

# Scan Report

August 17, 2025

## Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone “Coordinated Universal Time”, which is abbreviated “UTC”. The task was “met”. The scan started at Thu Aug 14 10:54:28 2025 UTC and ended at Thu Aug 14 12:37:56 2025 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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## 1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
<a href="#">192.168.68.102</a>	11	13	2	0	0
Total: 1	11	13	2	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level “Log” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “Debug” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “False Positive” are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 26 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 434 results.

### 1.1 Host Authentications

Host	Protocol	Result	Port/User
192.168.68.102	SMB	Success	Protocol SMB, Port 445, User

## 2 Results per Host

### 2.1 192.168.68.102

Host scan start Thu Aug 14 10:55:28 2025 UTC

Host scan end Thu Aug 14 12:37:51 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
<a href="#">21/tcp</a>	High
<a href="#">631/tcp</a>	High
<a href="#">22/tcp</a>	High
<a href="#">80/tcp</a>	High
<a href="#">general/tcp</a>	High
<a href="#">6697/tcp</a>	High
<a href="#">21/tcp</a>	Medium
<a href="#">631/tcp</a>	Medium
<a href="#">22/tcp</a>	Medium

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Service (Port)	Threat Level
80/tcp	Medium
22/tcp	Low
general/tcp	Low

2.1.1 High 21/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)
NVT: ProFTPD 'mod_copy' Unauthenticated Copying Of Files Via SITE CPFR/CPTO
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/a:proftpd:proftpd:1.3.5 Detected by ProFTPD Server Detection (FTP) (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900815)
<b>Summary</b> ProFTPD is prone to an unauthenticated copying of files vulnerability.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 99%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The target was found to be vulnerable
<b>Impact</b> Under some circumstances this could result in remote code execution
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix Ask the vendor for an update
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Try to copy /etc/passwd to /tmp/passwd.copy with SITE CPFR/CPTO Details: ProFTPD 'mod_copy' Unauthenticated Copying Of Files Via SITE CPFR/CPTO OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105254 Version used: 2025-04-15T05:54:49Z
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:proftpd:proftpd:1.3.5 Method: ProFTPD Server Detection (FTP) OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900815)
<b>References</b> ... continues on next page ...

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cve: CVE-2015-3306  
 url: [http://bugs.proftpd.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=4169](http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=4169)  
 cert-bund: CB-K15/0791  
 cert-bund: CB-K15/0553  
 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0839  
 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0576

High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: FTP Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials Reporting

### Summary

It was possible to login into the remote FTP server using weak/known credentials.

**Quality of Detection (QoD):** 95%

### Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login with the following credentials <User>:<Password>  
 vagrant:vagrant

### Impact

This issue may be exploited by a remote attacker to e.g. gain access to sensitive information or modify system configuration.

### Solution:

**Solution type:** Mitigation

Change the password as soon as possible.

### Vulnerability Insight

The following devices are / software is known to be affected:

- CVE-2001-1594: Codonics printer FTP service as used in GE Healthcare eNTEGRA P&R
- CVE-2013-7404: GE Healthcare Discovery NM 750b
- CVE-2014-9198: Schneider Electric ETG3000 FactoryCast HMI gateways
- CVE-2015-7261: QNAP iArtist Lite distributed with QNAP Signage Station
- CVE-2016-8731: Foscam C1 devices
- CVE-2017-8218: vsftpd on TP-Link C2 and C20i devices
- CVE-2018-9068: IMM2 for IBM and Lenovo System x
- CVE-2018-17771: Ingenico Telium 2 PoS terminals
- CVE-2018-19063, CVE-2018-19064: Foscam C2 and Opticam i5 devices

Note: As the VT 'FTP Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108717) might run into a timeout the actual reporting of this vulnerability takes place in this VT instead.

### Vulnerability Detection Method

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Reports weak/known credentials detected by the VT 'FTP Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108717). Details: FTP Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials Reporting OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108718 Version used: 2025-05-13T05:41:39Z
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-1999-0501 cve: CVE-1999-0502 cve: CVE-1999-0507 cve: CVE-1999-0508 cve: CVE-2001-1594 cve: CVE-2013-7404 cve: CVE-2014-9198 cve: CVE-2015-7261 cve: CVE-2016-8731 cve: CVE-2017-8218 cve: CVE-2018-9068 cve: CVE-2018-17771 cve: CVE-2018-19063 cve: CVE-2018-19064

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2.1.2 High 631/tcp

High (CVSS: 7.5)
NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.↔802067)
<b>Summary</b> This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service where attack vectors exists only on HTTPS services.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%</b>
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> 'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)
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<p>'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.1 protocol:          TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)</p> <p>'Vulnerable' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.2 protocol:          TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA (SWEET32)</p>
<p><b>Impact</b></p> <p>This could allow remote attackers to obtain sensitive information or have other, unspecified impacts.</p>
<p><b>Solution:</b></p> <p><b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation</p> <p>The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed cipher suites anymore.</p> <p>Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.</p>
<p><b>Affected Software/OS</b></p> <p>All services accepting vulnerable SSL/TLS cipher suites via HTTPS.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Insight</b></p> <p>These rules are applied for the evaluation of the vulnerable cipher suites:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 64-bit block cipher 3DES vulnerable to the SWEET32 attack (CVE-2016-2183).</li> </ul>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b></p> <p>Checks previous collected cipher suites.</p> <p>Details: SSL/TLS: Report Vulnerable Cipher Suites for HTTPS</p> <p>OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108031</p> <p>Version used: 2025-03-27T05:38:50Z</p>
<p><b>Product Detection Result</b></p> <p>Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security</p> <p>Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites</p> <p>OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)</p>
<p><b>References</b></p> <p>cve: CVE-2016-2183</p> <p>cve: CVE-2016-6329</p> <p>cve: CVE-2020-12872</p> <p>url: <a href="https://ssl-config.mozilla.org">https://ssl-config.mozilla.org</a></p> <p>url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/Publications/TechGuidelines/TG02102/BSI-TR-02102-1.html">https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/Publications/TechGuidelines/TG02102/BSI-TR-02102-1.html</a></p> <p>url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/EN/Themen/0effentliche-Verwaltung/Mindeststandards/0TLS-Protokoll/TLS-Protokoll_node.html">https://www.bsi.bund.de/EN/Themen/0effentliche-Verwaltung/Mindeststandards/0TLS-Protokoll/TLS-Protokoll_node.html</a></p> <p>url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Publikationen/Technisch0eRichtlinien/TR03116/BSI-TR-03116-4.html">https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Publikationen/Technisch0eRichtlinien/TR03116/BSI-TR-03116-4.html</a></p> <p>url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Mindeststandards/Mindes">https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Mindeststandards/Mindes</a></p>
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↪tstandard_BSI_TLS_Version_2_4.html
url: https://web.archive.org/web/20240113175943/https://www.bettercrypto.org
url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters
↪-report-2014
url: https://sweet32.info
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1277
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0209
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0064
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-2226
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1955
cert-bund: CB-K21/1094
cert-bund: CB-K20/1023
cert-bund: CB-K20/0321
cert-bund: CB-K20/0314
cert-bund: CB-K20/0157
cert-bund: CB-K19/0618
cert-bund: CB-K19/0615
cert-bund: CB-K18/0296
cert-bund: CB-K17/1980
cert-bund: CB-K17/1871
cert-bund: CB-K17/1803
cert-bund: CB-K17/1753
cert-bund: CB-K17/1750
cert-bund: CB-K17/1709
cert-bund: CB-K17/1558
cert-bund: CB-K17/1273
cert-bund: CB-K17/1202
cert-bund: CB-K17/1196
cert-bund: CB-K17/1055
cert-bund: CB-K17/1026
cert-bund: CB-K17/0939
cert-bund: CB-K17/0917
cert-bund: CB-K17/0915
cert-bund: CB-K17/0877
cert-bund: CB-K17/0796
cert-bund: CB-K17/0724
cert-bund: CB-K17/0661
cert-bund: CB-K17/0657
cert-bund: CB-K17/0582
cert-bund: CB-K17/0581
cert-bund: CB-K17/0506
cert-bund: CB-K17/0504
cert-bund: CB-K17/0467
cert-bund: CB-K17/0345
cert-bund: CB-K17/0098
cert-bund: CB-K17/0089
cert-bund: CB-K17/0086

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cert-bund: CB-K17/0082  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1837  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1830  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1635  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1630  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1624  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1622  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1500  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1465  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1307  
cert-bund: CB-K16/1296  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0041  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-1618  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0775  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0770  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0274  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-2141  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0368  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-1455  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1296  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-0323  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-2070  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1954  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1885  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1831  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1821  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1785  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1626  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1326  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1239  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1090  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1060  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0968  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0947  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0946  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0904  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0816  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0746  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0677  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0675  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0611  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0609  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0522  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0519  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0482

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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0351
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0090
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0089
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0088
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0086
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1943
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1937
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1732
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1726
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1715
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1714
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1588
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1555
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1391
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1378
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[\[ return to 192.168.68.102 \]](#)**2.1.3 High 22/tcp****High (CVSS: 9.8)****NVT: SSH Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials Reporting****Summary**

It was possible to login into the remote SSH server using default credentials.

**Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%****Vulnerability Detection Result**It was possible to login with the following credentials <User>:<Password>  
vagrant:vagrant**Impact**

This issue may be exploited by a remote attacker to e.g. gain access to sensitive information or modify system configuration.

**Solution:****Solution type:** Mitigation

Change the password as soon as possible.

**Affected Software/OS**

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<p>...continued from previous page ...</p> <p>The following products are known to use the default credentials checked by the VT 'SSH Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108013) used for this reporting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CVE-2017-16523: MitraStar GPT-2541GNAC (HGU) 1.00(VNJ0)b1 and DSL-100HN-T1 ES_113WJY0b16 devices</li> <li>- CVE-2020-29583: Zyxel Firewall / AP Controller</li> <li>- CVE-2020-9473: S. Siedle &amp; Soehne SG 150-0 Smart Gateway before 1.2.4</li> <li>- CVE-2021-27797: Brocade Fabric OS</li> <li>- CVE-2023-1944: minikube 1.29.0 and probably prior</li> <li>- CVE-2024-22902: Vinchin Backup &amp; Recovery</li> <li>- CVE-2024-31970: AdTran SRG 834-5 HDC17600021F1 devices (with SmartOS 11.1.1.1) during a window of time when the device is being set up</li> <li>- CVE-2024-46328: VONETS VAP11G-300 v3.3.23.6.9</li> <li>- Various additional products like e.g. Ubiquiti EdgeMax / EdgeRouter, Crestron AM-100 and similar for which no CVE was assigned (See 'default_credentials.inc' file on the file system for a full list)</li> </ul> <p>Other products might be affected as well.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Insight</b></p> <p>As the VT 'SSH Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108013) might run into a timeout the actual reporting of this vulnerability takes place in this VT instead.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b></p> <p>Reports default credentials detected by the VT 'SSH Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108013).</p> <p>Details: SSH Brute Force Logins With Default Credentials Reporting OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103239 Version used: 2025-04-04T05:39:39Z</p>
<p><b>References</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>cve: CVE-1999-0501</li> <li>cve: CVE-1999-0502</li> <li>cve: CVE-1999-0507</li> <li>cve: CVE-1999-0508</li> <li>cve: CVE-2005-1379</li> <li>cve: CVE-2006-5288</li> <li>cve: CVE-2009-3710</li> <li>cve: CVE-2012-4577</li> <li>cve: CVE-2016-1000245</li> <li>cve: CVE-2017-16523</li> <li>cve: CVE-2020-29583</li> <li>cve: CVE-2020-9473</li> <li>cve: CVE-2021-27797</li> <li>cve: CVE-2023-1944</li> <li>cve: CVE-2024-22902</li> <li>cve: CVE-2024-31970</li> </ul> <p>... continues on next page ...</p>

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cve: CVE-2024-46328  
 url: <https://www.cisa.gov/known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog>  
 cisa: Known Exploited Vulnerability (KEV) catalog

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#### 2.1.4 High 80/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: Drupal Coder RCE Vulnerability (SA-CONTRIB-2016-039) - Active Check

##### Summary

Drupal is prone to a remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

##### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerable URL: [http://192.168.68.102/drupal/sites/all/modules/coder/coder\\_upgrade/scripts/coder\\_upgrade.run.php](http://192.168.68.102/drupal/sites/all/modules/coder/coder_upgrade/scripts/coder_upgrade.run.php)

##### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix  
 Install the latest version.

##### Vulnerability Insight

The Coder module checks your Drupal code against coding standards and other best practices. It can also fix coding standard violations and perform basic upgrades on modules. The module doesn't sufficiently validate user inputs in a script file that has the php extension. A malicious unauthenticated user can make requests directly to this file to execute arbitrary php code.

##### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks for known error message from affected modules.

Details: Drupal Coder RCE Vulnerability (SA-CONTRIB-2016-039) - Active Check

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105818

Version used: 2023-07-21T05:05:22Z

##### References

url: <https://www.drupal.org/node/2765575>

<p>High (CVSS: 9.8)</p> <p>NVT: PHP &lt; 5.6.30, 7.x &lt; 7.0.15, 7.1.x &lt; 7.1.1 Multiple Vulnerabilities (Jan 2017) - Linux</p>
<p><b>Product detection result</b></p> <p>cpe:/a:php:php:5.4.5</p> <p>Detected by PHP Detection (HTTP) (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.800109)</p>
<p><b>Summary</b></p> <p>PHP is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.</p>
<p><b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b></p> <p>Installed version: 5.4.5</p> <p>Fixed version: 5.6.30</p> <p>Installation</p> <p>path / port: 80/tcp</p>
<p><b>Solution:</b></p> <p><b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix</p> <p>Update to version 5.6.30, 7.0.15, 7.1.1 or later.</p>
<p><b>Affected Software/OS</b></p> <p>PHP prior to version 5.6.30, 7.x prior to 7.0.15 and 7.1.x prior to 7.1.1.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Insight</b></p> <p>The following flaws exist:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CVE-2016-10161: Heap out of bounds read on unserialize in finish_nested_data()</li> <li>- CVE-2016-10158: FPE when parsing a tag format</li> <li>- CVE-2016-10168: Signed Integer Overflow gd_io.c</li> <li>- CVE-2016-10167: DOS vulnerability in gdImageCreateFromGd2Ctx()</li> <li>- CVE-2017-11147: Seg fault when loading hostile phar</li> <li>- CVE-2016-10160: Memory corruption when loading hostile phar</li> <li>- CVE-2016-10159: Crash while loading hostile phar archive</li> </ul>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b></p> <p>Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.</p> <p>Details: PHP &lt; 5.6.30, 7.x &lt; 7.0.15, 7.1.x &lt; 7.1.1 Multiple Vulnerabilities (Jan 2017) - . ↪..</p> <p>OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108052</p> <p>Version used: 2025-05-21T05:40:19Z</p>
<p><b>Product Detection Result</b></p> <p>Product: cpe:/a:php:php:5.4.5</p> <p>... continues on next page ...</p>

...continued from previous page ...
Method: PHP Detection (HTTP) OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.800109)
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2016-10158 cve: CVE-2016-10159 cve: CVE-2016-10160 cve: CVE-2016-10161 cve: CVE-2016-10167 cve: CVE-2016-10168 cve: CVE-2017-11147 url: <a href="http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php">http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php</a> url: <a href="http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-7.php">http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-7.php</a> url: <a href="http://bugs.php.net/73825">http://bugs.php.net/73825</a> url: <a href="http://bugs.php.net/73737">http://bugs.php.net/73737</a> url: <a href="http://bugs.php.net/73869">http://bugs.php.net/73869</a> url: <a href="http://bugs.php.net/73868">http://bugs.php.net/73868</a> url: <a href="http://bugs.php.net/73773">http://bugs.php.net/73773</a> url: <a href="http://bugs.php.net/73768">http://bugs.php.net/73768</a> url: <a href="http://bugs.php.net/73764">http://bugs.php.net/73764</a> cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2718 cert-bund: CB-K17/1957 cert-bund: CB-K17/1575 cert-bund: CB-K17/1461 cert-bund: CB-K17/1358 cert-bund: CB-K17/1252 cert-bund: CB-K17/0527 cert-bund: CB-K17/0327 cert-bund: CB-K17/0318 cert-bund: CB-K17/0269 cert-bund: CB-K17/0264 cert-bund: CB-K17/0232 cert-bund: CB-K17/0182 cert-bund: CB-K17/0141 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-0835 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-2044 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1647 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1529 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1420 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1295 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0532 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0334 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0325 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0274 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0270 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0234
...continues on next page ...

...continued from previous page...

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0179  
 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0144

High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: Drupal Core SQLi Vulnerability (SA-CORE-2014-005) - Active Check

#### Summary

Drupal is prone to an SQL injection (SQLi) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerable URL: <http://192.168.68.102/drupal/?q=node&destination=node>

#### Impact

Exploiting this issue could allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code, to gain elevated privileges and to compromise the application, access or modify data, or exploit latent vulnerabilities in the underlying database.

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix

Updates are available. Please see the references for more information.

#### Affected Software/OS

Drupal 7.x versions prior to 7.32 are vulnerable.

#### Vulnerability Insight

Drupal fails to sufficiently sanitize user-supplied data before using it in an SQL query.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends a special crafted HTTP POST request and checks the response.

Details: Drupal Core SQLi Vulnerability (SA-CORE-2014-005) - Active Check

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105101

Version used: 2023-07-26T05:05:09Z

#### References

cve: CVE-2014-3704

url: <https://www.drupal.org/forum/newsletters/security-advisories-for-drupal-core/2014-10-15/sa-core-2014-005-drupal-core-sql>

url: <http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/70595>

cert-bund: CB-K14/1301

cert-bund: CB-K14/0920

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1369

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0958

High (CVSS: 7.5)
NVT: Test HTTP dangerous methods
<b>Summary</b> Misconfigured web servers allows remote clients to perform dangerous HTTP methods such as PUT and DELETE.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 99%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> We could upload the following files via the PUT method at this web server: <a href="http://192.168.68.102/uploads/puttest1045126336.html">http://192.168.68.102/uploads/puttest1045126336.html</a> We could delete the following files via the DELETE method at this web server: <a href="http://192.168.68.102/uploads/puttest1045126336.html">http://192.168.68.102/uploads/puttest1045126336.html</a>
<b>Impact</b> - Enabled PUT method: This might allow an attacker to upload and run arbitrary code on this web server. - Enabled DELETE method: This might allow an attacker to delete additional files on this web server.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation Use access restrictions to these dangerous HTTP methods or disable them completely.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> Web servers with enabled PUT and/or DELETE methods.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks if dangerous HTTP methods such as PUT and DELETE are enabled and can be misused to upload or delete files. Details: Test HTTP dangerous methods OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10498 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z
<b>References</b> url: <a href="http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/12141">http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/12141</a> owasp: OWASP-CM-001

[\[ return to 192.168.68.102 \]](#)

### 2.1.5 High general/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)
NVT: Operating System (OS) End of Life (EOL) Detection
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:14.04 Detected by OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0 ↪.105937)
<b>Summary</b> The Operating System (OS) on the remote host has reached the end of life (EOL) and should not be used anymore.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The "Ubuntu" Operating System on the remote host has reached the end of life. CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:14.04 Installed version, build or SP: 14.04 EOL date: 2024-04-01 EOL info: <a href="https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases">https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases</a>
<b>Impact</b> An EOL version of an OS is not receiving any security updates from the vendor. Unfixed security vulnerabilities might be leveraged by an attacker to compromise the security of this host.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation Update the OS on the remote host to a version which is still supported and receiving security updates by the vendor. Note / Important: Please create an override for this result if the target host is a: - Windows system with Extended Security Updates (ESU) - System with additional 3rd-party / non-vendor security updates like e.g. from 'TuxCare', 'Freexian Extended LTS' or similar
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks if an EOL version of an OS is present on the target host. Details: Operating System (OS) End of Life (EOL) Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103674 Version used: 2025-05-21T05:40:19Z
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:14.04 Method: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting ... continues on next page ...



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OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)

[\[ return to 192.168.68.102 \]](#)**2.1.6 High 6697/tcp****High (CVSS: 8.1)****NVT: UnrealIRCd Authentication Spoofing Vulnerability****Product detection result**

cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1

Detected by UnrealIRCd Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809884)

**Summary**

UnrealIRCd is prone to authentication spoofing vulnerability.

**Quality of Detection (QoD):** 80%**Vulnerability Detection Result**

Installed version: 3.2.8.1

Fixed version: 3.2.10.7

**Impact**

Successful exploitation of this vulnerability will allows remote attackers to spoof certificate fingerprints and consequently log in as another user.

**Solution:****Solution type:** VendorFix

Upgrade to UnrealIRCd 3.2.10.7, or 4.0.6, or later.

**Affected Software/OS**

UnrealIRCd before 3.2.10.7 and 4.x before 4.0.6.

**Vulnerability Insight**

The flaw exists due to an error in the 'm\_authenticate' function in 'modules/m\_sasl.c' script.

**Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: UnrealIRCd Authentication Spoofing Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809883

Version used: 2023-07-14T16:09:27Z

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<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1 Method: UnrealIRCd Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809884)
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2016-7144 url: <a href="http://seclists.org/oss-sec/2016/q3/420">http://seclists.org/oss-sec/2016/q3/420</a> url: <a href="http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/92763">http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/92763</a> url: <a href="http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2016/09/05/8">http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2016/09/05/8</a> url: <a href="https://github.com/unrealircd/unrealircd/commit/f473e355e1dc422c4f019dbf86b↵c50ba1a34a766">https://github.com/unrealircd/unrealircd/commit/f473e355e1dc422c4f019dbf86b↵c50ba1a34a766</a> url: <a href="https://bugs.unrealircd.org/main_page.php">https://bugs.unrealircd.org/main_page.php</a>

<b>High (CVSS: 7.5)</b> <b>NVT: UnrealIRCd Backdoor</b>
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1 Detected by UnrealIRCd Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809884)
<b>Summary</b> Detection of backdoor in UnrealIRCd.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%</b>
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix Install latest version of unrealircd and check signatures of software you're installing.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> The issue affects Unreal 3.2.8.1 for Linux. Reportedly package Unreal3.2.8.1.tar.gz downloaded in November 2009 and later is affected. The MD5 sum of the affected file is 752e46f2d873c1679fa99de3f52a274d. Files with MD5 sum of 7b741e94e867c0a7370553fd01506c66 are not affected.
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> ... continues on next page ...

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Remote attackers can exploit this issue to execute arbitrary system commands within the context of the affected application.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Details: UnrealIRCd Backdoor OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80111 Version used: 2025-03-21T05:38:29Z
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1 Method: UnrealIRCd Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809884)
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2010-2075 url: <a href="http://www.unrealircd.com/txt/unrealsecadvisory.20100612.txt">http://www.unrealircd.com/txt/unrealsecadvisory.20100612.txt</a> url: <a href="http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2010/Jun/277">http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2010/Jun/277</a> url: <a href="http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/40820">http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/40820</a>

[ [return to 192.168.68.102](#) ]

### 2.1.7 Medium 21/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)
NVT: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login
<b>Summary</b> The remote host is running a FTP service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 70%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The remote FTP service accepts logins without a previous sent 'AUTH TLS' command ↵. Response(s): Non-anonymous sessions: 331 Password required for openvasvt Anonymous sessions: 331 Anonymous login ok, send your complete email address ↵ as your password
<b>Impact</b> An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the FTP service.
<b>Solution:</b>
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**Solution type:** Mitigation

Enable FTPS or enforce the connection via the 'AUTH TLS' command. Please see the manual of the FTP service for more information.

**Vulnerability Detection Method**

Tries to login to a non FTPS enabled FTP service without sending a 'AUTH TLS' command first and checks if the service is accepting the login without enforcing the use of the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Details: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108528

Version used: 2023-12-20T05:05:58Z

[\[ return to 192.168.68.102 \]](#)

**2.1.8 Medium 631/tcp**

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

**Product detection result**

cpe:/a:ietf:transport\_layer\_security:1.0

Detected by SSL/TLS: Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

**Summary**

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

**Quality of Detection (QoD):** 98%

**Vulnerability Detection Result**

In addition to TLSv1.2+ the service is also providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 and ↪ TLSv1.1 protocols and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers c ↪an be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1 ↪.25623.1.0.802067) VT.

**Impact**

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

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<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> - All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols - CVE-2023-41928: Kiloview P1 4G and P2 4G Video Encoder - CVE-2024-41270: Gorush v1.18.4 - CVE-2025-3200: Multiple products from Wiesemann & Theis
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like: - CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST) - CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system. Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2025-04-30T05:39:51Z
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0 Method: SSL/TLS: Version Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2011-3389 cve: CVE-2015-0204 cve: CVE-2023-41928 cve: CVE-2024-41270 cve: CVE-2025-3200 url: <a href="https://ssl-config.mozilla.org">https://ssl-config.mozilla.org</a> url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/Publications/TechGuides/ines/TG02102/BSI-TR-02102-1.html">https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/EN/BSI/Publications/TechGuides/ines/TG02102/BSI-TR-02102-1.html</a> url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/EN/Themen/Oeffentliche-Verwaltung/Mindeststandards/TLSProtokoll/TLS-Protokoll_node.html">https://www.bsi.bund.de/EN/Themen/Oeffentliche-Verwaltung/Mindeststandards/TLSProtokoll/TLS-Protokoll_node.html</a> url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Publikationen/TechnischeRichtlinien/TR03116/BSI-TR-03116-4.html">https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Publikationen/TechnischeRichtlinien/TR03116/BSI-TR-03116-4.html</a> url: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Mindeststandards/Mindeststandard_BSI_TLS_Version_2_4.html">https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Mindeststandards/Mindeststandard_BSI_TLS_Version_2_4.html</a> url: <a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20240113175943/https://www.bettercrypto.org">https://web.archive.org/web/20240113175943/https://www.bettercrypto.org</a>
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url:	<a href="https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters">https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters</a> ↔-report-2014
url:	<a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/</a>
url:	<a href="https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html">https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html</a>
url:	<a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak">https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak</a>
url:	<a href="https://certvde.com/en/advisories/VDE-2025-031/">https://certvde.com/en/advisories/VDE-2025-031/</a>
url:	<a href="https://gist.github.com/nyxfqq/cfae38fada582a0f576d154be1aeb1fc">https://gist.github.com/nyxfqq/cfae38fada582a0f576d154be1aeb1fc</a>
url:	<a href="https://advisories.ncsc.nl/advisory?id=NCSC-2024-0273">https://advisories.ncsc.nl/advisory?id=NCSC-2024-0273</a>
cert-bund:	WID-SEC-2023-1435
cert-bund:	CB-K18/0799
cert-bund:	CB-K16/1289
cert-bund:	CB-K16/1096
cert-bund:	CB-K15/1751
cert-bund:	CB-K15/1266
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0850
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0764
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0720
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0548
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0526
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0509
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0493
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0384
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0365
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0364
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0302
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0192
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0079
cert-bund:	CB-K15/0016
cert-bund:	CB-K14/1342
cert-bund:	CB-K14/0231
cert-bund:	CB-K13/0845
cert-bund:	CB-K13/0796
cert-bund:	CB-K13/0790
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2020-0177
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2020-0111
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2018-1441
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2018-1408
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2015-1332
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert:	DFN-CERT-2015-0567
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1792  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1979  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1530  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1380  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1292  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1214  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1213  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1180  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1156  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1039  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0908  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0868  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0867  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0848  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0838  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0776  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0722  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0627  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095  
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051

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```
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1482
```

[\[ return to 192.168.68.102 \]](#)**2.1.9 Medium 22/tcp**

Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: Weak Key Exchange (KEX) Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

**Product detection result**

cpe:/a:ietf:secure\_shell\_protocol

Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565  
↪)**Summary**

The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak key exchange (KEX) algorithm(s).

**Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%****Vulnerability Detection Result**

The remote SSH server supports the following weak KEX algorithm(s):

KEX algorithm | Reason

```
-----
↪-----
diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1 | Using SHA-1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1         | Using Oakley Group 2 (a 1024-bit MODP group
↪) and SHA-1
```

**Impact**

An attacker can quickly break individual connections.

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**Solution:****Solution type:** Mitigation

Disable the reported weak KEX algorithm(s)

- 1024-bit MODP group / prime KEX algorithms:

Alternatively use elliptic-curve Diffie-Hellmann in general, e.g. Curve 25519.

**Vulnerability Insight**

- 1024-bit MODP group / prime KEX algorithms:

Millions of HTTPS, SSH, and VPN servers all use the same prime numbers for Diffie-Hellman key exchange. Practitioners believed this was safe as long as new key exchange messages were generated for every connection. However, the first step in the number field sieve-the most efficient algorithm for breaking a Diffie-Hellman connection-is dependent only on this prime.

A nation-state can break a 1024-bit prime.

**Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks the supported KEX algorithms of the remote SSH server.

Currently weak KEX algorithms are defined as the following:

- non-elliptic-curve Diffie-Hellmann (DH) KEX algorithms with 1024-bit MODP group / prime

- ephemerally generated key exchange groups uses SHA-1

- using RSA 1024-bit modulus key

Details: Weak Key Exchange (KEX) Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150713

Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

**Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure\_shell\_protocol

Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)

**References**url: <https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html>url: <https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc9142>url: <https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc9142#name-summary-guidance-for-implem>url: <https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6194>url: <https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.5>

Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: Weak Host Key Algorithm(s) (SSH)

**Product detection result**

cpe:/a:ietf:secure\_shell\_protocol

Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565

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↵)
<b>Summary</b> The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak host key algorithm(s).
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The remote SSH server supports the following weak host key algorithm(s): host key algorithm   Description ----- ↵----- ssh-dss   Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) / Digital Signature Stand ↵ard (DSS)
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation Disable the reported weak host key algorithm(s).
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks the supported host key algorithms of the remote SSH server. Currently weak host key algorithms are defined as the following: - ssh-dss: Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) / Digital Signature Standard (DSS) Details: Weak Host Key Algorithm(s) (SSH) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117687 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)
<b>References</b> url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8332">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8332</a> url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8709">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8709</a> url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.6">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.6</a>
Medium (CVSS: 4.3)
NVT: Weak Encryption Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol
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Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565 ↔)
<b>Summary</b> The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak encryption algorithm(s).
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%</b>
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The remote SSH server supports the following weak client-to-server encryption al ↔gorithm(s): 3des-cbc aes128-cbc aes192-cbc aes256-cbc arcfour arcfour128 arcfour256 blowfish-cbc cast128-cbc rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se The remote SSH server supports the following weak server-to-client encryption al ↔gorithm(s): 3des-cbc aes128-cbc aes192-cbc aes256-cbc arcfour arcfour128 arcfour256 blowfish-cbc cast128-cbc rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation Disable the reported weak encryption algorithm(s).
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> - The 'arcfour' cipher is the Arcfour stream cipher with 128-bit keys. The Arcfour cipher is believed to be compatible with the RC4 cipher [SCHNEIER]. Arcfour (and RC4) has problems with weak keys, and should not be used anymore. - The 'none' algorithm specifies that no encryption is to be done. Note that this method provides no confidentiality protection, and it is NOT RECOMMENDED to use it.
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- A vulnerability exists in SSH messages that employ CBC mode that may allow an attacker to recover plaintext from a block of ciphertext.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks the supported encryption algorithms (client-to-server and server-to-client) of the remote SSH server. Currently weak encryption algorithms are defined as the following: - Arcfour (RC4) cipher based algorithms - 'none' algorithm - CBC mode cipher based algorithms Details: Weak Encryption Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105611 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)
<b>References</b> url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8758">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8758</a> url: <a href="https://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/958563">https://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/958563</a> url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.3">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.3</a>

[\[ return to 192.168.68.102 \]](#)

2.1.10 Medium 80/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 6.1) NVT: jQuery < 1.9.0 XSS Vulnerability
<b>Summary</b> jQuery is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%</b>
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> Installed version: 1.6.2 Fixed version: 1.9.0 Installation path / port: /phpmyadmin/setup/./js/jquery/jquery-1.6.2.js Detection info (see OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150658 for more info): - Identified file: http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/setup/./js/jquery/jquery-1. ... continues on next page ...

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↪6.2.js - Referenced at: <a href="http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/setup/">http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/setup/</a>
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix Update to version 1.9.0 or later.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> jQuery prior to version 1.9.0.
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> The jQuery(strInput) function does not differentiate selectors from HTML in a reliable fashion. In vulnerable versions, jQuery determined whether the input was HTML by looking for the '<' character anywhere in the string, giving attackers more flexibility when attempting to construct a malicious payload. In fixed versions, jQuery only deems the input to be HTML if it explicitly starts with the '<' character, limiting exploitability only to attackers who can control the beginning of a string, which is far less common.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host. Details: jQuery < 1.9.0 XSS Vulnerability OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141636 Version used: 2023-07-14T05:06:08Z
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2012-6708 url: <a href="https://bugs.jquery.com/ticket/11290">https://bugs.jquery.com/ticket/11290</a> cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0673 cert-bund: CB-K22/0045 cert-bund: CB-K18/1131 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1803 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1197 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0590

Medium (CVSS: 6.1)
NVT: jQuery < 1.9.0 XSS Vulnerability
<b>Summary</b> jQuery is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> Installed version: 1.6.2
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Fixed version:	1.9.0
Installation	
path / port:	/phpmyadmin/js/jquery/jquery-1.6.2.js
Detection info (see OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150658 for more info):	
- Identified file:	http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/js/jquery/jquery-1.6.2.js
- Referenced at:	http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/
<b>Solution:</b>	
<b>Solution type:</b>	VendorFix
Update to version 1.9.0 or later.	
<b>Affected Software/OS</b>	
jQuery prior to version 1.9.0.	
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b>	
<p>The jQuery(strInput) function does not differentiate selectors from HTML in a reliable fashion. In vulnerable versions, jQuery determined whether the input was HTML by looking for the '&lt;' character anywhere in the string, giving attackers more flexibility when attempting to construct a malicious payload. In fixed versions, jQuery only deems the input to be HTML if it explicitly starts with the '&lt;' character, limiting exploitability only to attackers who can control the beginning of a string, which is far less common.</p>	
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b>	
<p>Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.  Details: jQuery &lt; 1.9.0 XSS Vulnerability  OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141636  Version used: 2023-07-14T05:06:08Z</p>	
<b>References</b>	
cve: CVE-2012-6708 url: https://bugs.jquery.com/ticket/11290 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0673 cert-bund: CB-K22/0045 cert-bund: CB-K18/1131 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-1803 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1197 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0590	
Medium (CVSS: 5.0)	
NVT: Drupal 7.0 Information Disclosure Vulnerability - Active Check	
<b>Summary</b>	
Drupal is prone to an information disclosure vulnerability.	
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<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 95%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> Vulnerable URL: <a href="http://192.168.68.102/drupal/modules/simpletest/tests/upgrade/drupal-6.upload.database.php">http://192.168.68.102/drupal/modules/simpletest/tests/upgrade/drupal-6.upload.database.php</a>
<b>Impact</b> Successful exploitation will allow attacker to obtain sensitive information that could aid in further attacks.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> WillNotFix No known solution was made available for at least one year since the disclosure of this vulnerability. Likely none will be provided anymore. General solution options are to upgrade to a newer release, disable respective features, remove the product or replace the product by another one.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> Drupal version 7.0 is known to be affected.
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> The flaw is due to insufficient error checking, allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information via a direct request to a .php file, which reveals the installation path in an error message.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Details: Drupal 7.0 Information Disclosure Vulnerability - Active Check OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902574 Version used: 2021-12-01T11:10:56Z
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2011-3730 url: <a href="http://code.google.com/p/inspathx/source/browse/trunk/paths_vuln/!_README">http://code.google.com/p/inspathx/source/browse/trunk/paths_vuln/!_README</a> url: <a href="http://code.google.com/p/inspathx/source/browse/trunk/paths_vuln/drupal-7.0">http://code.google.com/p/inspathx/source/browse/trunk/paths_vuln/drupal-7.0</a>

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)
NVT: Sensitive File Disclosure (HTTP)
<b>Summary</b> The script attempts to identify files containing sensitive data at the remote web server.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 70%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The following files containing sensitive information were identified: Description: Microsoft IIS / ASP.NET Core Module web.config file accessible. T ... continues on next page ...

<p>...continued from previous page ...</p> <p>↔his could contain sensitive information about the structure of the application ↔ / web server and shouldn't be accessible.</p> <p>Match:           &lt;configuration&gt;           &lt;system.webServer&gt; Used regex:     ^\s*&lt;(configuration system\.web(Server)?&gt; Extra match 1:  &lt;/system.webServer&gt;                  &lt;/configuration&gt; Used regex:     ^\s*&lt;/(configuration system\.web(Server)?&gt; URL:            http://192.168.68.102/drupal/web.config</p>
<p><b>Impact</b></p> <p>Based on the information provided in these files an attacker might be able to gather additional info and/or sensitive data like usernames and passwords.</p>
<p><b>Solution:</b></p> <p><b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation</p> <p>The sensitive files shouldn't be accessible via a web server. Restrict access to it or remove it completely.</p>
<p><b>Vulnerability Insight</b></p> <p>Currently the script is checking for files like e.g.:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Software (Blog, CMS) configuration or log files</li> <li>- Web / application server configuration / password files (.htaccess, .htpasswd, web.config, web.xml, ...)</li> <li>- Cloud (e.g. AWS) configuration files</li> <li>- Files containing API keys for services / providers</li> <li>- Database backup files</li> <li>- Editor / history files</li> <li>- SSH or SSL/TLS Private Keys</li> <li>- CVE-2017-16894: Laravel framework environment/.env files</li> </ul>
<p><b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b></p> <p>Enumerate the remote web server and check if sensitive files are accessible.</p> <p>Details: Sensitive File Disclosure (HTTP)</p> <p>OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.107305</p> <p>Version used: 2025-05-09T15:42:11Z</p>
<p><b>References</b></p> <p>cve: CVE-2017-16894</p>
<p>Medium (CVSS: 5.0)</p> <p>NVT: Unprotected Web App / Device Installers (HTTP)</p>
<p><b>Summary</b></p> <p>... continues on next page ...</p>



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The script attempts to identify installation/setup pages of various web apps/devices that are publicly accessible and not protected by e.g. account restrictions or having their setup finished.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The following web app/device installers are unprotected/have not finished their ↪setup and are publicly accessible (URL:Description): http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/setup/index.php - CubeCart / phpMyAdmin install ↪er
<b>Impact</b> It is possible to install or reconfigure the software. In doing so, the attacker could overwrite existing configurations. It could be possible for the attacker to gain access to the base system
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation Setup and/or installation pages for Web Apps should not be publicly accessible via a web server. Restrict access to it, remove it completely or finish the setup of the application / device.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Enumerate the remote web server and check if unprotected web apps/devices are accessible for installation. Details: Unprotected Web App / Device Installers (HTTP) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.107307 Version used: 2025-07-22T05:43:35Z

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)
NVT: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP
<b>Summary</b> The host / application transmits sensitive information (username, passwords) in cleartext via HTTP.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The following input fields were identified (URL:input name): http://192.168.68.102/drupal/:pass http://192.168.68.102/drupal/?D=A:pass http://192.168.68.102/payroll_app.php:password http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/:pma_password http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/?D=A:pma_password http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/changelog.php:pma_password
... continues on next page ...

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<a href="http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/index.php:pma_password">http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/index.php:pma_password</a> <a href="http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/license.php:pma_password">http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/license.php:pma_password</a> <a href="http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/url.php:pma_password">http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/url.php:pma_password</a>
<b>Impact</b> An attacker could use this situation to compromise or eavesdrop on the HTTP communication between the client and the server using a man-in-the-middle attack to get access to sensitive data like usernames or passwords.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Workaround Enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection. Additionally make sure the host / application is redirecting all users to the secured SSL/TLS connection before allowing to input sensitive data into the mentioned functions.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> Hosts / applications which doesn't enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Evaluate previous collected information and check if the host / application is not enforcing the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection. The script is currently checking the following: - HTTP Basic Authentication (Basic Auth) - HTTP Forms (e.g. Login) with input field of type 'password' Details: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108440 Version used: 2023-09-07T05:05:21Z
<b>References</b> url: <a href="https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A2-Broken_Authentication_and_Session_Management">https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A2-Broken_Authentication_and_Session_Management</a> url: <a href="https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A6-Sensitive_Data_Exposure">https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A6-Sensitive_Data_Exposure</a> url: <a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/319.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/319.html</a>

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: jQuery < 1.6.3 XSS Vulnerability

#### Summary

jQuery is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.

**Quality of Detection (QoD):** 80%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

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Installed version: 1.6.2 Fixed version: 1.6.3 Installation path / port: /phpmyadmin/js/jquery/jquery-1.6.2.js Detection info (see OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150658 for more info): - Identified file: http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/js/jquery/jquery-1.6.2.js - Referenced at: http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/	
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix Update to version 1.6.3 or later.	
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> jQuery prior to version 1.6.3.	
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in jQuery before 1.6.3, when using location.hash to select elements, allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via a crafted tag.	
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host. Details: jQuery < 1.6.3 XSS Vulnerability OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141637 Version used: 2023-07-14T05:06:08Z	
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2011-4969 url: https://blog.jquery.com/2011/09/01/jquery-1-6-3-released/ cert-bund: CB-K17/0195 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0199 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0890	

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)	
NVT: jQuery < 1.6.3 XSS Vulnerability	
<b>Summary</b> jQuery is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.	
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%	
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> Installed version: 1.6.2 Fixed version: 1.6.3 Installation	
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path / port: /phpmyadmin/setup/../../js/jquery/jquery-1.6.2.js Detection info (see OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150658 for more info): - Identified file: http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/setup/../../js/jquery/jquery-1.6.2.js - Referenced at: http://192.168.68.102/phpmyadmin/setup/
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> VendorFix Update to version 1.6.3 or later.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> jQuery prior to version 1.6.3.
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b> Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in jQuery before 1.6.3, when using location.hash to select elements, allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via a crafted tag.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host. Details: jQuery < 1.6.3 XSS Vulnerability OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141637 Version used: 2023-07-14T05:06:08Z
<b>References</b> cve: CVE-2011-4969 url: https://blog.jquery.com/2011/09/01/jquery-1-6-3-released/ cert-bund: CB-K17/0195 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0199 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0890

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### 2.1.11 Low 22/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)
NVT: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)
<b>Product detection result</b> cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565 ↪)
... continues on next page ...

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<b>Summary</b> The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak MAC algorithm(s).
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%</b>
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> The remote SSH server supports the following weak client-to-server MAC algorithm $\hookrightarrow(s)$ : hmac-md5 hmac-md5-96 hmac-md5-96-etm@openssh.com hmac-md5-etm@openssh.com hmac-sha1-96 hmac-sha1-96-etm@openssh.com umac-64-etm@openssh.com umac-64@openssh.com The remote SSH server supports the following weak server-to-client MAC algorithm $\hookleftarrow(s)$ : hmac-md5 hmac-md5-96 hmac-md5-96-etm@openssh.com hmac-md5-etm@openssh.com hmac-sha1-96 hmac-sha1-96-etm@openssh.com umac-64-etm@openssh.com umac-64@openssh.com
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation Disable the reported weak MAC algorithm(s).
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Checks the supported MAC algorithms (client-to-server and server-to-client) of the remote SSH server. Currently weak MAC algorithms are defined as the following: - MD5 based algorithms - 96-bit based algorithms - 64-bit based algorithms - 'none' algorithm Details: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105610 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z
<b>Product Detection Result</b> Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported
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OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)
<b>References</b> url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6668">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6668</a> url: <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.4">https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.4</a>

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### 2.1.12 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)
NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure
<b>Summary</b> The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.
<b>Quality of Detection (QoD):</b> 80%
<b>Vulnerability Detection Result</b> It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323. The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between: Packet 1: 347922 Packet 2: 348213
<b>Impact</b> A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
<b>Solution:</b> <b>Solution type:</b> Mitigation To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime. To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment. See the references for more information.
<b>Affected Software/OS</b> TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.
<b>Vulnerability Insight</b>
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The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.
<b>Vulnerability Detection Method</b> Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported. Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z
<b>References</b> url: <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323</a> url: <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323</a> url: <a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152">https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152</a> url: <a href="https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090">https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090</a>

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