AIS Learning

O/L Mathematics Practice Tutorial

Lesson 02: Set Theory

- 1. Set Basics:
 - a. Define a set in the context of Set Theory.
 - b. What is the cardinality of a set?
- 2. Set Operations:
 - a. Explain the union of two sets.
 - b. If set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and set $B = \{3, 4, 5\}$, find $A \cup B$.
- 3. Intersection and Complement:
 - a. Define the intersection of two sets.
 - b. If set $A = \{2, 4, 6\}$ and set $B = \{3, 6, 9\}$, find $A \cap B$.
- 4. Set Identities:
 - a. State the identity property of union for sets.
 - b. If set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and set $B = \{3, 4, 5\}$, find $A \cup (A \cap B)$.
- 5. Subsets:
 - a. Define a subset.
 - b. If set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and set $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, is A a subset of B?
- 6. Power Set:
 - a. Define the power set of a set.
 - b. If set $C = \{a, b\}$, find the power set P(C).
- 7. Set Operations with Venn Diagrams:

- a. Draw a Venn diagram to represent $A \cup (B \cap C)$.
- b. Explain the elements in the region where only set B exists in the Venn diagram.

8. Cartesian Product:

- a. Define the Cartesian product of two sets.
- b. If set $X = \{1, 2\}$ and set $Y = \{a, b\}$, find $X \times Y$.

9. Set Relations:

- a. Define an equivalence relation between sets.
- b. If set $A = \{2, 4, 6\}$ and set $B = \{1, 2, 3\}$, determine if there is an equivalence relation between A and B.

10. Set Applications:

- a. Explain a real-world application of set theory.
- b. If set U represents the universal set of all students in a school, and set A represents students who study mathematics, describe the complement of set A.

Try those questions by yourself and submit your answers to us.

We can evaluate it for you!!!!

Happy Learning!!!!

-Evaluation Team AIS Learning