Al model training for Happy and Sad Image recognition

Accuracy Improved 8/10

Data is consist of 5000 images for each happy and sad trained class, and average of 250 test images for each class

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn import datasets, linear_model
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import glob
import cv2
```

Converting images to array (Train Data Set)

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```
In [2]:
        #Preparing Training data
        path_1 = glob.glob("../input/newdata/Newdata/train/happy/*.*")
        cv1_img = []
        for img in path_1:
            n = cv2.imread(img)
            n = cv2.resize(n,(100,100))
            cv1_{img.append(n)}
        array1 = np.asarray(cv1_img)
        print(array1.shape)
        path_2 = glob.glob("../input/newdata/Newdata/train/sad/*.*")
        cv2_img = []
        for img in path_2:
            n = cv2.imread(img)
            n = cv2.resize(n, (100, 100))
            cv2_{img.append(n)}
        array2 = np.asarray(cv2_img)
        print(array2.shape)
```

```
(5000, 100, 100, 3)
(5000, 100, 100, 3)
```

Converting images to array (Test Data Set)

```
In [3]:
        #Preparing Testing data
        path_1 = glob.glob("../input/newdata/Newdata/test/happy/*.*")
        cv3_img = []
        for img in path_1:
            n = cv2.imread(img)
            n = cv2.resize(n, (100, 100))
            cv3_img.append(n)
        array3 = np.asarray(cv3_img)
        print(array3.shape)
        path_2 = glob.glob("../input/newdata/Newdata/test/sad/*.*")
        cv4_img = []
        for img in path_2:
            n = cv2.imread(img)
            n = cv2.resize(n,(100,100))
            cv4_{img.append(n)}
        array4 = np.asarray(cv4_img)
        print(array4.shape)
```

```
(248, 100, 100, 3)
(248, 100, 100, 3)
```

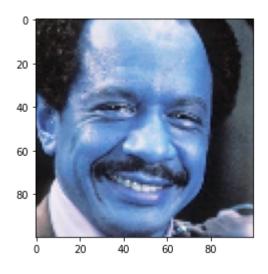
Previewing an image

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In [4]:
 plt.imshow(array1[15])

Out[4]:

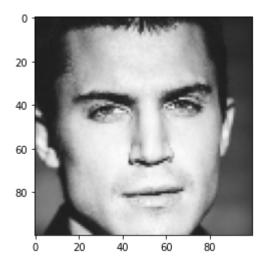
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbe8a22d790>



In [5]:
 plt.imshow(array2[17])

Out[5]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbe781e6090>



```
In [6]:
    xtr = np.concatenate((array1, array2))
    xts = np.concatenate((array3, array4))
    xtr.shape, xts.shape

Out[6]:
    ((10000, 100, 100, 3), (496, 100, 100, 3))
```

Setting Targets for Train dataset

```
In [7]:
    H = np.zeros(len(array1))
    S = np.ones(len(array2))
    print('Happy labels =',H, 'Sad Labels =',S)
    len(H),len(S)

Happy labels = [0. 0. 0. ... 0. 0. 0.] Sad Labels = [1. 1. 1. ... 1.
    1. 1.]
Out[7]:

(5000, 5000)
```

Setting targets for test Dataset

```
In [8]:
    HP = np.zeros(len(array3))
    SD = np.ones(len(array4))

    print('Happy Labels =', HP, 'Sad Labels =',SD)
    len(HP),len(SD)
```

```
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0.
0.
0.
0.
0.
0.
0.
0.
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.] Sad Labels = [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
1.
1.
1.
1.
1.
1.
1.
```

```
1.
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]

Out[8]:
(248, 248)
```

Combining Data for Happy and Sad

```
In [9]:
    ytr = np.concatenate((H,S))
    yts = np.concatenate((HP,SD))

    ytr.shape, yts.shape

Out[9]:
    ((10000,), (496,))

In [10]:
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        xtr,xval,ytr,yval = train_test_split(xtr,ytr,test_size = 0.2, shuffle = T
        rue)
        xtr.shape,xval.shape,ytr.shape,yval.shape

Out[10]:
    ((8000, 100, 100, 3), (2000, 100, 100, 3), (8000,), (2000,))
```

Normalzing the data

```
In [11]:
    xtrnorm = xtr/255
    xvalnorm = xval/255
    xtsnorm = xts/255
```

Building, Compiling and Training the Al Model

In [12]:

```
# Applying CNN model
from keras import layers , models
import tensorflow as tf
tf.random.set_seed(2)
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32,3,activation = 'relu', input_shape = (100,100,
3)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D(3,3))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64,3,activation = 'relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D(3,3))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(90,3,activation = 'relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D(3,3))
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(16,activation = 'relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation = 'sigmoid'))
model.compile(optimizer = 'adam' , loss = 'binary_crossentropy', metrics
= ['acc'])
model_hist = model.fit(xtr,ytr,epochs = 5, validation_data = (xval,yval),
verbose = 1)
model.fit(xtrnorm,ytr,epochs = 20, validation_data = (xvalnorm, yval))
```

User settings:

KMP_AFFINITY=granularity=fine, verbose, compact, 1,0

KMP_BLOCKTIME=0

KMP_DUPLICATE_LIB_OK=True

KMP_INIT_AT_FORK=FALSE

KMP_SETTINGS=1

KMP_WARNINGS=0

Effective settings:

KMP_ABORT_DELAY=0

KMP_ADAPTIVE_LOCK_PROPS='1,1024'

KMP_ALIGN_ALLOC=64

KMP_ALL_THREADPRIVATE=128

KMP_ATOMIC_MODE=2

KMP_BLOCKTIME=0

KMP_CPUINFO_FILE: value is not defined

KMP_DETERMINISTIC_REDUCTION=false

KMP_DEVICE_THREAD_LIMIT=2147483647

KMP_DISP_NUM_BUFFERS=7

KMP_DUPLICATE_LIB_OK=true

KMP_ENABLE_TASK_THROTTLING=true

KMP_FORCE_REDUCTION: value is not defined

KMP_FOREIGN_THREADS_THREADPRIVATE=true

KMP_FORKJOIN_BARRIER='2,2'

KMP_FORKJOIN_BARRIER_PATTERN='hyper,hyper'

KMP_GTID_MODE=3

KMP_HANDLE_SIGNALS=false

KMP_HOT_TEAMS_MAX_LEVEL=1

KMP_HOT_TEAMS_MODE=0

KMP_INIT_AT_FORK=true

KMP_LIBRARY=throughput

KMP_LOCK_KIND=queuing

KMP_MALLOC_POOL_INCR=1M

KMP_NUM_LOCKS_IN_BLOCK=1

KMP_PLAIN_BARRIER='2,2'

KMP_PLAIN_BARRIER_PATTERN='hyper,hyper'

KMP_REDUCTION_BARRIER='1,1'

KMP_REDUCTION_BARRIER_PATTERN='hyper,hyper'

```
KMP_SCHEDULE='static, balanced; guided, iterative'
   KMP_SETTINGS=true
   KMP_SPIN_BACKOFF_PARAMS='4096,100'
  KMP_STACKOFFSET=64
   KMP_STACKPAD=0
   KMP_STACKSIZE=8M
   KMP_STORAGE_MAP=false
   KMP_TASKING=2
  KMP_TASKLOOP_MIN_TASKS=0
  KMP_TASK_STEALING_CONSTRAINT=1
   KMP_TEAMS_THREAD_LIMIT=4
  KMP_TOPOLOGY_METHOD=all
  KMP_USE_YIELD=1
   KMP_VERSION=false
  KMP WARNINGS=false
  OMP_AFFINITY_FORMAT='OMP: pid %P tid %i thread %n bound to OS proc
set {%A}'
   OMP_ALLOCATOR=omp_default_mem_alloc
   OMP_CANCELLATION=false
   OMP_DEFAULT_DEVICE=0
  OMP_DISPLAY_AFFINITY=false
  OMP_DISPLAY_ENV=false
  OMP DYNAMIC=false
  OMP_MAX_ACTIVE_LEVELS=1
  OMP_MAX_TASK_PRIORITY=0
   OMP_NESTED: deprecated; max-active-levels-var=1
   OMP NUM THREADS: value is not defined
   OMP_PLACES: value is not defined
  OMP_PROC_BIND='intel'
  OMP_SCHEDULE='static'
   OMP_STACKSIZE=8M
  OMP_TARGET_OFFLOAD=DEFAULT
   OMP_THREAD_LIMIT=2147483647
  OMP_WAIT_POLICY=PASSIVE
   KMP_AFFINITY='verbose, warnings, respect, granularity=fine, compact, 1,
0'
2022-01-14 18:24:02.930001: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/process_u
til.cc:146 Creating new thread pool with default inter op setting: 2.
Tune using inter_op_parallelism_threads for best performance.
```

2022-01-14 18:24:03.897757: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir_graph_opti

mization_pass.cc:185] None of the MLIR Optimization Passes are enabled
(registered 2)

```
Epoch 1/5
250/250 [=============== ] - 24s 89ms/step - loss: 1.019
5 - acc: 0.5616 - val_loss: 0.6390 - val_acc: 0.6555
Epoch 2/5
250/250 [=============== ] - 22s 89ms/step - loss: 0.591
0 - acc: 0.6789 - val_loss: 0.5314 - val_acc: 0.7230
Epoch 3/5
250/250 [============== ] - 22s 88ms/step - loss: 0.476
0 - acc: 0.7751 - val_loss: 0.4443 - val_acc: 0.8030
Epoch 4/5
4 - acc: 0.8167 - val_loss: 0.4048 - val_acc: 0.8190
Epoch 5/5
9 - acc: 0.8428 - val_loss: 0.4008 - val_acc: 0.8300
Epoch 1/20
250/250 [=============== ] - 23s 91ms/step - loss: 0.680
7 - acc: 0.5428 - val_loss: 0.6502 - val_acc: 0.6400
Epoch 2/20
3 - acc: 0.6952 - val_loss: 0.5083 - val_acc: 0.7640
Epoch 3/20
5 - acc: 0.7753 - val_loss: 0.4346 - val_acc: 0.8085
Epoch 4/20
1 - acc: 0.8080 - val_loss: 0.4259 - val_acc: 0.8020
Epoch 5/20
5 - acc: 0.8285 - val_loss: 0.3843 - val_acc: 0.8295
Epoch 6/20
250/250 [============== ] - 22s 88ms/step - loss: 0.367
0 - acc: 0.8421 - val_loss: 0.3773 - val_acc: 0.8375
Epoch 7/20
0 - acc: 0.8560 - val_loss: 0.3988 - val_acc: 0.8190
Epoch 8/20
2 - acc: 0.8670 - val_loss: 0.3579 - val_acc: 0.8435
Epoch 9/20
```

```
6 - acc: 0.8673 - val_loss: 0.3364 - val_acc: 0.8565
Epoch 10/20
8 - acc: 0.8801 - val_loss: 0.3259 - val_acc: 0.8675
Epoch 11/20
6 - acc: 0.8869 - val_loss: 0.3262 - val_acc: 0.8605
Epoch 12/20
0 - acc: 0.8964 - val_loss: 0.3342 - val_acc: 0.8625
Epoch 13/20
250/250 [============== ] - 22s 88ms/step - loss: 0.242
8 - acc: 0.9010 - val_loss: 0.3292 - val_acc: 0.8635
Epoch 14/20
2 - acc: 0.9095 - val_loss: 0.3217 - val_acc: 0.8735
Epoch 15/20
9 - acc: 0.9154 - val_loss: 0.3259 - val_acc: 0.8730
Epoch 16/20
250/250 [============== ] - 22s 88ms/step - loss: 0.198
5 - acc: 0.9220 - val_loss: 0.4022 - val_acc: 0.8395
Epoch 17/20
4 - acc: 0.9298 - val_loss: 0.3285 - val_acc: 0.8705
Epoch 18/20
3 - acc: 0.9371 - val_loss: 0.3413 - val_acc: 0.8690
Epoch 19/20
6 - acc: 0.9459 - val_loss: 0.3567 - val_acc: 0.8685
Epoch 20/20
250/250 [============== ] - 22s 87ms/step - loss: 0.131
4 - acc: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3978 - val_acc: 0.8595
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fbd946ab890>
```

Out[12]:

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Evaluating the model--Predicting an input image

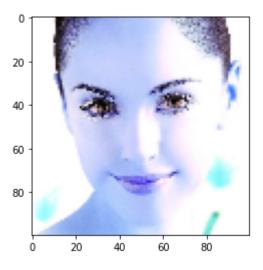
```
#Predicting model for class "0" which is happy

#print(model.predict_classes(xts[[1500]]))
print(model.predict(xts[[3]]))
plt.imshow(xts[3])
```

[[0.]]

Out[13]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda9f0cb50>



```
In [14]:
```

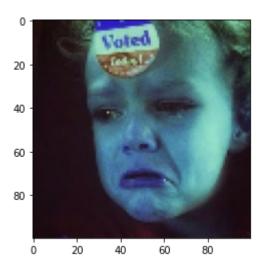
 $\#Predicting\ model\ for\ class\ "1"\ which\ is\ sad$

print(model.predict(xts[[480]]))
plt.imshow(xts[480])

[[1.]]

Out[14]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda16ee510>



```
In [15]:
```

##Summary for CNN mode1
model.summary()

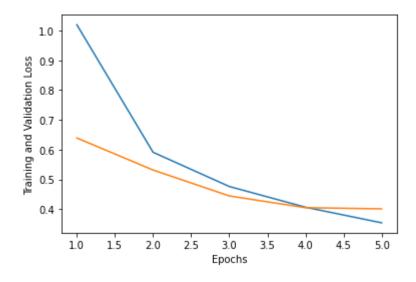
Model: "sequential"			
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None,	98, 98, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	32, 32, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None,	30, 30, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None,	10, 10, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None,	8, 8, 90)	51930
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2	(None,	2, 2, 90)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None,	360)	0
dense (Dense)	(None,	16)	5776
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	1)	17 =======
Total params: 77,115 Trainable params: 77,115 Non-trainable params: 0			

Evaluating Model

```
In [18]:
    epochs = np.arange(1,len(histo['val_acc'])+1)
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.xlabel("Epochs")
    plt.ylabel("Training and Validation Loss")
    plt.plot(epochs, histo["loss"])
    plt.plot(epochs, histo["val_loss"])
```

Out[18]:

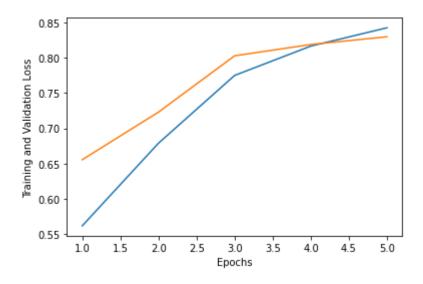
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7fbda16ae110>]



```
epochs = np.arange(1,len(histo['val_acc'])+1)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Training and Validation Loss")
plt.plot(epochs, histo["acc"])
plt.plot(epochs, histo["val_acc"])
```

Out[19]:

[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7fbda1fc97d0>]



```
In [20]:
    # plotting Accuracy
#plt.bar(['Cnn Acc','Ann Acc'],[ev1[1],ev2[1]])
```

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```
In [21]:
    path_5 = glob.glob("../input/accuracycheck/*.*")
    cv_img = []
    for img in path_5:
        n = cv2.imread(img)
        n = cv2.resize(n,(100,100))
        cv_img.append(n)

array5 = np.asarray(cv_img)
    print(array5.shape)
```

Happy = 0

Sad = 1

Accuracy Results = 8/10

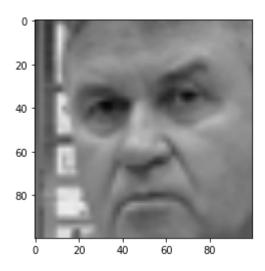
(10, 100, 100, 3)

```
In [22]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[9]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[9])
```

[[1.]]

Out[22]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda0f03790>

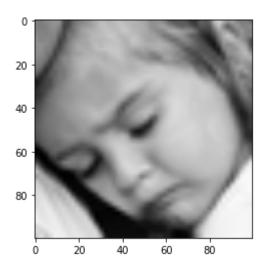


```
In [23]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[8]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[8])
```

[[1.]]

Out[23]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda1713a90>

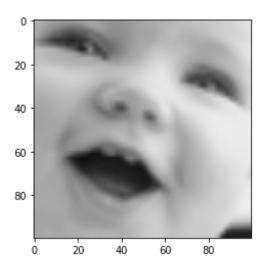


```
In [24]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[7]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[7])
```

[[0.]]

Out[24]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda154f450>

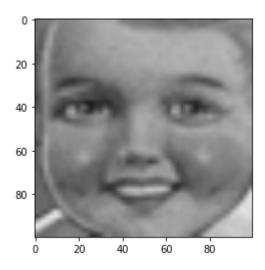


```
In [25]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[6]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[6])
```

[[0.]]

Out[25]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda14c5550>



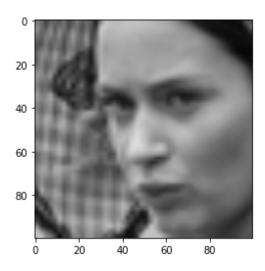
```
In [35]:
```

print(model.predict(array5[[5]]))
plt.imshow(array5[5])

[[1.4958497e-23]]

Out[35]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda10dd350>

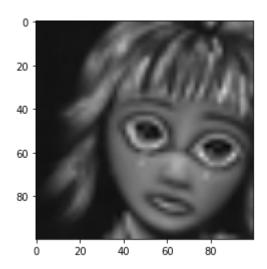


```
In [27]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[4]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[4])
```

[[1.]]

Out[27]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda142d750>



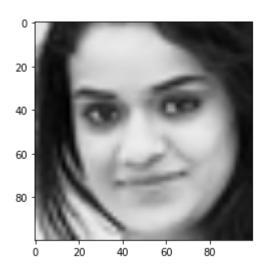
```
In [28]:
```

print(model.predict(array5[[3]]))
plt.imshow(array5[3])

[[0.]]

Out[28]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda13a1190>

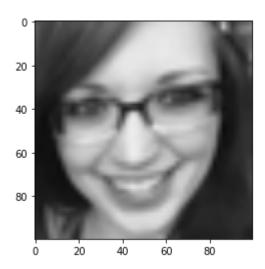


```
In [29]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[2]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[2])
```

[[0.]]

Out[29]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda130f090>

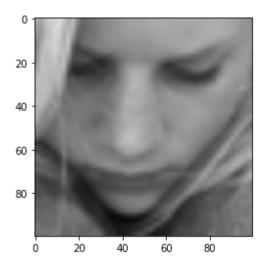


```
In [30]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[1]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[1])
```

[[0.]]

Out[30]:

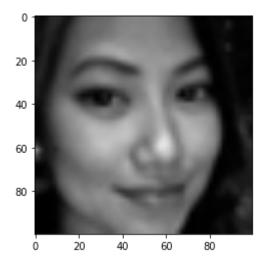
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda128b650>



```
In [31]:
    print(model.predict(array5[[0]]))
    plt.imshow(array5[0])

[[0.]]

Out[31]:
    <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fbda12080d0>
```



Accuracy 8/10