

Probability Methods in Engineering

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Lecture 18





Important Discrete RVs

Poisson Random Variable

$$S_X = \{0, 1, 2, ...\}$$

 $P_k = (\alpha^k/k!)e^{-\alpha}$
 $E[X] = \alpha, VAR[X] = \alpha$

- Counting number of occurrences of an event in a time period
- Arises in situations where events occur at random
 - □ E.g. counts of emissions from radioactive substances
- \triangleright Here, α is number of arrivals in time interval of length t
 - \square α is unitless and given as $\alpha = \lambda t$
 - \square λ is arrival rate with unit of jobs/time (e.g. packets/sec)





Poisson Random Variable

- A Poisson random variable will relatively describe a phenomenon if there are few successes over many trials.
- The Poisson distribution is used as a limiting case of the binomial distribution when the trials are large indefinitely.

> Applications

- To count the number of defects of a finished product
- To count the number of deaths in a country by any disease or natural calamity
- · To count the number of infected plants in the field
- To count the number of bacteria in the organisms or the radioactive decay in atoms
- To calculate the waiting time between the events.





Examples

- The number N of queries arriving in t seconds at a call centre is a Poisson random variable with $\alpha = \lambda t$ where λ is the average arrival rate in queries/second. Assume that the arrival rate is 4 queries per minute. Find the probability of the following events:
 - ☐ 4 queries in 10 seconds
 - ☐ More than 4 queries in 10 seconds
 - ☐ Less than or equal to 5 queries in 2 minutes





Examples (cont.)

The number N of packet arrivals in t seconds at a multiplexer is a Poisson random variable with $\alpha = \lambda t$ where λ is the average arrival rate in packets/second. Find the probability that there are no packet arrivals in t seconds.





The Cumulative Distribution Function

 \triangleright The cdf is the probability of event $\{X \le x\}$

$$F_X(x) = P[X \le x] = P[\{\zeta : X(\zeta) \le x\}]$$

 \triangleright Probability that RV X takes on a value in set $(-\infty, x]$



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Examples

 \triangleright Find the cdf of RV X, such that X is the outcome of rolling a fair dice.





Examples (cont.)

 \triangleright Find the cdf of RV X, where X is the number of heads in three tosses of a fair coin.

