

Exercise: 1

Name: Safial Islam Ayon

Matriculation No.: 809567

2. Show that for the cumulative distribution function $F(x)$ of the geometric distribution the following holds equation holds:

$$\sum_{i=1}^x p (1-p)^{i-1} = 1 - (1-p)^x$$

Solution:

$$\sum_{i=1}^x p (1-p)^{i-1}$$

Justify your every single step.

$$= 1 - p (1-p)^x * [1 + (1-p) + (1-p)^2 + \dots]$$

$$= 1 - p (1-p)^x * \left[\frac{1}{1-(1-p)} \right]$$

$$= 1 - (1-p)^x$$

-1

2/3