Error gradiant:

Error gradient is the rate of change of adirection

5/9/10

function used; multiplied by the error at iteration 'p'

It is prepresented by & (P).

If yk(P) is the adivation function, than Sk(P) = 2/k(P) . PK(P)

Error gradient of a bockpropogation Neural Network:

In both proprogation neural network, activation function.

$$y_{\kappa}(P) = 1$$

 $y_{\kappa}(P) = 1$ Deducting 1 from both sides $\frac{1 + e^{-\chi_{\kappa}(P)}}{1 + e^{-\chi_{\kappa}(P)}}$

$$\frac{1}{1 - J_{\kappa}(P)} = 1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\chi_{\kappa}(P)}} = \frac{1 + e^{-\chi_{\kappa}(P)}}{1 + e^{-\chi_{\kappa}(P)}}$$

Differentiating equal with r. to. 2 -

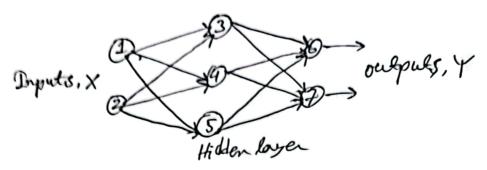
$$=\frac{\left[1+e^{2\kappa(P)}\right]\cdot 0-1\left[0-e^{-2\kappa(P)}\right]}{\left[1+e^{2\kappa(P)}\right]^{2}}$$

Su, according to definition error gradiant is —
$$S_{K}(P) = \frac{\partial J_{K}(P)}{\partial X_{K}(P)} \cdot e_{K}(P)$$

$$= J_{K}(P) \cdot \left[1 - J_{K}(P)\right] \cdot e_{K}(P) \quad \text{[wing equin 3]}$$

$$S_{O}, S_{K}(P) = J_{K}(P) \left[1 - J_{K}(P)\right] \cdot e_{K}(P) \quad \text{(derived 1)}$$

For the following NN, $\omega_{13} = 0.3$, $\omega_{14} = -0.4$, $\omega_{15} = 0.6$, $\omega_{25} = -0.9$, $\omega_{24} = -0.2$, $\omega_{25} = -0.3$, $\omega_{36} = -0.4$, $\omega_{37} = -0.1$, $\omega_{46} = 0.3$, $\omega_{47} = -0.3$, $\omega_{56} = 0.4$, $\omega_{57} = 0.8$, Learning rade = 0.2 If $\alpha_{1} = 1$, $\alpha_{2} = 0$ and $\alpha_{1} = 1$, $\alpha_{2} = 0$ and $\alpha_{1} = 1$, $\alpha_{2} = 0$ and $\alpha_{3} = 1$, $\alpha_{1} = 1$, $\alpha_{2} = 0$ and $\alpha_{3} = 1$, $\alpha_{1} = 1$, $\alpha_{2} = 0$ and $\alpha_{3} = 1$, $\alpha_{3} = 1$, $\alpha_{1} = 1$, $\alpha_{2} = 0$ and $\alpha_{3} = 1$, $\alpha_{3} = 1$, $\alpha_{4} = 1$, $\alpha_{5} = 0.4$, $\alpha_{5} = 0.8$, Learning rade = 0.2 If $\alpha_{1} = 1$, $\alpha_{2} = 0$ and $\alpha_{3} = 1$, $\alpha_{5} = 0.4$, $\alpha_{5} = 0.8$, $\alpha_{5} = 0.8$, $\alpha_{5} = 0.4$, $\alpha_{5} = 0.8$,



All: Green imput set X = [1,0], desired output set Y = [0,1].

That is at first find out the output at bidden layer:

$$y_5(1) = \text{ Signoid } (x_1 w_{15} + x_2 w_{25} - O_5)$$

= $\text{ Signoid } (0.6) = \frac{1}{1 + \bar{e}^{0.6}} = 0.6964$

$$\frac{1}{4}(1) = \text{Sigmoid}\left(x_1 \, \omega_{14} + x_2 \omega_{24} - \omega_{4}\right)$$

$$= \text{Sigmoid}\left(1 \times (-0.4) + 0 - 0\right)$$

$$= \text{Sigmoid}\left(-0.4\right) = \frac{1}{1 + 2.4} = 0.40 \text{ A}$$

Elderal subjects at subject lavel:

Y = sigmoid (43 w36 + 44 w46 + 45 w56 - 96)

= sigmoid (0.574(-0.4) + 0.3 × 0.4 + 0.646 × 0.4 - 0)

= sigmoid (-0.23 + 0.12 + 0.25 84 - 0)

= sigmoid (0.1484) = 1 + 0.01484 = 0.537 4

47= somoid (53 W37+44W47+45W59-Q7) = 30g maid (0.534(-01)+0.4(0-3)+0.646 x0.8-0) = 80 mord (-0.0574-0.12+0.5168) = Signoid (0-3394) 1+E0.3394 = 0.5844 Now calculating orror at output level: e6 = y16 - 76 = 0 -0.537 = -0.537 C7 = 51+-77 =1-0.284 =0.416 Mow, calculating error gradients, S6 = 96 [1-96] xe6 = =0.537[1-0.537](-0.537)=-0.13354 64 = 42[1-47] xez. = 0.584 [1-0.584] XO.416 = 0.1014 Now updating weights bet'n ofp and kidden layer: DW36 = dxy3 x S6 = 0.2 x 0.574 (-0.1335) = = 0.0153 4 DW37 = X X Y3 X SA = 0.2 X0.574 X (0.101) =0.012 4 1046 = dx 94 x S6 20-2x0.4x (-0.1335) =-0.014 DW47 = XXY4X84 = 0-2X04X0.101

= 0.0081

CS CamScanner

Error grodients at hidden dayer:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(9) & 5_3 = y_3 \cdot [1 - y_3] \times [\omega_{36} \times 5_6 + \omega_{34} \times 5_9] \\
&= 0.574 \times 0.426 \times [-0.4 \times (-0.1335) + (-0.1)(0.101)] \\
&= 0.244 [0.0534 - 0.0101]
\end{array}$$

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathcal{S} \Delta \omega_{13} = \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{X}_{1} \times \mathcal{S}_{3} = 0.2 \times 1 \times 0.0105 = 0.00214 \\ \Delta \omega_{14} = \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{X}_{1} \times \mathcal{S}_{4} = 0.2 \times 1 \times 0.0063 = 0.001264 \\ \Delta \omega_{23} = \mathcal{C}_{1} \times \mathcal{X}_{2} \times \mathcal{S}_{3} = 0.2 \times 0 \times 0.0105 = 04 \\ \Delta \omega_{24} = \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{X}_{2} \times \mathcal{S}_{4} = 0.2 \times 0 \times 0.005 = 04 \\ \Delta \omega_{15} = \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{X}_{2} \times \mathcal{S}_{5} = 0.2 \times 0 \times 0.0063 = 04 \\ \Delta \omega_{15} = \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{X}_{2} \times \mathcal{S}_{5} = 0.2 \times 0 \times 0.0063 = 04 \\ \mathcal{D}_{13}(2) = \mathcal{D}_{13}(1) + \Delta \mathcal{D}_{13} = 0.3 + 0.0021 = 0.30214 \\ \mathcal{D}_{14}(2) = \mathcal{D}_{14} + \Delta \mathcal{D}_{14} = -0.4 - 0.0034 = -0.4034 + 0.0034 \\ \mathcal{D}_{15}(2) = \mathcal{D}_{15} + \Delta \mathcal{D}_{15} = 0.6 + 0.00126 = 0.601264 \\ \mathcal{D}_{23}(2) = \mathcal{D}_{23} + \Delta \mathcal{D}_{23} = -0.9 + 0 = -0.9 + 0 \\ \mathcal{D}_{24}(2) = \mathcal{D}_{24} + \Delta \mathcal{D}_{24} = -0.2 + 0 = -0.2 + 0 \end{array}$

W25 (2) = W25 + DW25 = -0.3+0=-0.34

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