Smart Contract Security Audit V1

Digital UYS Crowd Sale

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents

Background

Project Information

Smart Contract Information Executive Summary

File and Function Level Report File in Scope:

Issues Checking Status

Severity Definitions Audit Findings

Automatic testing

Testing proves Inheritance graph Call graph

Unified Modeling Language (UML)

Functions signature Automatic general report

Conclusion

Disclaimer

Background

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

Project Information

- Platform: Ethereum
- Contract Address: 0x4a17C61ff51D3a28F3a7Df6E795b6AbC6ac303E8
- Code:

https://rinkeby.etherscan.io/address/0x4a17c61ff51d3a28f3a7df6e795b6abc6ac303e8#code

Contracts address deployed to test net (ETH) Digital UYS Crowd Sale Smart contract on ETH test net.

https://rinkeby.etherscan.io/address/0x4a17c61ff51d3a28f3a7df6e795b6abc6ac303e8

Executive Summary

According to our assessment, the customer's solidity smart contract is **Secured**.

Well Secured	
Secured	√
Poor Secured	
Insecure	

Automated checks are with remix IDE. All issues were performed by the team, which included the analysis of code functionality, manual audit found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the audit overview section. The general overview is presented in the Project Information section and all issues found are located in the audit overview section.

Team found 0 critical, 0 high, 0 medium, 1 low, 0 very low-level issues and 1 note in all solidity files of the contract

The files:

CrowdSale.sol

File and Function Level Report

File in Scope:

Contract Name	SHA 256 hash	Contract Address
CrowdSale.sol	5b99dbc9508e728132377c4 5af016826114ccfead881663 7572f6ec0b5b89506	

Contract: CrowdsaleInherit: Context

• Observation: All passed including security check

Test Report: passedScore: passed

• Conclusion: passed

Function	Test Result	Type / Return Type	Score
rate	✓	Read / public	Passed
remainingTokens	√	Read / public	Passed
token	✓	Read / public	Passed
totalBNBCollected	√	Read / public	Passed
wallet	√	Read / public	Passed
weiRaised	√	Read / public	Passed
buyTokens	√	Write / payable	Passed
changeRate	√	Write / public	Passed
endIco	√	Write / public	Passed

Issues Checking Status

No.	Issue Description	Checking Status
1	Compiler warnings.	Passed
2	Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
3	Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4	Oracle calls.	Passed
5	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
6	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
7	DoS with Revert.	Passed
8	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed with notes
9	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
10	Economy model. If application logic is based on an incorrect economic model, the application would not function correctly and participants would incur financial losses. This type of issue is most often found in bonus rewards systems, Staking and Farming contracts, Vault and Vesting contracts, etc.	Passed
11	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
12	Private user data leaks.	Passed
13	Malicious Event log.	Passed
14	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
15	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
16	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
17	Design Logic.	Passed

Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to tokens loss etc.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution
Note	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

Audit Findings

Critical:

No Critical severity vulnerabilities were found

High:

No High severity vulnerabilities were found

Medium:

No Medium severity vulnerabilities were found

Low:

#Pragam version not fixed Description

It is a good practice to lock the solidity version for a live deployment (use 0.6.12 instead of ^0.6.12). contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested the most with. Locking the pragma helps ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using, for example, the latest compiler which may have higher risks of undiscovered bugs. Contracts may also be deployed by others and the pragma indicates the compiler version intended by the original authors.

Remediation

Remove the ^ sign to lock the pragma version.

Status: Closed. Fixed in version2.

Very Low:

No Very Low severity vulnerabilities were found.

Notes:

#Compiler version is old

Description

The compiler being used was released 2-3 years ago. It's recommended to use more recent compiler version, there can be benefits like reduction in bytecode size etc.

Status: Acknowledged

Automatic Testing

1- Check for security

5b99dbc9508e728132377c45af016826114ccfead8816637572f6ec0b5b89506	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Note	(v
File: crowdSal Language: solidity Size: 7576 bytes Date: 2022-02-12T08:56:31.616Z	0	0	0	0	0	

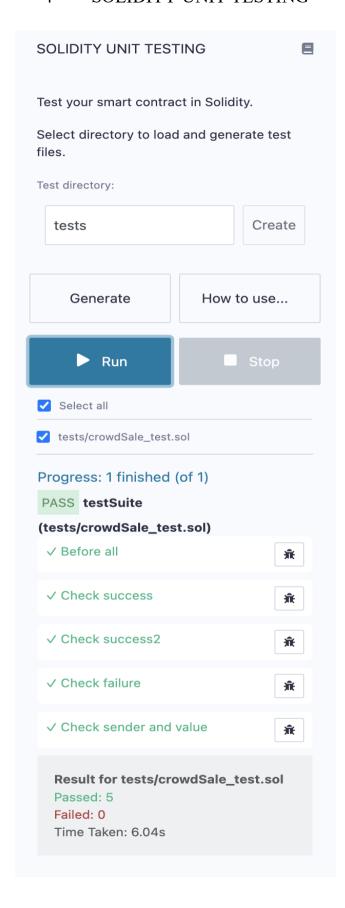
2- SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS



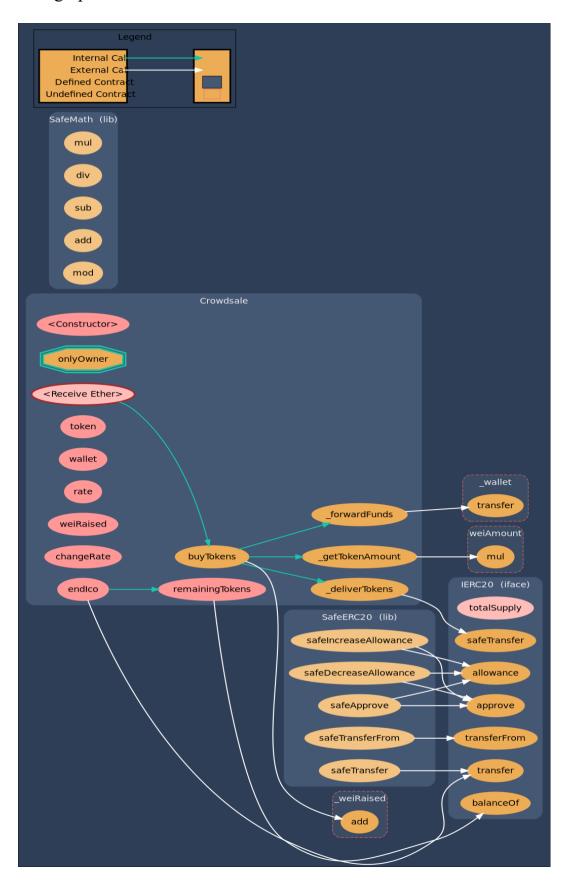
3- Inheritance graph



4- SOLIDITY UNIT TESTING



5- Call graph



Unified Modeling Language (UML)

```
<<Library>>
                      <<Interface>>
                                                                                 SafeMath
                          IERC20
                                                                      Private:
                                                                        INT256_MIN: int256
External:
                                                                      Internal:
  totalSupply(): uint256
                                                                        mul(a: uint256, b: uint256): uil
  balanceOf(who: address): uint256
                                                                        mul(a: int256, b: int256): int2
  allowance(owner: address, spender: address): uint256
                                                                        div(a: uint256, b: uint256): uin
  transfer(to: address, value: uint256): bool
                                                                        div(a: int256, b: int256): int25
  approve(spender: address, value: uint256): bool
                                                                        sub(a: uint256, b: uint256): ui
  transferFrom(from: address, to: address, value: uint256):|bool
                                                                        sub(a: int256, b: int256): int25
Public:
                                                                        add(a: uint256, b: uint256): ui
  <<event>> Transfer(from: address, to: address, value: uint256)
                                                                        add(a: int256, b: int256): int25
  <<event>> Approval(owner: address, spender: address, value: uir
                                                                        mod(a: uint256, b: uint256): u
                                                <<Library>>
                                                  SafeERC20
                       Internal:
                         safeTransfer(token: IERC20, to: address, value: uint256)
                         safeTransferFrom(token: IERC20, from: address, to: address, value; uint256)
                         safeApprove(token: IERC20, spender: address, value: uint256)
                         safeIncreaseAllowance(token: IERC20, spender: address, value: uint256)
                         safeDecreaseAllowance(token: IERC20, spender: address, value: 'uint256)
                                                  Crowdsale
                    Private:
                      token: IERC20
                      wallet: address
                      rate: uint256
                      weiRaised: uint256
                    Public:
                      totalBNBCollected: uint256
                     owner: address
                      deliverTokens(sender: address, tokenAmount: uint256)
                      getTokenAmount(weiAmount: uint256): uint256
                       _forwardFunds()
                    External:
                       <<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre>null()
                    Public:
                      <<pre><<pre><<pre><<pre>payable>> buyTokens()
                      <<event>> TokensPurchased(purchaser: address, value: uint256, amount: uint2
                      <<modifier>> onlyOwner()
                      constructor()
                      token(): IERC20
                      wallet(): address
                      rate(): uint256
                      remainingTokens(): uint256
                      weiRaised(): uint256
                      changeRate(price: uint256): (success: bool)
                      endico( address: address)
```

Functions signature

```
43509138 => div(int256,int256)
18160ddd => totalSupply()
70a08231 => balanceOf(address)
dd62ed3e => allowance(address,address)
a9059cbb => transfer(address, uint256)
095ea7b3 => approve(address,uint256)
23b872dd => transferFrom(address,address,uint256)
c8a4ac9c => mul(uint256, uint256)
bbe93d91 => mul(int256,int256)
a391c15b => div(uint256,uint256)
b67d77c5 => sub(uint256, uint256)
adefc37b => sub(int256, int256)
771602f7 => add(uint256,uint256)
a5f3c23b => add(int256,int256)
f43f523a => mod(uint256, uint256)
d0c407e1 => safeTransfer(IERC20, address, uint256)
5beae096 => safeTransferFrom(IERC20, address, address, uint256)
d6dcec8d => safeApprove(IERC20,address,uint256)
390cc046 => safeIncreaseAllowance(IERC20, address, uint256)
5164ffed => safeDecreaseAllowance(IERC20, address, uint256)
fc0c546a => token()
521eb273 => wallet()
2c4e722e => rate()
bf583903 => remainingTokens()
4042b66f => weiRaised()
74e7493b => changeRate(uint256)
d0febe4c => buyTokens()
ed2cbf06 => _deliverTokens(address,uint256)
7a99bb0a => _getTokenAmount(uint256)
b3413d9f => _forwardFunds()
0339d81c => endIco(address)
```

Automatic general report

```
Files Description Table
| File Name | SHA-1 Hash |
|-----|
| /Users/macbook/Desktop/smart contracts/crowdSale.sol |
49c0b2467c3037bedddeea20970a45da3b6a9d55
Contracts Description Table
| Contract |
                Type Bases
| **Function Name** | **Visibility** | **Mutability** |
**Modifiers** |
| **IERC20** | Interface | ||| | |
| L | totalSupply | External | | NO | |
| L | balanceOf | External | | NO| |
| L | allowance | External | | | NO | |
| L | transfer | External | | NO | |
| **SafeMath** | Library | |||
| L | mul | Internal A |
| L | mul | Internal A |
| L | div | Internal A |
| L | div | Internal | |
| L | sub | Internal 🖺 |
| L | sub | Internal A | L | add | Internal A |
| L | add | Internal A |
| L | mod | Internal A |
| **SafeERC20** | Library | |||
| L | safeTransfer | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| L | safeApprove | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| L | safeIncreaseAllowance | Internal 🖺 | 🔘
| L | safeDecreaseAllowance | Internal A | | | | | | |
| **Crowdsale** | Implementation | ||
| Constructor> | Public | | NO | |
| L | <Receive Ether> | External [ | ID | NO] | L | token | Public [ | NO] |
| L | wallet | Public | | NO | |
| L | rate | Public | | | NO | |
| L | remainingTokens | Public | |
| L | buyTokens | Public | | III | NO | |
```

Conclusion

The contracts are written systematically. Team found no critical. So, it is good to go for production.

Since possible test cases can be unlimited and developer level documentation (code flow diagram with function level description) not provided, for such an extensive smart contract protocol, we provide no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan Everything.

Security state of the reviewed contract is "secured".

- ✓ No volatile code.
- ✓ Not many high severity issues were found.

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against the team on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how team produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. team go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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