

# Smart Contract Security Audit V1

## Digital UYS Token

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# Background

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

## Project Information

- **Platform:** Ethereum
- **Contract Address:** 0x74993849F057b436b749873C22B5a50420B89b7f
- **Code:**

<https://rinkeby.etherscan.io/address/0x74993849f057b436b749873c22b5a50420b89b7f#code>

## Token Information

- Name: UYS
- MAX Supply: 2,644,393,341
- Holders:
- Total transactions:

Contracts address deployed to test net (ETH)

Digital UYS Smart contract on ETH test net.

<https://rinkeby.etherscan.io/address/0x74993849f057b436b749873c22b5a50420b89b7f>

## Executive Summary

According to our assessment, the customer`s solidity smart contract is **Well-Secured**. because all critical and high issues fixed in version 2.

Well Secured	✓
Secured	
Poor Secured	
Insecure	

Automated checks are with remix IDE. All issues were performed by the team, which included the analysis of code functionality, manual audit found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the audit overview section. The general overview is presented in the Project Information section and all issues found are located in the audit overview section.

Team found 1 critical, 1 high, 0 medium, 1 low, 0 very low-level issues and 2 notes in all solidity files of the contract

The files:

DigitalUYS.sol

# File and Function Level Report

File in Scope:

Contract Name	SHA 256 hash	Contract Address
DigitalUYS.sol	9ef88797a0fb95e13ffc699d b67956e26c2c44a9928e8c3 1b3782bf2ed4f56ee	0x74993849F057b436b749873C22B5a50420B 89b7f

- Contract: uzair
- Inherit: Context, IERC20
- Observation: All passed including security check
- Test Report: passed
- Score: passed
- Conclusion: passed

Function	Test Result	Type / Return Type	Score
name	✓	Read / public	Passed
symbol	✓	Read / public	Passed
balanceOf	✓	Read / public	Passed
totalSupply	✓	Read / public	Passed
decimal	✓	Read / public	Passed
allowance	✓	Read / public	Passed
approve	✓	Write / public	Passed
transferFrom	✓	Write / public	Passed
transfer	✓	Write / public	Passed
burn	✓	Write / public	Passed
decreaseAllowance	✓	Write / public	Passed
increaseAllowance	✓	Write / public	Passed

# Issues Checking Status

No.	Issue Description	Checking Status
1	Compiler warnings.	Passed
2	Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
3	Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4	Oracle calls.	Passed
5	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
6	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
7	DoS with Revert.	Passed
8	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed with notes
9	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
10	Economy model. If application logic is based on an incorrect economic model, the application would not function correctly and participants would incur financial losses. This type of issue is most often found in bonus rewards systems, Staking and Farming contracts, Vault and Vesting contracts, etc.	Passed
11	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
12	Private user data leaks.	Passed
13	Malicious Event log.	Passed
14	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
15	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
16	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
17	Design Logic.	Passed

## Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to tokens loss etc.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution
Note	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

## Audit Findings

### Critical:

#### #The owner can burn the user's funds

##### Description

The owner has the ability to burn as much as he wants; this represents a risk for the users because in that case their funds will be burned with his/her permission in the smart contract.

```
function burn(address account, uint256 amount) public onlyOwner{
    _burn(account, amount);
}
```

##### Remediation

There are two possibilities to remediate the risk. Make this function internal which no one can control it . The second one is making burn function burn from the total supply not from user's funds which is recommended by the auditor.

Status: **Closed**. Fixed in version2.

### High:

#### #The owner can't be change at all

##### Description

Everyone knows the initial owner is the deployer who deploy the smart contract in this case there isn't any write function to change the ownership or renounce ownership which make problems in the future if the owner wants to change the owner or renounce the ownership.

##### Remediation

Create ownable contract which allow the initial owner to transfer the ownership and renounce the ownership if he wants that.

Status: **Closed**. Fixed in version2.

### Medium:

No Medium severity vulnerabilities were found



## Low:

### #Pragma version not fixed

#### Description

It is a good practice to lock the solidity version for a live deployment (use 0.6.12 instead of ^0.6.12). contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested the most with. Locking the pragma helps ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using, for example, the latest compiler which may have higher risks of undiscovered bugs. Contracts may also be deployed by others and the pragma indicates the compiler version intended by the original authors.

#### Remediation

Remove the ^ sign to lock the pragma version.

Status: **Closed**. Fixed in version2.

## Very Low:

No Very Low severity vulnerabilities were found.

## Notes:

### #Useless function

#### Description

Change decimal function is internal so no one can control it and it isn't recommended to change the decimal of the token after deploy.

```
function _setupDecimals(uint8 decimals_) internal {  
    _decimals = decimals_;  
}
```

#### Remediation

Remove this function from the contract and save some ETH gas.

Status: **Closed**. Fixed in version2.

### #Compiler version is old

#### Description

The compiler being used was released 2-3 years ago. It's recommended to use more recent compiler version, there can be benefits like reduction in bytecode size etc.

Status: **Acknowledged**

# Automatic Testing

## 1- Check for security

9ef88797a0fb95e13ffc699db67956e26c2c44a9928e8c31b3782bf2ed4f56ee

File: Digital ... | Language: solidity | Size: 10314 bytes | Date: 2022-02-11T05:42:01.740Z

Critical	High	Medium	Low	Note
0	0	0	0	0

✓

## 2- SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS

SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS

☒ Select all ☒ Autorun 

Run

Security

☒ Select Security

- ☒ Transaction origin:  
'tx.origin' used
- ☒ Check-effects-interaction:  
Potential reentrancy bugs
- ☒ Inline assembly:  
Inline assembly used
- ☒ Block timestamp:  
Can be influenced by miners
- ☒ Low level calls:  
Should only be used by experienced devs
- ☒ Block hash:  
Can be influenced by miners
- ☒ Selfdestruct:  
Contracts using destructed contract can be broken

Gas & Economy

☒ Select Gas & Economy

- ☒ Gas costs:  
Too high gas requirement of functions
- ☒ This on local calls:  
Invocation of local functions via 'this'
- ☒ Delete dynamic array:  
Use require/assert to ensure complete deletion
- ☒ For loop over dynamic array:  
Iterations depend on dynamic array's size
- ☒ Ether transfer in loop:  
Transferring Ether in a for/while/do-while loop

SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS

ERC

☒ Select ERC

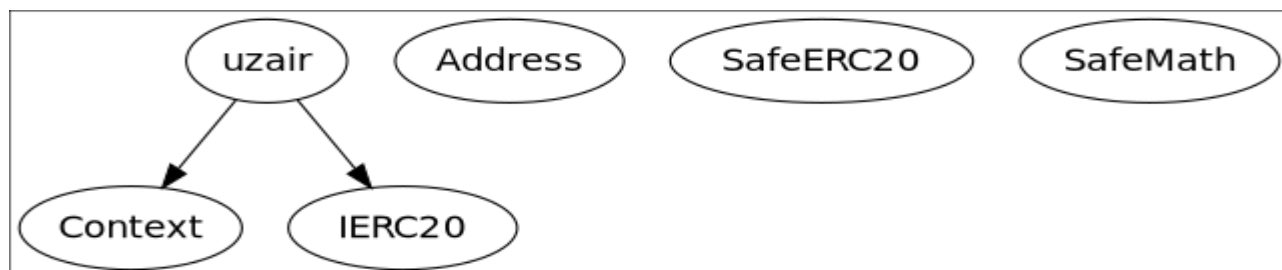
- ☒ ERC20:  
'decimals' should be 'uint8'

Miscellaneous

☒ Select Miscellaneous

- ☒ Constant/View/Pure functions:  
Potentially constant/view/pure functions
- ☒ Similar variable names:  
Variable names are too similar
- ☒ No return:  
Function with 'returns' not returning
- ☒ Guard conditions:  
Ensure appropriate use of require/assert
- ☒ Result not used:  
The result of an operation not used
- ☒ String length:  
Bytes length != String length
- ☒ Delete from dynamic array:  
'delete' leaves a gap in array
- ☒ Data truncated:  
Division on int/uint values truncates the result

## 3- Inheritance graph



## 4- SOLIDITY UNIT TESTING

### SOLIDITY UNIT TESTING

Test your smart contract in Solidity.

Select directory to load and generate test files.

Test directory:

☒ Select all

☒ tests/Digital UYS\_test.sol

Progress: 1 finished (of 1)

**PASS testSuite (tests/Digital UYS\_test.sol)**

✓ Before all

✖

✓ Check success

✖

✓ Check success2

✖

✓ Check failure

✖

✓ Check sender and value

✖

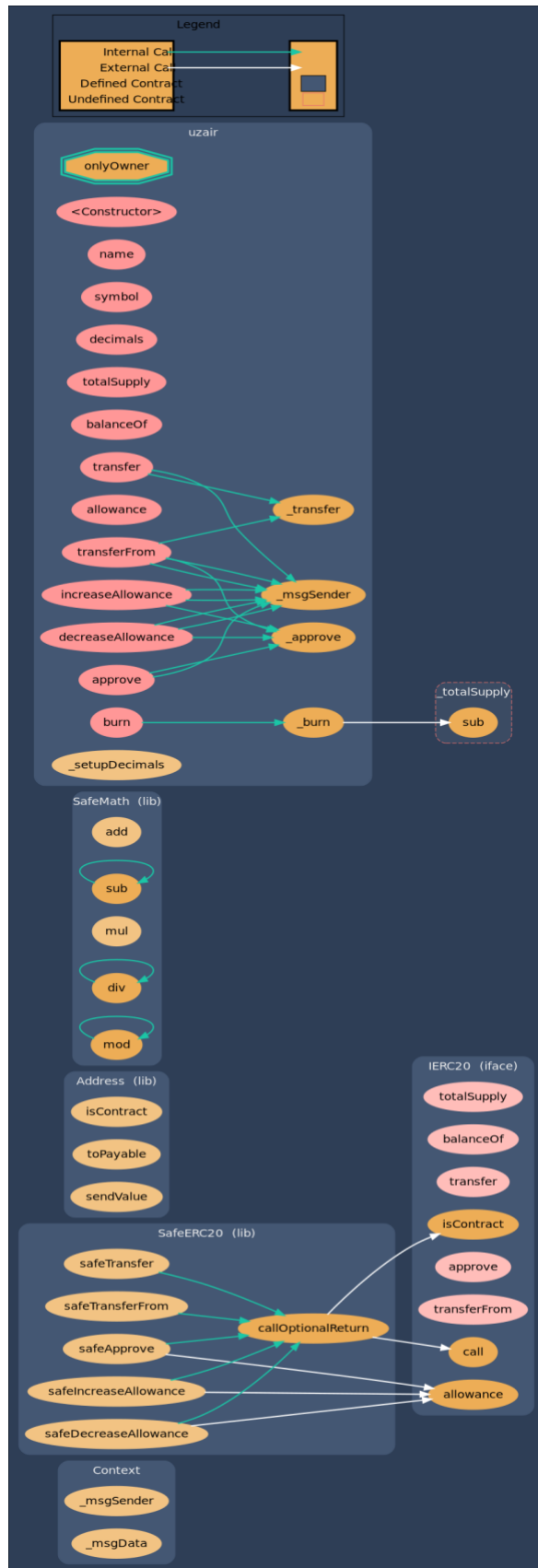
**Result for tests/Digital UYS\_test.sol**

Passed: 5

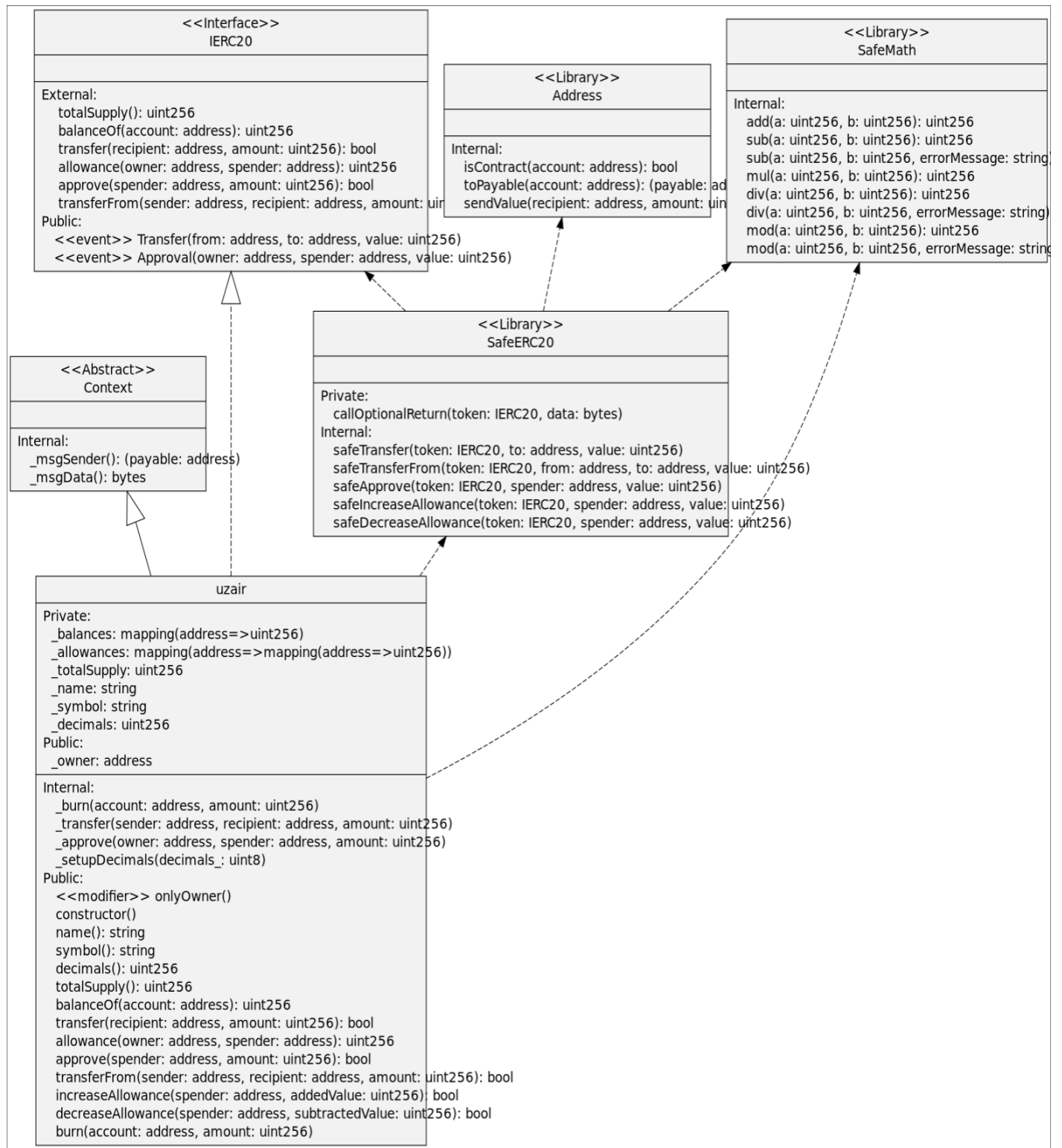
Failed: 0

Time Taken: 0.40s

## 5- Call graph



# Unified Modeling Language (UML)



## Functions signature

Sighash		Function Signature
=====		
16279055	=>	isContract (address)
39509351	=>	increaseAllowance (address,uint256)
119df25f	=>	_msgSender ()
8b49d47e	=>	_msgData ()
18160ddd	=>	totalSupply ()
70a08231	=>	balanceOf (address)
a9059cbb	=>	transfer (address,uint256)
dd62ed3e	=>	allowance (address,address)
095ea7b3	=>	approve (address,uint256)
23b872dd	=>	transferFrom (address,address,uint256)
51ecabd6	=>	toPayable (address)
24a084df	=>	sendValue (address,uint256)
d0c407e1	=>	safeTransfer (IERC20,address,uint256)
5beae096	=>	safeTransferFrom (IERC20,address,address,uint256)
d6dcec8d	=>	safeApprove (IERC20,address,uint256)
390cc046	=>	safeIncreaseAllowance (IERC20,address,uint256)
5164ffed	=>	safeDecreaseAllowance (IERC20,address,uint256)
a3e7dd48	=>	callOptionalReturn (IERC20,bytes)
771602f7	=>	add (uint256,uint256)
b67d77c5	=>	sub (uint256,uint256)
e31bdc0a	=>	sub (uint256,uint256,string)
c8a4ac9c	=>	mul (uint256,uint256)
a391c15b	=>	div (uint256,uint256)
b745d336	=>	div (uint256,uint256,string)
f43f523a	=>	mod (uint256,uint256)
71af23e8	=>	mod (uint256,uint256,string)
06fdde03	=>	name ()
95d89b41	=>	symbol ()
313ce567	=>	decimals ()
a457c2d7	=>	decreaseAllowance (address,uint256)
9dc29fac	=>	burn (address,uint256)
6161eb18	=>	_burn (address,uint256)
30e0789e	=>	_transfer (address,address,uint256)
104e81ff	=>	_approve (address,address,uint256)
61e9edb2	=>	_setupDecimals (uint8)

# Automatic general report

## Files Description Table

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
/Users/macbook/Desktop/smart contracts/Digital UYS.sol	d34065613f2783886846850386a295b053e5aa95

## Contracts Description Table

Contract	Type	Bases		
:-----: :-----: :-----: :-----: :-----:				
L	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	
**Modifiers**				
**Context**	Implementation			
L   _msgSender	Internal			
L   _msgData	Internal			
**IERC20**	Interface			
L   totalSupply	External	NO!		
L   balanceOf	External	NO!		
L   transfer	External	NO!		
L   allowance	External	NO!		
L   approve	External	NO!		
L   transferFrom	External	NO!		
**Address**	Library			
L   isContract	Internal			
L   toPayable	Internal			
L   sendValue	Internal			
**SafeERC20**	Library			
L   safeTransfer	Internal			
L   safeTransferFrom	Internal			
L   safeApprove	Internal			
L   safeIncreaseAllowance	Internal			
L   safeDecreaseAllowance	Internal			
L   callOptionalReturn	Private			
**SafeMath**	Library			
L   add	Internal			
L   sub	Internal			
L   sub	Internal			
L   mul	Internal			
L   div	Internal			
L   div	Internal			
L   mod	Internal			
L   mod	Internal			
**uzair**	Implementation	Context, IERC20		

L	<Constructor>	Public	!	⬛	NO	!	
L	name	Public	!		NO	!	
L	symbol	Public	!		NO	!	
L	decimals	Public	!		NO	!	
L	totalSupply	Public	!		NO	!	
L	balanceOf	Public	!		NO	!	
L	transfer	Public	!	⬛	NO	!	
L	allowance	Public	!		NO	!	
L	approve	Public	!	⬛	NO	!	
L	transferFrom	Public	!	⬛	NO	!	
L	increaseAllowance	Public	!	⬛	NO	!	
L	decreaseAllowance	Public	!	⬛	NO	!	
L	burn	Public	!	⬛	onlyOwner		
L	_burn	Internal	🔒	⬛			
L	_transfer	Internal	🔒	⬛			
L	_approve	Internal	🔒	⬛			
L	_setupDecimals	Internal	🔒	⬛			

### Legend

Symbol	Meaning
⬛	Function can modify state
🔒	Function is payable



## Conclusion

The contracts are written systematically. Team found no critical issues after the fix the problems. So, it is good to go for production.

Since possible test cases can be unlimited and developer level documentation (code flow diagram with function level description) not provided, for such an extensive smart contract protocol, we provide no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan Everything.

Security state of the reviewed contract is “Well secured”.

- ✓ No volatile code.
- ✓ Not many high severity issues were found.

# Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against the team on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how team produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. team go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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