



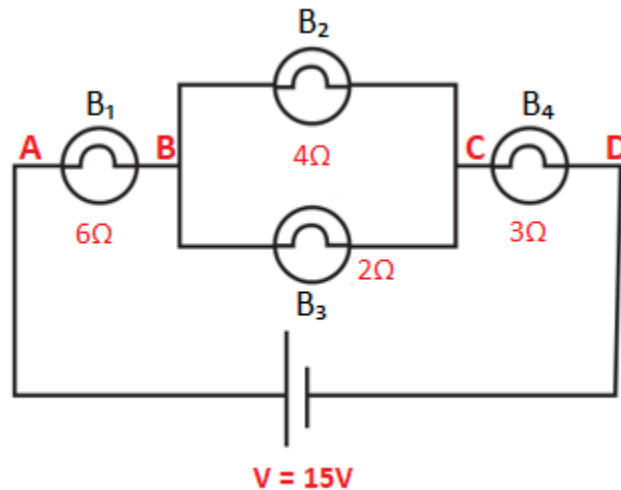
## Computer Architecture

### Tutorial - Revision

Answer all questions.

#### Question 01

Four bulbs B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub> & B<sub>4</sub> are connected to 15V, supply as shown in the following diagram.



1. Calculate the total resistance of the B<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>3</sub>.
2. What is the total resistance between the two points A and D.
3. What is the current gained from the electric supply.
4. Calculate the potential difference between A and B.
5. Calculate the potential difference between B and C.
6. Calculate the potential difference between C and D.
7. Calculate the current flowing through B<sub>2</sub> bulb.
8. Calculate the current flowing through B<sub>3</sub> bulb.
9. If the B<sub>3</sub> bulb is removed, the what would be the current gain from the electric supply.

#### Question 02

Simplify the following expressions using BOOLEAN ALGEBRA LAWS

- I.  $F = A' \cdot B' \cdot C + (A+B+C)' + A' \cdot B' \cdot C' \cdot D$
- II.  $F = A \cdot B \cdot C + A' + A \cdot B' \cdot C$

**Question 03**

Simplify the following given expression using K-maps and construct the logic circuit for the simplified Boolean expression

$$F_{sop} = (A.B.C') + (A.B'.C) + (A'.B.C) + (A'.B'.C')$$

**Question 04**

Consider a computer that is used for simple numerical problems. It uses 10 bits for an opcode, and 27 bits for a memory address.

What is the size of its instruction? \_\_\_\_\_ bits

How many different instructions can it have? \_\_\_\_\_

What is the maximum memory size that it can address? \_\_\_\_\_ (Hint: Assume that  $2^{20}$  is about 1M).

**Question 05**

Explain the half adder and full adder using example.

**Question 06**

Explain the SR latches using NOR and NAND gates.