### Medical Control Guideline: DRUG REFERENCE - ALBUTEROL

Ref. No. 1317.3

#### Classification

Sympathomimetic, B<sub>2</sub> Receptor Agonist, Bronchodilator

## **LA County Prehospital Indications**

Cardiac Dysrhythmia: suspected hyperkalemia causing bradycardia

Respiratory Distress: bronchospasm caused by acute asthma, bronchitis, bronchiolitis, COPD, drug overdose, near drowning, pulmonary edema, and/or toxic gas inhalation

Pulmonary Edema/CHF: persistent wheezing despite CPAP

Traumatic Injury: suspected hyperkalemia in the setting of crush injury or potential for development of crush syndrome (administer prior to release of crushed tissue)

# Other Common Indications (Not authorized for EMS administration in LA County)

None

#### **Adult Dose**

Cardiac Dysrhythmia/Crush – Evidence of or suspected hyperkalemia

5mg (6mL) via neb, repeat continuously until hospital arrival

Crush – at risk for Crush Syndrome

5 minutes prior to extrication: **5mg (6mL) via mask nebulization** x2 for a total dose of 10mg Respiratory Distress, Pulmonary Edema/CHF with wheezing, Allergic Reaction with wheezing, Inhalation Injury with wheezing

5mg (6mL) via neb or 4 puffs via Metered-Dose Inhaler (MDI)

May repeat x2 prn for wheezing

### **Pediatric Dose**

Crush – Evidence of or suspected hyperkalemia

5mg (6mL) via neb, repeat continuously until hospital arrival

Crush - at risk for Crush Syndrome

5 minutes prior to extrication: 5mg (6mL) via neb, repeat immediately x1

Respiratory Distress, Allergic Reaction with wheezing, Inhalation Injury with wheezing

< 4 years of age 2.5mg (3mL) via neb or 2 puffs via MDI

≥ 4 years of age 5mg (6mL) via neb or 4 puffs via MDI

Repeat x2 prn, maximum 3 total doses prior to Base contact

#### **Mechanism of Action**

Selective beta-2 adrenergic agonist that causes relaxation of smooth muscles in the bronchial tree, decreasing airway resistance, facilitating mucous drainage and increasing vital capacity Shifts potassium intracellular. Has mild beta-1 activity with mild effect on heart rate.

#### **Pharmacokinetics**

Onset 5-15 min inhaled, Duration 3-6 hours for bronchial smooth muscle relaxation, Duration 3-4 hours for hyperkalemia shifting potassium intracellular

#### Contraindications

Do not use for patients with a known hypersensitivity/allergy to the drug

#### Interactions

Administer with extreme caution to patients being treated with MAO inhibitors or tricyclic antidepressants Beta blocking agents and Albuterol may each inhibit the effects of the other, monitor closely

## **Adverse Effects**

Anxiety/Tremors
Hypertension
Hypokalemia
Palpitations/Tachycardia

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# **Prehospital Considerations**

- Young children 2-6 years old may be more prone to adverse effects
- Don't assume patients have administered their own drug properly. Do not include home doses of albuterol in your total drug administration consideration.
- Administration via MDI with spacer is typically required for this route to be effective in novice users.
- MDIs are single use and should be left with the hospital staff upon handoff of the patient.

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