





### **Overview**



# - Initial dataset: 2022-2023 NBA player Stats Regular season dataset 30 variables and 679 observations.

#### - Variables:

Rk	Player	Pos	Age	Tm	G	GS	MP	FG	FGA
Rank	Player's n ame	Position	Player's age	Team	Games played	Games started	Minutes playe d per game	Field goals	Field goal attempts
FG%	3P	3PA	3P%	2P	2PA	2P%	eFG%	FT	FTA
Field goal perce ntage	3-point field goals	3-point field goal attempts	3-point field goal percentage	2-point field g oals	2-point field goal attempts	2-point field g oal percentage	Effective field goal percentage	Free throws	Free throw attempts
FT%	ORB	DRB	TRB	AST	STL	BLK	TOV	PF	PTS
Free throw perc entage	Offensive rebounds	Defensive rebounds	Total rebounds	Assists	Steals	Blocks	Turnovers	Personal fouls	Points

Add reference here for definitions



### **DATA CLEANING**



```
> vif(fit1)
Error in vif.default(fit1) : there are aliased coefficients in the model
> |
```

The Original dataset had variables with Perfect Multicollinearity and Aliased coefficients, so to solve that problem, we split the dataset into:

- Player stats Variables that show the individual players contribution to the outcome of a game
  - > head(nba\_plyrstat)
    Pos Age G GS MP X3P X3PA X2P X2PA FT FTA ORB DRB AST STL BLK TOV PF PTS
- Team Stats Variables that represent an individual's contribution to the overall team performance

```
> head(nba_tmstat)
Pos Age G GS MP FGA FG. X3P X3PA X3P. X2P X2PA X2P. FT FTA FT. ORB DRB AST STL BLK TOV PF PTS
```

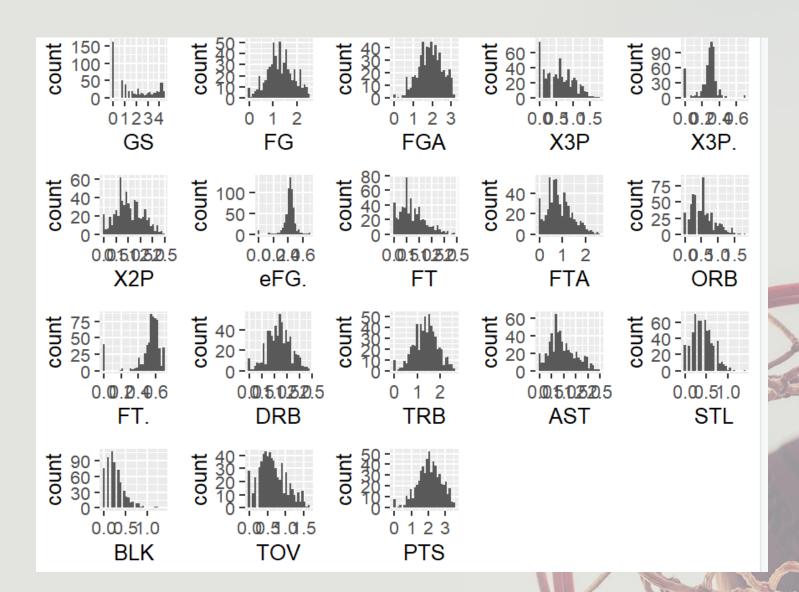
- Checked for missing variables
- Duplicate rows = 170 observations -> total of player stats who play in two different positions.



### **TRANSFORMATIONS**



We Performed Logarithmic Transformations on select variables to fix skewness

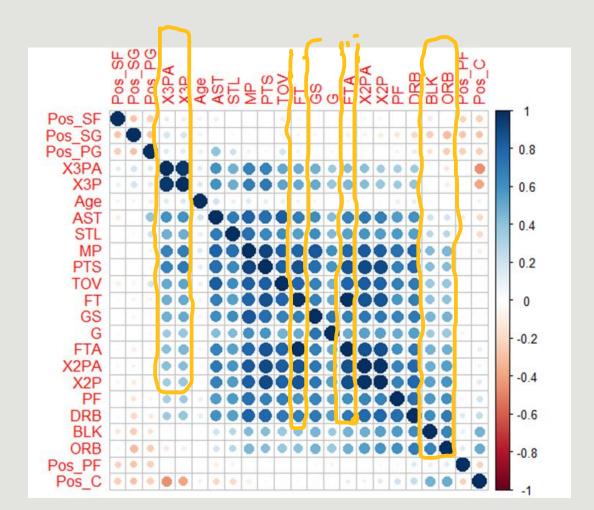




### **Research Goals**



• We further reduced variables in the player stats and team stats datasets to fix aliasing by removing variables with the same correlation profiles; keeping variables we considered less obvious.



#### Research Goals

- Find Factors that affect the points per game (Using Player stats datasets)
- Determine a relationship between player position a nd overall Stats. (Using Team Stats data set.)

<-- Variables such as x2p and x2pa, x3 p and x3pa, ORB and BLK, FT and FTA have almost exact collinearity profiles.



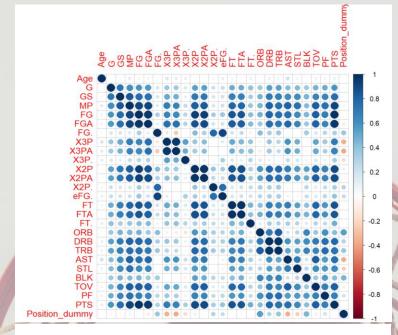
# Why Lasso Regression? Examining OLS



#### Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) Model has a couple issues:

- 1. Initial OLS run produced aliased coefficients because of a perfectly collinear dataset.
- 2. The model is susceptible to overfitting (extremely high adjusted R<sup>2</sup> close to 1, inflated beta values).

```
Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
              0.4908843 0.0424585 11.562 < 2e-16
              0.0027398 0.0013167
              0.0018030 0.0003076 5.862 7.62e-09 ***
              -0.0270751 0.0072011 -3.760 0.000187 ***
              0.0016913 0.0023604
X3P
              0.6590656 0.0535570 12.306 < 2e-16 ***
X3PA
X2P
X2PA
              -0.0533027 0.0436751 -1.220 0.222787
             -0.0886586 0.0646266 -1.372 0.170629
FT
              0.2704313 0.0625804
FTA
ORB
              0.0271722 0.0299511
                                   0.907 0.364661
              0.1024038 0.0276395
                                    3.705 0.000231 ***
DRB
AST
              0.0185345 0.0244011
                                    0.760 0.447810
              0.0224773 0.0362615
STL
                                    0.620 0.535584
              0.0242226 0.0341599
                                    0.709 0.478547
             0.0315577 0.0122790
Position_dummy -0.0047746  0.0065100  -0.733  0.463587
signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 0.1295 on 590 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9673,
                            Adjusted R-squared: 0.9664
F-statistic: 971 on 18 and 590 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```



Variables are highly collinear; so, the variables have **repetitive collinearity profiles.** 



# **CV Lasso & The Rough Penalty**



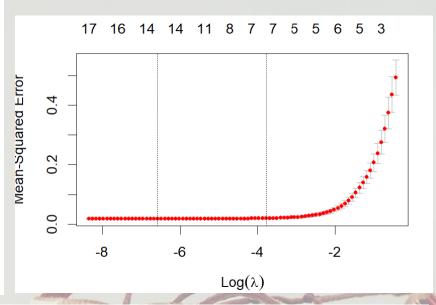
(All Player stats including Aliased variables)

#### **First Lasso Call:**

- Cross-validated lambda range shown in the plot of the full model.
- Relevant Lambda range concerning R<sup>2</sup> and 1se shown in the image on the right. Lambda 1se used.
- Regularization impacts the R^2, which is important for a model's fit.
- Coefficients shown on the left. Ratio of RMSE is also off for this larger model.

```
Model equation: PTS = 0.68913 + 0.00018(G) + 0.00663(MP) + 0.55 103(x3p) + 0.67776(x2p) + 0.1271 4(FTA) + 0.07761(DRB)
```

```
> coef(fitRange, s="lambda.1se")
19 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
(Intercept)
               0.6891376961
               0.0001894733
GS
               0.0066331959
MP
               0.5510309268
X3P
X3PA
               0.6777640524
X2P
X2PA
               0.1271495959
FTA
ORB
               0.0776164331
DRB
AST
STL
BLK
TOV
Position_dummy .
```



```
#Ratio of RMSE of Train to test in Lasso cv model
rmselassortest / rmselassopredtr
[1] 0.8543259
```

```
> fitRange$lambda.1se
[1] 0.03956875
> |
```



# **Relaxed Lasso Regression**

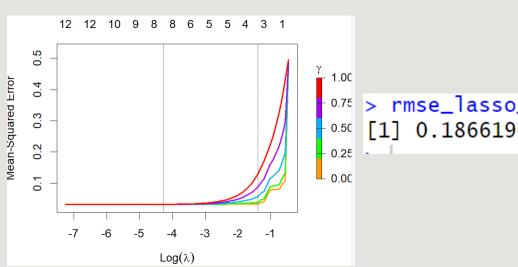


Two Lasso Regression runs (regular lasso first, relaxed lasso second).

- Relaxed Lasso best fit with 1se (1 standard error) has a gamma of 0, regularization fixes overfitting.
- Low penalty used, lambda value < 0.05. Around 93% R^2.</li>
- Lambda 1se gives 5 predictors, coefficients shown to the side.
- Relaxed Lasso Model ends up being a small subset of the data captured by factor analysis/component analysis.

#### Model Equation:

$$PTS = 0.53637 + 0.0009(G) + 0.30103(X3PA) + 0.47514(X2PA) + 0.27077(FT) + 0.22062(DRB)$$



```
> rmse_lasso_train2 #0.18
[1] 0.1866196
```

```
#glmnet with lambda
glmnet(xTrain, yTrain, data=dsTrain, relax=T, lambda=0.04653347)
fitLasso2 = glmnet(xTrain, yTrain, data=dsTrain, relax=T, lambda = 0.04653347)
summary(fitLasso2)
coef(fitLasso2, s="lambda.1se")
pLassoTrain2 = predict(fitLasso2, xTrain, s="lambda.1se")
rmse_lasso_train2 = sqrt(mean((pLassoTrain2 - yTrain)^2))
> coef(fitLasso2, s="lambda.1se")
13 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
(Intercept)
                  0.5363707794
Age
                 0.0009251931
X3PA
                  0.3010356751
X2PA
                  0.4751484473
                  0.2707712163
                  0.2206258663
AST
STL
BLK
```

Position\_dummy





# **Principal Factor Analysis and CFA**

Goal: To find latent factors that affect points per game (PTS)

- Two PFAs and two CFAs performed
- PFA1 and CFA 1 (Log Transformed Player Stats dataset used with aliased variables removed)
- **PFA and CFA 2** (Untransformed Player Stats dataset used with aliased variables removed)



# **Principal Factor Analysis 1**



PFA with log-transformed data

```
> summary(pf1)
Factor analysis with call: principal(r = nba_plyrd, nfactors = 6, r
Test of the hypothesis that 6 factors are sufficient.
The degrees of freedom for the model is 49 and the objective funct
The number of observations was 609 with Chi Square = 12533.86 w
The root mean square of the residuals (RMSA) is 0.04
> print(pf1$loadings,cutoff=.4,sort=T)
Loadings:
       RC1
              RC2
        0.688
        0.869
GS
        0.959
        0.896
X2PA
        0.855
FTA
        0.810
AST
STL
        0.753
        0.875
TOV.
        0.791
PF
X3PA
        0.588 -0.599
BLK
        0.512
               0.647
               0.917
POS. C
                      0.931
POS PG
POS_PF
POS_SF
POS_SG
              -0.439 -0.529 -0.444 0.552
                                            0.985
Age
Proportion var 0.407 0.122 0.085 0.076 0.075 0.063
Cumulative Var 0.407 0.529 0.613 0.689 0.764 0.827
```

- Principal Factors
- RC1: "Actions in game",
- RC2: "3point attempts by position Shooting Guard & blocks by Position Center"
- RC3: "synergy between the Point Guard and Shooting Guard"
- RC5: "synergy between the Shooting Guard & Power forward initiated by the Power Forward"
- RC4: "synergy between the Shooting Guard and Small Forward initiated by the SF"
- RC6: "Age".
- A 7th factor "Defensive rebounds" is its own factor in the regression model



# **Principal Factor Analysis 1**



A regression model on the named scores produced

```
call:
lm(formula = PTS ~ ... data = scores)
Residuals:
-1.22631 -0.12519
                  0.02325 0.16087
coefficients:
                             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                             1.823549
                             0.084035
actions_in_game
                                       0.003198
'3pattemps_by_SG&BLK_by_C'
                            -0.035041
                                       0.005820
                                                 -6.020 3.03e-09
synergy_btw_PG$5G'
                                                  -4.144 3.91e-05
                            -0.032678
                                       0.007886
synergy_btw_SG&PF_intbyPF
                                       0.008497
                                                  -1.365
                                                           0.173
                           -0.011602
'synergy_btw_SG&SF_intbySF'
                            -0.006745
                                       0.008261
                                                           0.415
                                                  -0.816
                             0.013213
                                                  1.280
                                                           0.201
                                        0.010319
Age
                             0.206449
                                        0.048216
                                                  4.282 2.16e-05 ***
DRB
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.257 on 601 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.8691, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8675
F-statistic: 569.9 on 7 and 601 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Produced an R-squared of 87%, Adj R-squared of about 86.9%

#### model:

PTS = 1.82 + 0.08(actions\_in\_game) - 0.035(3pattemps\_by\_SG&BLK\_by\_C) - 0.03(synergy\_btw\_PG&SG) + 0.206(DRB)





### **Common Factor Analysis 1**



(with log transformed variables and aliased vars removed)

Position (dummy vars) removed

Load	ngs:				
	Factor1	Factor2	Factor3	Factor4	
X2PA	0.757	0.513			
FTA	0.766	0.453			
AST	0.680			0.623	
TOV	0.739				
G		0.501			
GS		0.633			
MP	0.514	0.576	0.517		
BLK		0.740			
PF		0.691			
K3PA			0.744		
Age					
STL		0.402		0.472	
		Factor	1 Factor	2 Factor3	Factor4
55 10	padings	3.00	2.80	07 1.441	1.161
Proportion var		ar 0.2	50 0.2	34 0.120	0.097
Cumu	lative Va	ar 0.2	50 0.4	84 0.604	0.701

#### **Factors:**

- F1: "2point attempts, Free throw attempts, Assists & Turnover in Minutes Played"
- F2: "2Point attempts, Free throw Attempts, Blocks, Personal Fouls and steals in Game played"
- F3: "3-Point attempts in minutes played"
- F4: "Assists and Steals"
- A 5th factor "Defensive rebounds" is its own factor in the regression model



### CFA1 Model



```
> fft1 = lm(PTS -.. data=scores3)
> summary(fft1)
call:
lm(formula = PTS ~ ., data = scores3)
Residuals:
           10 Median
   Min
-1.54763 -0.12249 0.02677 0.15772 0.63476
Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                      0.825955 0.060068 13.750 < 2e-16 ***
'2pa_FreeTA_Ast&Tov_in_MP' 0.194991 0.014383 13.557 < 2e-16 ***
'3PA _in_MP'
                      0.043511 0.023715 1.835
                                                 0.067 .
STL_&_AST
                       -0.047893 0.010765 -4.449 1.03e-05 ***
                       DRB
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.2438 on 603 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.8818, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8808
F-statistic: 899.3 on 5 and 603 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

R-squared of 88.1% and Adj. R-squared of 88%.

PTS= 0.83 + 0.195(2pa\_FreeTA\_Ast&Tov\_in\_MP) - 0.112(2Pa\_FreeTA\_BLKs\_PF\_STL\_inG) - 0.049(STL\_&\_AST) + 0.168(DRB).



### **Principal Factor Analysis 2**



(With Untransformed variables but Aliased vars removed)

```
> summary(pnt)
Factor analysis with Call: principal(r = nba_pstatpt4, nfactors = 6, rotate = "varimax")
Test of the hypothesis that 6 factors are sufficient.
The degrees of freedom for the model is 49 and the objective function was 22,09
The number of observations was 609 with Chi Square = 13199.96 with prob < 0
The root mean square of the residuals (RMSA) is 0.05
> print(pnt$loadings, cutoff=.4, sort=T)
Loadings:
       RC1
              RC2
        0.645
        0.841
        0.954
        0.668 -0.466
        0.881
        0.817
FTA
        0.778
                      0.418
AST
        0.724
STL
TOV
        0.872
PF
        0.745
BLK
        0.412 0.706
               0.908
Pos_C
                      0.900
POS_PG
POS_PF
                             0.973
                                   -0.946
Pos_SF
              -0.438 -0.519 -0.445
POS_SG
Age
               6.557 2.007 1.499 1.285 1.277 1.056
Proportion var 0.386 0.118 0.088 0.076 0.075 0.062
Cumulative var 0.386 0.504 0.592 0.668 0.743 0.805
```

- Principal Factors
- RC1: "Actions in game",
- RC2: "3point attempts by position Shooting Guard & blocks by Position Center"
- RC3: "synergy btw Point Guard and Shooting Guard in terms of assists"
- RC5: "synergy between the Shooting Guard & Power forward initiated by the Power Forward"
- RC4: "synergy between the Shooting Guard and Small Forward initiated by the SF"
- RC6: "Age".
- A 7th factor "Defensive rebounds" is its own factor in the regression model



### PFA 2 Reg. Model



(i.e. with Untransformed data)

```
> ftut <- lm(PTS ~.. data= scores5)
> summary(ftut)
call:
lm(formula = PTS ~ . , data = scores5)
Residuals:
     Min
              10 Median
-13.2183 -1.3319 0.0079 1.3088 10.6782
Coefficients:
                           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                            8.09162
actions_in_game_played
                            0.91523
                                       0.02885 31.729 < 2e-16 ***
"3pattemps_by_SG&BLK_by_C"
                           -0.28191
                                       0.06245 -4.514 7.64e-06 ***
 synergy_btw_PG$SG_in_Ast`
                           -0.06641
                                       0.07336 -0.905 0.36569
'synergy_btw_PF&SG_inTbyPF' -0.15564
                                       0.08300 -1.875 0.06125 .
'synergy_btw_SG&SF'
                           -0.03417
                                       0.08036 -0.425 0.67087
                           -0.17698
                                       0.10047 -1.762 0.07866 .
DRB
                            0.32466
                                       0.11655 2.786 0.00551 **
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 2.515 on 601 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.8632, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8616
F-statistic: 541.9 on 7 and 601 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
> vif(ftut)
                            '3pattemps_by_SG&BLK_by_C' 'synergy_btw_PG$SG_in_Ast'
     actions_in_game_played
                                              1.554280
                                                                         1.288170
 'synergy_btw_PF&SG_inTbyPF'
                                    'synergy_btw_SG&SF'
                  1.119864
                                              1.019193
                                                                         1.227123
                       DRB
                  3.996120
```

Model: R-squared of 86.% and Adj. R-squared of 86.1%.



 $PTS = 8.09 + 0.92(actions_in_game_played) - 0.28(3pattemps_by_SG\&BLK_by_C) + 0.32(DRB).$ 



### **Common Factor Analysis 2**



(With untransformed data but Aliased vars removed)

Again Position (dummy vars) removed

```
> print(faut$loadings, cutoff=.4, sort=T)
Loadings:
     Factor1 Factor2 Factor3 Factor4
      0.827
              0.452
      0.828
      0.757
              0.523
              0.565
      0.441
      0.466
              0.613
                       0.421
                               0.474
              0.670
BLK
              0.713
PF
                       0.731
AST
      0.662
              0.413
                       0.507
STL
X3PA
                               0.738
Age
               Factor1 Factor2 Factor3 Factor4
ss loadings
                  3.119
                          2.532
                                           1.169
                          0.211
Proportion var
                 0.260
                                  0.123
                                           0.097
                 0.260
                                  0.594
                                           0.691
    er loadingeur - faurtloadinge
```

#### Factor names:

- F1: "2point attempts, Free throw attempts, Assists & Turnover in Games started & Minutes Played"
- F2: "2Point attempts, Free throw Attempts, Blocks, Personal Fouls and steals in Game played"
- F3: "Steals & Assists in minutes Played"
- F4: "3-point attempts in minutes played"
- A 5th factor "**Defensive rebounds**" is its own factor in the regression model



#### **CFA 2 Model**



(i.e. Untransformed with Aliased removed)

```
> summary(ftut4)
call:
Im(formula = PTS ~ . - '3pA_in _MP' - '2pa_FreeTA_Ast&Tov_in_MP&Gs'
    '2Pa_FreeTA_BLKs_PF_STL_ingames', data = scores6)
Residuals:
    Min
              10 Median
                               30
                                       Max
-12.1251 -1.8499 -0.2082 1.5181 13.6808
coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
              -2.49465
                          0.32604 -7.651 7.87e-14 ***
`STL&AST_inMP` 0.30687
                         0.01416 21.665 < 2e-16 ***
DRB
               0.88380
                          0.11946 7.398 4.62e-13 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 3.576 on 606 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.7213, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7203
F-statistic: 784 on 2 and 606 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
> vif(ftut4)
STL&AST_inMP
                         DRB
     2.076966
                    2.076966
```

R-squared of 72.1% and Adj. R-squared of 72%.

 $PTS = -2.49 + 0.31('STL&AST_inMP) + 0.88(DRB)$ 







- Basketball player position: (Point Guard (PG), Shooting Guard (SG), Small Forward (SF)Power Forward (PF), and Center (C)).
- **Goal:** To find out if there is a relationship between player's statistics and their position whether we are able to classify players positions based on the available statistics.
- Classification Percentage: LD1=80% , LD2=16%, LD3=2% and LD4=1%
- Steals, Effective Field Goal Attempt, assists and field goal attempts →+
- Defensive rebounds, field goal%, blocks, Offensive rebounds → -

```
LD1 = -2.15(DRB) - 1.5(FG\%) - 1.5(BLK) - 1.3(ORB) - \\ 0.6(FTA) - 0.5(3P\%) 0.40(PF) - 0.25(2PA) - \\ 0.16(GS) - 0.06(Age) + 0.006(GP) + \\ 0.04(MP) + 0.27(3PA) + 0.33(TOV) + 1.03(FGA) \\ + 1.4(AST) + 1.5(eFG\%) + 1.9(STL)
```

```
lda(position \sim ., data = train)
Prior probabilities of groups:
                 2
0.2054176 0.2370203 0.1918736 0.1738149 0.1918736
Group means:
       Age
1 26.59341 40.82418 2.012497 17.74945 1.713311 0.5537143 0.5150656 0.2507692
2 25.11429 43.79048 1.902795 19.30190 1.939555 0.4362857 1.3275224 0.3472095
3 25.70588 47.11765 2.160258 20.10824 1.913806 0.4822118 1.1364601 0.3243294 1.506858
4 25.07792 41.84416 1.925587 19.30000 1.861026 0.4504545 1.2743996 0.3278571 1.345770
5 26.48235 40.68235 1.894510 20.45294 1.965955 0.4085059 1.3215415 0.3193412 1.466027
1 0.5829011 0.9728500 0.9110326 1.401858 0.7095006 0.3474485 0.5131784 0.6498294 1
2 0.5214476 0.8408597 0.3790542 1.042335 0.9320702 0.4557841 0.2018925 0.6552036
3 0.5455412 0.9042665 0.6713512 1.338861 0.8500674 0.4115781 0.3406205 0.6653396
4 0.5343636 0.7856566 0.5049170 1.085816 0.8092808 0.4330453 0.2065212 0.5775447 1.593506
5 0.4825059 0.8875686 0.3582813 1.043785 1.3572042 0.5183068 0.1911225 0.7916296 1.469412
Coefficients of linear discriminants
              LD1
     0.325075822 0.604953485
Proportion of trace:
   LD1 LD2
                LD3
0.8023 0.1542 0.0307 0.0129
```



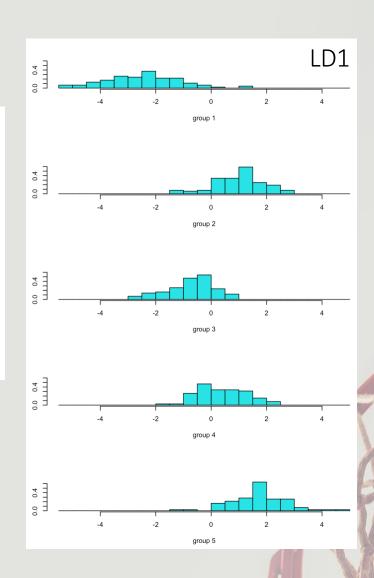


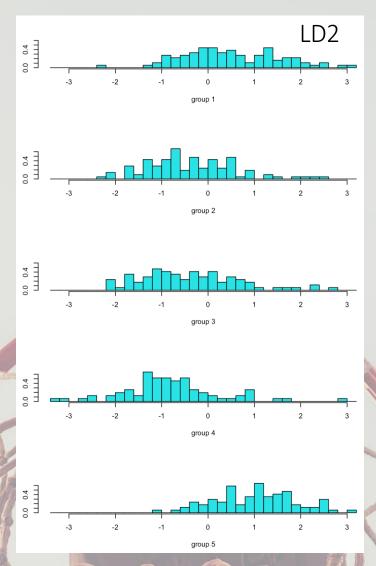
#### **Training set:**

```
> print(fit.lda$scaling[order(fit.lda$scaling[,1]), ])
                            LD2
                                           LD3
     -2.150132965 -0.537158512
                                 -2.295472601
                                                 2.04027148
     -1.552167694 7.947341994 -20.546633132
                                                13.77484206
     -1.500617436 2.184963493
                                  0.794696715
                                                 1.66766373
     -1.273780535 0.083662540
                                 -2.117140437
                                                -2.82269476
     -0.598174049 0.389464110
                                  0.340607295
                                                -0.19255183
X3P. -0.540113487 0.604140545
                                 -2.099282095
                                                 3.53155825
     -0.407278300 -0.150634988
                                  0.466334753
                                                -0.35124843
X2PA -0.259738220 -2.411814937
                                  -0.978353045
                                                -1.93920939
     -0.160213448 0.108195391
                                                -0.03894010
                                  0.122160497
     -0.066387955 0.038806220
                                  0.002981295
                                                -0.01447974
                                  -0.006479974
                                                 0.01639646
      0.005762483 -0.004452028
      0.042041278 -0.123618343
                                  -0.022966078
                                                 -0.12283366
X3PA 0.272264576 -1.587278856
                                 -4.035364663
                                                -0.65242262
      0.325075822 0.604953485
                                  1.051484953
                                                 2.09355155
      1.031133971 2.545720310
                                  5.229403490
                                                 3.40931997
      1.395262855 3.222168908
                                 -1.519834200
                                                -1.06761257
eFG. 1.495835306 -8.756661302
                                 20.524455185 -14.58115516
STL 1.909767029 -0.631324189
                                  0.969038172
                                                 0.18566662
 1 "-1.99658242916429" "-1.14885464369007"
 4 "0.785433232397382" "-1.06821441748484"
 5 "-0.915140582210908" "-1.04488017831057"
 8 "1.08890824799499" "-0.100469086329585"
```

#### **Player Positions:**

Center (C)  $\rightarrow$ Shooting Guard (SG)  $\rightarrow$ Power Forward (PF)  $\rightarrow$ Small Forward (SF)  $\rightarrow$ Point Guard (PG)  $\rightarrow$ 



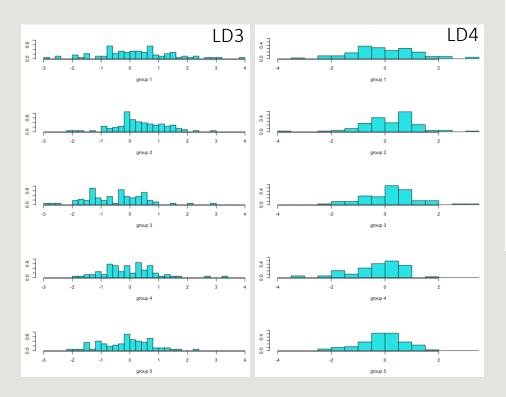


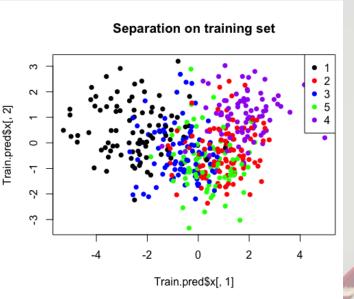


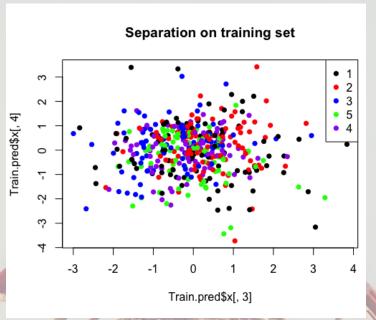


#### **Player Positions:**

Center (C)  $\rightarrow$ Shooting Guard (SG)  $\rightarrow$ Power Forward (PF)  $\rightarrow$ Small Forward (SF)  $\rightarrow$ Point Guard (PG)  $\rightarrow$ 

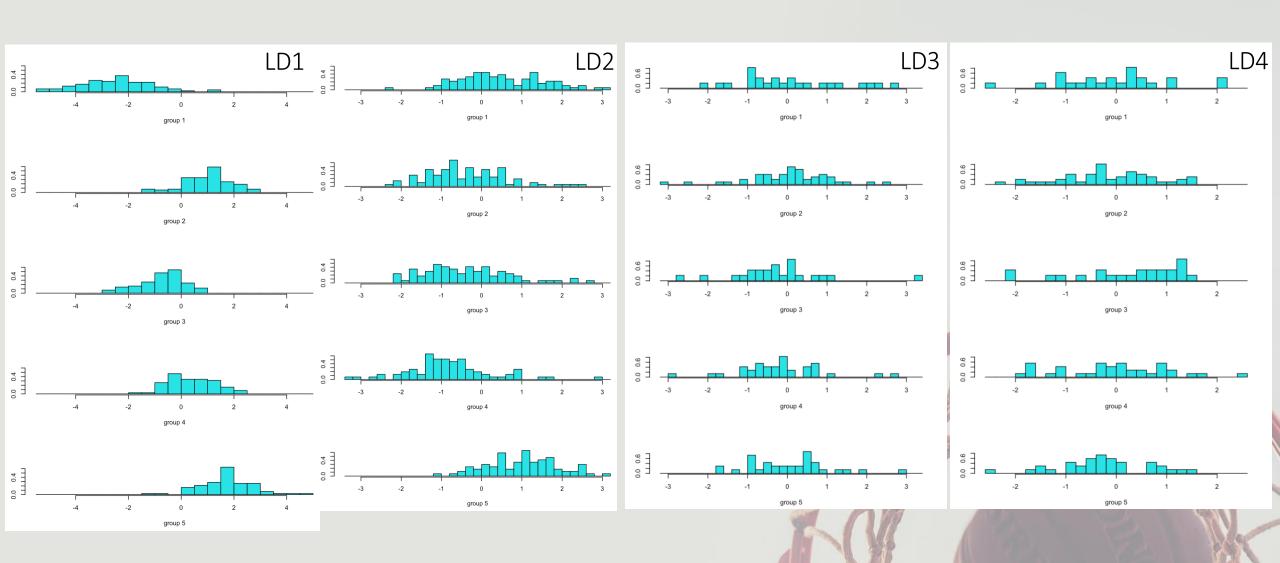






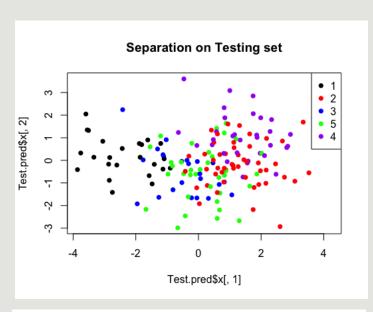


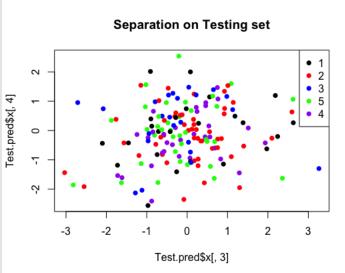












#### 

#### Overall Statistics

Accuracy : 0.506

95% CI : (0.4275, 0.5844) No Information Rate : 0.2952

P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.017e-08

5 0 13 0 3 21

Kappa : 0.3716

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA

#### Statistics by Class:

	Class: 1	Class: 2	Class: 3	Class: 4	Class: 5
Sensitivity	0.66667	0.5510	0.47826	0.25000	0.6176
Specificity	0.98592	0.7778	0.81818	0.90769	0.8788
Pos Pred Value	0.88889	0.5094	0.29730	0.42857	0.5676
Neg Pred Value	0.94595	0.8053	0.90698	0.81379	0.8992
Prevalence	0.14458	0.2952	0.13855	0.21687	0.2048
Detection Rate	0.09639	0.1627	0.06627	0.05422	0.1265
Detection Prevalence	0.10843	0.3193	0.22289	0.12651	0.2229
Balanced Accuracy	0.82629	0.6644	0.64822	0.57885	0.7482

#### Confusion matrix for training set

> confusionMatrix(data = Train.pred\$class, reference = as.factor(train\$position))
Confusion Matrix and Statistics

# Reference Prediction 1 2 3 4 5 1 69 0 12 0 0 2 1 59 10 26 17 3 18 11 52 17 2 4 2 15 9 29 2 5 1 20 2 5 64

#### Overall Statistics

Accuracy : 0.6163

95% CI : (0.5692, 0.6618)

No Information Rate : 0.237 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa : 0.5182

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.2726

#### Statistics by Class:

	Class: 1	Class: 2	Class: 3	Class: 4	Class: 5
Sensitivity	0.7582	0.5619	0.6118	0.37662	0.7529
Specificity	0.9659	0.8402	0.8659	0.92350	0.9218
Pos Pred Value	0.8519	0.5221	0.5200	0.50877	0.6957
Neg Pred Value	0.9392	0.8606	0.9038	0.87565	0.9402
Prevalence	0.2054	0.2370	0.1919	0.17381	0.1919
Detection Rate	0.1558	0.1332	0.1174	0.06546	0.1445
Detection Prevalence	0.1828	0.2551	0.2257	0.12867	0.2077
Balanced Accuracy	0.8621	0.7011	0.7388	0.65006	0.8374

Confusion matrix for testing set



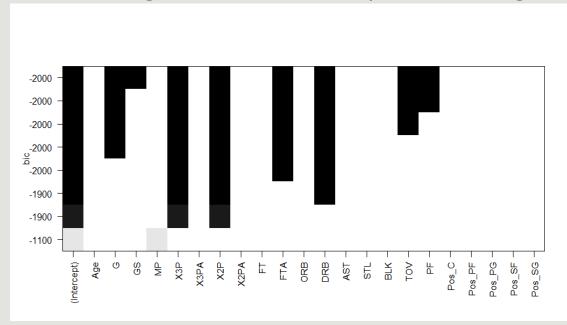
### **All Subset Analysis**



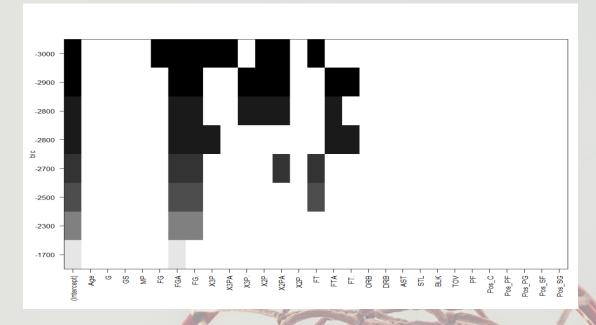
#### Player Set

#### **Team Set**

• All Subsets regression used to compare models gotten from Lasso and FA to check for commonalities.



- BIC scale used.
- Games Played, Games Started, 3 Points Per game, 2 Points per game, Defensive Rebound per, Free Throw Attempts per game, Turnovers per game, Personal Fouls per game.



- BIC Scale Used
- Field Goals per game, Field Goal attempts per g ame, Field Goal Percentage, 3 Points per game , 2 Points Attempts per game and Free Throws p er game.



# **Model Building**



#### **Team Set**

```
> reg_team5 = lm(PTS ~ FG. + X3P + X2PA + FT, data = nba_teamstat3)
> summary(reg_team5)
call:
lm(formula = PTS ~ FG. + X3P + X2PA + FT, data = nba_teamstat3)
Residuals:
    Min
              1Q Median
                                3Q
-0.76737 -0.06075 0.01066 0.07374 0.64075
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.15917
                       0.05134 20.274 < 2e-16 ***
X3P
                       0.01618 43.821 < 2e-16 ***
            0.70901
X2PA
            0.55360
                       0.01741 31.791 < 2e-16 ***
            0.27188
                       0.02189 12.421 < 2e-16 ***
FT
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 0.1373 on 604 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9625, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9622
F-statistic: 3870 on 4 and 604 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
> vif(reg_team5)
                    X2PA
1.231692 1.464042 3.930580 3.940987
```

- PTS is the response variable.
- Parsimonious Models achieve d with Adjusted R Square of 9 6.22% for the team set and 96 .6% for the player set respectively.

Points Per Game = 0.16+ 1.05(FG.) + 0.71(X3P) + 0.5 6(X2PA) + 0.168(FT).

#### Player Set

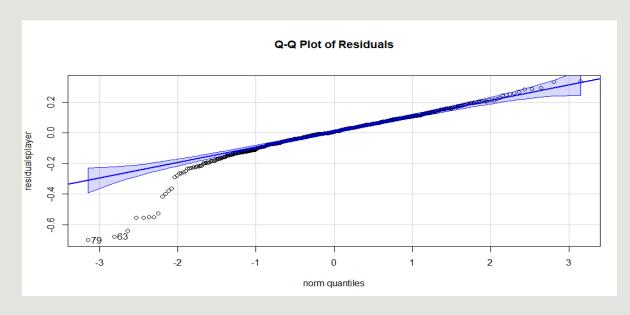
```
> req_player1 = lm(PTS ~ G + GS + X3P + X2P + FTA + DRB + TOV + PF, data = nba_playerstat3)
> summary(reg_player1)
call:
lm(formula = PTS ~ G + GS + X3P + X2P + FTA + DRB + TOV + PF,
   data = nba_playerstat3)
Residuals:
             1Q Median
                             3Q
-0.70240 -0.05931 0.00823 0.07745 0.33662
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.5503432 0.0168109 32.737 < 2e-16 ***
            -0.0229589 0.0062424 -3.678 0.000256 ***
X3P
           0.6970232  0.0158277  44.038  < 2e-16 ***
X2P
           FTA
           0.1910758 0.0214622 8.903 < 2e-16 ***
           0.1255805 0.0217221 5.781 1.19e-08 ***
           -0.1155484 0.0287092 -4.025 6.43e-05 ***
           0.0405303 0.0110145 3.680 0.000254 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 0.1301 on 600 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9665, Adjusted R-squared: 0.966
F-statistic: 2163 on 8 and 600 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
> vif(reg_player1)
                    X3P
                             X2P
                                     FTA
                                             DRB
2.134421 3.684532 1.559632 6.409905 4.865256 3.738321 3.891438 2.718180
```

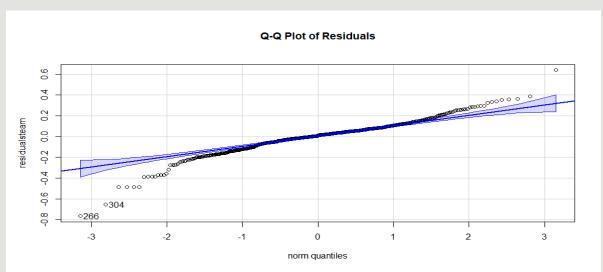
Points Per Game = 0.56+ 0.0017(G) - 0.02(GS) + 0.70(X3PA) + 0.74(X2P) + 0.20(FTA) + 0.13(DRB) - 0.12(TOV) + 0.04(PF)



### **Residual Plots**







QQ Plot of the Residuals for the **Player Set** 

From the plots, we can observe that the residuals approximately follow a normal distribution.

QQ Plot of the Residuals for the **Team Dataset** 



### Conclusion



- Relaxed Lasso Regression

Relaxed Lasso Regression performed variable selection down to 5 parameters and showed that the model is not overfitting through a gamma value of 0. The model of relaxed lasso is like a small subset of the overall model captured by the Factor/Component Analyses.

- Factor Analysis ( PFA and CFA):

Latent factors not immediately intuitive that affect points per game were found out. The effect of the synergies or counteraction(if on opposing teams) between the **Shooting guard and the Center**, seemed to be very important. Other synergies between other position-pairings with the shooting guard like **PF-SG, SF-SG, PG-SG** in terms of assists, setting screens to give the SG room for FG attempts etc., along with **defensive rebounds**, seem to be latent factors that affect the points per game. Models are shown.

- Linear Discriminate Analysis:

LDA was able to classify **C**, **SG** positions from **PG** in **LD1** and PG from **PF & SF** in **LD2** with some confusion. Further analysis could be done by combining Guards and Forwards positions to reduce the classification confusion and specify the variables that able to classify them clearly.

- All Subset Analysis:

The models from the all-subsets regression was used to compare the results on the Lasso and Factor analysis. Variable combinations to predict point per game showed combinations of all actions in a game which tallies with one of the prediction factors in the PFA (and a more basic version of the model). It also shows a similar (more obvious) version of the predictors of the relaxed lasso. This indicates that the lines of analysis used produced similar and valid results.





# THANK YOU