Smart Contract Security Audit V1

NANAX Token Smart Contract

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Background

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

Project Information

- Platform: Binance Smart Chain
- Contract Address: 0x9A3C7F233a666026b5c90097309BdBB9c5561ad9
- Code Source:

https://bscscan.com/address/0x9A3C7F233a666026b5c90097309BdBB9c5561ad9#code

Token Information

• Name: NANAX

• Total Supply: 100,000,000

- Holders:
- Total transactions:

Contracts address deployed to test net (BSC)

NANAX Token smart contract on BSC test net by the auditor to test every function (BSC Test Net)

https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x55968143f37ef688ecc848fef5a666fc5edfd99c

Executive Summary

According to our assessment, the customer's solidity smart contract is **Secured**.

Well Secured	
Secured	√
Poor Secured	
Insecure	

Automated checks are with remix IDE. All issues were performed by the team, which included the analysis of code functionality, manual audit found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the audit overview section. The general overview is presented in the Project Information section and all issues found are located in the audit overview section.

Team found 0 critical, 1 high, 0 medium, 3 low, 0 very low-level issues and 1 note in all solidity files of the contract

The files:

NANAX.sol

File and Function Level Report

File in Scope:

Contract Name	SHA 256 hash	Contract Address
NANAX.sol	5f334645ab34196e55b7ae2 4cb0c2ab6a2da311d890259 f4c670d1f4123aef6b	0x9A3C7F233a666026b5c90097309BdBB9c55 61ad9

• Contract: NANAX

• Inherit: ERC20, Ownable

• Observation: All passed including security check

• Test Report: passed

• Score: passed

• Conclusion: passed

Function	Test Result	Type / Return Type	Score
name	√	Read / public	Passed
symbol	√	Read / public	Passed
decimals	√	Read / public	Passed
totalSupply	√	Read / public	Passed
allowance	√	Read / public	Passed
balanceOf	√	Read / public	Passed
Owner	√	Read / public	Passed
isExcludedFromFees	√	Read / public	Passed
marketingWallet	√	Read / public	Passed
marketingFees	√	Read / public	Passed
maxTransactionAmount	√	Read / public	Passed
swapEnabled	√	Read / public	Passed

swapTokensAtAmount	√	Read / public	Passed
uniswapV2Router	√	Read / public	Passed
uniswapV2Pair	√	Read / public	Passed
approve	√	Write / public	Passed
TransferFrom	√	Write / public	Passed
increaseAllowance	√	Write / public	Passed
transfer	√	Write / public	Passed
decreaseAllowance	√	Write / public	Passed
setMarketingWallet	√	Write / public	Passed
setFees	√	Write / public	Passed
excludeFromFees	√	Write / public	Passed
setMaxTransaction	√	Write / public	Passed
setSwapEnabled	√	Write / public	Passed
renounceOwnership	√	Write / public	Passed
transferOwnership	√	Write / public	Passed
setSwapTokensAtAmount	√	Write / public	Passed

Issues Checking Status

No.	Issue Description	Checking Status	
1	Compiler warnings.	Passed	
2	Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed	
3	Possible delays in data delivery. Passed		
4	Oracle calls.	Passed	
5	Design Logic.	Passed	
6	Timestamp dependence. Passed with notes		
7	Integer Overflow and Underflow. Passed		
8	DoS with Revert. Passed		
9	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed with notes	
10	Methods execution permissions.	Passed	
11	Economy model. If application logic is based on an incorrect economic model, the application would not function correctly and participants would incur financial losses. This type of issue is most often found in bonus rewards systems, Staking and Farming contracts, Vault and Vesting contracts, etc.	Passed	
12	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed	
13	Private user data leaks.	Passed	
14	Malicious Event log.	Passed	
15	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed	
16	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed	
17	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed	

Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description	
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to tokens loss etc.	
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions	
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose	
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution	
Note	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.	

Audit Findings

Critical:

No Critical severity vulnerabilities were found.

High:

Logic errors

Description

The smart contract has 3% marketing fees should goes to marketing wallet but, after the auditor test this function found the fees goes to the token address not to the marketing wallet.

You can check this transaction:

 $\frac{https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xa9ac9e0049fc3fb37377f04ce4f56889d5a17552a63d02091bb97100027970}{4e}$

```
function transfer(
        address from,
        address to,
       uint256 amount
    ) internal override {
        require(from != address(0), "ERC20: transfer from the zero address");
        require(to != address(0), "ERC20: transfer to the zero address");
        if(amount == 0) {
            super. transfer(from, to, 0);
            return;
        }
        if(! isExcludedFromFees[from] && ! isExcludedFromFees[to]) {
            require (amount <= maxTransactionAmount, "amount exceeds the
maxTransactionAmount.");
        uint256 contractTokenBalance = balanceOf(address(this));
        bool overMinTokenBalance = contractTokenBalance >= swapTokensAtAmount;
        if(
            overMinTokenBalance &&
            !inSwap &&
            to==uniswapV2Pair &&
            swapEnabled
            contractTokenBalance = swapTokensAtAmount;
            swapTokensForBNB(contractTokenBalance, marketingWallet);
         // if any account belongs to isExcludedFromFee account then remove the
fee
        if(! isExcludedFromFees[from] && ! isExcludedFromFees[to] &&
(from==uniswapV2Pair || to==uniswapV2Pair)) {
            uint256 fees = amount.mul(marketingFee).div(100);
```

```
if(fees > 0) {
          super._transfer(from, address(this), fees);
}

amount = amount.sub(fees);
}

super._transfer(from, to, amount);
}
```

Remediation

Rewrite this function and make fees goes to marketing wallet and testing it.

Status: Closed. Fixed in version2.

Medium:

No Medium severity vulnerabilities were found.

Low:

#Missing zero address validation

Description

When the owner wants to change Marketing wallet, he has to check for the zero address to make, he didn't add the zero address. Otherwise, marketing fees will be burn fees.

```
function setMarketingWallet(address payable _newAddress) external onlyOwner() {
     marketingWallet = _newAddress;
}
```

Remediation

Use the require statement to check for zero addresses.

Status: Closed. Fixed in version2.

#Use of block.timestamp for comparisons

Description

The value of block.timestamp can be manipulated by the miner. And conditions with strict equality is difficult to achieve - block.timestamp

Remediation

Avoid use of block.timestamp

Status: Acknowledged

#Owner privileges (In the period when the owner isn't renounced)

Description

The owner can enable or disable the trade.

The owner can include / exclude any address from Fees.

The owner can change the marketing fees.

```
function excludeFromFees(address account, bool excluded) public onlyOwner {
    _isExcludedFromFees[account] = excluded;
    emit ExcludeFromFees(account, excluded);
}
function setSwapTokensAtAmount(uint256 newAmt) external onlyOwner() {
    swapTokensAtAmount = newAmt;
}

function setSwapEnabled(bool _enabled) public onlyOwner {
    swapEnabled = _enabled;
    emit SwapEnabledUpdated(_enabled);
}
function setFee(uint256 _newFee) public onlyOwner {
    require(_newFee <= 5, "tax tooo high");
    marketingFee = _newFee;
}</pre>
```

Remediation

Make these functions internal in next version or the team should announce the investors before change anything and give them time if they want to change anything too.

P.S: This issue is common to the majority of rewards smart contracts.

Status: Acknowledged.

Very Low:

No Very Low severity vulnerabilities were found.

Notes:

Constant calculations in the contract

Description

recalculated initialization will save 2847 units of gas in deployment

```
uint256 public maxTransactionAmount = 100000000 * (10**18);
    uint256 public swapTokensAtAmount = 20000 * (10**18);
    createTSupply(owner(), 100000000*10**18);
```

Recommendation

Replace the initialization as

```
uint256 public maxTransactionAmount = 100000000000000000000000;
    uint256 public swapTokensAtAmount = 2000000000000000000;
    createTSupply(owner(), 1000000000000000000000);
```

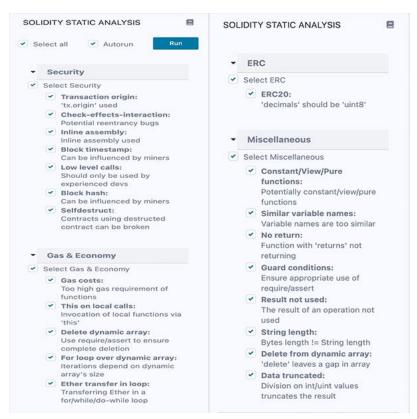
Status Acknowledged.

Automatic Testing

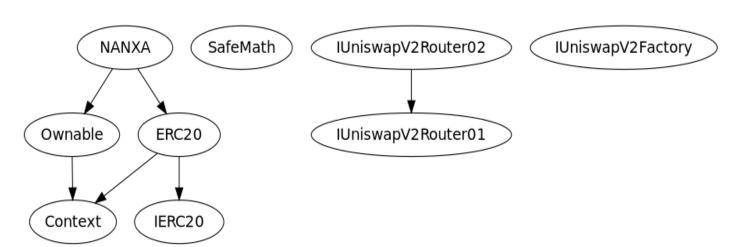
1- Check for security



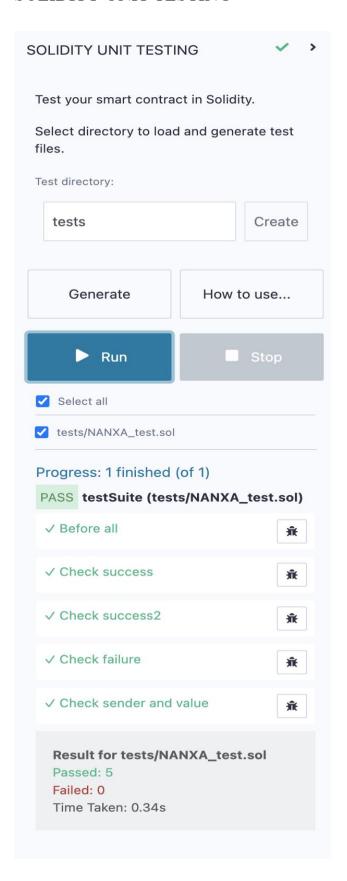
2- SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS



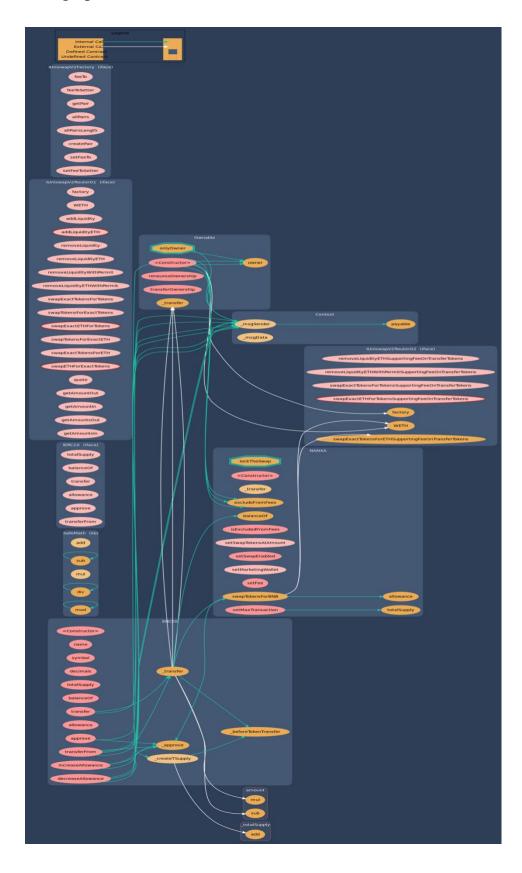
3- Inheritance graph



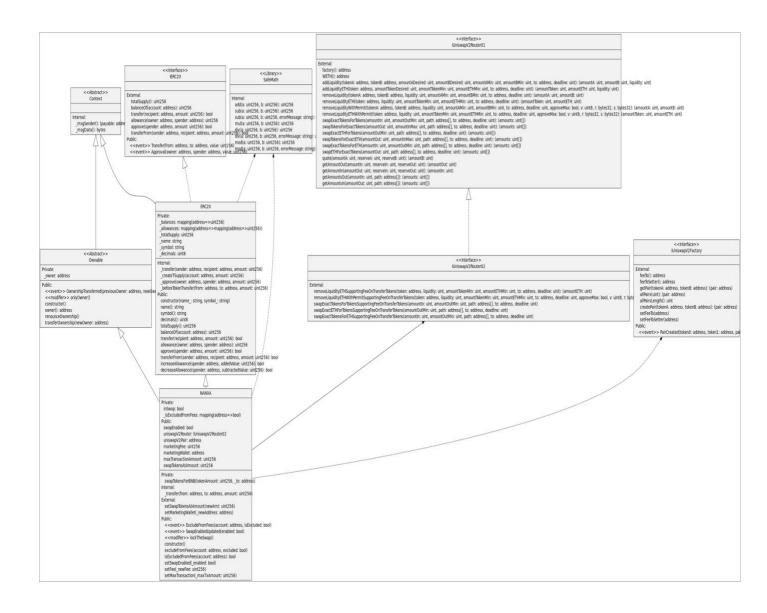
4- SOLIDITY UNIT TESTING



5- Call graph



Unified Modeling Language (UML)



Functions signature

```
Sighash | Function Signature
_____
39509351 => increaseAllowance(address, uint256)
119df25f => msgSender()
8b49d47e => msgData()
8da5cb5b => owner()
715018a6 => renounceOwnership()
f2fde38b => transferOwnership(address)
771602f7 => add(uint256,uint256)
b67d77c5 => sub(uint256, uint256)
e31bdc0a => sub(uint256, uint256, string)
c8a4ac9c => mul(uint256, uint256)
a391c15b => div(uint256, uint256)
b745d336 => div(uint256, uint256, string)
f43f523a => mod(uint256, uint256)
71af23e8 => mod(uint256, uint256, string)
18160ddd => totalSupply()
70a08231 => balanceOf(address)
a9059cbb => transfer(address, uint256)
dd62ed3e => allowance(address,address)
095ea7b3 => approve(address,uint256)
23b872dd => transferFrom(address,address,uint256)
06fdde03 => name()
95d89b41 => symbol()
313ce567 => decimals()
a457c2d7 => decreaseAllowance(address,uint256)
30e0789e => _transfer(address,address,uint256)
aaf467db => _createTSupply(address, uint256)
104e81ff => _approve(address, address, uint256)
cad3be83 => _beforeTokenTransfer(address, address)
               beforeTokenTransfer(address, address, uint256)
c45a0155 => \overline{factory()}
ad5c4648 => WETH()
e8e33700 =>
addLiquidity (address, address, uint256, uint256, uint256, uint256, address, uint256)
f305d719 => addLiquidityETH(address, uint256, uint256, uint256, address, uint256)
baa2abde =>
removeLiquidity(address,address,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,uint256)
02751cec => removeLiquidityETH(address, uint256, uint256, uint256, address, uint256)
2195995c =>
removeLiquidityWithPermit(address,address,uint256,uint256,uint256,address,uint256,b
ool, uint8, bytes32, bytes32)
ded9382a =>
removeLiquidityETHWithPermit(address, uint256, uint256, uint256, address, uint256, bool, u
int8,bytes32,bytes32)
38ed1739 => swapExactTokensForTokens(uint256, uint256, address[], address, uint256)
8803dbee => swapTokensForExactTokens(uint256, uint256, address[], address, uint256)
7ff36ab5 => swapExactETHForTokens(uint256,address[],address,uint256)
4a25d94a => swapTokensForExactETH(uint256,uint256,address[],address,uint256)
18cbafe5 => swapExactTokensForETH(uint256,uint256,address[],address,uint256)
fb3bdb41 => swapETHForExactTokens(uint256,address[],address,uint256)
ad615dec => quote(uint256, uint256)
054d50d4 => getAmountOut(uint256,uint256,uint256)
85f8c259 => getAmountIn(uint256,uint256,uint256)
d06ca61f => getAmountsOut(uint256, address[])
```

```
1f00ca74 => getAmountsIn(uint256,address[])
af2979eb =>
removeLiquidityETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(address,uint256,uint256,uint256,add
ress, uint256)
5b0d5984 =>
removeLiquidityETHWithPermitSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(address,uint256,uint256,u
int256, address, uint256, bool, uint8, bytes32, bytes32)
5c11d795 =>
swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(uint256, uint256, address[], add
ress, uint256)
b6f9de95 =>
swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(uint256,address[],address,uint25
6)
791ac947 =>
swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(uint256, uint256, address[], addres
s, uint256)
017e7e58 => feeTo()
094b7415 => feeToSetter()
e6a43905 => getPair(address,address)
1e3dd18b => allPairs(uint256)
574f2ba3 => allPairsLength()
c9c65396 => createPair(address,address)
f46901ed => setFeeTo(address)
a2e74af6 => setFeeToSetter(address)
d73c29dc => swapTokensForBNB(uint256,address)
c0246668 => excludeFromFees(address, bool)
4fbee193 => isExcludedFromFees(address)
afa4f3b2 => setSwapTokensAtAmount(uint256)
e01af92c => setSwapEnabled(bool)
5d098b38 => setMarketingWallet(address)
69fe0e2d => setFee(uint256)
ab5a1887 => setMaxTransaction(uint256)
```

Automatic general report

```
Files Description Table
| File Name | SHA-1 Hash |
|----|
| /Users/macbook/Desktop/smart contracts/NANXA.sol |
95e657909750c43e1b888f969da2f97480b06d95 |
Contracts Description Table
                  Type | Bases |
| Contract |
**Function Name** | **Visibility** | **Mutability** |
**Modifiers** |
| **Context** | Implementation | || | | | | |
| L | _msgSender | Internal 🖺 | | |
| L | msgData | Internal 🖺 | | |
| **Ownable** | Implementation | Context | | |
| L | owner | Public | | NO | |
| L | renounceOwnership | Public | | OnlyOwner |
| L | transferOwnership | Public | | | | | | onlyOwner |
| **SafeMath** | Library | |||
 L | add | Internal 🖺 |
 L | sub | Internal A |
 L | sub | Internal A |
 L | mul | Internal
 L | div | Internal 🖺 |
| L | div | Internal 🖺 |
 L | mod | Internal
| L | mod | Internal A
| **IERC20** | Interface | ||
 L | totalSupply | External | |
 L | balanceOf | External | | | NO | |
| L | transfer | External | | 🔘
 L | allowance | External | | | NO | |
 L | approve | External | |
                           |NO∭ |
| L | transferFrom | External | | | NO| |
 **ERC20** | Implementation | Context, IERC20 |||
 L | <Constructor> | Public | | | | | | | | | | | | |
 L | name | Public | | NO | |
 L | symbol | Public | | | NO
 L | decimals | Public | |
                       | NO |
 L | totalSupply | Public | | NO | |
 | balanceOf | Public | | NO | |
 L | allowance | Public | | | NO | |
| L | approve | Public | | NO | |
 L | increaseAllowance | Public | | O
L | decreaseAllowance | Public | |
                                 NON I
 - | transfer | Internal 🖰 | 🔘
```

```
createTSupply | Internal A |
 L | approve | Internal 🖺 | 🌑 | |
 beforeTokenTransfer | Internal 🗎 |
 **IUniswapV2Router01** | Interface | ||
| factory | External | | | NO | |
 L | addLiquidity | External [ |
                          |NON |
 L | addLiquidityETH | External | | III | NO | |
 | removeLiquidityETH | External | | | | | | | | | | | | |
 | removeLiquidityETHWithPermit | External | | | | NO | |
 L | swapExactTokensForTokens | External | | NO | | L | swapTokensForExactTokens | External | NO | |
 | swapExactETHForTokens | External | | III | NO | |
 L | swapTokensForExactETH | External | | NO | | L | swapExactTokensForETH | External | NO | |
 L | quote | External | | | NO | |
 | getAmountOut | External | | NO | |
 | getAmountIn | External | | | NO
 L | getAmountsOut | External | | | NO | |
 L | getAmountsIn | External | | | | | | | | |
 **IUniswapV2Router02** | Interface | IUniswapV2Router01 |||
 👢 | removeLiquidityETHWithPermitSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External 🌡 | 🌑
| NO| |
 L | swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External | | | | NO|
 | **IUniswapV2Factory** | Interface | ||
 L | feeTo | External | | | NO | |
 L | feeToSetter | External ↓ |
 L | getPair | External |  |  | NO | |
 L | allPairsLength | External | | NO | |
 createPair | External | | NO| |
 **NANXA** | Implementation | ERC20, Ownable |||
 L | _transfer | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
 | excludeFromFees | Public | | ( onlyOwner |
 L | isExcludedFromFees | Public | | NO | |
 L | setSwapEnabled | Public | | ● | onlyOwner |
 | L | setMaxTransaction | Public | | OnlyOwner |
Legend
| Symbol | Meaning |
|:----|
      | Function can modify state |
      | Function is payable |
```

Conclusion

The contracts are written systematically. Team found no critical issues. So, it is good to go for production.

Since possible test cases can be unlimited and developer level documentation (code flow diagram with function level description) not provided, for such an extensive smart contract protocol, we provide no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan Everything.

Security state of the reviewed contract is "Secured".

- ✓ No mint function.
- ✓ No volatile code.
- √ No high severity issues were found.

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against the team on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how team produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. team go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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