Smart Contract Security Audit V1

Infinity Token

27/12/2021



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Background

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

Project Information

• Platform: Binance Smart Chain

Contract Address: 0xb6cc0bb448adD423dcfBAf9242844fA723D8875A

Token Information

• Name: INFINITY

• Total Supply: 3000 Max supply:15000

• Holders: address

• Total transactions:

Contracts address deployed to test net (BSC)

Infinity token contract on testnet.bsc (BSC Test Net) https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x95d70fe2a4c012871549ae36c3aa04f6d451b0de

Executive Summary

According to our assessment, the customer's solidity smart contract is **Secured**. Because all medium and low issues fixed in version 2.



Automated checks are with remix IDE. All issues were performed by the team, which included the analysis of code functionality, manual audit found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the audit overview section. The general overview is presented in the Project Information section and all issues found are located in the audit overview section.

Team found 0 critical, 0 high, 1 medium, 2 low, 0 very low-level issues and 1 note in all solidity files of the contract in version 1 and fixed in version 2.

The files:

Infinity Token.sol

File and Function Level Report

File in Scope:

Contract Name	SHA 256 hash	Contract Address
I Intinity Lovan col	907f5c235848519712a1413 265caa3c2b36ca6ddafbe93 3f29a9cb180aed7de6	0xb6cc0bb448adD423dcfBAf9242844fA723D 8875A

• Contract: Infinity Token

• Inherit: BEP20

• Observation: All passed including security check

Test Report: passedScore: passed

• Conclusion: passed

Function	Test Result	Type / Return Type	Score
name	~	Read / public	Passed
symbol	~	Read / public	Passed
decimals	~	Read / public	Passed
totalSupply	~	Read / public	Passed
allowance	~	Read / public	Passed
balanceOf	~	Read / public	Passed
getOwner	~	Read / public	Passed
owner	~	Read / public	Passed
checkpoints	~	Read / public	Passed
delegates	~	Read / public	Passed
DELEGATION_TYPE HASH	~	Read / public	Passed
DOMAIN_TYPEHASH	~	Read / public	Passed
getCurrentVotes	~	Read / public	Passed
getPriorVotes	~	Read / public	Passed

nonces	~	Read / public	Passed
numCheckpoints	*	Read / public	Passed
approve	>	Write / public	Passed
transferFrom	>	Write / public	Passed
transfer	>	Write / public	Passed
renounceOwnership	>	Write / public	Passed
mint	>	Write / public	Passed
mint	>	Write / public	Passed
delegate	>	Write / public	Passed
delegateBySig	>	Write / public	Passed
decreaseAllowance	>	Write / public	Passed
increaseAllowance	>	Write / public	Passed
transferOwnership	~	Write / public	Passed

Issues Checking Status

No.	Issue Description	Checking Status
1	Compiler warnings.	Passed
2	Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
3	Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4	Oracle calls. Pass	
5	Front running. Passed	
6	Timestamp dependence. Passed	
7	Integer Overflow and Underflow. Passed	
8	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed
10	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11	Economy model. If application logic is based on an incorrect economic model, the application would not function correctly and participants would incur financial losses. This type of issue is most often found in bonus rewards systems, Staking and Farming contracts, Vault and Vesting contracts, etc.	Passed
12	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
13	Private user data leaks.	Passed
14	Malicious Event log.	Passed
15	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
16	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
17	Arithmetic accuracy. Passed	
18	Design Logic.	Passed

Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to tokens loss etc.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution
Note	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

Audit Findings

Critical:

No critical severity vulnerabilities were found.

High:

No High severity vulnerabilities were found

Medium:

The owner can mint a new token anytime

Description

The owner has the ability to mint more token which can effect on the price of the token; this represents a risk for the users because in that case their funds will be more less in price.

P.S in the contract there 2 mint function one can't mine more than max supply, these issues we take about the other one which the owner has the ability to mint tokens as he wants.

Remediation

Make mint() function internal so no one can mint more tokens.

Status: Closed, fixed in version 2

Low:

Constant calculations in the contract

Description

recalculated initialization will save 2847 units of gas in deployment

```
uint256 private constant _initialSupply = 3000*10**18;
uint256 private constant _maxSupply = 15000*10**18;
```

Recommendation

Replace the initialization as

```
uint256 private constant _initialSupply = 300000000000000000000;
uint256 private constant _maxSupply = 15000000000000000000;
```

Status: Closed, fixed in version 2

#Unused Functions

Description

The following function can be omitted as it's not used anywhere:

_burn ()

Reason

This function is internal and is not called inside any external or public functions.

Status: Closed, fixed in version 2

Very Low:

No Very Low severity vulnerabilities were found.

Notes:

#Compiler version is old

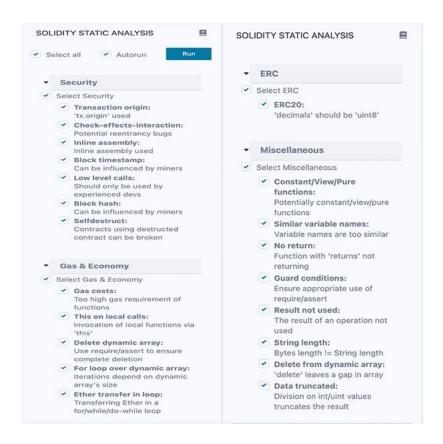
Description

The compiler being used was released a 3 years ago. It's recommended to use more recent compiler version, there can be benefits like reduction in bytecode size etc.

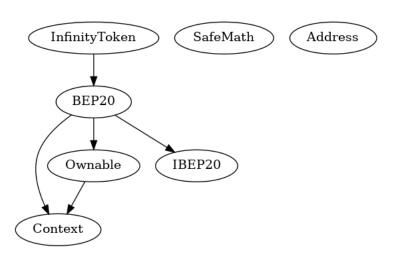
Status: Acknowledged

Automatic Testing

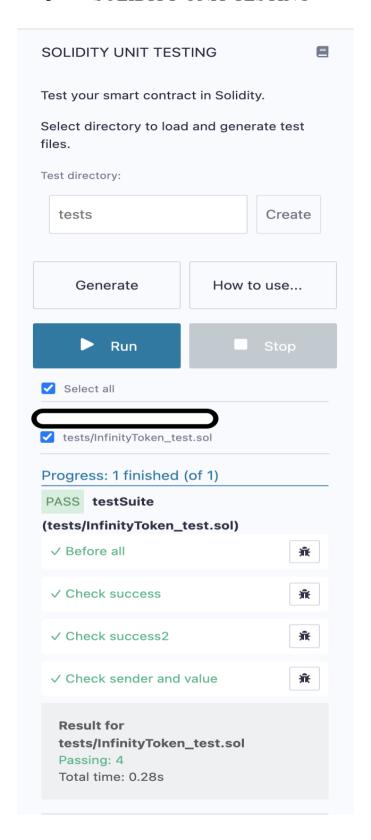
1- SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS



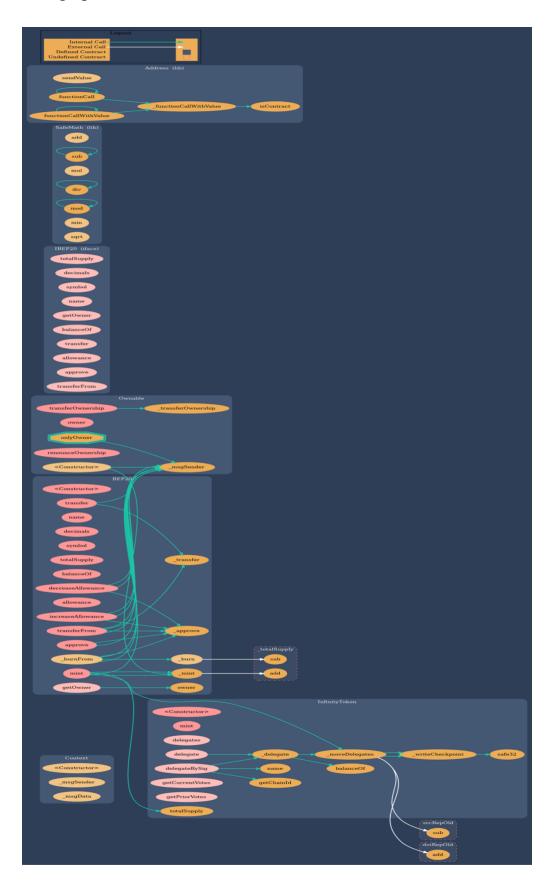
2- Inheritance graph



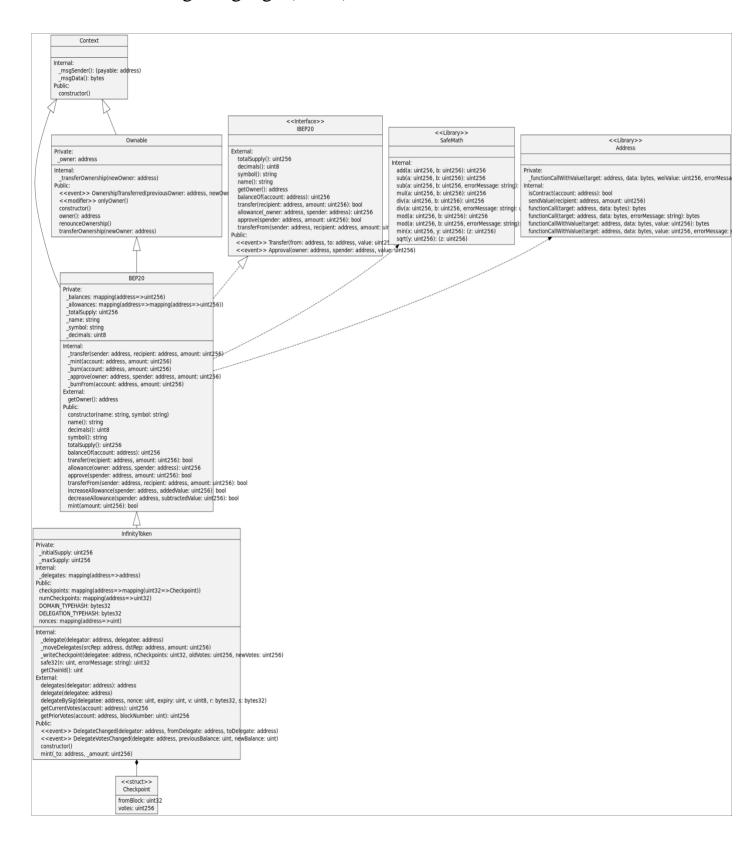
3- SOLIDITY UNIT TESTING



4- Call graph



Unified Modeling Language (UML)



Functions signature

```
16279055 => isContract(address)
39509351 => increaseAllowance(address, uint256)
119df25f => _msgSender()
8b49d47e => _msgData()
8da5cb5b => owner()
715018a6 => renounceOwnership()
f2fde38b => transferOwnership(address)
d29d44ee => transferOwnership(address)
18160ddd => totalSupply()
313ce567 => decimals()
95d89b41 => symbol()
06fdde03 => name()
893d20e8 => getOwner()
70a08231 => balanceOf(address)
a9059cbb => transfer(address,uint256)
dd62ed3e => allowance(address, address)
095ea7b3 => approve(address, uint256)
23b872dd => transferFrom(address,address,uint256)
771602f7 => add(uint256,uint256)
b67d77c5 => sub(uint256, uint256)
e31bdc0a => sub(uint256, uint256, string)
c8a4ac9c => mul(uint256, uint256)
a391c15b => div(uint256, uint256)
b745d336 => div(uint256, uint256, string)
f43f523a => mod(uint256,uint256)
71af23e8 => mod(uint256, uint256, string)
7ae2b5c7 => min(uint256, uint256)
677342ce => sqrt(uint256)
24a084df => sendValue(address,uint256)
a0b5ffb0 => functionCall(address,bytes)
241b5886 => functionCall(address,bytes,string)
2a011594 => functionCallWithValue(address, bytes, uint256)
d525ab8a => functionCallWithValue(address, bytes, uint256, string)
36455e42 => _functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string)
a457c2d7 => decreaseAllowance(address,uint256)
a0712d68 => mint(uint256)
30e0789e => _transfer(address,address,uint256)
4e6ec247 => _mint(address,uint256)
6161eb18 => _burn(address,uint256)
104e81ff => _approve(address,address,uint256)
a22b35ce => _burnFrom(address,uint256)
40c10f19 => mint(address, uint256)
587cdele => delegates(address)
5c19a95c => delegate (address)
c3cda520 => delegateBySig(address, uint256, uint256, uint8, bytes32, bytes32)
b4b5ea57 => getCurrentVotes(address)
782d6fe1 => getPriorVotes(address, uint256)
a28a42b3 => _delegate(address,address)
955f9fd8 => _moveDelegates(address,address,uint256)
ee59e77f => _writeCheckpoint(address,uint32,uint256,uint256)
869d1f83 => safe32(uint256,string)
3408e470 \Rightarrow getChainId()
```

Automatic general report

```
Files Description Table
| File Name | SHA-1 Hash |
|-----|
| /Users/macbook/Desktop/smart contracts/InfinityToken.sol |
546f155ae3edb4dee320ac07a0b4e5f696996ee1 |
Contracts Description Table
| Contract |
                     Type | Bases |
|:----:|:----:|:----:|:-----:|:-----
| **Function Name** | **Visibility** | **Mutability** |
**Modifiers** |
| **Context** | Implementation | |||
| L | <Constructor> | Internal 🖺 | 🔘
| L | msgData | Internal 🖺 | | |
| **Ownable** | Implementation | Context |||
| L | <Constructor> | Internal 🖺 | 🔘
| L | owner | Public | | NO | | | | |
| L | renounceOwnership | Public | | OnlyOwner | L | transferOwnership | Public | OnlyOwner |
| L | _transferOwnership | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| | | | | | -
| **IBEP20** | Interface | ||| | | | | | | | | |
| L | totalSupply | External | | NO| |
| L | decimals | External | | | NO | | | L | symbol | External | | NO | |
| L | name | External | | NO| |
| L | getOwner | External | | | NO | |
| L | balanceOf | External | | NO | |
| L | transfer | External | | | NO| |
| L | allowance | External | | NO | |
  L | approve | External [ | ①
                              |NO∭ |
| L | transferFrom | External | | | NO| | | | | | |
| **SafeMath** | Library | |||
| L | add | Internal 🖺 |
| L | sub | Internal 🖺 |
| L | sub | Internal A | | L | mul | Internal A | | L | div | Internal A |
| L | div | Internal A | | L | mod | Internal A | | L | mod | Internal A | |
| L | min | Internal 🖺 |
| L | sqrt | Internal 🖺 | | |
| L | isContract | Internal 🖺 |
```

```
| L | functionCall | Internal A | O
| L | functionCall | Internal A | O
| L | functionCallWithValue | Internal | L | functionCallWithValue | Internal | L |
| L | functionCallWithValue | Private 🖺 |
| **BEP20** | Implementation | Context, IBEP20, Ownable |||
| L | getOwner | External | | NO | |
| L | name | Public | | NO | |
 L | decimals | Public | | | NO | |
 L | symbol | Public | | NO | |
 L | totalSupply | Public | | NO | |
 L | balanceOf | Public | | NO | |
| L | transfer | Public | | | NO | |
 | allowance | Public | | NO | |
 L | approve | Public | |
                         | NON |
| L | increaseAllowance | Public | | ( NO | | | | | | | | |
| L | decreaseAllowance | Public | | | NO | |
 | mint | Public | | OnlyOwner |
| L | transfer | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| L | approve | Internal A |
| **InfinityToken** | Implementation | BEP20 |||
| Constructor> | Public | | NO | |
| L | delegates | External | | | | | | | | | | |
| L | delegate | External | | ● | NO| |
| L | delegateBySig | External \[ \] | \[ \] | NO \[ \] |
 | getCurrentVotes | External | | NO | |
| L | getPriorVotes | External | | | NO | |
| L | delegate | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
 | L | writeCheckpoint | Internal 🖰 | 🔘 | |
| L | safe32 | Internal 🖺 | | |
| L | getChainId | Internal A | | | |
```

Legend

```
| Symbol | Meaning |
|:----|
       | Function can modify state |
   ID
       | Function is payable |
```

Conclusion

The contracts are written systematically. Team found no critical issues. So, it is good to go for production.

Since possible test cases can be unlimited and developer level documentation (code flow diagram with function level description) not provided, for such an extensive smart contract protocol, we provide no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan Everything.

Security state of the reviewed contract is "secured".

- ✓ No mint function.
- ✓ No volatile code.
- ✓ Not many high severity issues were found.
- ✓ Contract Ownership Renounced.

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against the team on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how team produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. team go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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