

Functions on bdd sets

Thm 1 Let $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ be bdd.

$f: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be bdd.

Let $D_f = \{x \in S \mid f \text{ not ctn at } x\}$

Let $E = \{x_0 \in \partial S \mid \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) \neq 0\}$

$\int_S f$ exists $\Leftrightarrow m(D_f) = m(E) = 0$

Pf by def

Thm 2 Let $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ be bdd. TFAE.

(1) S is Jordan measurable

(2) The const function 1 is Riem intble on S

(3) $m(\partial S) = 0$

(4) $m(\partial S) = 0$

Rmk Moreover, S is Jordan measurable $\Rightarrow m_J(E) = \int_S 1 dx$

Pf $1 \Leftrightarrow 4, 3 \Rightarrow 4$ by IBL

$4 \Rightarrow 3: m_J(\partial S) \leq m(\partial S) = 0$

$2 \Leftrightarrow 3$: Follows from Thm 1

for $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in S \\ 0, & x \notin S \end{cases}$ which is disctn on ∂S

Rmk: $\chi_S(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in S \\ 0, & x \notin S \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_{\chi_S} = \partial S$

Corollary S is Jordan measurable

\Leftrightarrow all ctn functions from $S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are Riem intble on S

Pf of corollary

note

all ctn functions $S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ Riem intble on S

Jordan measurable

$\Rightarrow f=1$ Riem intble on $S \Rightarrow S$ Jordan measurable

又特为
rectifiable

S Jordan measurable $\Rightarrow m(\partial S) = 0$

$\Rightarrow m(E) = 0 \Rightarrow$ all const functions ($D_f = \emptyset$) Riem intble

□

New topic:

Improper integrals

Goal: Define $\int_S f$ sometimes when S or f is unbdd

Def $\mathcal{J} := \{\text{all Jordan measurable sets on } \mathbb{R}^n\}$

$\mathcal{J}_c := \{\text{all cpt Jordan measurable sets on } \mathbb{R}^n\}$

For a function $f: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, its positive & negative parts are

$f_+(x) = \max(f(x), 0)$ ($S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$)

$f_-(x) = \max(-f(x), 0)$ ($S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$)

Note $f_+(x), f_-(x) \geq 0, f = f_+ - f_-, |f| = f_+ + f_-$

Rmk if f is ctn \Rightarrow so is f_+, f_-

Def Let A be an open subset of \mathbb{R}^n

Let $f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be ctn.

If f is non-neg on A

Define the extended integral of f over A as

$$\int_A f = \sup_{\substack{D \subseteq A \\ D \in \mathcal{J}_c}} \int_D f$$

(if the sup exists)

If $f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is ctn and f_+, f_- both integrable in the extended sense

We say f is integrable in the extended sense

In this case we define

$$\int_A f = \int_A f_+ - \int_A f_-$$

Rmk 1 Now we have two defs of " $\int_A f$ " for open bdd A and ctn bdd f

We will see later that they agree when both define

Rmk 2 The extended integral can be defined without the ordinary integral existing.

ex A bdd, open, not J meble

$f=1$ on A not Riem intble by Thm 2 but has extended integral

Lemma Let $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ be open

Then \exists a seq. C_1, C_2, \dots of cpt elem sets with

$$A = \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} C_i, C_i \subseteq C_{i+1}$$



Pf Let $D_N = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \text{dist}(x, A^c) \geq \frac{1}{N} \text{ and } |x| \leq N\}$

Recall: $\text{dist}(x, B) = \inf_{y \in B} |x - y|$ is a ctn. function of x

Note that D_N is bdd by def

and closed since $x \mapsto |x|$

$x \mapsto \text{dist}(x, A^c)$ are ctn.

So D_N is cpt

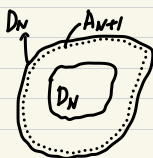
易得 $\bigcup D_N = A$

Let $A_{N+1} = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \text{dist}(x, A^c) > \frac{1}{N+1} \text{ \& \> } k \leq N+1\}$

Then A_{N+1} is open

Note $D_N \subseteq A_{N+1} \subseteq D_{N+1}$

since $\frac{1}{N} > \frac{1}{N+1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{N} > \frac{1}{N+1}$
 $\Leftrightarrow N > N+1$



D_N may not be J -measurable

To fix this, $\forall x \in D_N$, pick a closed cube contained in A_{N+1} centered at x

The interiors of these cubes are an open cover for D_N

Define C_N to be the union of the closed cubes in a finite cover

So C_N is cpt and $D_N \subseteq C_N \subseteq A_{N+1}$ ($\forall x \in D_N \Rightarrow x \in C_N$)

Note $\bigcup C_N = A$ since $\bigcup D_N = A$ & $C_N \supseteq D_N$

$\Rightarrow C_N \subseteq A_{N+1} \subseteq D_{N+1} \subseteq C_{N+1}$

So since A_{N+1} is open, $C_N \subseteq C_{N+1}^\circ$

Properties of extended integrals

$A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ open, $f, g: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ctn & ext intble

\Rightarrow (a) $\forall c \in \mathbb{R}$, $f+cg$ is also ext intble

$$\int_A f + cg = \int_A f + c \int_A g$$

(ext \int & ord \int - 一样也有 linearity)

(b) if $f \leq g \Rightarrow \int_A f \leq \int_A g$

(In particular, $\int_A f \leq |\int_A f| \leq \int_A |f|$)

(c) if B open & $A \subseteq B$

& f intble & non-neg over B

$$\Rightarrow \int_A f \leq \int_B f$$

(ext \int & ord \int - 一样都有 monotonicity)

(d) if A, B open & f ctn on $A \cup B$
 & f intble on A & B

$\Rightarrow f$ intble on $A \cup B$ & $\int_{A \cup B} f = \int_A f + \int_B f$

(union/intersection 下保持可积性, 前提是 ctn)

Thm Let $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ be open

$f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ctn.

Choose seq $(C_N) \in \mathcal{I}_c$ s.t. $A = \bigcup_{N=1}^{\infty} C_N$ and $C_N \subseteq C_{N+1}^\circ$

Then f is Riem intble on $A \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \int_{C_N} |f| \right\}_{N=1}^{\infty}$ is bdd

in this case $\int_A f = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \int_{C_N} f$

In particular, f is Riem intble over A iff $|f|$ is

Pf next time