Smart Contract Security Audit V1

Yachties Smart Contract

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents

Background

Project Information

NFT Information

Executive Summary

File and Function Level Report

File in Scope:

Issues Checking Status

Severity Definitions Audit Findings

Automatic testing

Testing proves Inheritance graph Call graph

Unified Modeling Language (UML)

Functions signature Automatic general report

Conclusion

Disclaimer

Background

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

Project Information

• Platform: Ethereum

• Contract Address: 0xc92700f76b45ea02a0611f0ac30e033919ca776f

• Code:

https://github.com/Saferico/Smart-Contracts-for-Projects/blob/main/Yachtie.sol

NFT Information

• Name: Yachties

• Total Supply: 3333

• Holders:

• Total transactions:

Contracts address deployed to test net (Ethereum)

Yachties smart contract on ETH test net to test every function by the auditor.

https://goerli.etherscan.io/address/0xc92700f76b45ea02a0611f0ac30e033919ca776f

Executive Summary

According to our assessment, the customer's solidity smart contract is "WELL SECURED". The team has fixed the high issue and the low-level issues.

Well Secured	√
Secured	
Poor Secured	
Insecure	

Automated checks are with remix IDE. All issues were performed by the team, which included the analysis of code functionality, manual audit found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the audit overview section. The general overview is presented in the Project Information section and all issues found are located in the audit overview section.

Team found 0 critical, 0 high, 0 medium, 3 low, 0 very low-level issues and 1 note in all solidity files of the contract

The files:

Yachties.sol

File and Function Level Report

File in Scope:

Contract Name	SHA 256 hash	Contract Address
Y achties.sol	ed3180920a790242c8af0c1f c9d575d62b636dd3823217 d80110f8de2c0e83bd	0xc92700f76b45ea02a0611f0ac30e033919ca77 6f

• Contract: Yachties

Inherit: ERC721, ERC721URIStorage, OwnableObservation: All passed including security check

Test Report: passedScore: passed

• Conclusion: passed

Function	Test Result	Type / Return Type	Score
name		Read / public	Passed
symbol	✓	Read / public	Passed
getmintstatus	√	Read / public	Passed
supportsInterface	√	Read / public	Passed
getCost	√	Read / public	Passed
balanceOf	√	Read / public	Passed
Owner	✓	Read / public	Passed
getPhase	✓	Read / public	Passed
getBaseURI	✓	Read / public	Passed
getApprovedForAll	√	Read / public	Passed
totalSupply	√	Read / public	Passed
getApproved	√	Read / public	Passed
ownerOf	√	Read / public	Passed

gettokenURI	√	Read / public	Passed
tokenURI	√	Read / public	Passed
withdraw	√	Write / public	Passed
mint	√	Write / payable	Passed
approve	√	Write / public	Passed
safeTransferFrom	√	Write / public	Passed
safeTransferFrom	√	Write / public	Passed
setPhase	√	Write / public	Passed
openMint	√	Write / public	Passed
closeMint	√	Write / public	Passed
transferOwnership	√	Write / public	Passed
setApprovalForAll	√	Write / public	Passed
transferFrom	√	Write / public	Passed
mint_batch	√	Write / public	Passed
setCost	√	Write / public	Passed
renounceOwnership	√	Write / public	Passed
setBaseURI	✓	Write / public	Passed

Issues Checking Status

No.	Issue Description	Checking Status
1	Compiler warnings. Passed	
2	Race conditions and Passed Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	
3	Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4	Oracle calls.	Passed
5	Design Logic.	Passed
6	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7	Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
8	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed with Notes
10	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11	Economy model. If application logic is based on an incorrect economic model, the application would not function correctly and participants would incur financial losses. This type of issue is most often found in bonus rewards systems, Staking and Farming contracts, Vault and Vesting contracts, etc.	
12	The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
13	Private user data leaks.	Passed
14	Malicious Event log.	Passed
15	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
16	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
17	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed

Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to tokens loss etc.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution
Note	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

Audit Findings

Critical:

No Critical severity vulnerabilities were found.

High:

No High severity vulnerabilities were found.

Medium:

No Medium severity vulnerabilities were found

Low:

#Missing zero address validation

Description

When the minter wants to mint to address by using the main mint function, he has to check for the zero address to make he didn't add the zero address. Otherwise, he will lose his NFT and his ETH funds so it is security recommended to check for zero address.

```
function mint(address to, uint256 num) public payable {
        require(mintopen == 1, "Mint is not live");
        if(phase == 0)
            cost=0.015 ether;
            require(msg.value >= cost*num , "Not enough ETH sent; Please check the
amount!");
           for (uint i=0; i < num; i++) {
               uint256 tokenId = tokenIdCounter.current();
                require(tokenId < 3332,"The collection is sold out");</pre>
                tokenIdCounter.increment();
                       safeMint(to, tokenId);
                  setTokenURI(tokenId, string(abi.encodePacked(tokenBaseURI,
string(abi.encodePacked(Strings.toString(tokenId),".json"))));} }
            require(msq.value >= cost*num , "Not enough ETH sent; Please check the
amount!");
            for (uint i=0; i < num; i++)
               uint256 tokenId = _tokenIdCounter.current();
                require(tokenId < 3332, "The collection is sold out");</pre>
                tokenIdCounter.increment();
                      safeMint(to, tokenId);
                       setTokenURI(tokenId, string(abi.encodePacked(tokenBaseURI,
string(abi.encodePacked(Strings.toString(tokenId),".json"))));} }
```

Remediation

Use the require statement to check for zero addresses.

Status: Closed. Fixed in version 2.

#Pragam version not fixed

Description

It is a good practice to lock the solidity version for a live deployment (use 0.8.17 instead of ^0.8.4). contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested the most with. Locking the pragma helps ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using, for example, the latest compiler which may have higher risks of undiscovered bugs. Contracts may also be deployed by others and the pragma indicates the compiler version intended by the original authors.

Remediation

Remove the ^ sign to lock the pragma version.

Status: Closed. Fixed in version 2.

#Owner privileges (In the period when the owner isn't renounced)

Description

The owner can change the price in public mint.

The owner can open and close the mint.

```
function openMint() public onlyOwner {
    mintopen=1;
}
function closeMint() public onlyOwner {
    mintopen=0;
}

function setCost(uint256 value) public onlyOwner {
    cost=value;
}
```

Remediation

Make these functions internal in next version or the team should announce the investors before doing anything in the contract to give them time if they want to do anything.

P.S: This issue is common to the majority of NFT smart contracts.

Status: Acknowledged.

Very Low:

No Very Low severity vulnerabilities were found.

Notes:

#Unnecessary import of ERC721 library

Description

The main contract inherits: ERC721, ERC721URIStorage, Ownable. ERC721URIStorage which is already import ERC721 library, so no need to import it again in the main contract.

Remediation

Remove unnecessary library from the main contract save some gas fees.

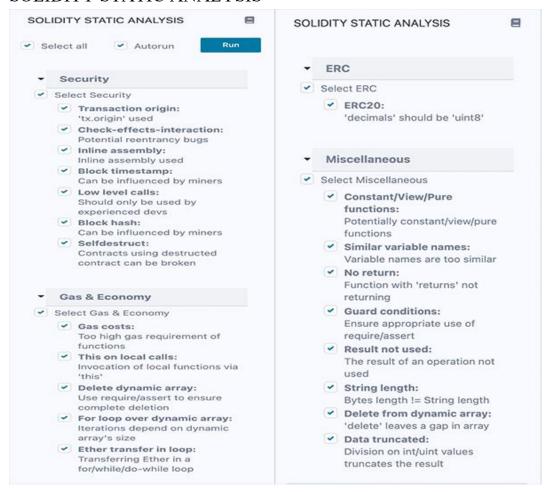
Status: Closed. Fixed in version2.

Automatic Testing

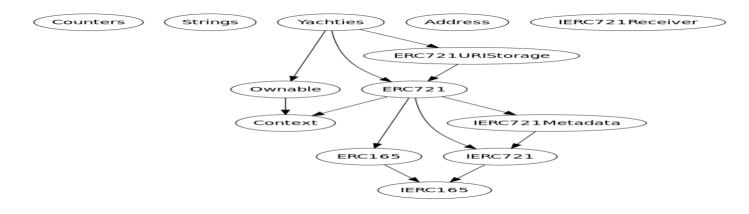
1- Check for security



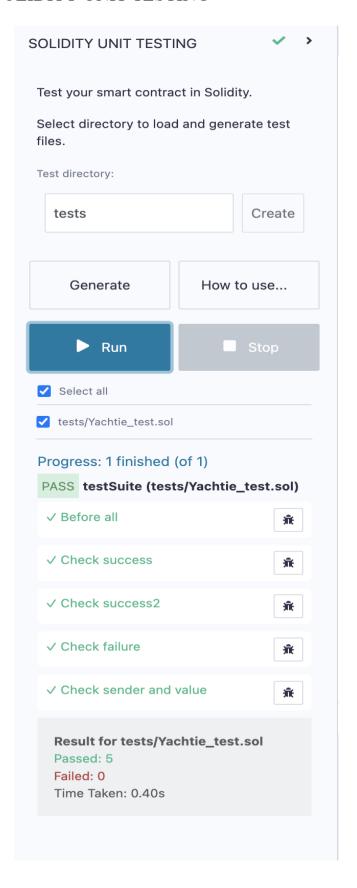
2- SOLIDITY STATIC ANALYSIS



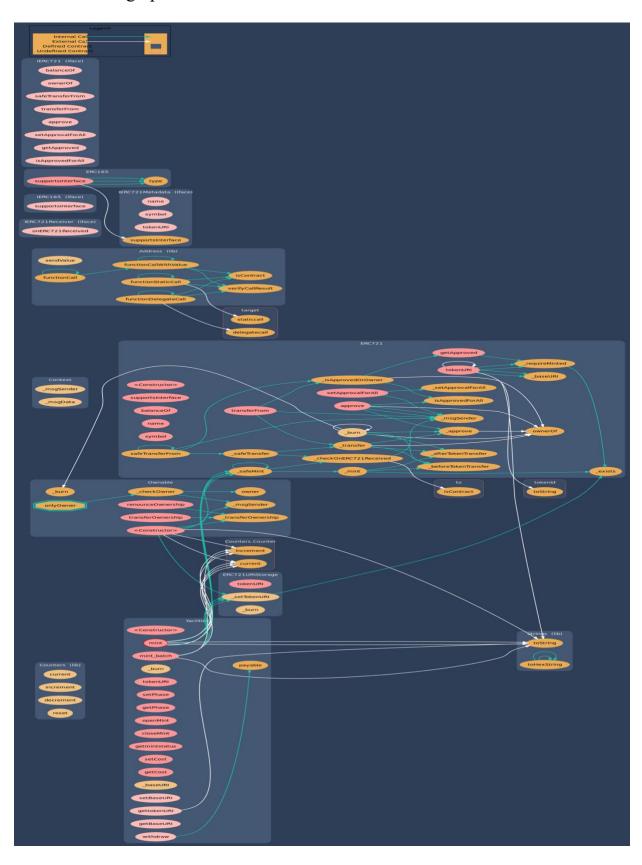
3- Inheritance graph



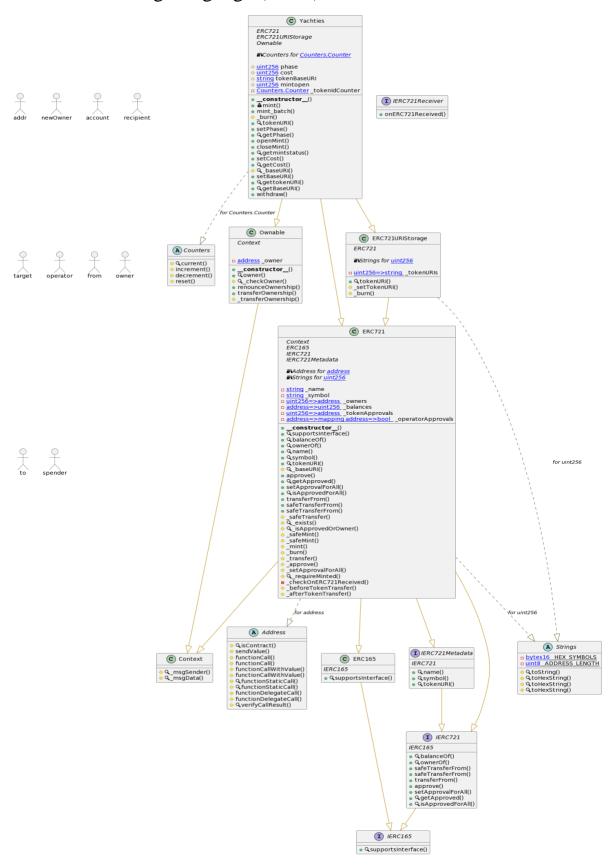
4- SOLIDITY UNIT TESTING



5- Call graph



Unified Modeling Language (UML)



Functions signature

```
Sighash | Function Signature
_____
16279055 => isContract(address)
ad04a8d1 => current(Counter)
e2bee435 => increment(Counter)
854ec98e => decrement(Counter)
440d212a => reset(Counter)
6900a3ae => toString(uint256)
8fba8d5c => toHexString(uint256)
63elcbea => toHexString(uint256,uint256)
1bb0c665 => toHexString(address)
119df25f => _msgSender()
8b49d47e => _msgData()
8da5cb5b => owner()
53a72975 \Rightarrow checkOwner()
715018a6 => renounceOwnership()
f2fde38b => transferOwnership(address)
d29d44ee => _transferOwnership(address)
24a084df => sendValue(address,uint256)
a0b5ffb0 => functionCall(address,bytes)
241b5886 => functionCall(address,bytes,string)
2a011594 => functionCallWithValue(address, bytes, uint256)
d525ab8a => functionCallWithValue(address, bytes, uint256, string)
c21d36f3 => functionStaticCall(address, bytes)
dbc40fb9 => functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string)
ee33b7e2 => functionDelegateCall(address, bytes)
57387df0 => functionDelegateCall(address, bytes, string)
946b5793 => verifyCallResult(bool, bytes, string)
150b7a02 => onERC721Received(address,address,uint256,bytes)
01ffc9a7 => supportsInterface(bytes4)
70a08231 => balanceOf(address)
6352211e \Rightarrow ownerOf(uint256)
b88d4fde => safeTransferFrom(address,address,uint256,bytes)
42842e0e => safeTransferFrom(address,address,uint256)
23b872dd => transferFrom(address,address,uint256)
095ea7b3 => approve(address, uint256)
a22cb465 => setApprovalForAll(address,bool)
081812fc => getApproved(uint256)
e985e9c5 => isApprovedForAll(address,address)
06fdde03 => name()
95d89b41 => symbol()
c87b56dd => tokenURI(uint256)
743976a0 => _baseURI()
__baseURI()
24b6b8c0 => __safeTransfer(address, address, uint256, bytes)
f8e76cc0 => __exists(uint256)
4cdc9549 => __isApprovedOrOwner(address, uint256)
b3e1c718 => __safeMint(address, uint256)
6a4f832b => __safeMint(address, uint256, bytes)
4e6ec247 => __mint(address, uint256)
9b1f9e74 => __mint(address, uint256)
30e0789e => __transfer(address, address, uint256)
7b7d7225 => __approve(address, uint256)
8c4e3f32 => __setApprovalForAll(address, address, bool)
8c4e3f32 => setApprovalForAll(address,address,bool)
```

```
a0aea85d => _requireMinted(uint256)
1fd01de1 => _checkOnERC721Received(address,address,uint256,bytes)
cad3be83 => _beforeTokenTransfer(address,address,uint256)
8f811a1c => _afterTokenTransfer(address,address,uint256)
01538868 => _setTokenURI(uint256,string)
40c10f19 => mint(address,uint256)
c8704c59 => mint_batch()
2cc82655 => setPhase(uint256)
eced0280 => getPhase()
bce6d672 => openMint()
64f101f0 => closeMint()
b29f7e8e => getmintstatus()
44a0d68a => setCost(uint256)
bd3e19d4 => getCost()
55f804b3 => setBaseURI(string)
f3f0cd7f => gettokenURI(uint256)
714c5398 => getBaseURI()
setGdf0b => withdraw()
```

Automatic general report

```
Files Description Table
| File Name | SHA-1 Hash |
|----|
| /Users/macbook/Desktop/smart contracts/Yachtie.sol |
7aa5209a4f93b7550b52aba5480dcdb0e0e52b08
Contracts Description Table
| Contract |
             Type Bases
| **Function Name** | **Visibility** | **Mutability** |
**Modifiers** |
| **Counters** | Library | ||| | | | |
| L | current | Internal 🖺 | | |
| **Strings** | Library | |||
| L | toString | Internal 🖺 |
                   | L | toHexString | Internal 🖺 | | |
| L | toHexString | Internal A | | |
| **Context** | Implementation | ||
| L | msgSender | Internal 🖺 | | |
| L | msgData | Internal 🖺 | | |
| **Ownable** | Implementation | Context | | |
| L | <Constructor> | Public | | | NO | |
| L | owner | Public | | NO | |
| L | transferOwnership | Public | | | | | | onlyOwner |
| L | transferOwnership | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| L | isContract | Internal A | | | |
| L | sendValue | Internal A | O | |
| L | functionCall | Internal A |
| L | functionCall | Internal 🛅 | 🗓 | |
| L | functionCallWithValue | Internal A |
| L | verifyCallResult | Internal 🖺 | | |
```

```
| **IERC721Receiver** | Interface | || | | |
| L | onERC721Received | External | |
| **IERC165** | Interface | |||
| L | supportsInterface | External | | | NO | |
| **ERC165** | Implementation | IERC165 |||
| L | supportsInterface | Public | | NO | |
| **IERC721** | Interface | IERC165 |||
   L | balanceOf | External | | | NO | |
| L | ownerOf | External | | | NO | |
|NO| |
L | setApprovalForAll | External | | | NO| |
   | getApproved | External | | | NO | | |
| L | isApprovedForAll | External | | NO| |
| **IERC721Metadata** | Interface | IERC721 |||
| L | name | External | | NO | |
| L | symbol | External | | | NO|
| L | tokenURI | External | | | NO | |
| **ERC721** | Implementation_| Context, ERC165, IERC721, IERC721Metadata |||
L | <Constructor> | Public | | NO
   L | supportsInterface | Public | | NO | |
| L | balanceOf | Public | | NO | |
   L | ownerOf | Public | | NO | |
   L | name | Public | | NO | |
   L | symbol | Public | | NO
   L | tokenURI | Public | | NO | |
   L | _baseURI | Internal 🖺 | | |
   L | approve | Public | | (NO) |
   L | getApproved | Public |  | NO  | |
   L | setApprovalForAll | Public | | | NO | |
   L | safeTransferFrom | Public | | Dublic | Du
                                                                          INOI
                                                                          | NON |
   L | safeTransfer | Internal 🖺 |
   L | _exists | Internal 🖺 |
   | isApprovedOrOwner | Internal | |
   L | safeMint | Internal 🖺 | 🔘
   setApprovalForAll | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| L | _requireMinted | Internal 🖺 | | |
           ____checkOnERC721Received | Private 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| L | _beforeTokenTransfer | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
```

```
| L | afterTokenTransfer | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | | | | | |
| **ERC721URIStorage** | Implementation | ERC721 |||
| L | tokenURI | Public | | NO | |
| L | setTokenURI | Internal 🗎 | 🔘 | |
| L | burn | Internal 🖰 | 🔘 | |
| **Yachties** | Implementation | ERC721, ERC721URIStorage, Ownable |||
| L | <Constructor> | Public | | ● | ERC721 |
| L | mint | Public | | III | NO | |
| L | mint batch | Public | | OnlyOwner |
| L | burn | Internal 🖺 | 🔘 | |
| L | setCost | Public | | OnlyOwner | L | getCost | Public | OnlyOwner |
| L | _baseURI | Internal 🖺 | | |
L | setBaseURI | External | | OnlyOwner |
| L | gettokenURI | External | | | onlyOwner | L | getBaseURI | External | | onlyOwner |
| L | withdraw | External | | OnlyOwner |
Legend
| Symbol | Meaning |
|:----|
    | Function can modify state |
   Function is payable |
```

Conclusion

The contracts are written systematically. Team found no critical issues. So, it is good to go for production.

Since possible test cases can be unlimited and developer level documentation (code flow diagram with function level description) not provided, for such an extensive smart contract protocol, we provide no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan Everything.

Security state of the reviewed contract is "Well Secured".

- ✓ No volatile code.
- √ No high severity issues were found.
- √ Low (or very low) level issues have been fixed.

Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against the team on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how team produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. team go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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