

UNIVERSITY OF ASIA PACIFIC

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

SOHO

Course Code : CSE 320

Course Title : Computer Networks Lab

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Project Small Office Home Office (SOHO) Case Study and Requirements:

XYZ company is a fast-growing company in Eastern Australia with more than 2 million customers globally. The company deals with selling and buying of food items, which are basically operated from the headquarters. The company is intending to open a branch near the local village Bonalbo. Thus, the company requires young IT graduates to design the network for the branch. The network is intended to operate separately from the HQ network. Being a small network, the company has the following requirements during implementation;

- One router and one switch to be used (all CISCO products).
- 3 departments (Admin/IT, Finance/HR and Customer service/Reception).
- Each department is required to be in different VIANs.
- Each department is required to have a wireless network for the users.
- Host devices in the network are required to obtain IPv4 address automatically.
- Devices in all the departments are required to communicate with each other.

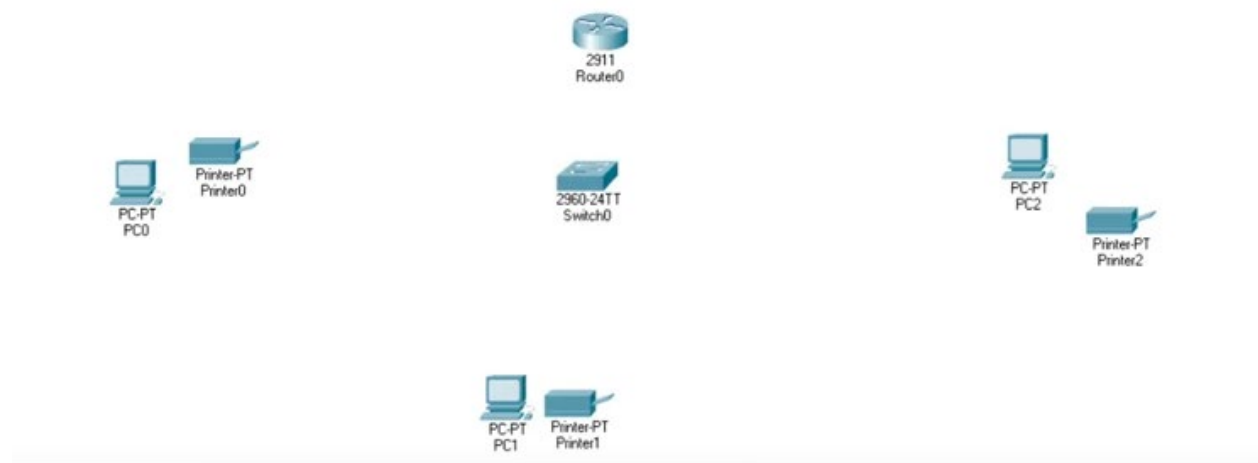
Assume the ISP gave out a base network of 192.168.1.0, you as the young network engineer who has been hired, design and implement a network considering the above requirements.

Technologies Implemented:

1. Creating a Simple Network using a Router and Access Layer Switch.
2. Connecting Networking devices with Correct cabling.
3. Creating VLANs and assigning ports VLAN numbers.
4. Subnetting and IP Addressing.
5. Configuring Inter-VLAN Routing (Router on a stick).
6. Configuring DHCP Server (Router as the DHCP Server).
7. Configuring WLAN or wireless network (Cisco Access Point).
8. Host Device Configurations.
9. Test and Verifying Network Communication.

How to implement **SOHO**

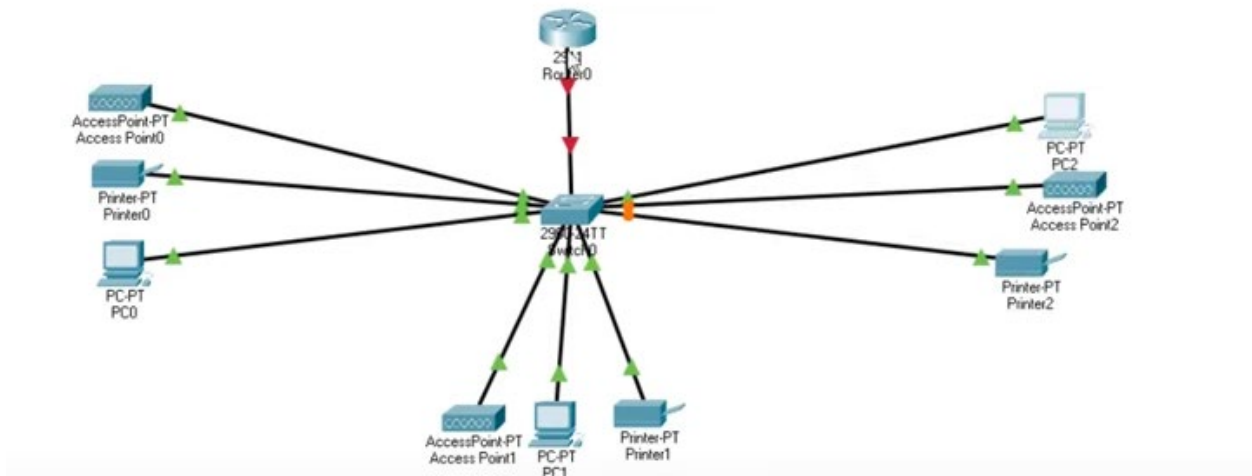
Step-1: Open a project in Cisco Packet Tracer. Take a router, printer, access point & PC from the drop-down menu. The amount of these equipment's depends on the architecture of the project.



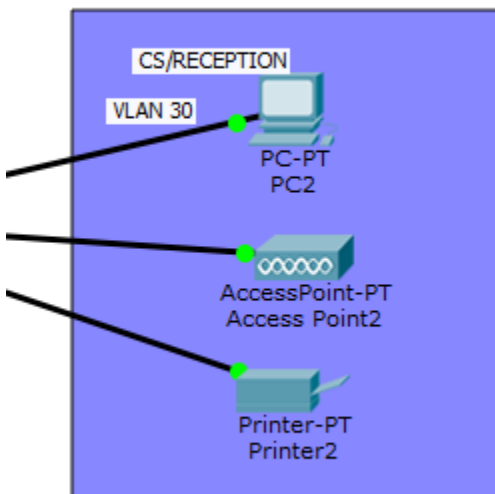
Step-2: Rename the equipment's to avoid confusion.



Step-3: Choose wires and give connections.



Step-4: Give section names and add colors.



Step-5: Give network ID subnet mask.

For admin/IT: **192.168.1.0/26**

For Finance/HR: **192.168.1.64/26**

For CS/Reception: **192.168.1.128/26**

Step-6: Configure the VLAN. Go to switch then terminal and write down-

```
enable
configure terminal
int range fa0/2-4
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 10
```

Similar process for other ports:

```
enable
configure terminal
int range fa0/5-7
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 20
```

```
enable
configure terminal
int range fa0/8-10
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 30
```

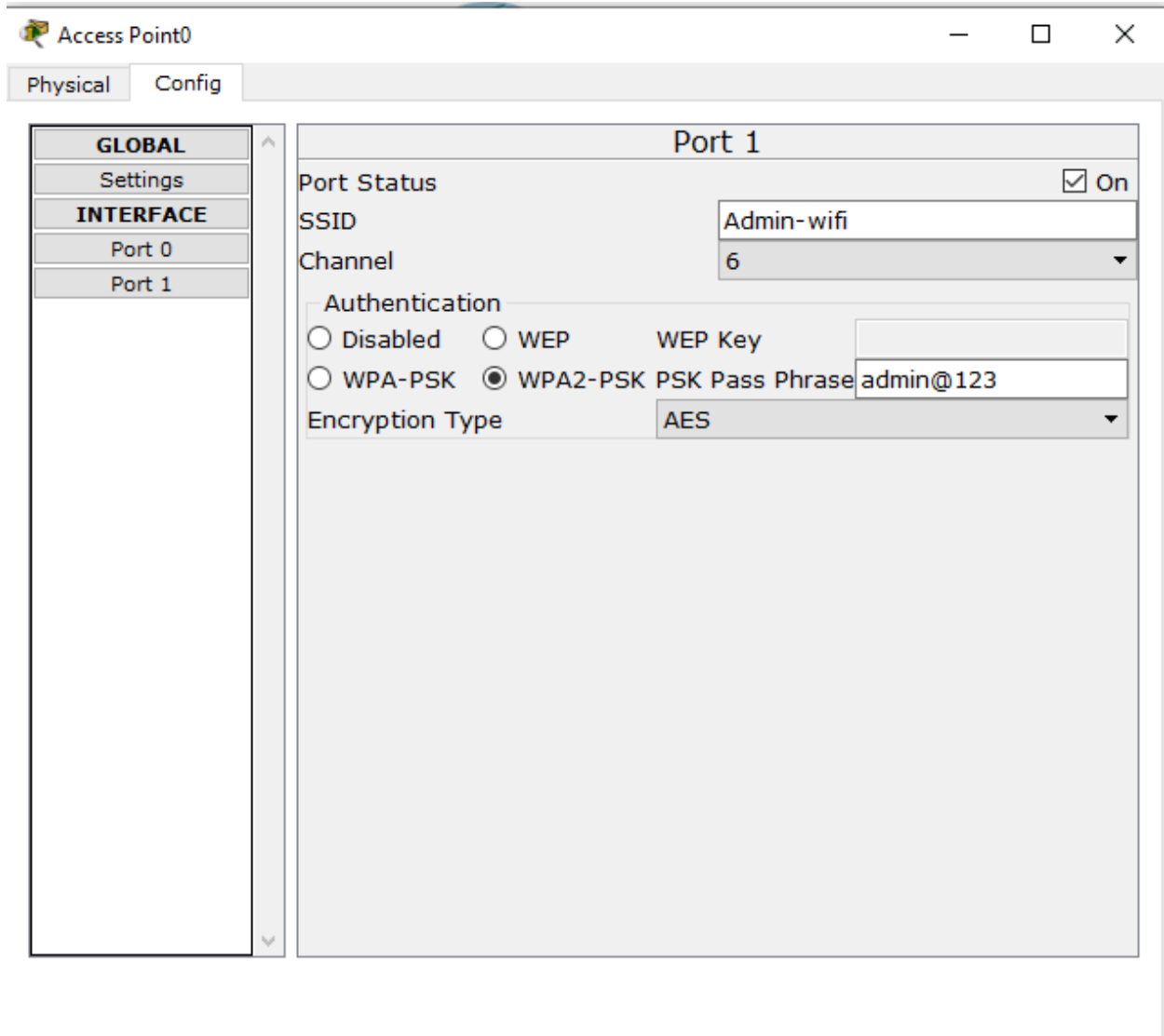
then,

do write
exit
do show start

Interfaces will show-

```
switchport mode access
!  
interface FastEthernet0/5  
  switchport access vlan 20  
  switchport mode access  
!  
interface FastEthernet0/6  
  switchport access vlan 20  
  switchport mode access  
!  
interface FastEthernet0/7  
  switchport access vlan 20  
  switchport mode access  
!  
interface FastEthernet0/8  
  switchport access vlan 30
```

Step-7: Implement the access points-



Access Point1

Physical

Config

GLOBAL

Settings

INTERFACE

Port 0

Port 1

Port 1

Port Status

☒ On

SSID

Finance-wifi

Channel

6

Authentication

☐ Disabled

☐ WEP

☐ WPA-PSK

☒ WPA2-PSK

WEP Key

PSK Pass Phrase

finance@123

Encryption Type

AES

Access Point2

Physical

Config

GLOBAL

Settings

INTERFACE

Port 0

Port 1

Port 1

Port Status

☒ On

SSID

CS-wifi

Channel

6

Authentication

☐ Disabled

☐ WEP

☐ WPA-PSK

☒ WPA2-PSK

WEP Key

PSK Pass Phrase

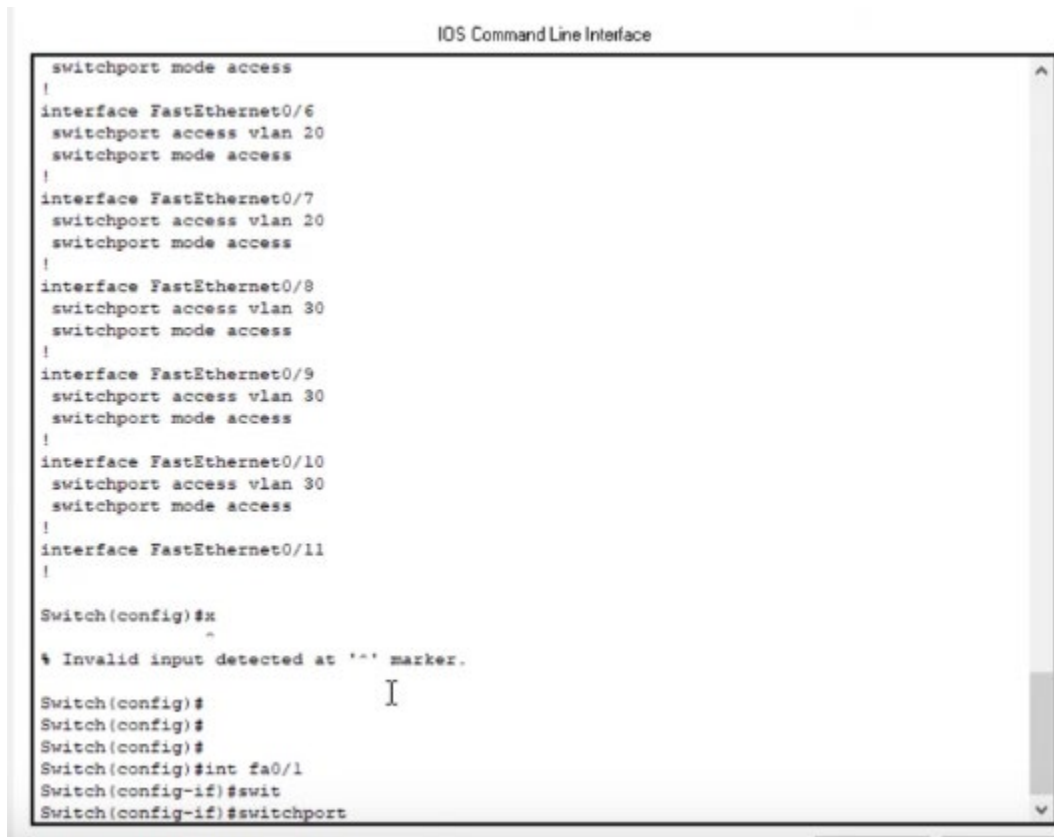
cswifi@123

Encryption Type

AES

Step-8: Configure the router. Go to terminal and write-

int fa 0/1
switchport mode trunk
do write



```
IOS Command Line Interface

switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/6
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/7
switchport access vlan 20
switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/8
switchport access vlan 30
switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/9
switchport access vlan 30
switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/10
switchport access vlan 30
switchport mode access
!
interface FastEthernet0/11
!

Switch(config)#x
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

Switch(config)#
Switch(config)#
Switch(config)#
Switch(config)#int fa0/1
Switch(config-if)#swit
Switch(config-if)#switchport
```

Step-9: Configure the remaining router configuration. Go to terminal again and write-

enable
configure terminal
int gig0/0
no shut
do write

```
IOS Command Line Interface

If you require further assistance please contact us by sending email to
export@cisco.com.

Cisco CISCO2911/K9 (revision 1.0) with 491520K/32768K bytes of memory.
Processor board ID FTX152400KS
3 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces
DRAM configuration is 64 bits wide with parity disabled.
256K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.
249856K bytes of ATA System CompactFlash 0 (Read/Write)

--- System Configuration Dialog ---

Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:
% Please answer 'yes' or 'no'.
Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:
% Please answer 'yes' or 'no'.
Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: n

Press RETURN to get started!

Router>
Router>
Router>en
Router#
Router#
Router#confi t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#
Router(config)#
Router(config)#
Router(config)#int gig0/0
```

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

Copy Paste

Step-10: Configure inter VLAN routing and DHCP server. Starting with creating sub interface, Go to router terminal and write-

```
int gig0/0.10
encapsulation dot1Q 10
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.192
exit
```

```
int gig0/0.10
encapsulation dot1Q 20
ip address 192.168.1.65 255.255.255.192
exit
```

```
int gig0/0.30
encapsulation dot1Q 30
ip address 192.168.1.129 255.255.255.192
exit
```

do show start

```
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
  no ip address
  duplex auto
  speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.10
  encapsulation dot1Q 10
  ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.192
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.20
  encapsulation dot1Q 20
  ip address 192.168.1.65 255.255.255.192
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0.30
  encapsulation dot1Q 30
  ip address 192.168.1.129 255.255.255.192
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
  no ip address
  duplex auto
  speed auto
  shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
  no ip address
  duplex auto
  --More--
```

Step-11: Configure DHCP server. Starting with creating sub interface, Go to router terminal and write-

```
service DHCP
dhcp pool Admin-pool
network 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.192
default-router 192.168.1.1
dns-server 192.168.1.1
domain-name Admin.com
```

exit

Similarly create another pool-

```
service DHCP
dhcp pool Finance-pool
network 192.168.1.64 255.255.255.192
default-router 192.168.1.65
dns-server 192.168.1.65
domain-name Finance.com
exit
```

Similarly create another pool-

```
service DHCP
dhcp pool CS-pool
network 192.168.1.128 255.255.255.192
default-router 192.168.1.129
dns-server 192.168.1.129
domain-name CS.com
exit
```

do write

```

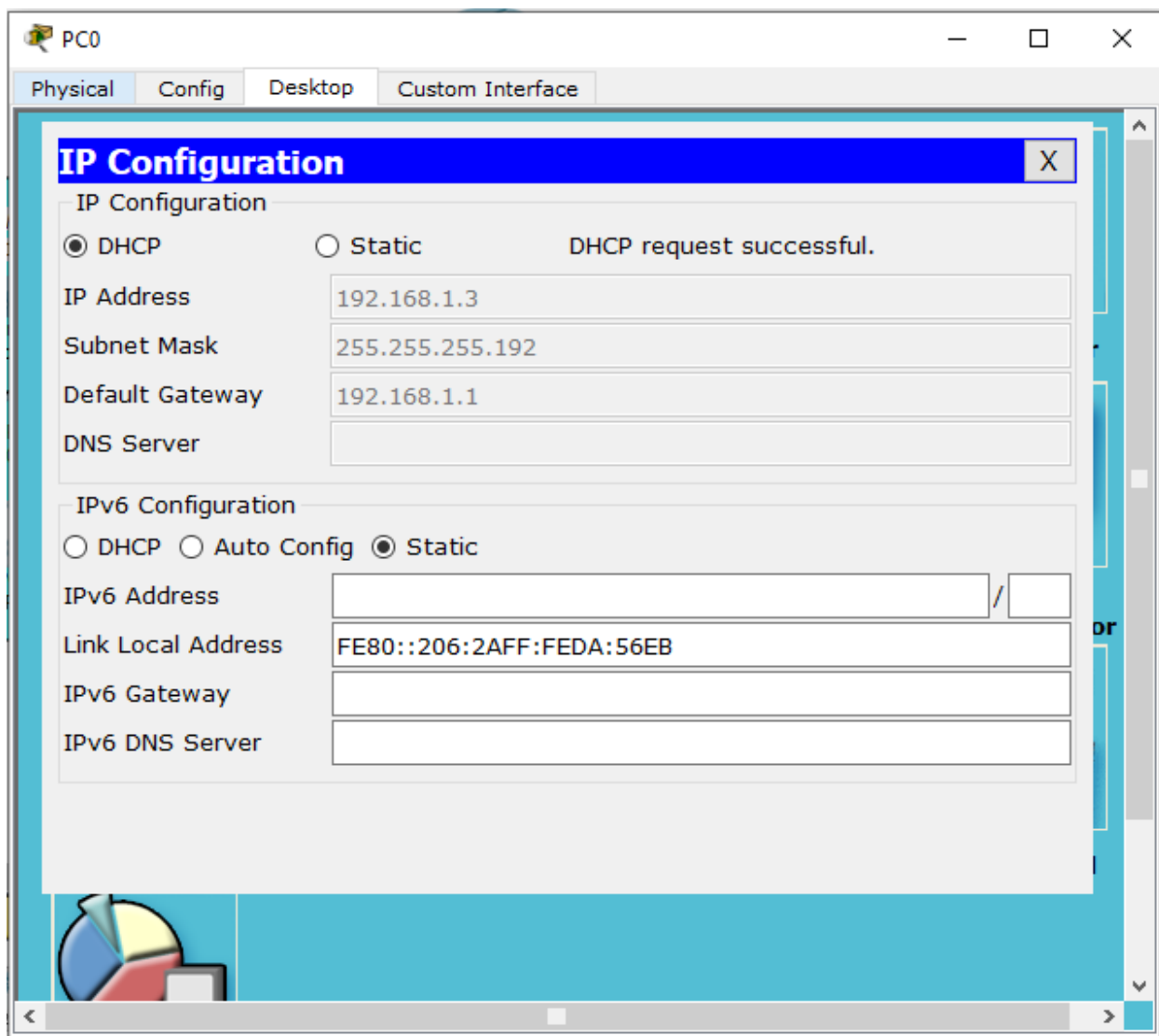
speed auto

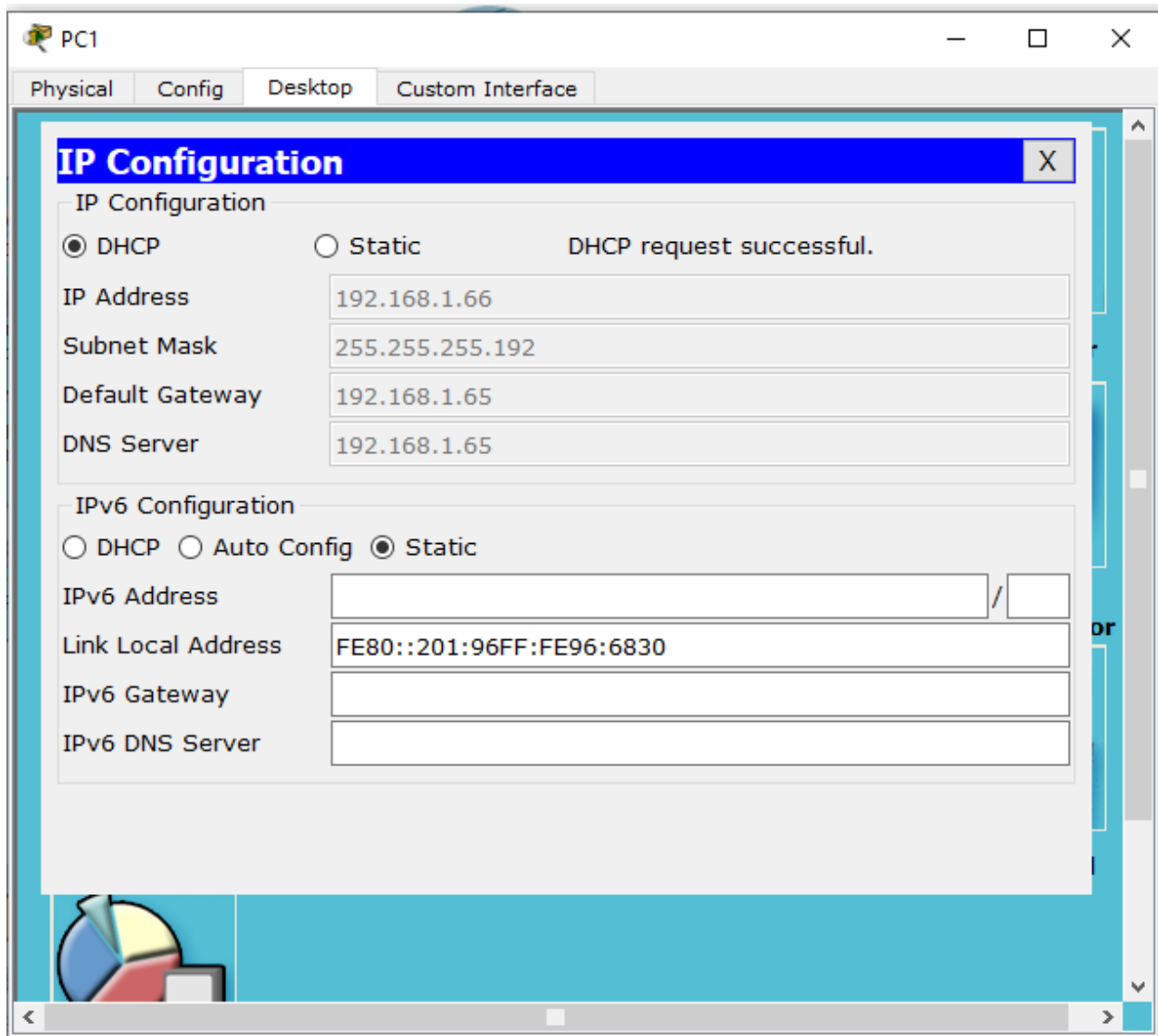
Router(config)#x
      ^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

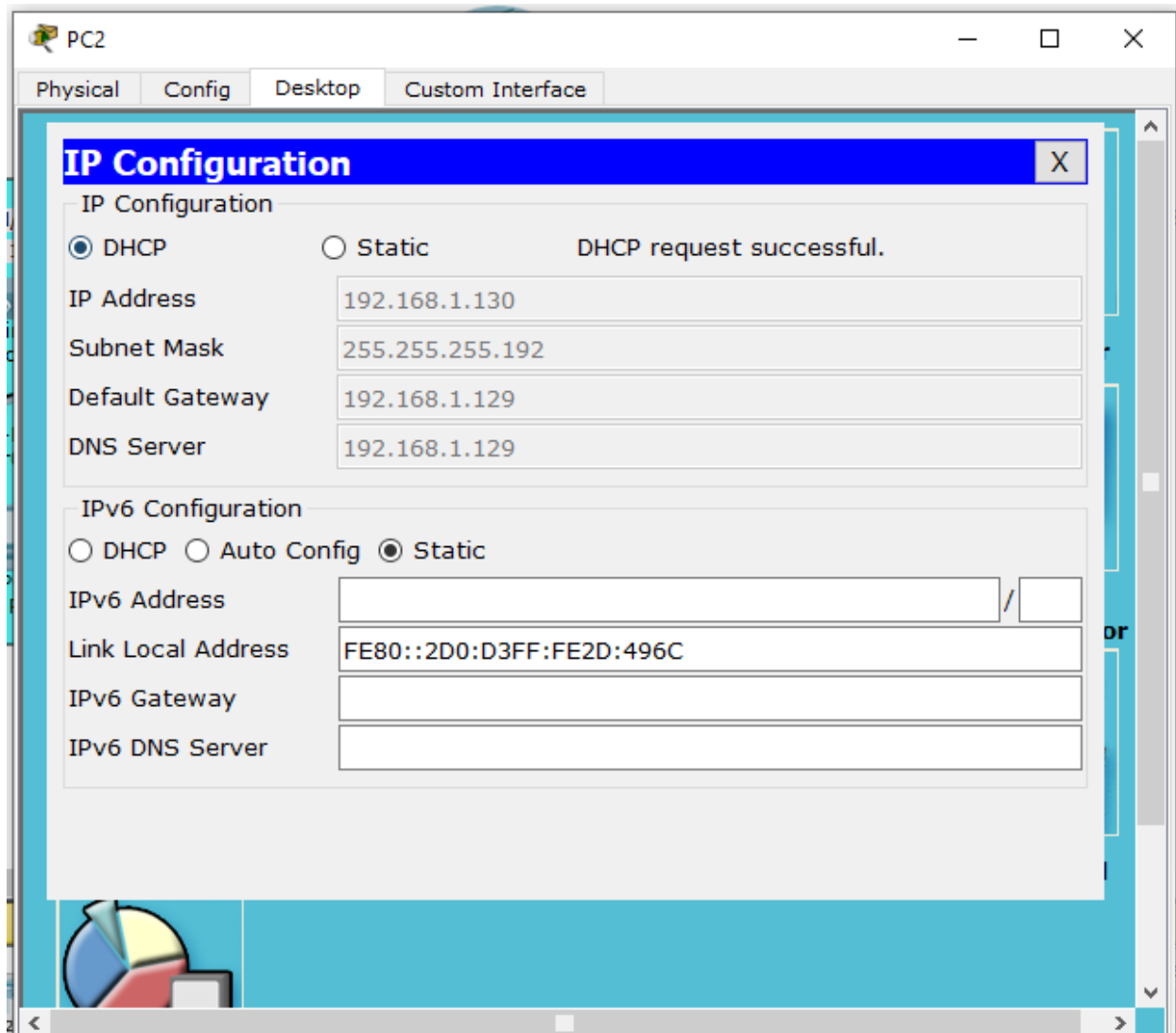
Router(config)#
Router(config)#
Router(config)#
Router(config)#
Router(config)#serv
Router(config)#service dh
Router(config)#service dhcp
Router(config)#
Router(config)#
Router(config)#ip dhc
Router(config)#ip dhcp po
Router(config)#ip dhcp pool Admin-Pool
Router(dhcp-config)#
Router(dhcp-config)#net
Router(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.192
Router(dhcp-config)#defau
Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.1.1
Router(dhcp-config)#dn
Router(dhcp-config)#dns-server 192.168.1.1
Router(dhcp-config)#domai
Router(dhcp-config)#domain-name Admin.com
Router(dhcp-config)#exit
Router(config)#
Router(config)#

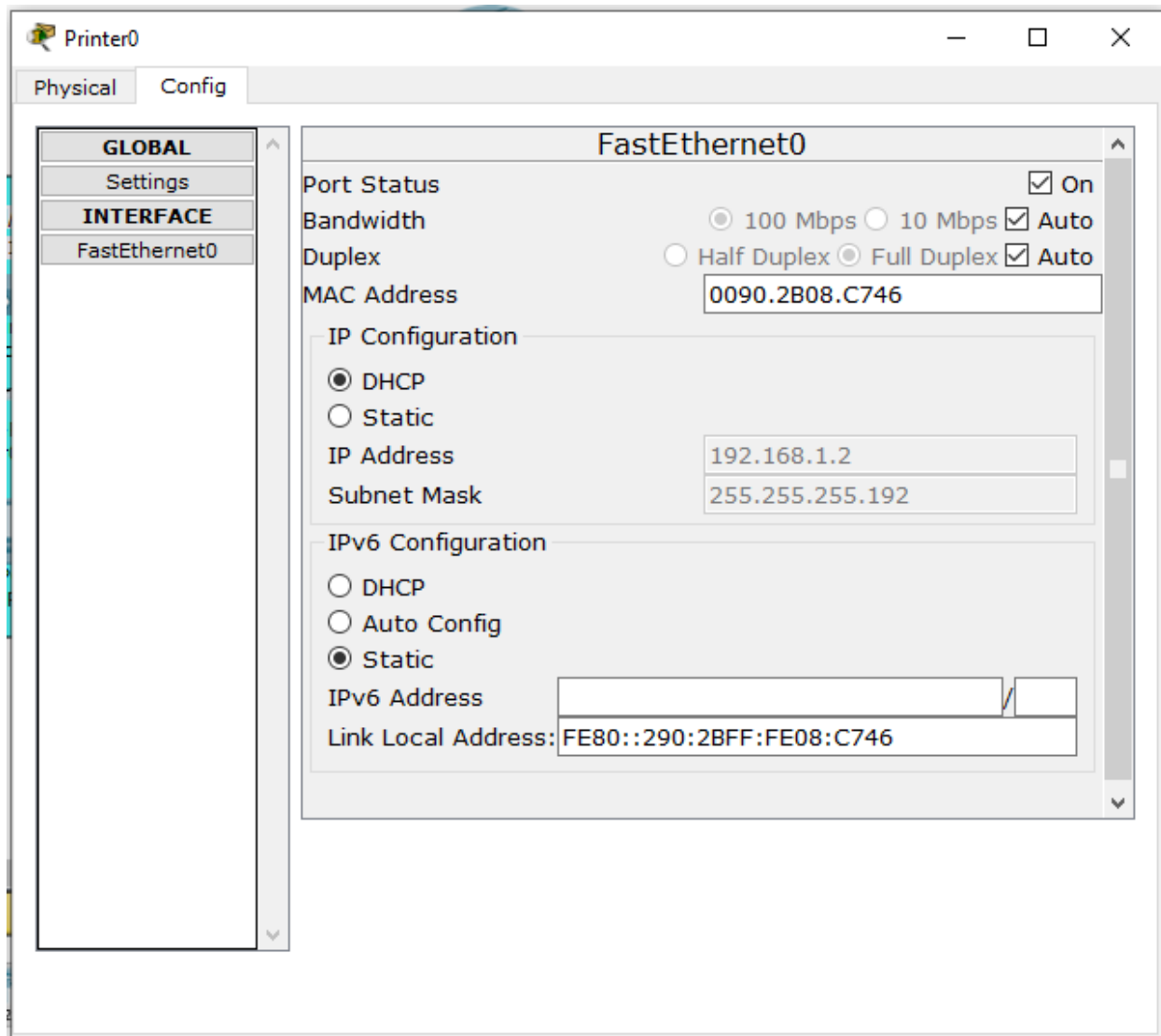
```

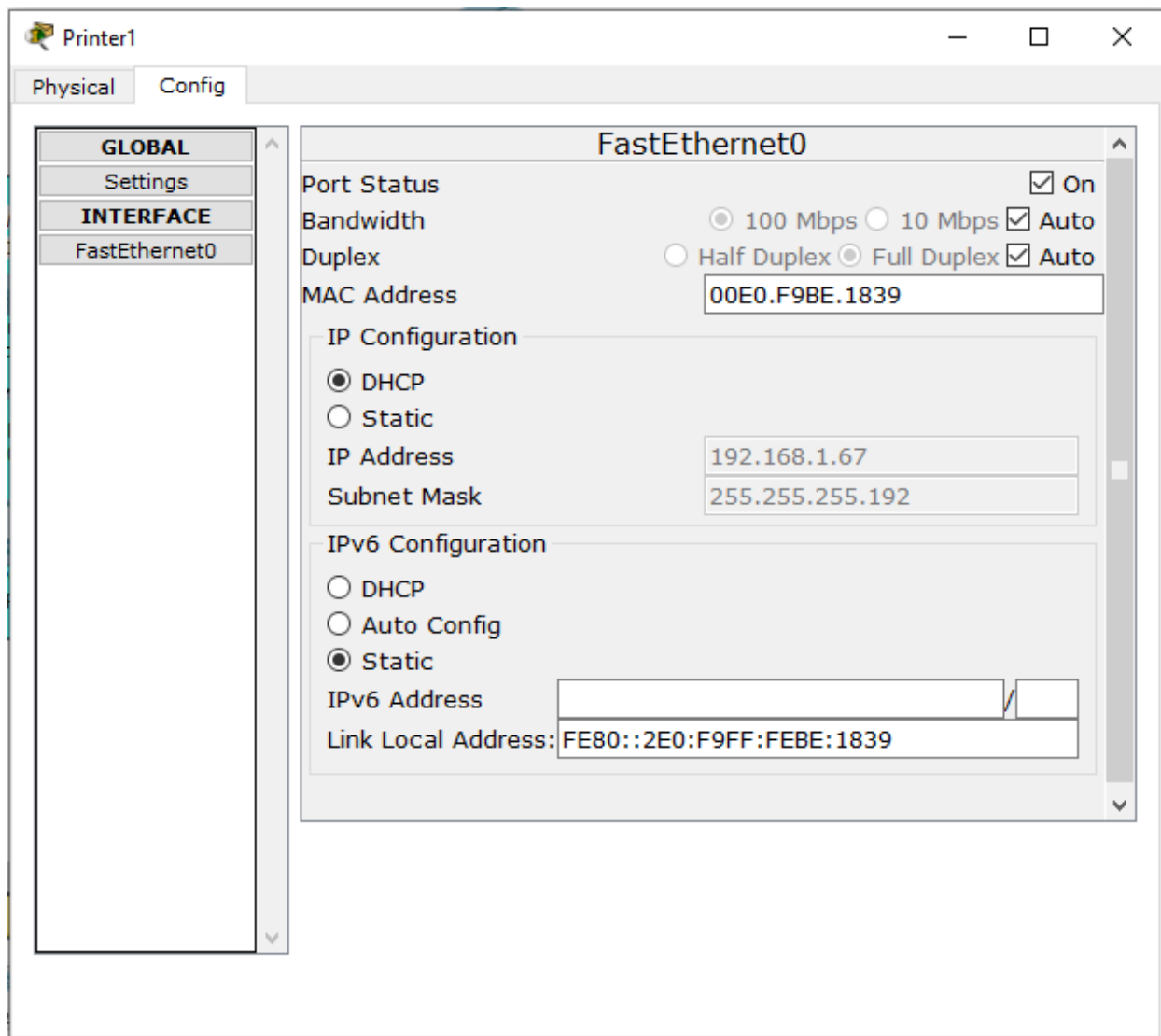
Step-12: Test communication. Select DHCP for PC and access points.











Printer2

Physical Config

GLOBAL

Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

FastEthernet0

Port Status ☒ On

Bandwidth ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps ☒ Auto

Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex ☒ Auto

MAC Address 0060.70B2.5BEA

IP Configuration

☒ DHCP

☐ Static

IP Address 192.168.1.131

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.192

IPv6 Configuration

☐ DHCP

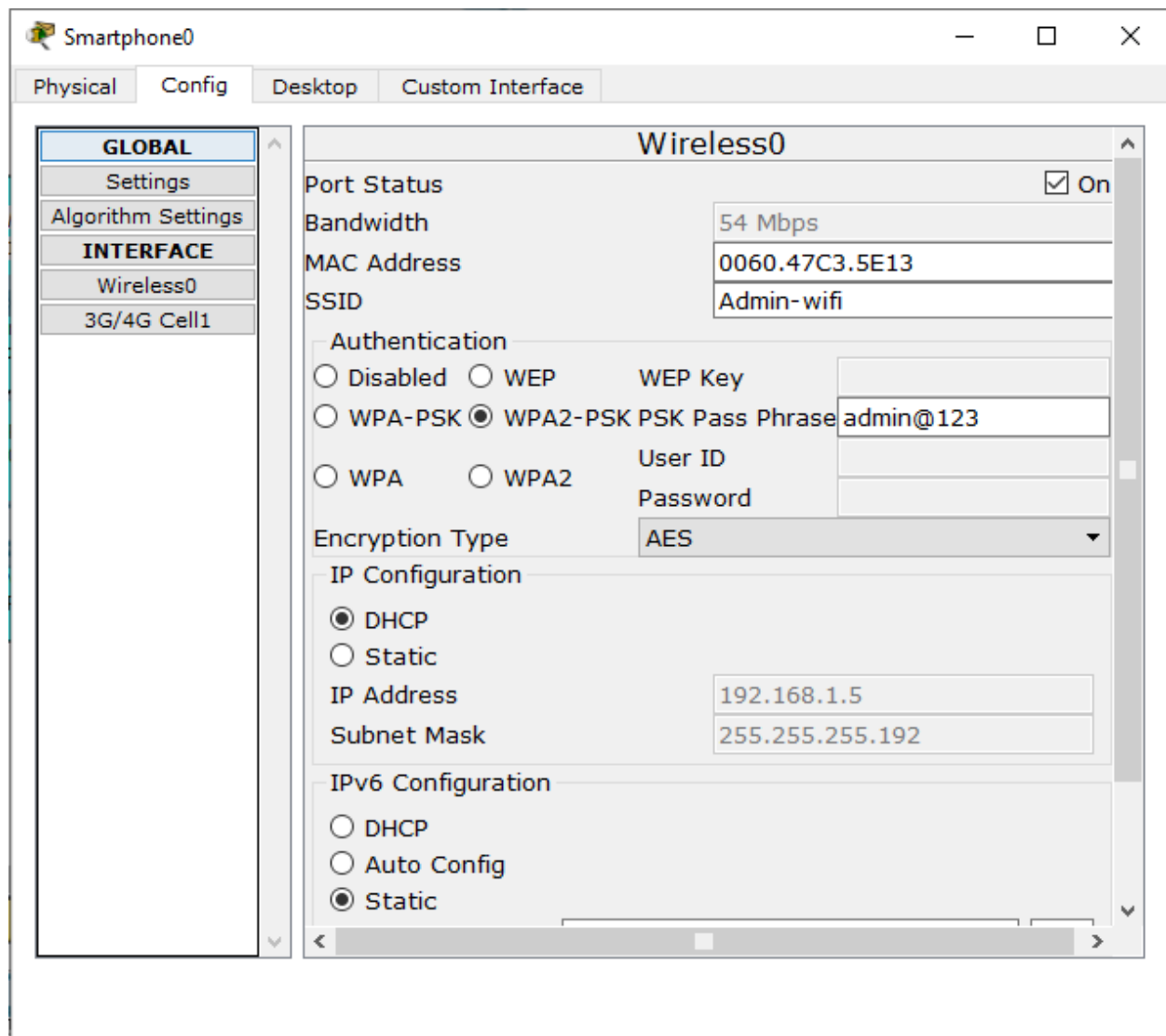
☐ Auto Config

☒ Static

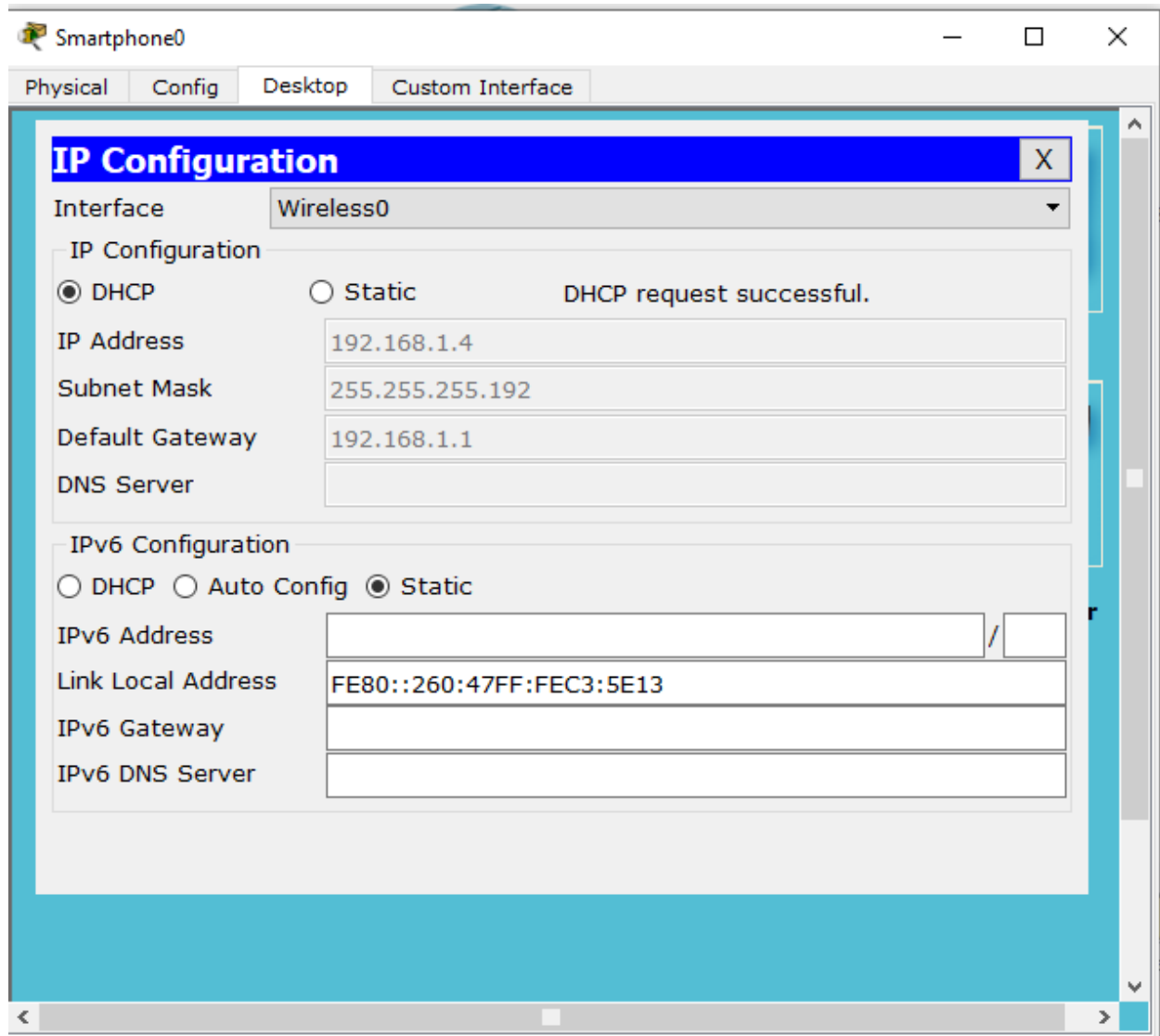
IPv6 Address

Link Local Address: FE80::260:70FF:FEB2:5BEA

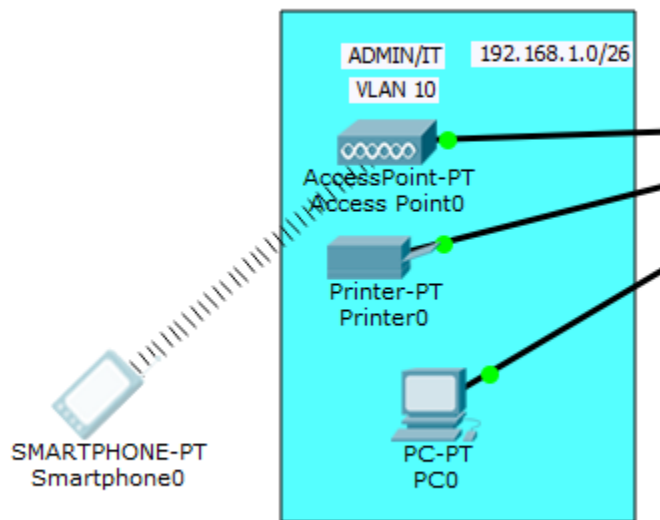
Step-13: Pick a smartphone and configure it-



DHCP request is successful-



Now the smartphone is connected-



Similarly, take a laptop and configure it-

Turn off the laptop, remove existing and add WPC300N the turn on it-

Laptop0

PhysicalConfigDesktopCustom Interface

MODULES

WPC300N

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1AM

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1CE

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1CFE

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1CGE

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1FFE

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1FGE

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1W

PT-LAPTOP-NM-1W-A

PT-LAPTOP-NM-3G/4G

PT-HEADPHONE


PT-MICROPHONE

PT-CAMERA

PT-USB-HARD-DRIVE

Physical Device View


Zoom InOriginal SizeZoom Out



Customize Icon in Physical View

Customize Icon in Logical View

The Linksys-WPC300N module provides one 2.4GHz wireless interface suitable for connection to wireless networks. The module supports protocols that use Ethernet for LAN access.





WPA2-Personal Needed for Connection

This wireless network has WPA2-Personal enabled. To connect to this network, enter the required passphrase in the appropriate field below. Then click the **Connect** button.

Security WPA2-Personal ▼

Please select the wireless security method used by your existing wireless network.

Pre-shared Key finance@@123|

Please enter a Pre-shared Key that is 8 to 63 characters in length.

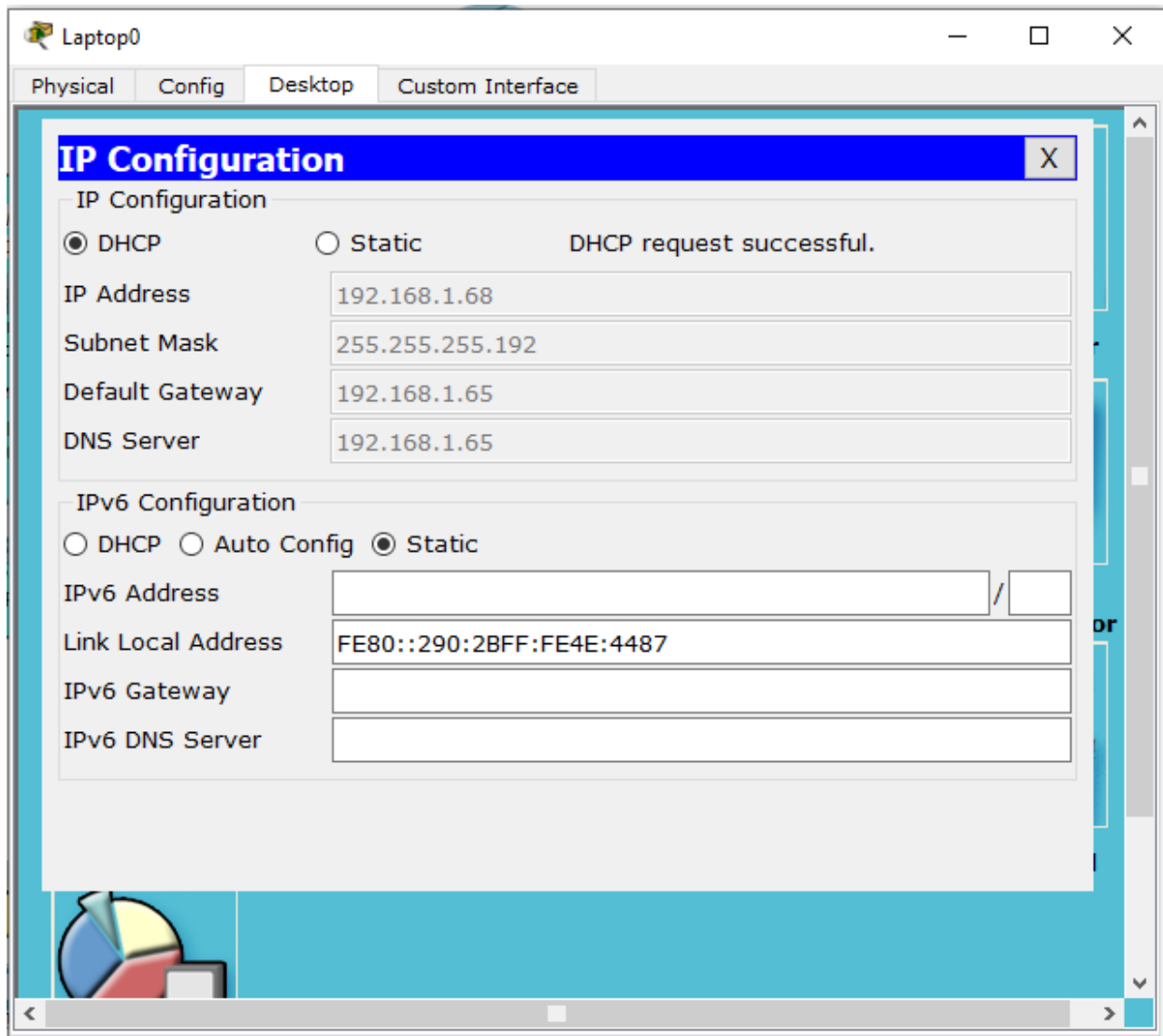
Cancel

Connect

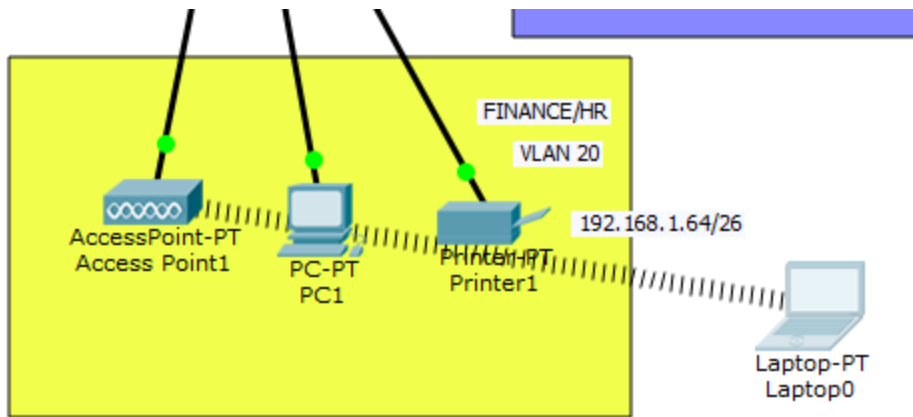
Wireless-N Notebook Adapter

Wireless Network Monitor v1.0

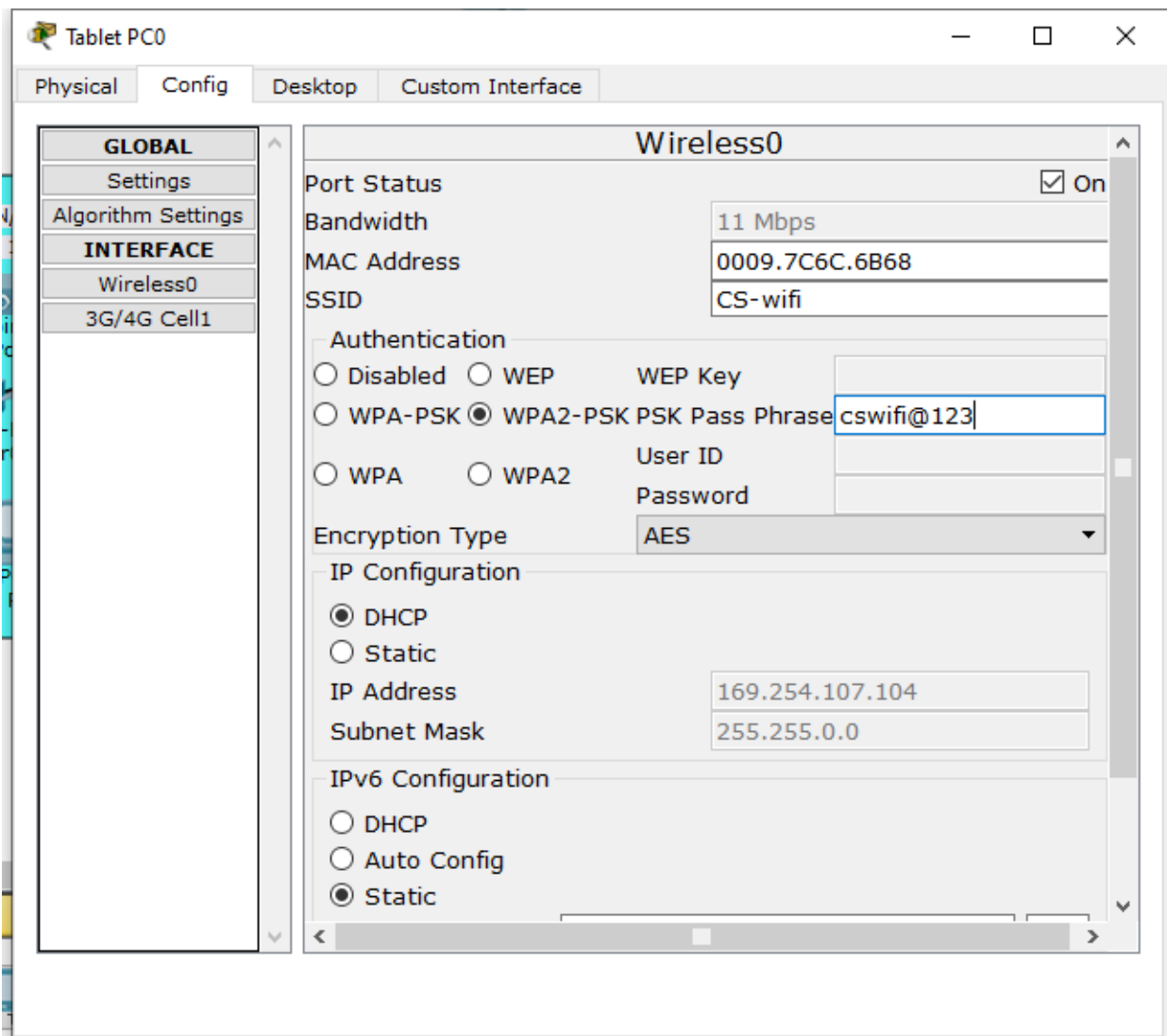
Model No. **WPC300N**

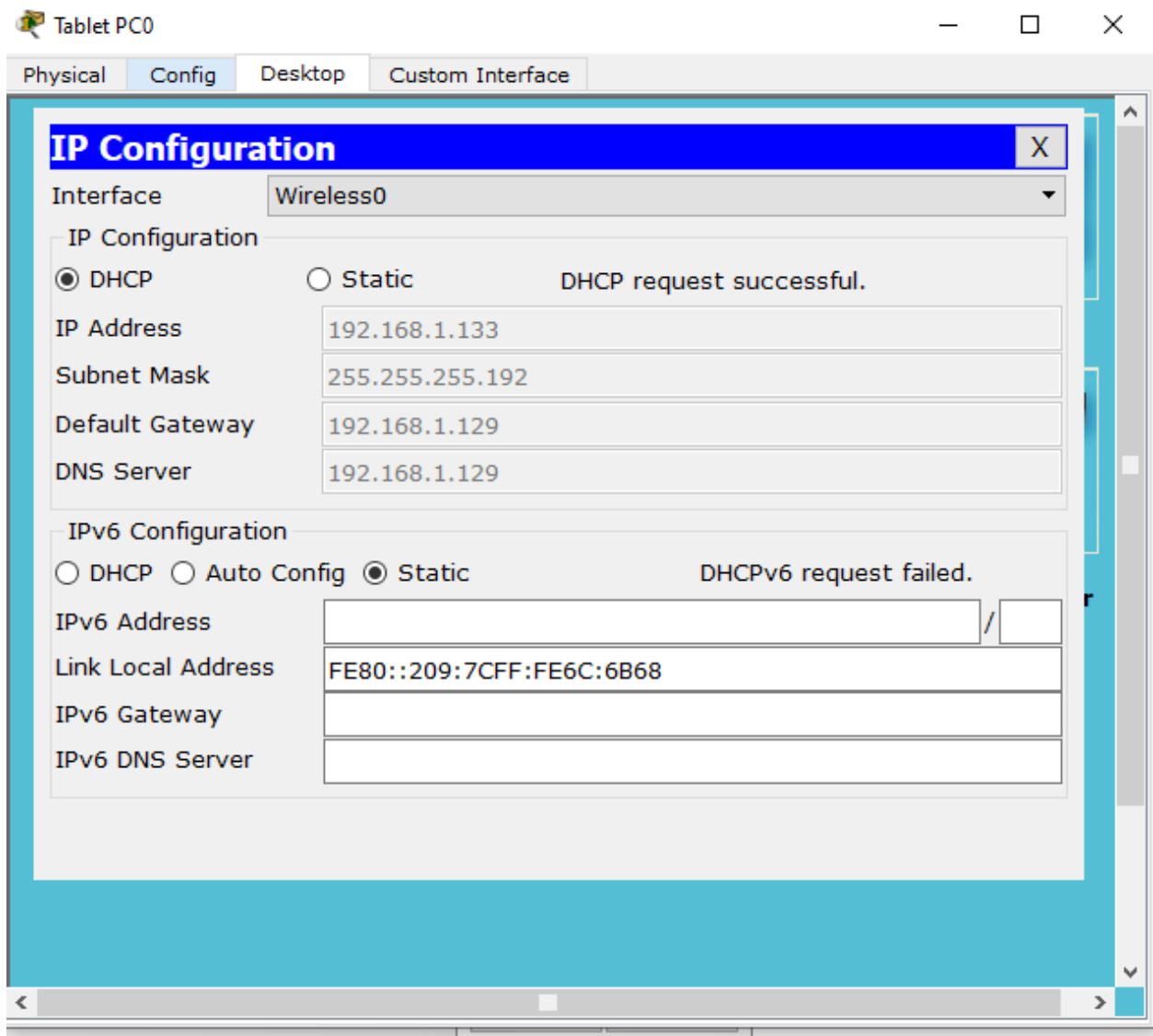


Laptop is connected-

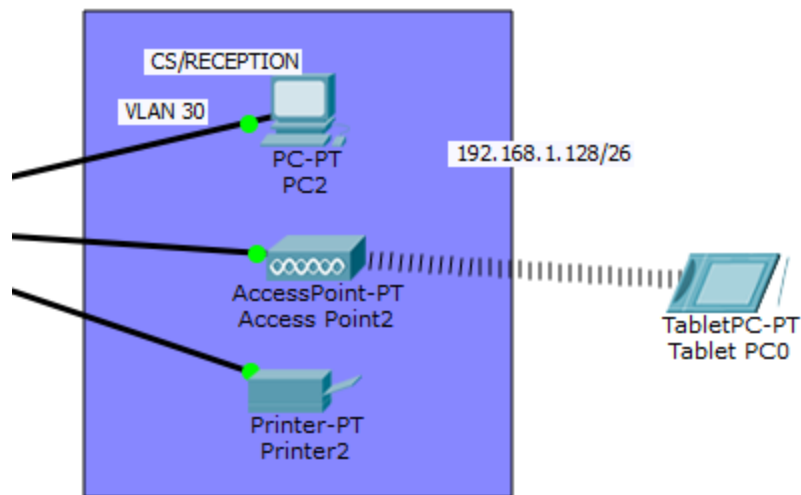


Similarly, connect a tab-





Tab is connected-



Step-14: Test communication. It should succeed-

```
Physical  Config  Desktop  Programming  Attributes
Command Prompt

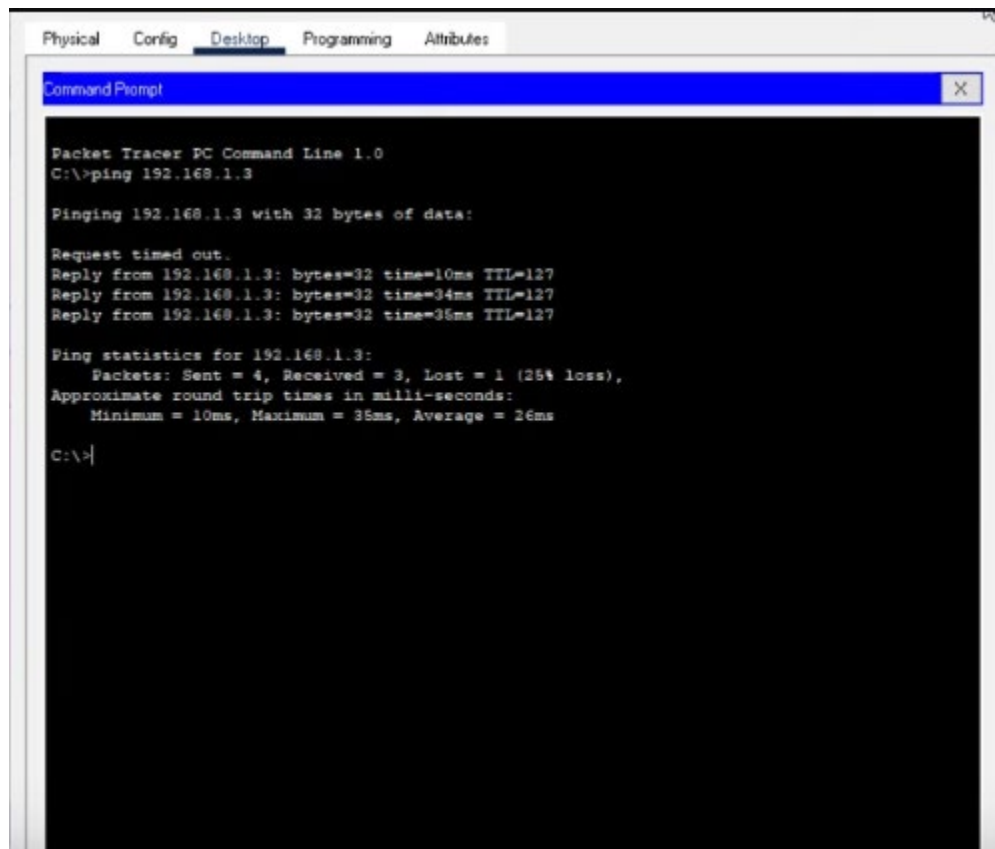
Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.1.131

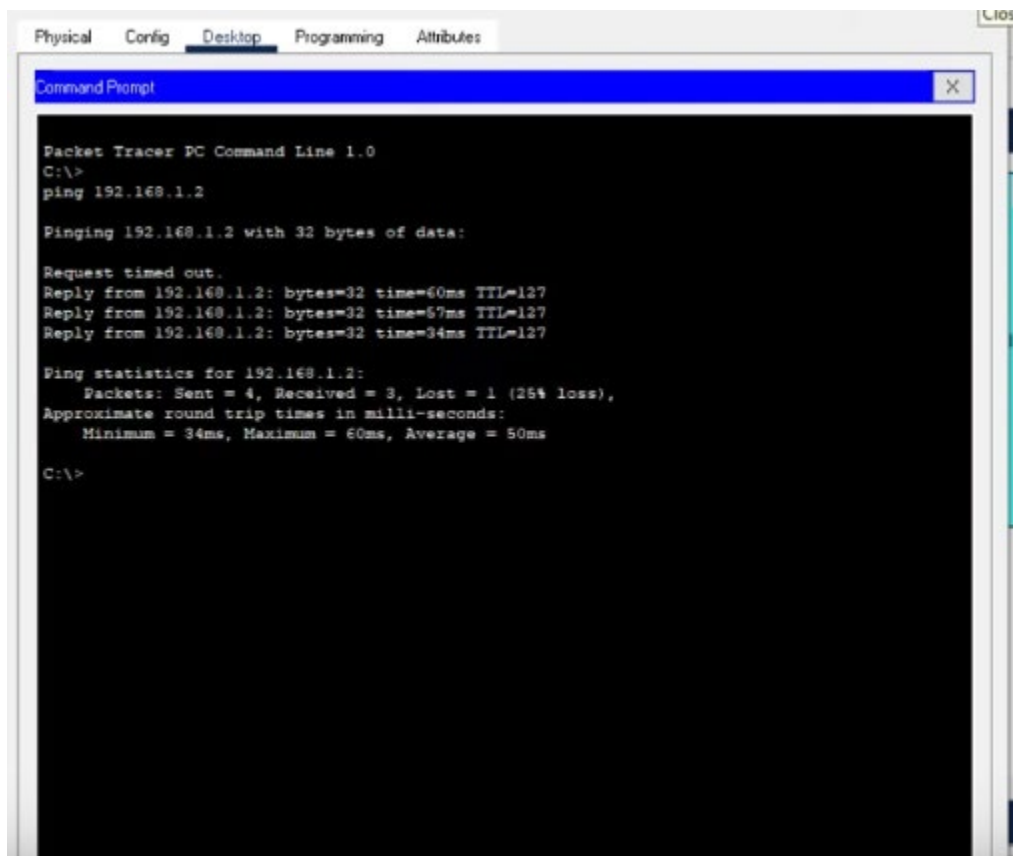
Pinging 192.168.1.131 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.1.131: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.1.131: bytes=32 time=33ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.1.131: bytes=32 time=86ms TTL=127

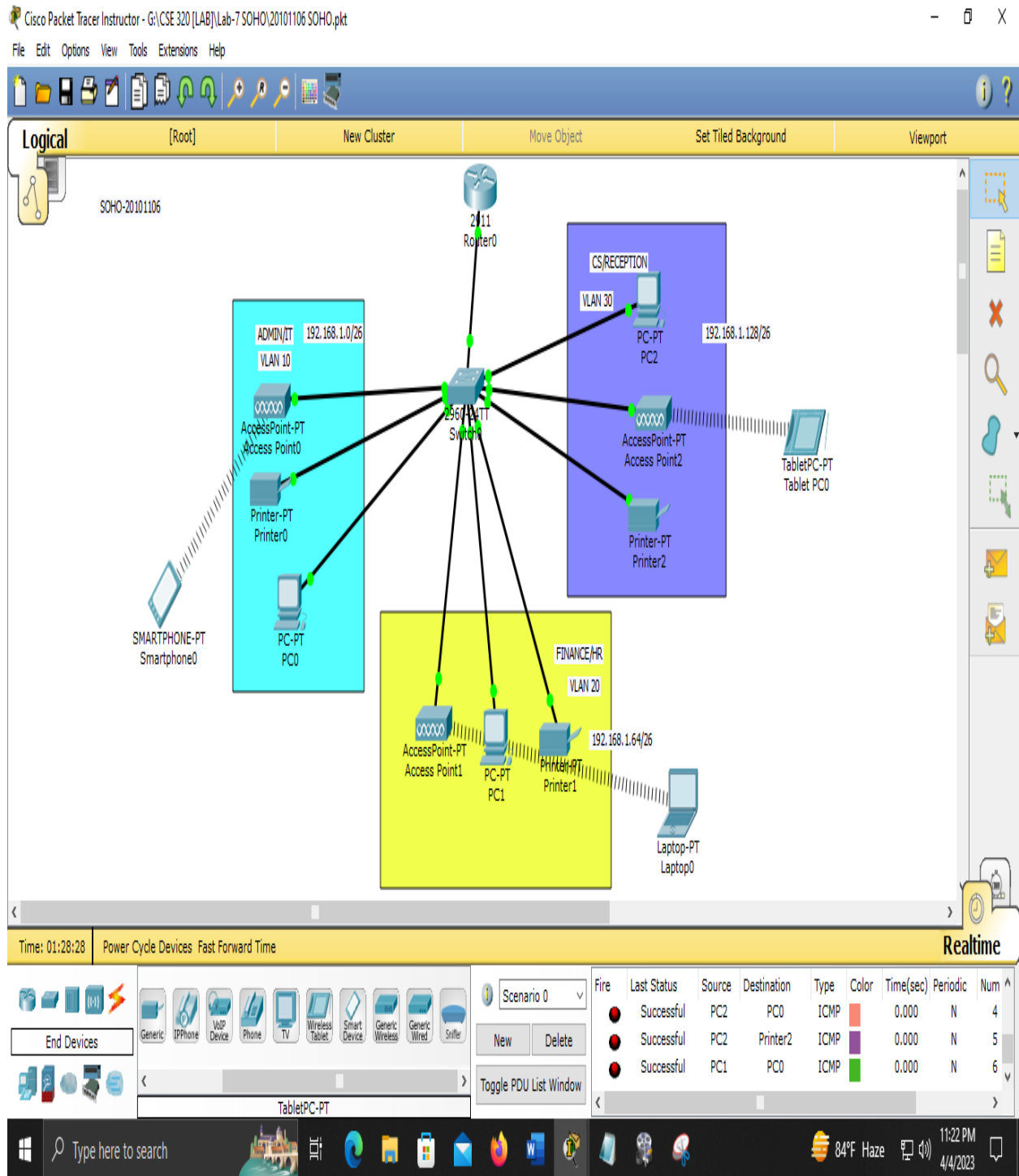
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.131:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 26ms, Maximum = 86ms, Average = 48ms

C:\>|
```

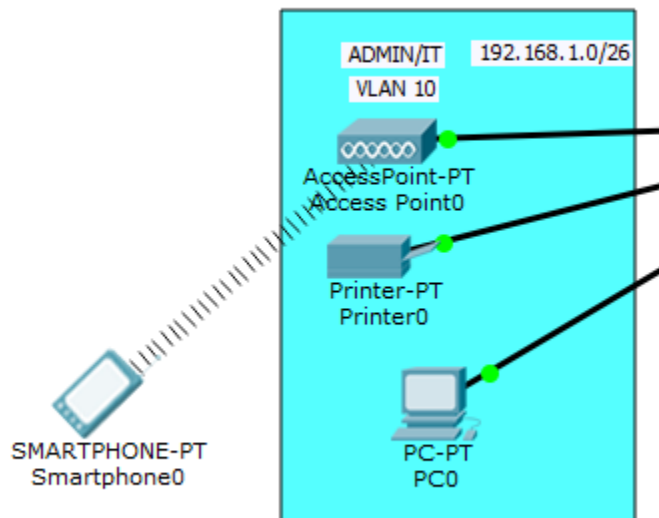
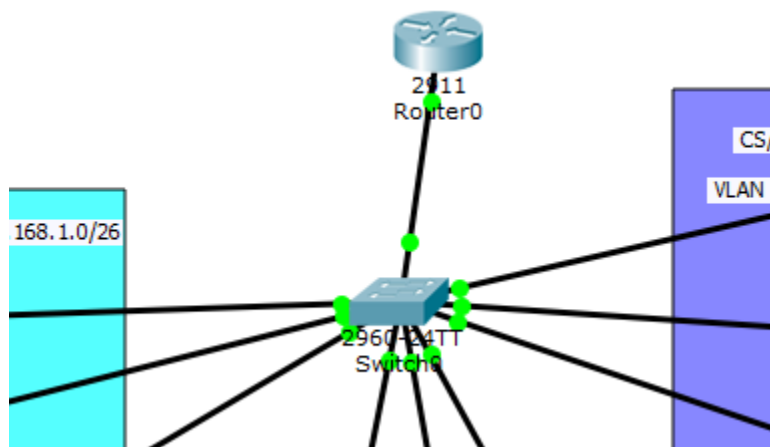


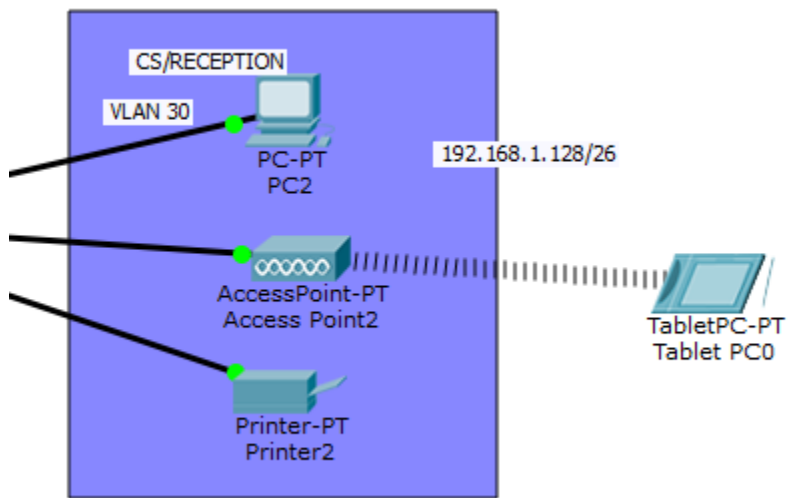
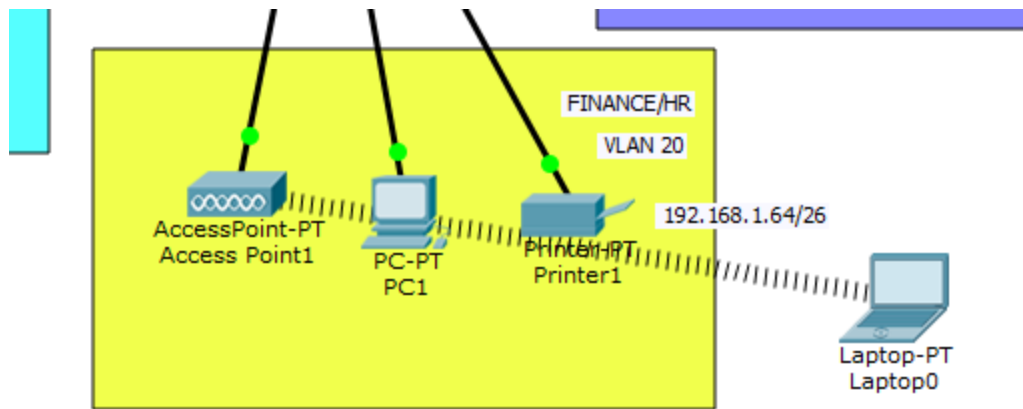


Overall screenshot of the whole architecture-



Detailed view-





-----THANK YOU FOR READING-----