
student_data

[['S ROY', 1],
 ['B BOSE', 3],
 ['N KAR', 2],
 ['C DUTTA', 1],
 ['G GHOSH', 1],
 ['B KAR', 2]]

# second step to get second lowest marks
second_low_score = sorted(list(set(scores)))[1] # line 2
second_low_score

2

# second step to get second Highest marks
# second_low_score = sorted(list(set(scores)))[-2] # replace -2 or
set reverse = True

list(filter(lambda x : x[1]==second_low_score, student_data ))

[['N KAR', 2], ['B KAR', 2]]

list(filter(lambda x : x[1]==second_low_score, student_data ))

[['N KAR', 2], ['B KAR', 2]]

list(map(lambda x: x[0], list(filter(lambda x :
x[1]==second_low_score, student_data )))) # line 3

['N KAR', 'B KAR']


output =list(filter(lambda x : x[1]==second_low_score, student_data ))
print(output)

[['N KAR', 2], ['B KAR', 2]]

for l in output:
    print(l[0])

N KAR
B KAR

[i[0] for i in output]

['N KAR', 'B KAR']

student_data[0]
```

```

['S ROY', 1]
student_data[1]
['B BOSE', 3]
(lambda x: x[1]==3) (student_data[1])
True

```

```

[['S ROY', 1.0], ['B BOSE', 3.0], ['N KAR', 2.0], ['C DUTTA', 1.0],
['G GHOSH', 1.0]]
2.0
["N KAR"] # ?

```

```

def second_lowest(students, scores):
    student_data, second_low_score, second_names = None, None, None
    # Your code starts here

    # Your code ends here
    return student_data, second_low_score, second_name

```

```

students = ["S ROY" , "B BOSE" ,"N KAR" , "C DUTTA" ,"G GHOSH", "B
KAR"]
scores = [1 , 3 ,2, 1 , 1, 2]
dict(zip(students,scores ))
{'S ROY': 1, 'B BOSE': 3, 'N KAR': 2, 'C DUTTA': 1, 'G GHOSH': 1, 'B
KAR': 2}

```

```

dict(zip(scores,students))
{1: 'G GHOSH', 3: 'B BOSE', 2: 'B KAR'}

```

*# evaluate() printing the number of vowels if the Name is Smaller
otherwise it prints the number of consonants."*

```

name = "Sachini"
name = set(name)
vowel_count = len(list(filter(lambda x :x in 'aeiouAEIOU',name )))
vowel_count

```

2

```
const_count = len(name) - vowel_count  
const_count
```

4

HOF: A function that return a func

```
def gen_mul(x):  
    def mul(y):  
        return x*y  
    return mul
```

```
a = gen_mul(5)
```

is this a HOF? Yes

Is this a generator? No

```
print(a)
```

```
...  
def mul(y):  
    return 5*y  
...
```

<function gen_mul.<locals>.mul at 0x7f86ed31aca0>

```
def mul(y):  
    return 5*y  
mul(2)
```

10

```
a(2)
```

10

```
b = gen_mul(101)  
print(b)
```

<function gen_mul.<locals>.mul at 0x7f86ed3db4c0>

```
def mul(y):  
    return 101*y
```

```
b(2)
```

202

```
b(3)
```

```
303
```

```
b(4)
```

```
404
```

```
# def funct():
```

```
#     return x  
#     # yeild x
```

```
range(1,6)
```

```
range(1, 6)
```

```
a = iter(range(1,6))
```

```
a
```

```
<range_iterator at 0x7f86ed43a150>
```

```
next(a)
```

```
1
```

```
next(a)
```

```
2
```

```
next(a)
```

```
3
```

```
next(a)
```

```
4
```

```
next(a)
```

```
5
```

```
next(a)
```

```
-----  
-----  
StopIteration                                Traceback (most recent call  
last)  
<ipython-input-114-15841f3f11d4> in <cell line: 1>()  
----> 1 next(a)
```

StopIteration:

```
list1 = [1, 2, 3]
print(list1.append(5))
```

None

```
str1 = "abc"
str1 = str1+"d"
```

str1

```
{"type": "string"}
```

```
[ 1,2, 3,4,5,6]
```

```
### decorator: decoratores accept function as input argument and
return func
```

```
def pretty(func):
    def func2():
        print("-"*50)
        func()
        print("-"*50)
```

```
    return func2
```

```
f1 = lambda : print(" "*25 + "Hello" + " "*25)
```

```
a = pretty(f1)
```

```
f1()
```

Hello

```
a()
```

```
-----
                        Hello
-----
```

```
-- helo --
```

```
f2 = lambda : print("World")
b = pretty(f2)
b()
```

```
-----
World
-----
```

```

@pretty
def print_w():
    print("World")
print_w()

-----
World
-----

def pretty2(func):
    def func2():
        print("#"*50)
        func()
        print("#"*50)

    return func2

@pretty
@pretty2
def print_w():
    string = "Hello"
    hyp = 50
    val = hyp//2 - len(string)//2
    print(" "*val + "Hello" + " "*val)
print_w()

-----
#####
                        Hello
#####
-----

#####
                        World
#####

names = ["Adam", "Millie", "Jacob", "Michael", "Maxine"]
loc = [(1,2), (5,4), (0,3), (2,3), (0,0)]

list1 = []
for i in range(len(names)):
    for j in range(i+1, len(names)):
        x1, y1 = loc[i]
        x2, y2 = loc[j]
        distance = abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1 - y2)
        print(names[i], names[j], distance)
        list1.append(distance)
print(list1)

Adam Millie 6
Adam Jacob 2
Adam Michael 2

```



```

Adam Maxine 3
Millie Jacob 6
Millie Michael 4
Millie Maxine 9
Jacob Michael 2
Jacob Maxine 3
Michael Maxine 5
[6, 2, 2, 3, 6, 4, 9, 2, 3, 5]

[6, 2, 2, 3, 6, 4, 9, 2, 3, 5][::-1]

[5, 3, 2, 9, 4, 6, 3, 2, 2, 6]

min(list1)

2

list1 = []
for i in range(len(names)):
    for j in range(i+1, len(names)):
        x1, y1 = loc[i]
        x2, y2 = loc[j]
        distance = abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1 - y2)
        list1.append(distance)

min_d = min(list1) # min element in all distances

list_output = []
for i in range(len(names)):
    for j in range(i+1, len(names)):
        x1, y1 = loc[i]
        x2, y2 = loc[j]
        distance = abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1 - y2)
        if distance == min_d:
            list_output.append([names[i], names[j]])

list_output

[['Adam', 'Jacob'], ['Adam', 'Michael'], ['Jacob', 'Michael']]

```

EXCEPTION HANDLING AND MODULES

- TRY EXCEPT AND FINALLY
- How to import modules