OOP Advanced Assignment (Abstraction, Polymorphism & Static Members)

Task 1: Abstraction in Action

Create an abstract class Device with:

- brand (String)
- An abstract method turn0n()

A **non-abstract method** showBrand() that prints:

Device brand: {brand}

Then, create two subclasses:

1. Laptop (extra field: ramSize)

Implement turnOn() to print:

Laptop is turning on with {ramSize}GB RAM.

2. Smartphone (extra field: screenSize)

Implement turnOn() to print:

Smartphone is turning on with {screenSize}-inch display.

Create objects of Laptop & Smartphone, call showBrand() and turnOn().

Task 2: Polymorphism - Shape Drawing System

Create an abstract class Shape with:

An abstract method calculateArea()

Then, create two subclasses:

- 1. **Circle** (extra field: radius)
 - \circ Implement calculateArea() to return π * radius²
- 2. Rectangle (extra fields: length, width)
 - o Implement calculateArea() to return length × width
- Create a list of Shape objects and call calculateArea() for each one.

Task 3: Real-World Polymorphism - Payment System

Create an abstract class Payment with:

- amount
- An abstract method processPayment()

Then, create two subclasses:

1. CashPayment (no extra field)

processPayment() should print:

Cash payment of {amount} received.

2. CardPayment (extra field: cardNumber)

processPayment() should print:

Card payment of {amount} processed with card {cardNumber}. <a> Create

payment objects, store them in a list, and call processPayment().

Task 4: Static Variable & Method - User Counter

Create a User class with:

- username (String)
- A static variable userCount to track the total users
- A constructor that increments userCount when a new user is created

A **static method** showTotalUsers() that prints:

Total registered users: {userCount}

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Create multiple users and test showTotalUsers().

Task 5: Managing Employees using Abstraction & Static Methods Create an abstract class Employee with:

- name, salary
- An abstract method calculateBonus()

Then, create **two subclasses**:

- 1. Developer
 - o Implement calculateBonus() as salary * 0.1
- 2. Manager
 - o Implement calculateBonus() as salary * 0.2
- Create employee objects, store them in a list, and calculate bonuses for all.