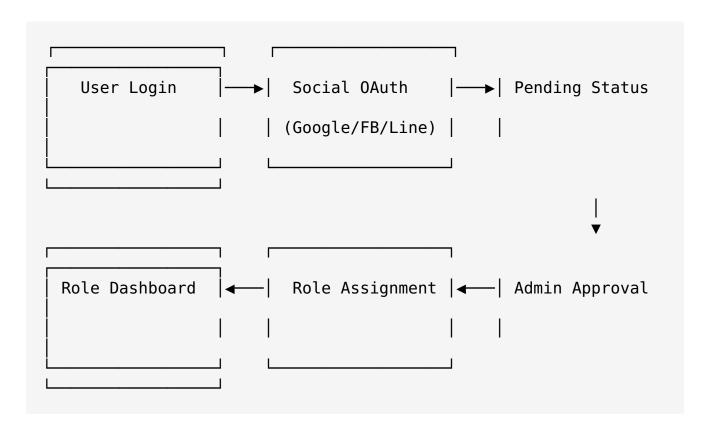
Surplus Marketplace Role-basedAuthentication

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This comprehensive guide provides everything needed to implement a complete Rolebased Authentication system for SSS Surplus Marketplace, featuring Social Login integration, hierarchical role management, and secure Super Admin access.

T System Architecture

Authentication Flow



Role Hierarchy

File Structure

```
sss-surplus-marketplace/
  - components/

    AdminVendorSocialLogin.jsx

      - PendingApprovalPage.jsx
     SuperAdminDashboard.jsx
    pages/
    — aрi/
         — auth/
            [...nextauth].js
    super-admin-login.js
           - admin/
            ├─ users.js
└─ users/[userId]/role.js
        auth/
        └─ signin.js
       admin/
          - dashboard.js
          - super/
            └─ dashboard.js
        vendor/
        └─ dashboard.js
      pending-approval.js
   lib/
    auth.js
      - prisma.js
      - email.js
     — middleware.js
   database/
      - migrations/
         — 001_create_users_table.sql
         — 002_create_accounts_table.sql
          003 create sessions table.sql

    — 004 create verification tokens table.sql

         — 005_create_role_assignments_table.sql
         — 006_create_admin_actions_table.sql
          — 007 create login logs table.sql
         — 008 create_notifications_table.sql
        └─ 009 insert super admin.sql
        run migrations.sh
      - schema.prisma
   tests/
      - auth.test.js
      - api.test.js
```

```
integration.test.js
    jest.setup.js
    playwright.config.js
    test-scenarios.md
    docs/
    deployment-guide.md
    implementation-guide.md
```

Quick Start Implementation

Step 1: Environment Setup

Create .env.local:

```
# Database
DATABASE URL="postgresql://user:password@localhost:5432/
sss surplus"
# NextAuth
NEXTAUTH URL="http://localhost:3000"
NEXTAUTH SECRET="your-super-secret-key"
# Super Admin
SUPER ADMIN MODE="true"
SUPER ADMIN EMAILS="sanchai5651@gmail.com"
SUPER ADMIN PASSWORD="Safety17"
SUPER ADMIN NAME="System Administrator"
NEXT PUBLIC SUPER ADMIN ENABLED="true"
# OAuth Providers
GOOGLE CLIENT ID="your-google-client-id"
GOOGLE CLIENT SECRET="your-google-client-secret"
FACEBOOK_CLIENT_ID="your-facebook-client-id"
FACEBOOK CLIENT SECRET="your-facebook-client-secret"
LINE CLIENT ID="your-line-client-id"
LINE CLIENT SECRET="your-line-client-secret"
# Email Service
SMTP HOST="smtp.gmail.com"
SMTP PORT="587"
SMTP USER="your-email@gmail.com"
SMTP PASS="your-app-password"
SMTP FROM="SSS Surplus <noreply@yourdomain.com>"
```

Step 2: Database Setup

```
# Install dependencies
npm install @prisma/client prisma next-auth bcryptjs
jsonwebtoken nodemailer

# Run database migrations
chmod +x ./run_migrations.sh
./run_migrations.sh

# Generate Prisma client
npx prisma generate
```

Step 3: Install Components

```
Copy all provided component files to your project: - AdminVendorSocialLogin.jsx

→ components/ - PendingApprovalPage.jsx → components/ -

SuperAdminDashboard.jsx → components/ - API files → pages/api/ - Library

files → lib/
```

Step 4: Update Next.js Configuration

Add to next.config.js:

Step 5: Test the System

```
# Start development server npm run dev
```

```
# Test Super Admin login
# Go to http://localhost:3000/auth/signin
# Use: sanchai5651@gmail.com / Safety17
# Test social login
# Try Google/Facebook/Line login
# Verify pending approval flow
```

Integration with Existing Code

1. Existing User System Integration

If you have existing users, create a migration script:

```
// scripts/migrate-existing-users.js
const { PrismaClient } = require('@prisma/client');
const prisma = new PrismaClient();
async function migrateExistingUsers() {
  // Get existing users from your current system
  const existingUsers = await getExistingUsers(); // Your
existing function
  for (const user of existingUsers) {
    await prisma.user.upsert({
      where: { email: user.email },
      update: {
        name: user.name,
        role: mapOldRoleToNew(user.role), // Map your old roles
        provider: 'legacy',
        emailVerified: user.emailVerified ? new Date() : null,
      },
      create: {
        email: user.email,
        name: user.name,
        role: mapOldRoleToNew(user.role),
        provider: 'legacy',
        emailVerified: user.emailVerified ? new Date() : null,
        createdAt: user.createdAt || new Date(),
      },
    });
  }
function mapOldRoleToNew(oldRole) {
  const roleMap = {
    'administrator': 'admin',
```

```
'seller': 'vendor',
   'buyer': 'customer',
   'pending': 'pending',
};
return roleMap[oldRole] || 'customer';
}
migrateExistingUsers().catch(console.error);
```

2. Existing Authentication Integration

Replace your existing auth middleware:

```
// middleware.js (Next.js 12+)
import { withAuth } from 'next-auth/middleware';
export default withAuth(
  function middleware(reg) {
    const { pathname } = req.nextUrl;
    const { token } = req.nextauth;
    // Super Admin routes
    if (pathname.startsWith('/admin/super')) {
      if (token?.role !== 'super admin') {
        return NextResponse.redirect(new URL('/auth/signin',
req.url));
      }
    }
    // Admin routes
    if (pathname.startsWith('/admin')) {
      if (!['admin', 'super admin'].includes(token?.role)) {
        return NextResponse.redirect(new URL('/auth/signin',
req.url));
    }
    // Vendor routes
    if (pathname.startsWith('/vendor')) {
      if (!['vendor', 'admin',
'super admin'].includes(token?.role)) {
        return NextResponse.redirect(new URL('/auth/signin',
req.url));
      }
    }
    // Pending users
    if (token?.role === 'pending' && !pathname.startsWith('/
pending-approval')) {
      return NextResponse.redirect(new URL('/pending-approval',
```

```
req.url));
    }
  },
  {
    callbacks: {
      authorized: ({ token, req }) => {
        const { pathname } = req.nextUrl;
        // Public routes
        if (pathname.startsWith('/api/auth') ||
            pathname === '/' ||
            pathname.startsWith('/products') ||
            pathname.startsWith('/about')) {
          return true;
        }
        // Protected routes require token
        return !!token;
      },
    },
  }
);
export const config = {
  matcher: [
    '/admin/:path*',
    '/vendor/:path*'
    '/customer/:path*',
    '/pending-approval',
  ],
};
```

3. Existing UI Integration

Update your existing navigation component:

```
// components/Navigation.jsx
import { useSession, signOut } from 'next-auth/react';
import Link from 'next/link';

export default function Navigation() {
  const { data: session, status } = useSession();

  if (status === 'loading') return <div>Loading...</div>;

  const getDashboardLink = () => {
    if (!session?.user?.role) return '/';

  switch (session.user.role) {
    case 'super_admin':
```

```
return '/admin/super/dashboard';
      case 'admin':
        return '/admin/dashboard';
      case 'vendor':
        return '/vendor/dashboard';
      case 'customer':
        return '/customer/dashboard';
      case 'pending':
        return '/pending-approval';
      default:
        return '/';
    }
  };
  return (
    <nav className="navbar">
      <div className="nav-brand">
        <Link href="/">SSS Surplus</Link>
      </div>
      <div className="nav-menu">
        {session ? (
          <>
            <Link href={getDashboardLink()}>
              Dashboard
            </Link>
            <div className="user-menu">
              <span>{session.user.name}</span>
              <span className="role-badge">{session.user.role}
span>
              <button onClick={() => signOut()}>
                ออกจากระบบ
              </button>
            </div>
          </>
        ) : (
          <Link href="/auth/signin">
            เข้าสู่ระบบ
          </Link>
        )}
      </div>
    </nav>
 );
}
```

Testing Implementation

1. Unit Tests

Run component tests:

```
npm test auth.test.js
```

2. API Tests

Run API endpoint tests:

```
npm test api.test.js
```

3. Integration Tests

Run full integration tests:

```
npm run test:integration
```

4. Manual Testing

Follow the test scenarios in test-scenarios.md: 1. Super Admin login test 2. Social login flow test 3. Role assignment test 4. Permission verification test 5. Email notification test

Production Deployment

1. Pre-deployment Checklist

- [] Environment variables configured
- [] Database migrations applied
- [] OAuth providers configured
- [] Email service tested
- [] SSL certificate ready
- [] Domain configured

2. Deployment Steps

Follow the complete deployment guide in deployment-guide.md:

- 1. Database Setup bash # PostgreSQL installation and configuration sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib ./ run migrations.sh
- 2. Application Deployment ```bash # Vercel deployment (recommended) vercel -prod
- # Or traditional server deployment npm run build pm2 start npm --name "sss-surplus" -start ```
 - 1. Post-deployment Testing ```bash # Test Super Admin login node test-auth.js
- # Test database connection node test-db.js
- # Test health endpoints curl https://yourdomain.com/api/health ```

Security Considerations

1. Environment Security

- Never commit , env files to Git
- Use strong, unique secrets for all keys
- Rotate secrets regularly
- Use environment-specific configurations

2. Database Security

- Use strong database passwords
- Limit database connections
- Enable SSL for database connections
- Regular security updates

3. Application Security

- Enable HTTPS in production
- Use security headers
- Implement rate limiting
- Regular dependency updates

Monitoring and Maintenance

1. Application Monitoring

- Set up error tracking (Sentry)
- Monitor performance metrics
- Track user authentication events
- · Monitor database performance

2. Regular Maintenance

- Weekly log reviews
- · Monthly security updates
- · Quarterly security audits
- Regular backup verification

sos Troubleshooting

Common Issues

- 1. OAuth Login Fails
- 2. Check redirect URIs
- 3. Verify client credentials
- 4. Check OAuth app status
- 5. Database Connection Issues
- 6. Verify connection string
- 7. Check database server status
- 8. Review connection limits
- 9. Email Notifications Not Sent
- 10. Test SMTP configuration
- 11. Check email service limits
- 12. Review email logs
- 13. Role Assignment Not Working
- 14. Check user permissions

- 15. Verify database constraints
- 16. Review audit logs

Support

For technical support and questions:

- Primary Contact: sanchai5651@gmail.com
- · Documentation: Check this implementation guide
- Issues: Create GitHub issues for bugs
- **Updates**: Follow deployment guide for updates

Example 2 Conclusion

This Role-based Authentication system provides:

✓ Secure Authentication: Social login + Super Admin credentials ✓ Flexible Role

Management: Hierarchical role assignment ✓ User-Friendly Experience: No password management for most users ✓ Audit Trail: Complete logging of all actions ✓ Scalable Architecture: Ready for production deployment ✓ Comprehensive Testing: Full test coverage ✓ Production Ready: Complete deployment guide

The system is now ready for implementation and production deployment. Follow the guides step-by-step for successful integration with your existing SSS Surplus Marketplace.