Exploring Weather Trends

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This project will be analysed the temperature of local (Mecca) and global. Then, it will compare the temperature between local (Mecca) and global.

Summary

Extract the data

SELECT * FROM global_data;

HISTORY 🗸

HISTORY V

avg_temp

25.16

19.05

22.46

MENU V

EVALUATE

◆ Download CSV

MENU V

EVALUATE

Download CSV

Query

SELECT * FROM global_data;

from base64 import b64decode

In this part, I'll use SQL to extract data of temperatures of **Mecca** and global

Out[1]:

In [1]: from IPython import display

base64Img = "iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAABE4AAAQFCAYAAACvo40jAAAAAXNSR0IArs4c6QAAAARnQU1BAACxjwv8YQUAAAAJcEhZcwAAFi display.Image(b64decode(base64Img))

Input

S SCHEMA

city_data

city_list

global_data

year

1750

1751

1752

1753

1754

1755

1756

266 results

Output

Success!

1

2

8.47 8.36 8.85

9.02

avg_temp

8.72

7.98

5.78

8.39

display.Image(b64decode(base64Img)) Input SELECT year, city, avg_temp FROM city_data WHERE 5 SCHEMA city = 'Mecca';

2

Success!

city

Mecca

Mecca

Mecca

Mecca

Mecca

Mecca

localTemp = pd.read_csv('Mecca_temp.csv', encoding='utf-8') globalTemp = pd.read_csv('global_temp.csv', encoding='utf-8')

country avg_temp Output 171 results year

1843

1844

1845

1846 1847 1848

Exploring CSV files

In [3]: #import pandas library import pandas as pd

#read csv files

Explore dataset of local and global temperatures localTemp.head() city avg_temp **0** 1843 Mecca 25.16 **1** 1844 Mecca 19.05 **2** 1845 Mecca 22.46

NaN

0 0 15

year **3** 1846 Mecca **4** 1847 Mecca

14 1857 Mecca **15** 1858 Mecca **16** 1859 Mecca NaN NaN **17** 1860 Mecca

As it can be seen table, the null value from 3 to 17. So for local data, I'll drop records from 1 to 17. Then I'll deal with data from year 1861 until 2013.

112 1862 7.56 **113** 1863 8.11 **114** 1864 7.98 **115** 1865 8.18

Out[15]: mean std 0.363178 24.935000 min 25% 25.393750 50% 25.663000 75% 25.812250 26.800000 max Name: avg temp, dtype: float64

globalTmpeMovAvg.describe()

146.000000

8.595979 0.396115

8.000000

8.275500 8.611500

8.743750 9.594000

Name: avg temp, dtype: float64

plt.plot(globalTemp['year'], globalTmpeMovAvg, label='Global') plt.xlabel("Years") plt.ylabel("Temperatures") plt.title("Mecca and Global Average Temperatures") plt.show()

> 27.5 25.0 22.5

20.0

17.5

15.0 12.5

observations • It can be seen descriptive of Mecca temprture, the highest average of temperature is 26.800 and the lowest is 24.935. However, the

- As it can be seen in the line chart, Mecca is hotter than global. Also, the line chart shows Mecca is always hotter over time. • The temperatures of Mecca is ups and downs until 1995 then Temperatures are incresed to highest. However, the global

Mecca

Global

2020

• From line chart, both Mecca and global are getting hotter over last hundreds years.

1960

highest average temperature of global is 9.594 and the lowest temperature is 8.595.

1980

2000

Mecca and Global Average Temperatures

4 1847 Mecca NaN

8.72

1 1751 7.98 **2** 1752 5.78 **3** 1753 8.39 **4** 1754 8.47

year avg_temp

3 1846 Mecca

In [6]: globalTemp.head()

0 1750

- year
- localTemp.isnull().sum() city avg_temp dtype: int64 In [8]: globalTemp.isnull().sum()
- year Out[8]: avg_temp dtype: int64 localTemp[localTemp.isna().any(axis=1)] Out[9]: city avg_temp NaN
- NaN **5** 1848 Mecca NaN 6 1849 Mecca NaN **7** 1850 Mecca NaN
- 8 1851 Mecca NaN **9** 1852 Mecca NaN **10** 1853 Mecca NaN **11** 1854 Mecca NaN
 - **12** 1855 Mecca NaN **13** 1856 Mecca NaN NaN NaN
 - As can be seen previously, the dataset of local temperatures has 15 records missing. So, I'll drop those records from data to calculate moving localTemp = localTemp[18:]

city avg_temp

23.98

24.13

22.87

localTemp.head()

18 1861 Mecca

19 1862 Mecca

20 1863 Mecca

In [10]:

In [11]:

Out[11]:

In [14]:

In [15]:

In [16]:

Out[16]:

In [17]:

Cleaning local data

Also, global data will be used from 1861 to 2013.

1864 Mecca 25.43 22 1865 Mecca 25.60

- globalTemp = globalTemp[111:] In [12]: globalTemp.head() In [13]: Out[13]: year avg_temp **111** 1861

 - globalTmpeMovAvg = globalTemp['avg temp'].rolling(10).mean() localTmpeMovAvg.describe() count 144.000000 25.669924

localTmpeMovAvg = localTemp['avg_temp'].rolling(10).mean()

- Line chart #import tool of visualization import matplotlib.pyplot as plt In [18]: #Local and global line chart
 - 1900

1920

- plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4)) plt.plot(localTemp['year'],localTmpeMovAvg,label='Mecca')

count

mean

std

min

50% 75%

max

- 10.0 1880
 - temperatures ups and downs until 1980 then it rise to highest.

- 1757 • SELECT year, city, avg_temp FROM FROM city_data WHERE city = 'Mecca'; In [2]: base64Img = "iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUhEUgAABEUAAAP6CAYAAAB2IOOWAAAAAXNSR0IArs4c6QAAAARnQU1BAACxjwv8YQUAAAAJcEhZcwAAFi
- city_data year city

Out[2]:

In [4]:

In [5]:

Out[5]:

Out[6]:

In [7]:

Out[7]: