```
In [1]:
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import copy
         %matplotlib inline
In [2]:
         #Read the true signal
         h = open('reference_signal.txt', 'r')
         ground_truth_xs = []
         for line in h:
             ground_truth_xs.append(float(line))
         #Read the observation data
         h = open('data.txt', 'r')
         measurement_state = []
         for line in h:
             measurement state.append(float(line))
         # Compare True Signal and Observation Data
         plt.figure(figsize=(18, 6))
         plt.plot(ground_truth_xs, label='True Signal')
         plt.plot(measurement_state, label='Observation Data')
         plt.legend()
         plt.xlim(0,200)
         plt.ylim(-4,4)
         plt.show()
               True Signal
               Observation Data
        ^{-1}
```

The graph shows the true signal and the observation data.

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Kalman Filter

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```
In [3]:
        #Convert the true signal into array
        ground truth xs = np.asarray(ground truth xs)
In [4]:
         #Initialize all the parameters
        num steps = len(measurement state) + 1
        mu_current = [num_steps]
        Sigma_current = [num_steps]
        mu_current[0] = 0
        Sigma_current[0] = 0.5
        A = 0.99
        B = 0.5
        measurement_states = []
        filtered_states = []
        for i in np.arange(1, num_steps):
            predicted_mu = A * mu_current[i - 1]
             #print(predicted_mu)
            predicted_Sigma = A * Sigma_current[i - 1] * A + B
             #print(predicted_Sigma)
            k = predicted_Sigma / (0.5 + predicted_Sigma)
             #print(k)
            mu_current.append(predicted_mu - k * (predicted_mu - measurement_state[i-1]))
            Sigma current.append(predicted Sigma - k * predicted Sigma)
```

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Calculate the MSE for Kalman Filter

```
In [5]:
         from statistics import mean
         def mse(x1, x2):
             return mean ((x1 - x2) **2)
         mse (ground truth xs, mu current)
        0.12579321599921697
Out[5]:
In [6]:
         plt.figure(figsize=(18, 6))
         plt.plot(ground truth xs)
         plt.plot(mu current)
         plt.plot(measurement state)
         #plt.plot(filtered states[:,0])
         plt.legend(['Truth Signal', 'New Measurement', 'Old Measurement'])
         plt.xlim(0,200)
         plt.ylim(-4,4)
         plt.show()
               New Measurement
```

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The graph shows the difference between True signal, and new Measurement. Their difference are not so much.

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