

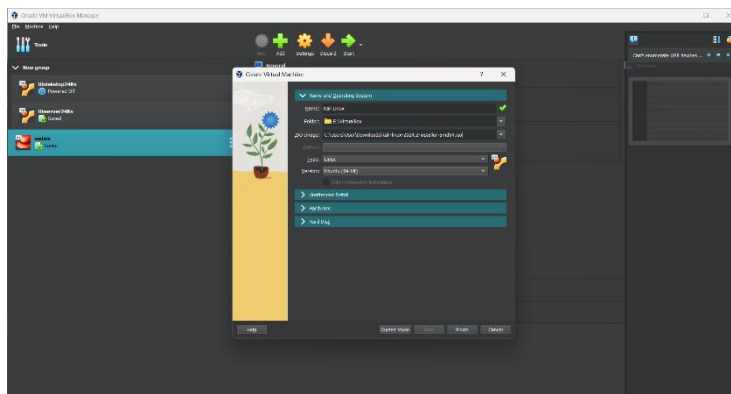
TUGAS INSTALASI KALI LINUX

Nama : M saddam hamidin

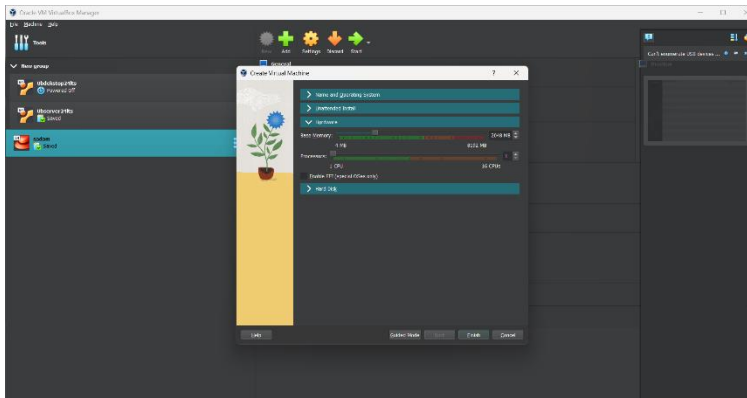
Nim : 09030582226004

Kelas : TK5B

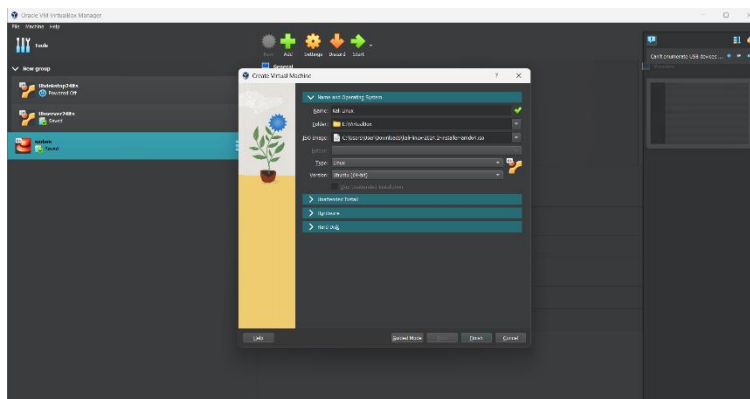
1. Pertama install terlebih dahulu file ISO kali linux (<https://cdimage.kali.org/kali-2024.2/kali-linux-2024.2-installer-amd64.iso>)
2. Lalu Buka Aplikasi Virtual Box di desktop anda
3. Buatlah virtual machine baru dan masukkan ISO image yang sudah di download tadi
4. Pilihlah Base memory and processor yang sudah disarankan (warna hijau)



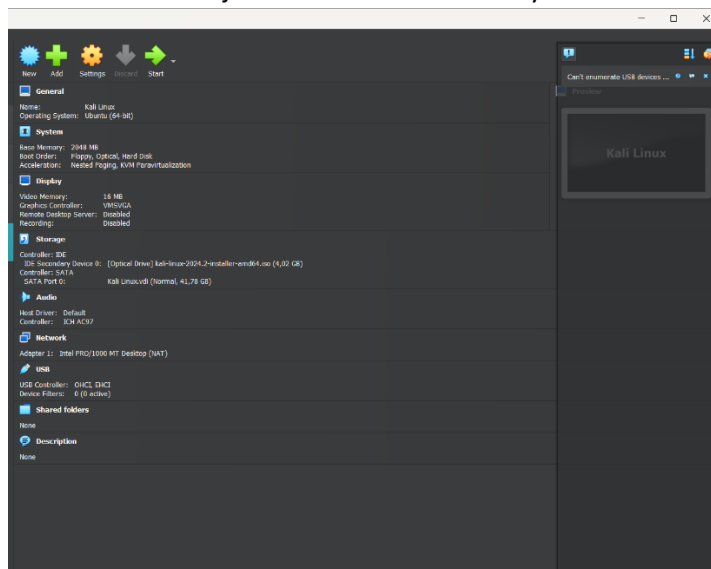
5. Buatlah penyimpanan Virtual hardisk menjadi di atas 40 gb



6. Sesuaikan dengan yang sudah dibuat tadi, jika sudah selesai klik finish



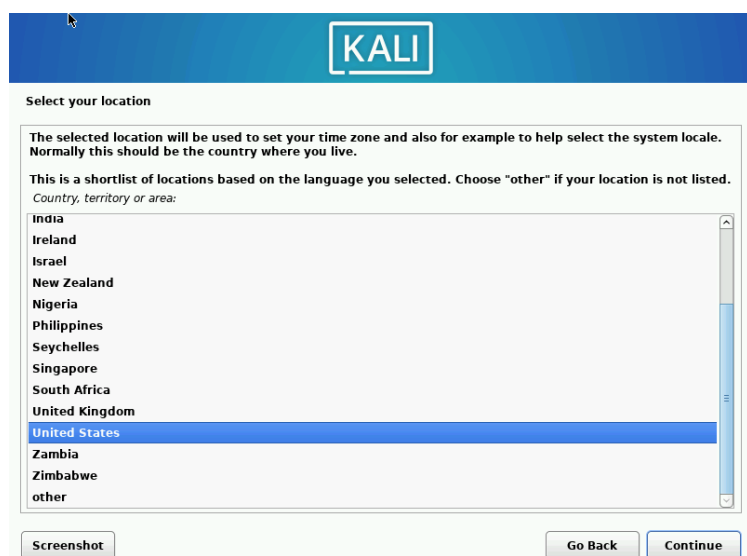
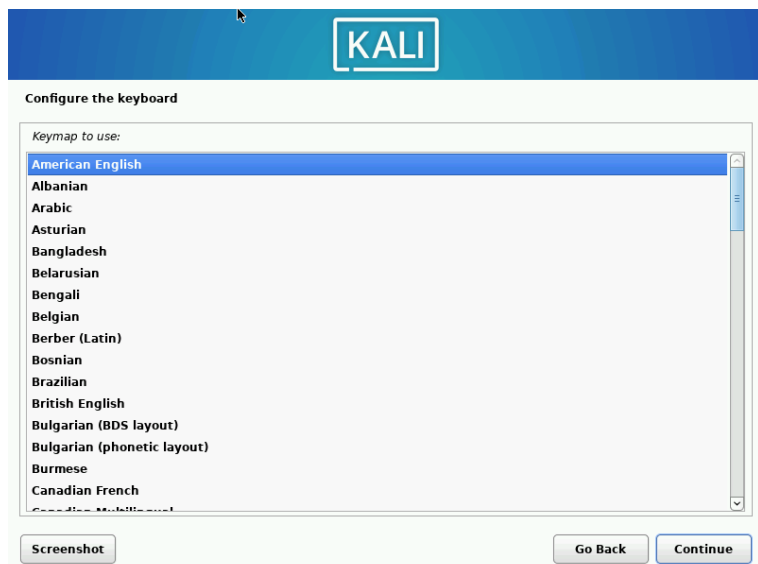
7. Lalu klik start dan jalankan virtual mesinnya

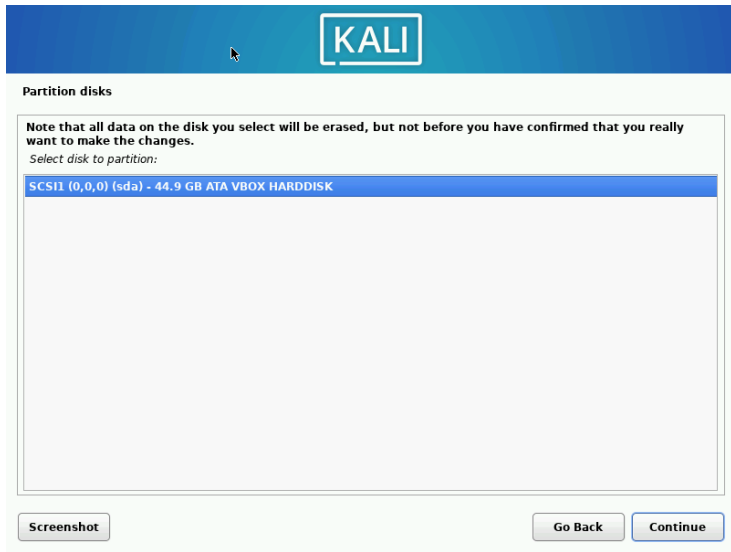
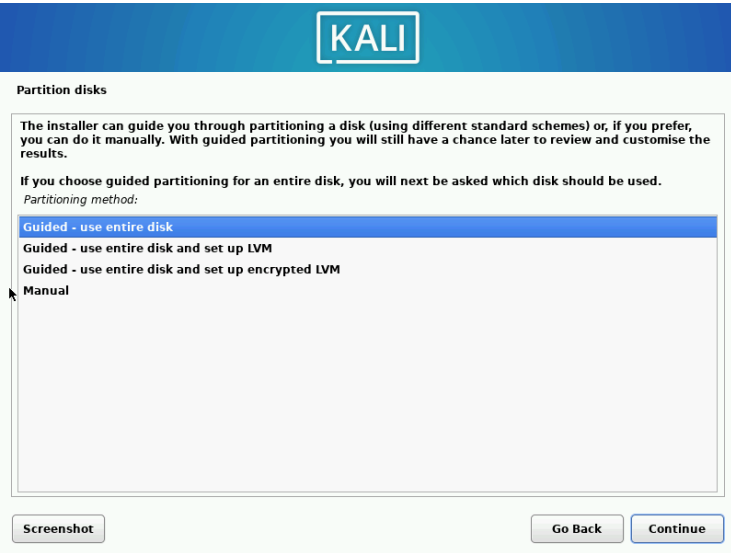
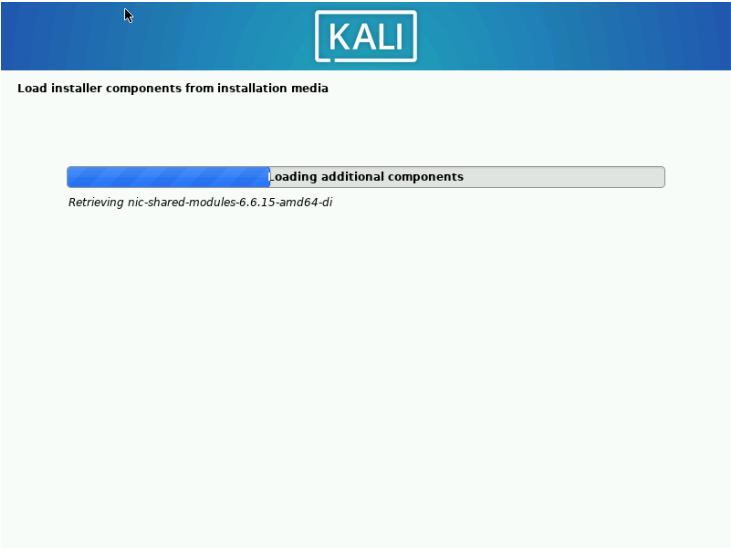


8. Pilih Graphical Install



9. Pilih & Isi Bahasa,Lokasi,Keyboard,Jaringan,Zona Waktu, Penyimpanan, data username & password sesuai dengan gambar dibawah ini





KALI

Partition disks

Selected for partitioning:

SCSI (0,0,0) (sda) - ATA VBOX HARDISK: 44.9 GB

The disk can be partitioned using one of several different schemes. If you are unsure, choose the first one.

Partitioning scheme:

All files in one partition (recommended for new users)

Separate /home partition

Separate /home, /var, and /tmp partitions

Screenshot

Go Back

Continue

KALI

Partition disks

This is an overview of your currently configured partitions and mount points. Select a partition to modify its settings (file system, mount point, etc.), a free space to create partitions, or a device to initialize its partition table.

Guided partitioning

Configure software RAID

Configure the Logical Volume Manager

Configure encrypted volumes

Configure iSCSI volumes

SCSI (0,0,0) (sda) - 44.9 GB ATA VBOX HARDISK

> #1 primary 43.8 GB f ext4 /

> #5 logical 1.0 GB f swap swap

Undo changes to partitions

Finish partitioning and write changes to disk

Screenshot

Help

Go Back

Continue

KALI

Partition disks

If you continue, the changes listed below will be written to the disks. Otherwise, you will be able to make further changes manually.

The partition tables of the following devices are changed:
SCSI (0,0,0) (sda)

The following partitions are going to be formatted:
partition #1 of SCSI (0,0,0) (sda) as ext4
partition #5 of SCSI (0,0,0) (sda) as swap

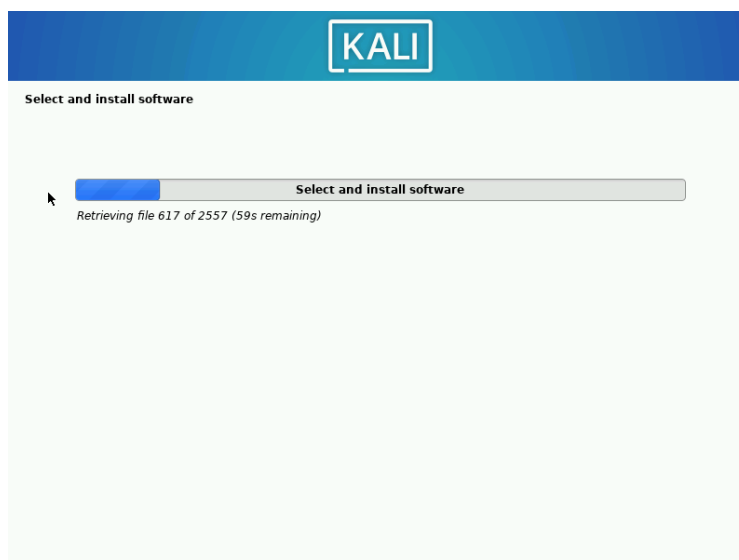
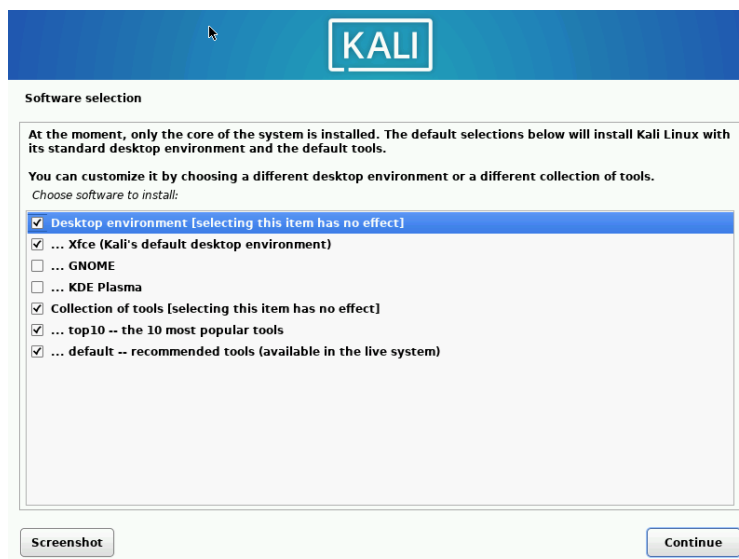
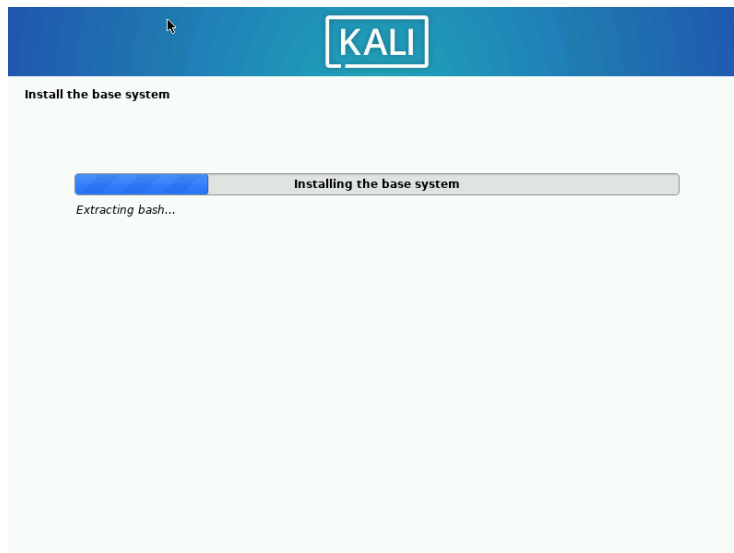
Write the changes to disks?

No

☒ Yes

Screenshot

Continue



KALI

Install the GRUB boot loader

It seems that this new installation is the only operating system on this computer. If so, it should be safe to install the GRUB boot loader to your primary drive (UEFI partition/boot record).

Warning: If your computer has another operating system that the installer failed to detect, this will make that operating system temporarily unbootable, though GRUB can be manually configured later to boot it.

Install the GRUB boot loader to your primary drive?

☐ No

☒ **Yes**

Screenshot

Go BackContinue

KALI

Install the GRUB boot loader

You need to make the newly installed system bootable, by installing the GRUB boot loader on a bootable device. The usual way to do this is to install GRUB to your primary drive (UEFI partition/boot record). You may instead install GRUB to a different drive (or partition), or to removable media.

Device for boot loader installation:

Enter device manually

/dev/sda (ata-VBOX_HARDDISK_VB9769b0dc-2d5d3d08)

Screenshot

Go BackContinue

KALI

Finish the installation

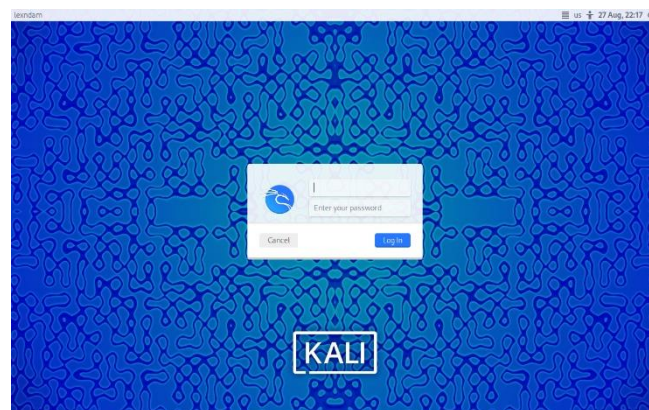
Finishing the installation

Installed virtualbox-guest-x11 (amd64)

10. Instalasi kali linux selesai klik continue untuk melakukan reboot



11. Masukkan username dan password yang sudah dibuat



12. Kali linux sudah siap digunakan

