

# SMART CONTRACT AUDITS AND BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY



**SAFU AUDIT**  
SMART CONTRACT AUDITS AND BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY



**PROJECT:** RAYZ WORLD

**DATE:** July 12, 2022



[www.safuaudit.com](http://www.safuaudit.com)

# INTRODUCTION

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<b>Client</b>	RAYZ WORLD (\$RAYZ)
<b>Language</b>	Solidity
<b>Contract address</b>	0x7afbe4679eE209183c2551f09D47C9943a629467
<b>Owner</b>	0x3cf6fbb4d6b58cdb1d26547e36995d0ac256e769
<b>Deployer</b>	0x3cf6fbb4d6b58cdb1d26547e36995d0ac256e769
<b>SHA1-Hash</b>	431c86dfda5d63df33e82f5f6b5feb681354d19a
<b>Decimals</b>	9
<b>Supply</b>	5,000,000,000
<b>Platform</b>	Binance Smart Chain
<b>Compiler</b>	v0.8.4+commit.c7e474f2
<b>Optimization</b>	Yes with 200 runs
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://rayztoken.com/">http://rayztoken.com/</a>
<b>Telegram</b>	<a href="https://t.me/RayzTokenTurkey">https://t.me/RayzTokenTurkey</a>
<b>Twitter</b>	<a href="https://twitter.com/RayzGlobal">https://twitter.com/RayzGlobal</a>



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# APPROACH

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## Audit Details

Our comprehensive audit report provides a full overview of the audited system's architecture, smart contract codebase, and details on any vulnerabilities found within the system.



## Audit Goals

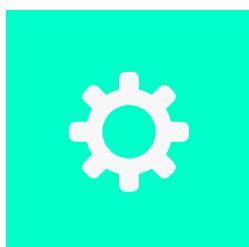
The audit goal is to ensure that the project is built to protect investors and users, preventing potentially catastrophic vulnerabilities after launch, that lead to scams and rugpulls.



## Code Quality

Our analysis includes both automatic tests and manual code analysis for the following aspects:

- Exploits
- Back-doors
- Vulnerability
- Accuracy
- Readability



## Tools

- Remix IDE
- Mythril
- Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
- Solidity Code Complier
- Hardhat



# RISK CLASSIFICATION

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## CRITICAL

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Issues on this level are critical to the smart contract's performance/functionality and should be fixed before moving to a live environment.

## MEDIUM

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Issues on this level could potentially bring problems and should eventually be fixed.

## MINOR

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Issues on this level are minor details and warning that can remain unfixed but would be better fixed at some point in the future

## INFORMATIONAL

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Information level is to offer suggestions for improvement of efficacy or security for features with a risk free factor.



# OVERVIEW

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## Fees

- Buy Fees: 5%
- Sell Fees: 5%

## Fees privileges

- Can set fees up to 25%

## Ownership

- Owned

## Minting

- No mint function

## Max Tx Amount

- Can't set max Tx amount

## Pause function

- Can't pause trading

## Blacklist

- Can't blacklist

## Other privileges

- Can exclude from fees
- Can exclude from rewards



# CONTRACT INSPECTION

## Imported contracts or frameworks used:

**IERC20**	Interface	
**Context**	Implementation	
**Ownable**	Implementation	Context
**SafeMath**	Library	
**Address**	Library	
**IUniswapV2Router01**	Interface	
**IUniswapV2Router02**	Interface	IUniswapV2Router01
**IUniswapV2Factory**	Interface	
**IPinkAntiBot**	Interface	
**BaseToken**	Implementation	

## Tested Contract File:

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
Rayz.sol	431c86dfda5d63df33e82f5f6b5feb681354d19a

**AntiBotLiquidityGeneratorToken**	Implementation	IERC20, Ownable, BaseToken
L   <Constructor>	Public	NO
L   setEnableAntiBot	External	○   onlyOwner
L   name	Public	NO
L   symbol	Public	NO
L   decimals	Public	NO
L   totalSupply	Public	NO
L   balanceOf	Public	NO
L   transfer	Public	○   NO
L   allowance	Public	NO
L   approve	Public	○   NO
L   transferFrom	Public	○   NO
L   increaseAllowance	Public	○   NO
L   decreaseAllowance	Public	○   NO
L   isExcludedFromReward	Public	NO
L   totalFees	Public	NO
L   deliver	Public	○   NO
L   reflectionFromToken	Public	NO
L   tokenFromReflection	Public	NO
L   excludeFromReward	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   includeInReward	External	○   onlyOwner
L   _transferBothExcluded	Private	○
L   excludeFromFee	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   includeInFee	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   setTaxFeePercent	External	○   onlyOwner
L   setLiquidityFeePercent	External	○   onlyOwner
L   setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   <Receive Ether>	External	NO
L   _reflectFee	Private	○
L   _getValues	Private	○
L   _getTValues	Private	○
L   _getRValues	Private	○
L   _getRate	Private	○

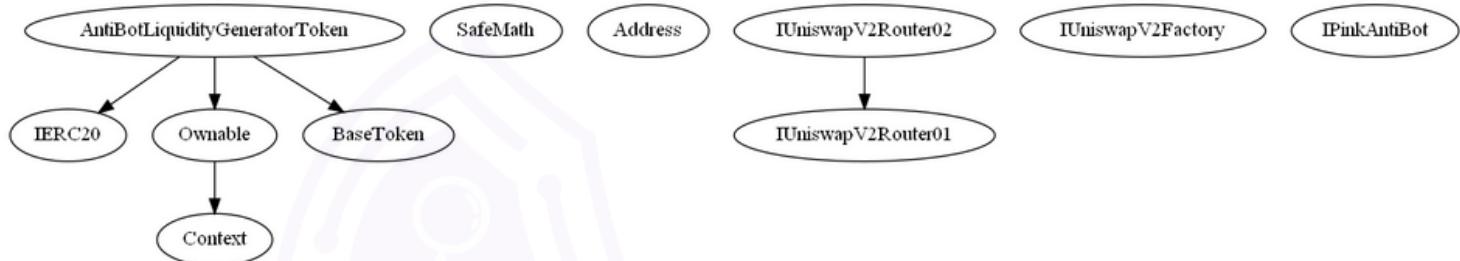


L	_getCurrentSupply	Private	🔒	
L	_takeLiquidity	Private	🔒	
L	_takeCharityFee	Private	🔒	
L	calculateTaxFee	Private	🔒	
L	calculateLiquidityFee	Private	🔒	
L	calculateCharityFee	Private	🔒	
L	removeAllFee	Private	🔒	
L	restoreAllFee	Private	🔒	
L	isExcludedFromFee	Public	❗	NO !
L	_approve	Private	🔒	
L	_transfer	Private	🔒	
L	swapAndLiquify	Private	🔒	lockTheSwap
L	swapTokensForEth	Private	🔒	
L	addLiquidity	Private	🔒	
L	_tokenTransfer	Private	🔒	
L	_transferStandard	Private	🔒	
L	_transferToExcluded	Private	🔒	
L	_transferFromExcluded	Private	🔒	

Symbol	Meaning
🔴	Function can modify state
💵	Function is payable
🔒	Private function
🔒	Internal function
NO !	Function has no modifier



# INHERITANCE TREE



Inheritance is a feature of the object-oriented programming language. It is a way of extending the functionality of a program, used to separate the code, reduces the dependency, and increases the re-usability of the existing code. Solidity supports inheritance between smart contracts, where multiple contracts can be inherited into a single contract.



# MANUAL FUNCTIONS ANALYSIS

The contract is verified to check if functions do and work as they should and malicious code is not inserted.

	<b>Tested</b>	<b>Result</b>
Transfer	Yes	Passed
Total Supply	Yes	Passed
Buy Back	Yes	N/A
Burn	Yes	N/A
Mint	Yes	N/A
Rebase	Yes	N/A
Pause	Yes	N/A
Blacklist	Yes	N/A
Lock	Yes	N/A
Max Transaction	Yes	N/A
Transfer Ownership	Yes	Passed
Renounce Ownership	Yes	Passed



# VULNERABILITIES TEST

ID	Description	
V-01	Function Default Visibility	Passed
V-02	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
V-03	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed
V-04	FloatingPragma	Passed
V-05	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed
V-06	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed
V-07	Unprotected SELF-DESTRUCT Instruction	Passed
V-08	Re-entrancy	Passed
V-09	State Variable Default Visibility	Minor
V-10	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed
V-11	Assert Violation	Passed
V-12	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed
V-13	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee	Passed
V-14	DoS with Failed Call	Passed
V-15	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed
V-16	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed
V-17	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed



<b>V-18</b>	Signature Malleability	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-19</b>	Incorrect Constructor Name	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-20</b>	Shadowing State Variables	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-21</b>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-22</b>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-23</b>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-24</b>	Requirement Violation	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-25</b>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-26</b>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-27</b>	Insufficient Gas Griefing	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-28</b>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-29</b>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-30</b>	Typographical Error	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-31</b>	Right-To-Left-Override control character(U+202E)	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-32</b>	Presence of unused variables	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-33</b>	Unexpected Ether balance	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-34</b>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-35</b>	Message call with the hardcoded gas amount	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-36</b>	Code With No Effects(Irrelevant/Dead Code)	<b>Passed</b>
<b>V-37</b>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	<b>Passed</b>



# FINDINGS

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ID	Category	Issue	Severity
CE-OF	Centralization	Owner Accessible Functions	Minor
V-01	Vulnerabilities	State Variable Default Visibility	Minor
CS-01	Coding Standards	Dead Code	Informational



# CE-OF: Owner Accessible Functions

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## Description

The owner has the permission through onlyOwner modifier to the following:

1. renounceOwnership()
2. transferOwnership()
3. setEnableAntiBot()
4. excludeFromReward()
5. includeInReward()
6. excludeFromFee()
7. includeInFee()
8. setTaxFeePercent()
9. setLiquidityFeePercent()
10. setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled()

The role OnlyOwner has authority over the above functions that can manipulate the project functionality without restrictions. Any compromise to the owner account may allow a hacker to take advantage of this authority.

## Recommendation

- We advise the client to carefully manage the privilege accounts' private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked.
- Renounce Ownership at some point in time.



# V-01: State Variable Default Visibility

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Line #977

```
bool inSwapAndLiquify;
```

## Description

Labeling the visibility explicitly makes it easier to catch incorrect assumptions about who can access the variable.

## Recommendation

Variables can be specified as being public, internal or private. Explicitly define visibility for all state variables.



# CS-01: Coding Standards

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## Line # 125: Dead Code

### Description

Address library functions: *functionCall()*, *functionCallWithValue()*, *functionDelegateCall()*, *functionStaticCall()*, *isContract()*, *sendValue()*, *verifyCallResult()* are never used.

SafeMath library functions: *div()*, *mod()*, *tryAdd()*, *tryDiv()*, *tryMod*, *tryMul()*, *trySub()* are never used.

### Recommendation

- Remove unused functions for code clarity and easier review.



# GOOD PRACTICES ✓

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- The owner cannot mint new tokens after deployment
- The owner cannot set taxes above 25%
- The owner cannot stop or pause the contract
- The owner cannot set a transaction limit
- The smart contract utilizes "SafeMath" to prevent overflows

```
function tryAdd(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (bool, uint256) {
    unchecked {
        uint256 c = a + b;
        if (c < a) return (false, 0);
        return (true, c);
    }
}
function trySub(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (bool, uint256) {
    unchecked {
        if (b > a) return (false, 0);
        return (true, a - b);
    }
}
function tryMul(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (bool, uint256) {
    unchecked {
        if (a == 0) return (true, 0);
        uint256 c = a * b;
        if (c / a != b) return (false, 0);
        return (true, c);
    }
}
function tryDiv(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (bool, uint256) {
    unchecked {
        if (b == 0) return (false, 0);
        return (true, a / b);
    }
}
function tryMod(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (bool, uint256) {
    unchecked {
        if (b == 0) return (false, 0);
        return (true, a % b);
    }
}
```



# WEBSITE

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<b>Website</b>	<a href="https://rayztoken.com/">https://rayztoken.com/</a>
<b>Domain Registry</b>	<a href="http://www.publicdomainregistry.com">www.publicdomainregistry.com</a>
<b>Domain Expiry Date</b>	2023-05-01
<b>Response Code</b>	500
<b>SSL Checker and HTTPS Test</b>	Passed
<b>Deprecated HTML tags</b>	Passed
<b>Robots.txt</b>	Passed
<b>Sitemap Test</b>	Passed
<b>SEO Friendly URL</b>	Passed
<b>Responsive Test</b>	Passed
<b>JS Error Test</b>	Passed
<b>Console Errors Test</b>	Informative
<b>Site Loading Speed Test</b>	5.52 seconds - minor
<b>HTTP2 Test</b>	Passed
<b>Safe Browsing Test</b>	Passed



# DISCLAIMER

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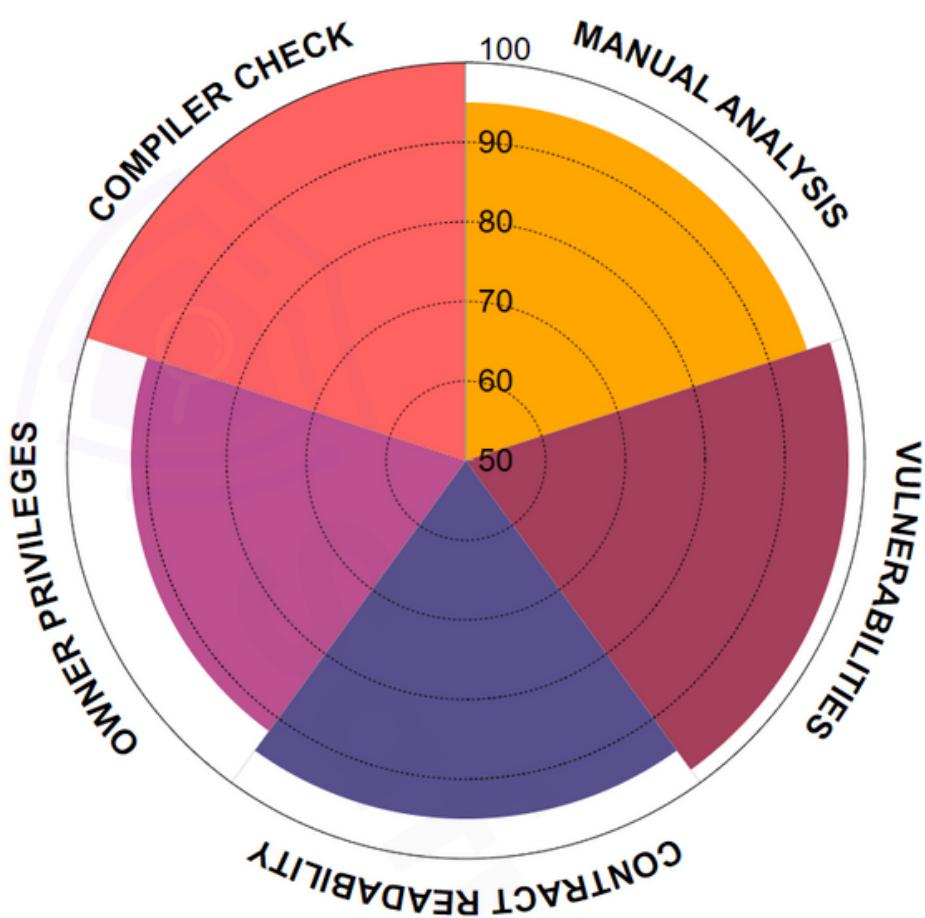
The purpose of the audit is to analyze the on-chain smart contract source code and to provide a basic overview of the project.

While we have used all the information available to us for this straightforward investigation, you should not rely on this report only – we recommend proceeding with several independent audits. Be aware that smart contracts deployed on a blockchain aren't secured enough against external vulnerability or a hack. Be aware that active smart contract owner privileges constitute an elevated impact on the smart contract safety and security. Therefore, SafuAudit does not guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contract. The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.



# RATING

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Manual Analysis



Vulnerabilities



Contract Readability



Owner Privileges



Compiler Check

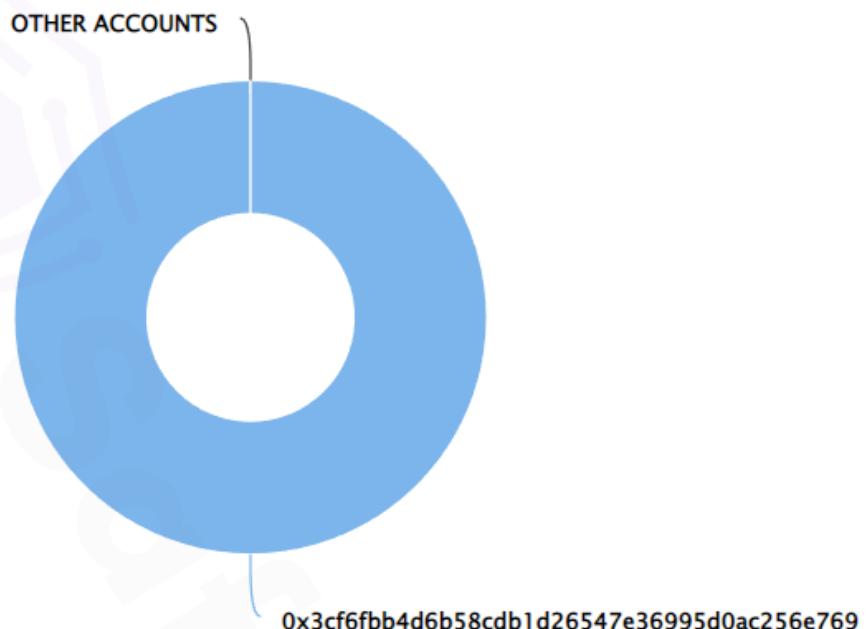
Final Score: **96**



# SUMMARY

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## Top 10 holders



Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	0x3cf6fbb4d6b58cdb1d26547e36995d0ac256e769	5,000,000,000	100.0000%

## CONCLUSION

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Project Rayz World does not contain any severe issues or risk characteristics.

SafuAudit has tested the security based on manual and automated tests.  
Please note that we don't offer any warranties for business model.



# SMART CONTRACT AUDITS AND BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY



*"Only in growth, reform, and change, paradoxically enough, is true security to be found."*

