Jenkins With AWS

Problem statement

Create an Amazon EC2 Instances with the following parameters,

- Region: N. Virginia (us-east-1)
- Name: Ubuntu-VM-Server
- Add additional tags: Instances, Volumes, Network Interfaces
- AMI: Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type
- Architecture: 64-bit (x86)
- Instance Type: t2.micro
- Key pair: Create new key pair
- VPC: Default VPC
- Security Group: Create security group
- Security group name: Ubuntu-VM-Server
- Inbound rule: Allow SSH, HTTP and 8080 Port
- Source: 0.0.0.0/0
- Disk Size: 30 GB
- Volume Type: General Purpose SSD (gp2)
- Number of instances: 1
- Install Jenkins in Ubuntu-VM-Server
- Run Jenkins on 8080 Port
- Visit http://<your-ec2-ip-address>:<port-specified> and ensure that Jenkins is running successful.

Execute the following job in Jenkins running on the created EC2 instance:

- Login to Jenkins with username as **admin** and fetch password from the path:
- sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
- Install suggested plugins and Continue as admin user.
- Create a job named **DemoProject** in Jenkins.
- In the Add build step, select Execute shell and write the below code into it.

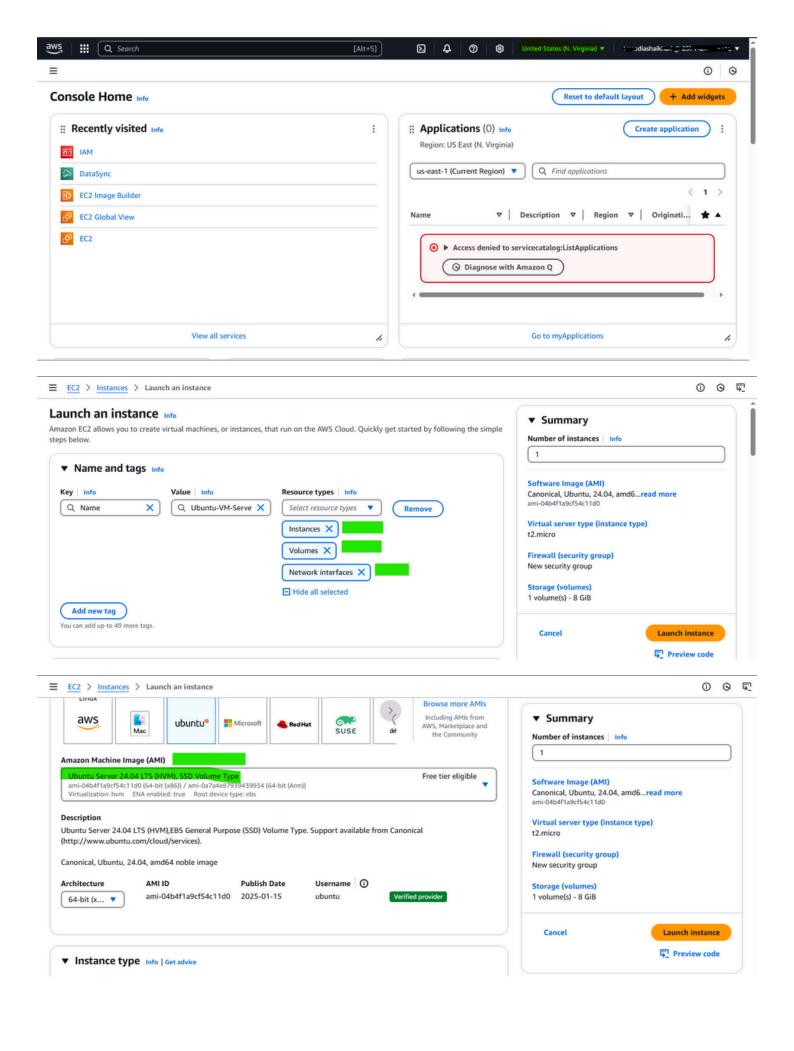
#!/bin/sh

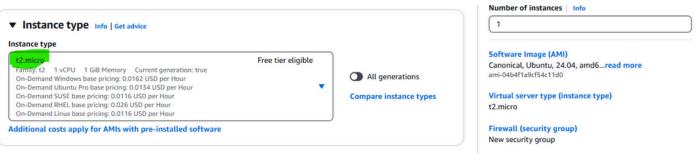
echo "The Demo Project was successfully run on Jenkins Environment!"

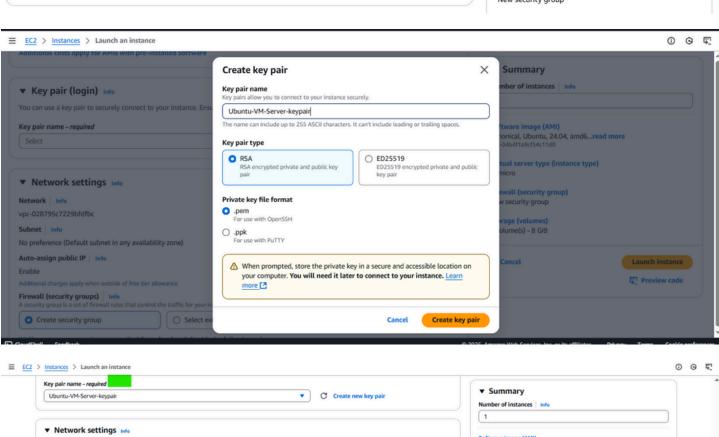
exit 0

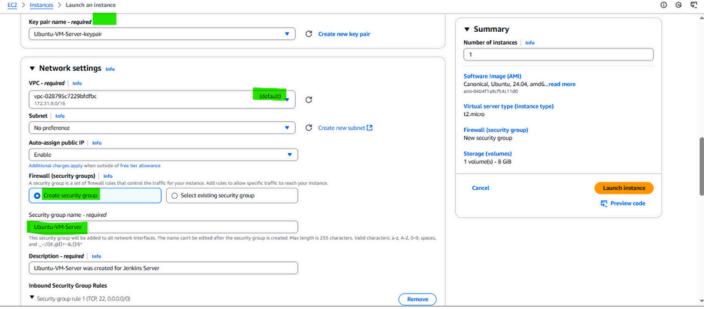
- Apply the changes and build your job. Once done, check your result in the console output of your build.
- Connect to the VM from the local machine through the SSH connection.

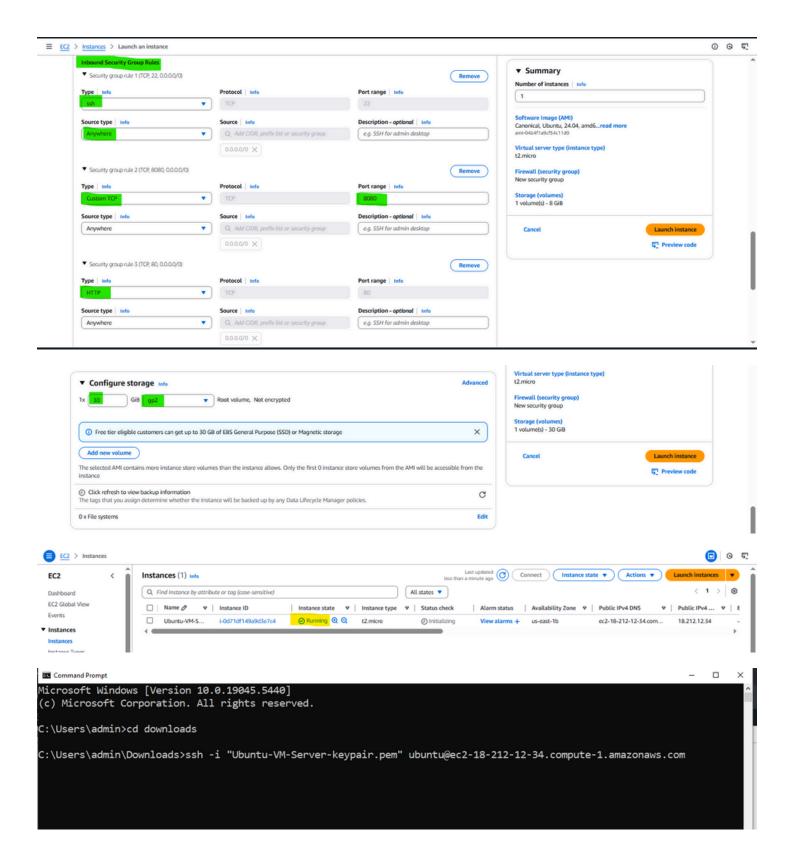
All Steps are given Below:











```
■ ubuntu@ip-172-31-92-224: -
                                                                                                                             Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
   Management:
                    https://ubuntu.com/pro
  Support:
 System information as of Mon Mar 17 23:06:37 UTC 2025
  System load: 0.41
                                     Processes:
                                                              105
  Usage of /: 6.0% of 28.02GB Users logged in:
  Memory usage: 21%
                                     IPv4 address for enX0: 172.31.92.224
  Swap usage:
Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.
0 updates can be applied immediately.
Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status
The list of available updates is more than a week old.
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update
Last login: Mon Mar 17 23:06:38 2025 from 101.0.63.61
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.
ıbuntu@ip-172-31-92-224:~$ _
```

Getting Started

Unlock Jenkins

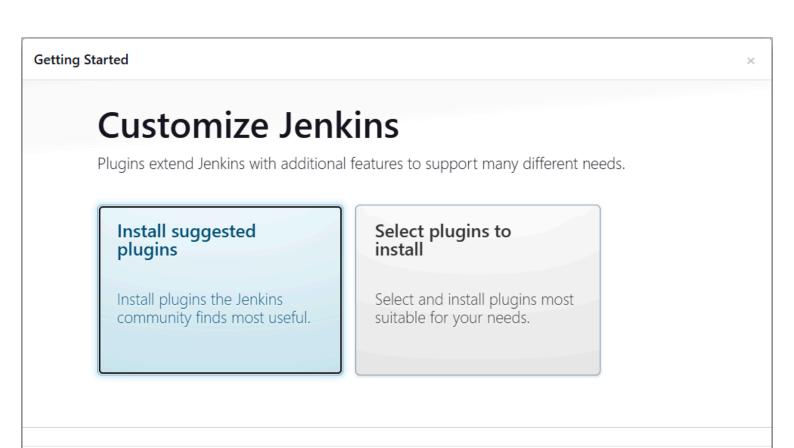
To ensure Jenkins is securely set up by the administrator, a password has been written to the log (not sure where to find it?) and this file on the server:

/var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword

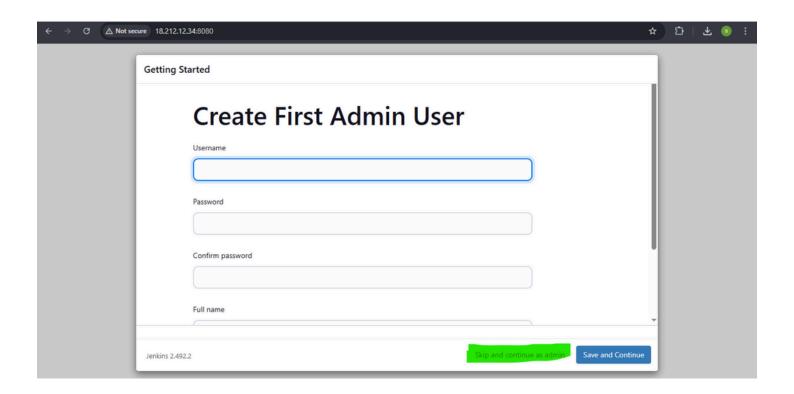
Please copy the password from either location and paste it below.

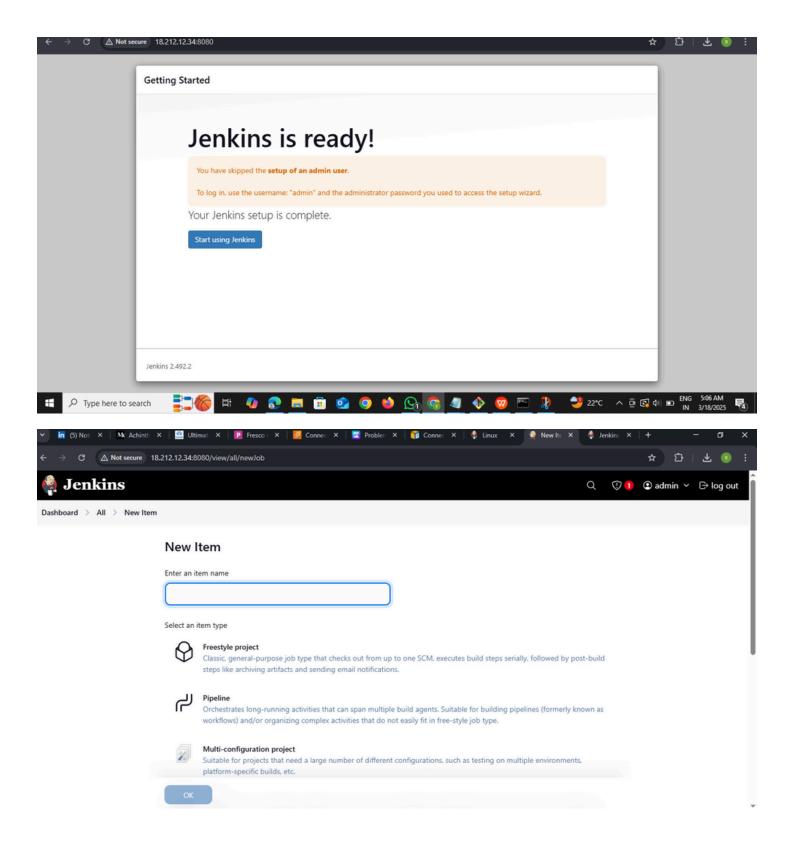
Administrator password

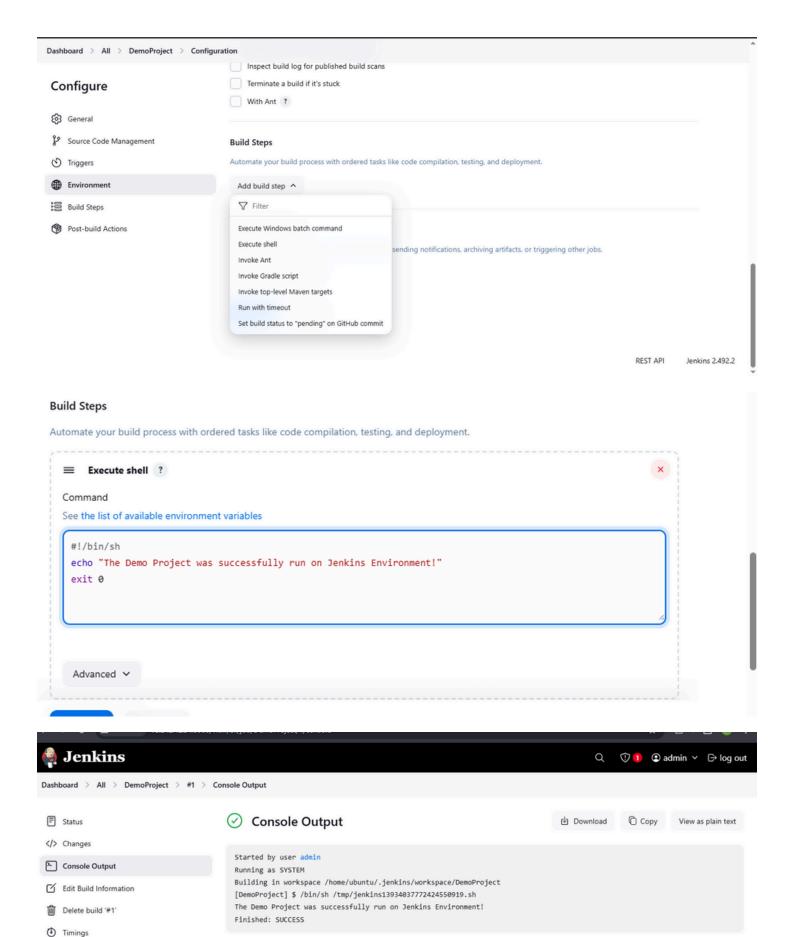
Continue



Jenkins 2.492.2







Important Points:

After connecting to SSH

ssh -i "Ubuntu-VM-Server-keypair.pem" ubuntu@ec2-18-212-12-34.compute-1.amazonaws.com

after connecting to the server Run the Following Commands to install Jenkins on our server

- 1. sudo apt update
- 2. Install the Java JDK as it is Prerequisites For Jenkins
- 3. sudo wget -O /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc \ https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key
- 4. echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkinskeyring.asc]" \ https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \ /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null
- 5. sudo apt-get update
- 6. sudo apt-get install jenkins

Visit http://<your-ec2-ip-address>:<port-specified> and ensure that Jenkins is running successful.