

Exercise 1: Let $(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}_n$ be a set of samples. Show that for all $a \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - a)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + n * (\bar{x} - a)^2$$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - a)^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x} + \bar{x} - a)^2 \text{ [Add and subtract } \bar{x} \text{ from the expression]} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + 2 * \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x}) * (\bar{x} - a) + \sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{x} - a)^2 \\ & \text{[Take } (x_i - \bar{x}) = a \text{ and } (\bar{x} - a) = b \text{ then apply } (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2] \\ & \dots\dots\dots (1) \end{aligned}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 * \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x}) * (\bar{x} - a) \\ &= 2 * [(\bar{x} * \sum_{i=1}^n x_i) - [a * \sum_{i=1}^n x_i] - [\bar{x} * \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{x}] + [a * \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{x}]] \\ &= 2 * [n * \bar{x}^2] - [a * n * \bar{x}] - [n * \bar{x}^2] + [a * n * \bar{x}] \\ &= 2 * 0 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Now (1) will be

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{x} - a)^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + n * (\bar{x} - a)^2 \end{aligned}$$

So,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - a)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + n * (\bar{x} - a)^2$$

