Linux Command Line Commands

Basic Linux Commands

- Is List Files and Directories
- cd <directory_name> Change Directory
- pwd Print Current Directory
- mkdir <directory_name> Create a New Directory
- rm <file_name> Remove Files
- cp <source_file> <destination> Copy Files
- mv <source_file> <destination> Move or Rename Files
- touch <file_name> Create an Empty File
- cat <file_name> Display File Contents
- find <directory> -name <file_name> Search for Files

File Permissions

- chmod 755 <file_name> Change Permissions
- chown <owner>:<group> <file_name> Change Ownership

Process Management

- ps Show Running Processes
- top Display Active Processes
- kill kill a Process
- free -h Check Memory Usage

File Archiving and Compression

- tar -cvf archive_name.tar <file_or_directory> Create a TAR Archive
- tar -xvf archive_name.tar Extract a TAR Archive
- gzip <file_name> Compress a File
- gunzip <file_name.gz> Decompress a File

Network Commands

- ifconfig - Check Network Configuration

- ping <host_name_or_ip> Ping a Host
- wget <file_url> Download Files

User Management

- sudo adduser <user_name> Add a User
- sudo deluser <user_name> Delete a User
- su <user_name> Switch User

Disk Management

- df -h Check Disk Usage
- du -sh <directory_name> Check Directory Size

Package Management

- sudo apt update Update System Packages (Debian/Ubuntu)
- sudo yum update Update System Packages (CentOS/RedHat)
- sudo apt install <package_name> Install a Package (Debian/Ubuntu)
- sudo yum install <package_name> Install a Package (CentOS/RedHat)

Others

- grep <text> <file_name> Search Text in Files
- uptime Check System Uptime
- sudo reboot Reboot System
- nano <file_name> Edit Files with Nano
- vi <file_name> Edit Files with Vi