

#### Noida Institute of Engineering and Technology, Greater Noida

#### **Professional Communication**

Unit: 3

**Listening Skills** 

**Topic 1: Process of Listening** 

B. Tech Semester - I



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English



## Syllabus

#### **UNIT-III** Listening Skills

**5 Hours** 

- **➤** Process of listening
- > Types of listening
- > Overcoming barriers to listening
- > Tips for effective listening



#### Content

- Course Objective
- Course Outcome
- CO-PO Mapping
- Introduction
- Process of listening
- Types of listening
  - Active
  - Passive
  - Selective
- Barriers to listening
- Overcoming barriers to listening

- Tips for effective listening
- Video links
- Daily Quiz
- Weekly Assignment
- MCQs
- Old Questions
- Expected Questions
- Summary



#### **Course Outcomes**

**CO1** Students will be able to comprehend texts for professional reading tasks in preparation for an International Certification in Business English.

**CO2** Students will be able to write professionally in simple and correct English.

CO3 Students will be able to interpret listening tasks for better professional competence.

**CO4** Students will recognize the elements of effective speaking with emphasis on applied phonetics.

**CO5** Students will apply the skill of speaking at the workplace.



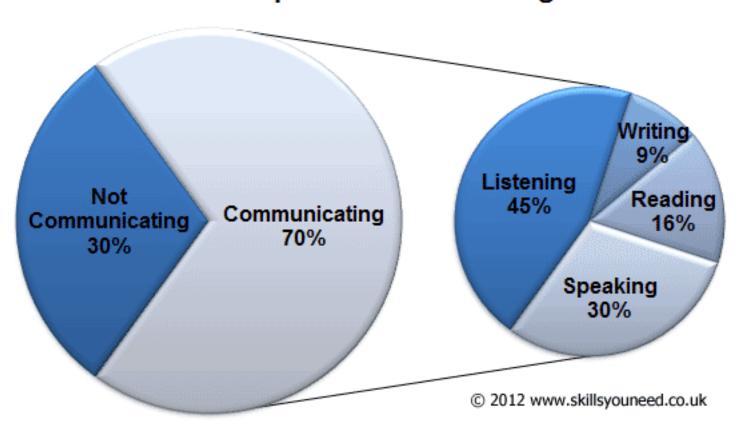
## **Unit Objective**

- The objective of the Unit is to familiarize the students with the basic nuances of Listening skills
- The Unit provides a foundation in the listening skills of language learning



#### Introduction

#### **Time Spent Communicating**

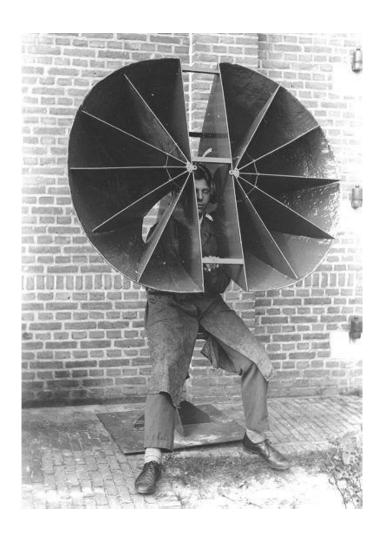




## **Listening Skills**

- Listening is the ability to accurately receive messages in the communication process
- Listening is not the same as hearing







## **Process of Listening**

## Steps

Not everyone hears the same way. we actually prefer certain frequencies.

#### Hearing

The reception of sound.

Your own needs, interests, attitudes, and knowledge affects your choice to pay attention.

#### Choosing

The act of choosing to focus attention on the message.

Your knowledge, attitudes, values, beliefs and self-concept influences your perception.

## Undersanding

Deciding what the message means to you.

You first respond emotionally, then intellectually. Then you decide how to respond.

#### Responding

Your reaction to the message. It can be emotional and intellectual.

#### Definition of listening:

It is a <u>physical</u> and <u>psychological</u> process that involves <u>choosing</u> to listen, <u>understanding</u>, and <u>responding</u> to symbolic messages from others.



## Types of Listening: Active

#### **Active listening:**

- Actively listening
- Active listening involves listening with all the senses
- It is a technique that is used in counseling, training, and solving disputes or conflicts.
- It requires that the listener fully concentrate, understand, respond and then remember what is being said.



- Active Listening Techniques
  - Pay attention
  - Show that you are listening
  - Provide feedback
  - Respond appropriately
  - Ask questions



- An Active Listener
  - Attentive

- Makes good eye contact
- Doesn't interrupt
- Shows an interest in what is being said



#### Signs of Active Listening

- Non-verbal signs of attentive listening
  - Smile
  - Eye contact
  - Posture
- Verbal signs of active listening
- Questioning
- Clarification
- Positive verbal response



#### Advantages of Active Listening

- It shows respect to the speaker
- It helps to develop a good relationship between the speaker and the listener.
- It enhances your ability to absorb the information
- It helps in sharing of the message more effectively.
- Gain more in-depth information
- Better outcome



## Types of Listening: Passive

- It is little more than hearing
- It means listening without reacting
- It allows the speaker to speak without interruption
- During passive listening, the listener doesn't do anything else at the same time



- Disadvantages of Passive Listening
  - It may affect an individual's academic progress
  - Being a passive listener, deprives one of the opportunity to stay focused



## Types of Listening: Selective

- It means being selective about what to hear and what not to (it can be unintentional selection also)
  - E.g. Missing out the sound of a doorbell while focusing on a video game
  - Failing to hear traffic while listening to songs



## Barriers to Listening

Noise – Internal and external distractions

- Examples: outside sounds, distracting thoughts
- Barriers Block listening/understanding.
  - Unfamiliar language, anger, attitudes, biases, needs, beliefs, fear, hearing problems, tuning out, stress, ignorance, prejudices, tired.



- Forged attention
- Premature evaluation of the subject matter
- Hard listening
- Poor Interpersonal relations
- Over excitement
- Different language variety and accent
- Distraction



### Ways to Overcome Barriers

- Prepare Yourself for Listening
- Remove Distractions
- Be Patient
- Avoid Personal Prejudice
- Listen to the Tone
- Listen for Ideas Not Just Words
- Wait and Watch for Non-Verbal Communication



- Minimize distractions
- Prioritize listening over speaking
- Reduce outside noise
- Ask questions
- Listen fully before responding
- Practice self control
- Avoid interrupting others while they are speaking
- Be brief while conveying your message



## Tips for Effective Listening.

- Face the speaker
- Maintain eye contact
- Be attentive
- Be relaxed
- Keep an open mind
- Try to visualize the words you hear
- Don't interrupt in between
- Try to understand the context
- Show your attentiveness by nodding



- Avoid conversation when stressed or overworked
- Ask open ended questions
- Provide small encouragements
- Practice listening at home



#### You Tube or NPTEL Video Links

- https://m.youtube.com/watch?v=i0oZ4PWxnsU
- https://www.google.com/search?q=active+listening+test&sa=X&ve d=2ahUKEwjZyYfM4qPpAhUL8XMBHRI-Br8Q1QIwH3oECBQQEg&biw=360&bih=566&dpr=2#kpvalbx= aw61 XpfVNq3Wz7sP1NaLgAQ46
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KVVFEXMBHrw



## Daily Quiz

1. Listening is just about receiving sounds. (T/F)

2. Active listening involves

a. Receiving sounds

b. Selecting c. Understanding

d. All of these

3. Which one is not a type of listening.

a. Empathetic

b. Critical

c. Appreciative

d. None of these

4. What percentage of the total time (approx.) do we spend on listening?

a. 20%

b. 35%

c. 45%

d. 60%

5. Which one is not a barrier to listening?

a. Prejudiced mindset

b. being calm

c. distraction

d. forged attention



## Daily Quiz (Answers)

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False

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## Quiz

- 1. Is listening different from hearing? T/F
- 2. Listening skills can be acquired easily. T/F
- 3. Listening skills do not play an important role in communication. Explain. (Discussion)
- 4. Listening means to respond to advice or request. T/F
  - 5. Which of these is not a step in the listening process?
- a. Stop talking
- b. Responding
- c. misinterpreting
- 6. Which of these is the first step in the listening process?
- a. Stop talking
- b. Receiving
- c. responding

## **Answers**

- 1. Is listening different from hearing? **T/**F
- 2. Listening skills can be acquired easily. T/F
- 3. Listening skills do not play an important role in communication. Explain. (Discussion)
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- c. responding



## Weekly Assignment

- 1. What is the difference between listening and hearing?
- 2. Discuss some of the strategies for effective listening.

# 3. NIET Greater Noida GET FUTURE READY

#### MCQ s

- 1. What is the last step in the listening process?
- a)remembering b)responding c)selecting
- d) Understanding
- 2. Which step in the listening process involves focusing on a particular sound or message?
- a)remembering b)responding c)selecting
- d) Attending
- 3. Active listening involves responding in what three ways?
- a) mentally, verbally and non-verbally
- b) Emotionally, mentally and spiritually
- c) Emotionally, mentally and verbally
- d) Content, feelings and thoughts



## MCQ s (Answers)

1. What is the last step in the listening process?

**Answer: Responding** 

2. Which step in the listening process involves focusing on a particular sound or message?

Answer: Receiving

3. Active listening involves responding in what three ways?

Answer: mentally, verbally and non-verbally



## **Old Question Papers**

New course



## **Expected Questions for University Exam**

- 1. Bring out the difference between active listening and selective listening.
- 2. Discuss various effective listening comprehension strategies.
- 3. What are the major obstacles in listening comprehension?



### Summary

- Different types of Listening active, passive, and selective
- Various obstacles in effective comprehension of listening excerpts
- Barriers to effective listening
- Tips to overcome barriers to effective listening



#### References

- Meskill, Carla. "Listening skills development through multimedia." *Journal of Educational Multimedia and Hypermedia* 5.2 (1996): 179-201.
- Barker, Larry L. "Listening Behavior." (1971).
- Dunkel, P. (1991). Listening in the native and second/foreign language: Toward an integration of research and practice. TESOL Quarterly, 25(3),431-457



## Listening Skills Exercises

- Listening practice will be done in the language lab and in the classrooms using Laptops, smartphones.
- The files of the audios will be shared.



## Thank You