## Exercise: 1

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## 1. Let X and Y be random variables. Shows that:

a) 
$$E[a + bX] = a + bE[X], a, b \in R$$

Solution:

We know that [1]

$$E[X] = \sum Xi bi$$

Now,

$$E[a + bX] = \sum (a + bXi) * bi$$

$$=> E [a + bX] = \sum a*bi + \sum bXibi$$

$$=> E [a + bX] = a * bi + b * \sum Xibi$$

$$=> E [a + bX] = a + bE[X] [Since  $\sum bi$  is sum of total probability 1]$$

## Reference:

[1] https://www.quora.com/Prove-that-E-aX-b-aE-X-b

b) 
$$Var(X) - E[X^2] - (E[X])^2$$

Solution:

$$Var(X) = E [(X - E[X])^{2}]$$

$$= E [X^{2} - 2.X.E[X] + E(X)^{2}]$$

$$= E[X^{2}] + E [-2. X. E[X]] + E[E(X)^{2}]$$

$$= E[X^{2}] - 2. E[X]. E[X] + E[X]^{2}. E [1]$$

$$= E[X^{2}] - 2. E[X]^{2} + E[X]^{2}$$

$$= E[X^{2}] - E[X]^{2}$$

c) 
$$Var(a + bX) = b^2$$
.  $Var(X)$ ;  $a, b \in R$ 

Solution:

Var 
$$(a + bX) = E [((a + bX) - E [((a + bX)])^2]$$
  
=  $E [(a + bX - (E(a) + E(bX)))^2]$   
=  $E [(a + bX - (a + b, E(X))^2]$   
=  $E [(a + bX - a - b, E(X))^2]$   
=  $E [(bX - b, E(X))^2]$   
=  $E [b^2, (X - E(X))^2]$   
=  $b^2, Var(X)$ 

d) 
$$Var(a) = 0$$
; a € R

Solution:

We know 
$$E(a) = a$$
.

Now, Var(a) = E [(a – E(a))<sup>2</sup>]  
= E [(a – a)<sup>2</sup>]  
= E (0)  
= 0 [E (0) = 
$$\sum_{x=0} x \cdot f_x x = 0.1 = 0$$
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