

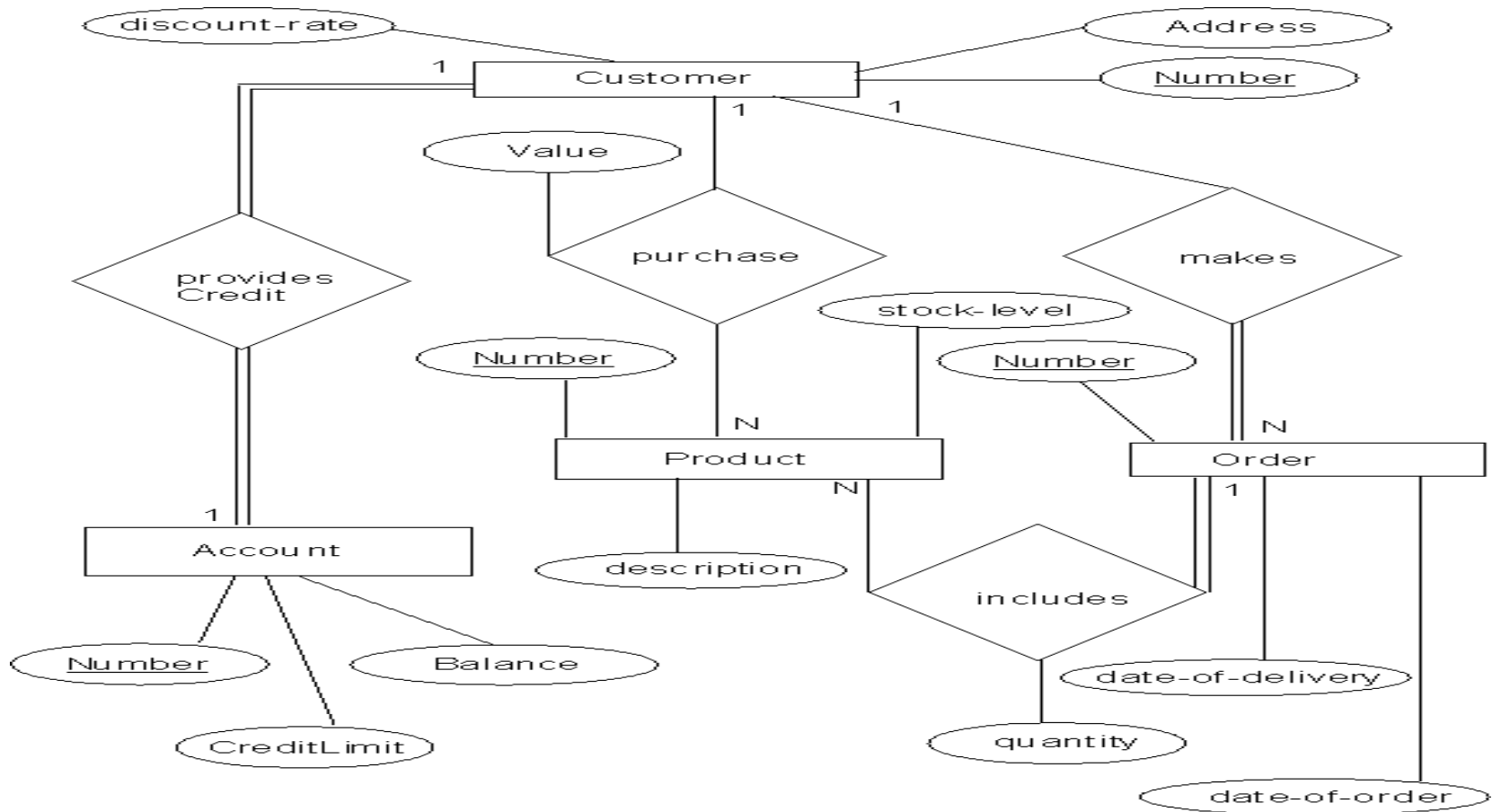
# DBMS Revision

17.1 B

# ER Example

- Notown Records has decided to store information about musicians who perform on its albums in a database.
- Each musician that records at Notown has an SSN, a name, an address, and a phone number.
- Each instrument that is used in songs recorded at Notown has a name (e.g., guitar, synthesizer, flute) and a musical key (e.g., C, B-flat, E-flat).
- Each album that is recorded on the Notown label has a title, a copyright date, a format (e.g., CD or MC), and an album identifier.
- Each song recorded at Notown has a title and an author.
- Each musician may play several instruments, and a given instrument may be played by several musicians.
- Each album has a number of songs on it, but no song may appear on more than one album.
- Each song is performed by one or more musicians, and a musician may perform a number of songs.
- Each album has exactly one musician who acts as its producer. A musician may produce several albums, of course.
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- Draw an ER diagram for the above scenario. Be sure to indicate all key and cardinality constraints and any assumptions that you make.

# Convert the following ER Diagram to the Relational Model



# Normalization....

**HEALTH HISTORY REPORT**

pet id	pet name	pet type	pet age	owner	visit date	Proc no	procedure
246	Rover	Dog	12	Sam Cook	Jan 13/2014	01	rabies vaccination
					Mar 27/2014	10	examine and treat
					Apr 02/2015	05	heart worm test
341	Jerry	Cat	4	Sam Cook	Jan 23/2014	01	rabies vaccination
					Jan 13/2015	01	rabies vaccination
519	Tweedy	Bird	2	Terry Kim	Apr 30/2014	20	annual check up
					Apr 30/2015	12	eye wash

Consider the above health history report. It can be converted to un-normalized form relational model as follows.

*Pet [pet\_id, pet\_name, pet\_type, pet\_age, owner, (visitdate, procedure\_no, procedure\_name) ]*

Convert above un-normalized relation to Third Normal Form. **You must provide appropriate justifications/reasons for each change you make during the normalization process.**