

# SMART CONTRACT AUDITS AND BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY



**SAFU AUDIT**  
SMART CONTRACT AUDITS AND BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY



**PROJECT:** BULLSTEP

**DATE:** July 11, 2022



[www.safuaudit.com](http://www.safuaudit.com)

# INTRODUCTION

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<b>Client</b>	BullStep (\$BSTEP)
<b>Language</b>	Solidity
<b>Contract address</b>	0xd999B5144860e14c11460De64D00c10c66a57cA7
<b>Owner</b>	0x377A214e3b40e1CC0Cba0494B40B9A03822c4DA0
<b>Deployer</b>	0x377A214e3b40e1CC0Cba0494B40B9A03822c4DA0
<b>SHA1-Hash</b>	5b31b7bc244ead4dd90437d8c13fa65f0222b662
<b>Decimals</b>	9
<b>Supply</b>	10,000,000,000
<b>Platform</b>	Binance Smart Chain
<b>Compiler</b>	v0.8.11+commit.d7f03943
<b>Optimization</b>	Yes with 200 runs
<b>Website</b>	<a href="https://bullstep.net/">https://bullstep.net/</a>
<b>Telegram</b>	<a href="https://t.me/bullstepofficial">https://t.me/bullstepofficial</a>
<b>Twitter</b>	<a href="https://twitter.com/BullStep_App">https://twitter.com/BullStep_App</a>



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

---

## 01 INTRODUCTION

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Introduction

Approach

Risk classification

## 02 CONTRACT INSPECTION

---

Contract Inspection

Inheritance Tree

Owner privileges

## 03 MANUAL ANALYSIS

---

Manual analysis

## 04 FINDINGS

---

Vulnerabilities Test

Findings list

Issues description

Good Practices

## 05 WEBSITE

---

Website Audit

## 06 CONCLUSIONS

---

Disclaimer

Rating

Conclusion



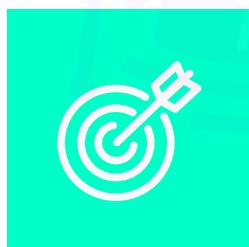
# APPROACH

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## Audit Details

Our comprehensive audit report provides a full overview of the audited system's architecture, smart contract codebase, and details on any vulnerabilities found within the system.



## Audit Goals

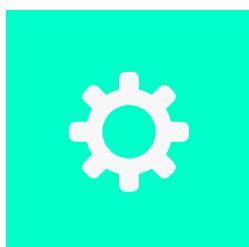
The audit goal is to ensure that the project is built to protect investors and users, preventing potentially catastrophic vulnerabilities after launch, that lead to scams and rugpulls.



## Code Quality

Our analysis includes both automatic tests and manual code analysis for the following aspects:

- Exploits
- Back-doors
- Vulnerability
- Accuracy
- Readability



## Tools

- Remix IDE
- Mythril
- Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
- Solidity Code Complier
- Hardhat



# RISK CLASSIFICATION

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## CRITICAL

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Issues on this level are critical to the smart contract's performance/functionality and should be fixed before moving to a live environment.

## MEDIUM

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Issues on this level could potentially bring problems and should eventually be fixed.

## MINOR

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Issues on this level are minor details and warning that can remain unfixed but would be better fixed at some point in the future

## INFORMATIONAL

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Information level is to offer suggestions for improvement of efficacy or security for features with a risk free factor.



# OVERVIEW

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## Fees

- Buy Fees: 10%
- Sell Fees: 10%

## Fees privileges

- Can set fees up to 25% (buy + sell = 50%)

## Ownership

- Owned

## Minting

- No mint function

## Max Tx Amount

- Can't set max Tx amount lower than 1%

## Pause function

- Can't pause trading

## Blacklist

- Can't blacklist

## Other privileges

- Can include/exclude from fees



# CONTRACT INSPECTION

## Imported contracts or frameworks used:

**Context**	Implementation	
**IERC20**	Interface	
**IFactoryV2**	Interface	
**IV2Pair**	Interface	
**IRouter01**	Interface	
**IRouter02**	Interface	IRouter01
**AntiSnipe**	Interface	
**BullStep**	Implementation	Context, IERC20

## Tested Contract File:

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
BullStep.sol	5b31b7bc244ead4dd90437d8c13fa65f0222b662

**BullStep**	Implementation	Context, IERC20
L   <Constructor>	Public	NO
L   <Receive Ether>	External	NO
L   withdrawBUSD	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   owner	Public	NO
L   transferOwner	External	○   onlyOwner
L   renounceOwnership	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   totalSupply	External	NO
L   decimals	External	NO
L   symbol	External	NO
L   name	External	NO
L   getOwner	External	NO
L   allowance	External	NO
L   balanceOf	Public	NO
L   transfer	Public	○   NO
L   approve	Public	○   NO
L   _approve	Private	○
L   approveContractContingency	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   transferFrom	External	○   NO
L   increaseAllowance	Public	○   NO
L   decreaseAllowance	Public	○   NO
L   setNewRouter	Public	○   onlyOwner
L   setLpPair	External	○   onlyOwner
L   changeRouterContingency	External	○   onlyOwner
L   getCirculatingSupply	Public	NO
L   isExcludedFromFees	Public	NO
L   setExcludedFromFees	Public	○   onlyOwner



```

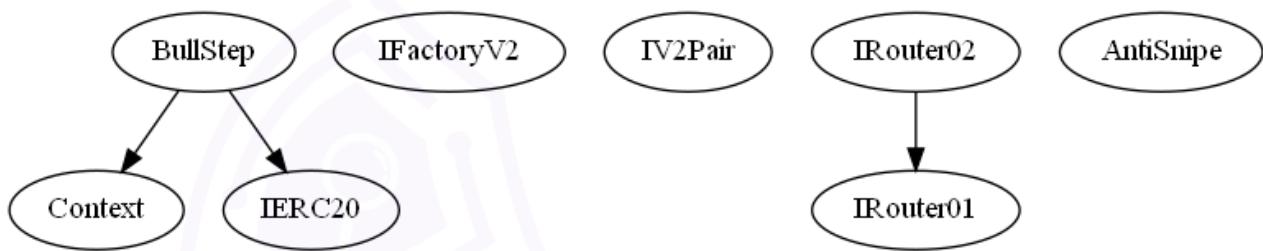
| L | setInitializer | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | removeBlacklisted | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | isBlacklisted | Public ! | | NO! |
| L | getSniperAmt | Public ! | | NO! |
| L | removeSniper | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | setProtectionSettings | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | setGasPriceLimit | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | setTaxes | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | setRatios | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | setMaxTxPercent | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | getMaxTX | Public ! | | NO! |
| L | setSwapSettings | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | setWallets | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | setContractSwapEnabled | Public ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | excludePresaleAddresses | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | _hasLimits | Private 💰 | | |
| L | _transfer | Internal 💰 | ○ | |
| L | cTokens | Public ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | a_checkCBalance | Public ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | contractSwap | Private 💰 | ○ | lockTheSwap |
| L | _checkLiquidityAdd | Private 💰 | ○ | |
| L | enableTrading | Public ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | sweepContingency | External ! | ○ | onlyOwner |
| L | multiSendTokens | External ! | ○ | NO! |
| L | multiSendPercents | External ! | ○ | NO! |
| L | takeTaxes | Internal 💰 | ○ | |
| L | _finalizeTransfer | Private 💰 | ○ | |

```

Symbol	Meaning
○	Function can modify state
\$	Function is payable
🔒	Private function
🔓	Internal function
NO!	Function has no modifier



# INHERITANCE TREE



Inheritance is a feature of the object-oriented programming language. It is a way of extending the functionality of a program, used to separate the code, reduces the dependency, and increases the re-usability of the existing code. Solidity supports inheritance between smart contracts, where multiple contracts can be inherited into a single contract.



# MANUAL FUNCTIONS ANALYSIS

The contract is verified to check if functions do and work as they should and malicious code is not inserted.

	<b>Tested</b>	<b>Result</b>
Transfer	Yes	Passed
Total Supply	Yes	Passed
Buy Back	Yes	N/A
Burn	Yes	N/A
Mint	Yes	N/A
Rebase	Yes	N/A
Pause	Yes	N/A
Blacklist	Yes	N/A
Lock	Yes	N/A
Max Transaction	Yes	Passed
Transfer Ownership	Yes	Passed
Renounce Ownership	Yes	Passed



# VULNERABILITIES TEST

ID	Description	
V-01	Function Default Visibility	Passed
V-02	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
V-03	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed
V-04	FloatingPragma	Minor
V-05	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed
V-06	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed
V-07	Unprotected SELF-DESTRUCT Instruction	Passed
V-08	Re-entrancy	Passed
V-09	State Variable Default Visibility	Minor
V-10	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed
V-11	Assert Violation	Passed
V-12	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed
V-13	Delegate Call to Untrusted Callee	Passed
V-14	DoS with Failed Call	Passed
V-15	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed
V-16	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed
V-17	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed



<b>V-18</b>	Signature Malleability	Passed
<b>V-19</b>	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed
<b>V-20</b>	Shadowing State Variables	Passed
<b>V-21</b>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed
<b>V-22</b>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed
<b>V-23</b>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed
<b>V-24</b>	Requirement Violation	Passed
<b>V-25</b>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed
<b>V-26</b>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed
<b>V-27</b>	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed
<b>V-28</b>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed
<b>V-29</b>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed
<b>V-30</b>	Typographical Error	Passed
<b>V-31</b>	Right-To-Left-Override control character(U+202E)	Passed
<b>V-32</b>	Presence of unused variables	Informational
<b>V-33</b>	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed
<b>V-34</b>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed
<b>V-35</b>	Message call with the hardcoded gas amount	Passed
<b>V-36</b>	Code With No Effects(Irrelevant/Dead Code)	Informational
<b>V-37</b>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed



# FINDINGS

ID	Category	Issue	Severity
CE-0F	Centralization	Owner Accessible Functions	Minor
V-01	Vulnerabilities	Unchecked transfer	Minor
V-02	Vulnerabilities	Unlocked Compiler	Minor
V-03	Vulnerabilities	State Variable Default Visibility	Minor
CS-01	Coding Standards	Unused State Variable	Informational
CS-02	Coding Standards	Dead Code	Informational
GO-03	Gas Optimization	State Variables that could be declared constant	Informational
GO-04	Gas Optimization	Public Function could be Declared External	Informational



# CE-OF: Owner Accessible Functions

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## Description

The owner has the permission through onlyOwner modifier to the following:

1. withdrawBUSD()
2. transferOwner()
3. renounceOwnership()
4. setNewRouter()
5. setLpPair()
6. changeRouterContingency()
7. setExcludedFromFees()
8. setInitializer()
9. removeBlacklisted()
10. removeSniper()
11. setProtectionSettings()
12. setProtectionSettings()
13. setGasPriceLimit()
14. setTaxes()
15. setRatios()
16. setMaxTxPercent()
17. setSwapSettings()
18. setWallets()
19. setContractSwapEnabled()
20. excludePresaleAddresses()
21. cTokens()
22. enableTrading()
23. sweepContingency()

The role OnlyOwner has authority over the above functions that can manipulate the project functionality without restrictions. Any compromise to the owner account may allow a hacker to take advantage of this authority.

## Recommendation

- We advise the client to carefully manage the privilege accounts' private key to avoid any potential risks of being hacked.
- Renounce Ownership at some point in time.



# V-01: Unchecked transfer

---

## Line #370

```
function withdrawBUSD(address tAddress, uint amount, uint tDecimals) public onlyOwner
{
    token= IERC20(tAddress);
    token.transfer(msg.sender,amount*10**tDecimals);
}
```

## Description

Function BullStep.withdrawBUSD() (Line #370) does not check the value returned by token.transfer().

Some tokens don't revert in case of failure. In case one of these tokens needs to be withdrawn from contract and transfer fails (exceeding amount, gas, etc.), it will not revert, but return false.

## Recommendation

- We recommend using SafeERC20 library for transfers or add multiple checks on token.transfer().



# V-02: Unlocked Compiler

---

## Line #6

```
pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.9.0;
```

## Description

Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested with thoroughly. Locking the pragma helps to ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using, for example, an outdated compiler version that might introduce bugs that affect the contract system negatively.

## Recommendation

- Lock the pragma version and also consider known bugs (<https://github.com/ethereum/solidity/releases>) for the compiler version that is chosen.



# V-03: State Variable Default Visibility

---

Line #222

```
mapping (address => bool) lpPairs;
```

Line #225

```
IERC20 token;
```

Line #301

```
bool inSwap;
```

Line #313

```
AntiSnipe antiSnipe;
```

## Description

Labeling the visibility explicitly makes it easier to catch incorrect assumptions about who can access the variable.

## Recommendation

Variables can be specified as being public, internal or private. Explicitly define visibility for all state variables.



# CS-01: Unused State Variable

---

Line #229

```
address[] private _excluded;
```

## Description

Unused state variable.

## Recommendation

- Remove unused state variables for code clarity and easier review.



# CS-02: Dead Code

---

Line #696 - 707

```
function _checkLiquidityAdd(address from, address to) private {
    require(!_hasLiqBeenAdded, "Liquidity already added and marked.");
    if (!_hasLimits(from, to) && to == lpPair) {
        _liquidityHolders[from] = true;
        _hasLiqBeenAdded = true;
        if(address(antiSnipe) == address(0)){
            antiSnipe = AntiSnipe(address(this));
        }
        contractSwapEnabled = true;
        emit ContractSwapEnabledUpdated(true);
    }
}
```

## Description

`_checkLiquidityAdd`(`from`,`to`) is not used in the contract, and makes the review more difficult.

## Recommendation

- Remove unused functions



# GO-01: State Variables could be declared constant

---

Line #232, 235, 239

```
bool private allowedPresaleExclusion = true;
uint256 private startingSupply = 10_000_000_000;
uint8 private _decimals = 9;
```

## Description

The above variables should be declared constant. This is especially for the **\_tTotal**, **swapThreshold** and **swapAmount** pre-construction variables that are set afterwards.

## Recommendation

- Add the constant attributes to state variables that never change.



## GO-02: Public Function could be Declared External

---

Line #370, 399, 416, 421, 434, 447, 452, 457, 493, 511, 515, 556, 572, 641, 646, 709

### Description

The above functions are public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

### Recommendation

- Use the external attribute for functions never called from the contract.



## GOOD PRACTICES

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- The owner cannot mint new tokens after deployment
- The owner cannot set taxes above 25%
- The owner cannot stop or pause the contract
- The owner cannot set a transaction limit under 1%



# WEBSITE

<b>Website</b>	<a href="https://bullstep.net/">https://bullstep.net/</a>
<b>Domain Registry</b>	<a href="http://www.namecheap.com">http://www.namecheap.com</a>
<b>Domain Expiry Date</b>	2023-06-10
<b>Response Code</b>	200
<b>SSL Checker and HTTPS Test</b>	Passed
<b>Deprecated HTML tags</b>	Passed
<b>Robots.txt</b>	Passed
<b>Sitemap Test</b>	Passed
<b>SEO Friendly URL</b>	Informative
<b>Responsive Test</b>	Passed
<b>JS Error Test</b>	Passed
<b>Console Errors Test</b>	Passed
<b>Site Loading Speed Test</b>	2.29 seconds - Passed
<b>HTTP2 Test</b>	Passed
<b>Safe Browsing Test</b>	Passed



# DISCLAIMER

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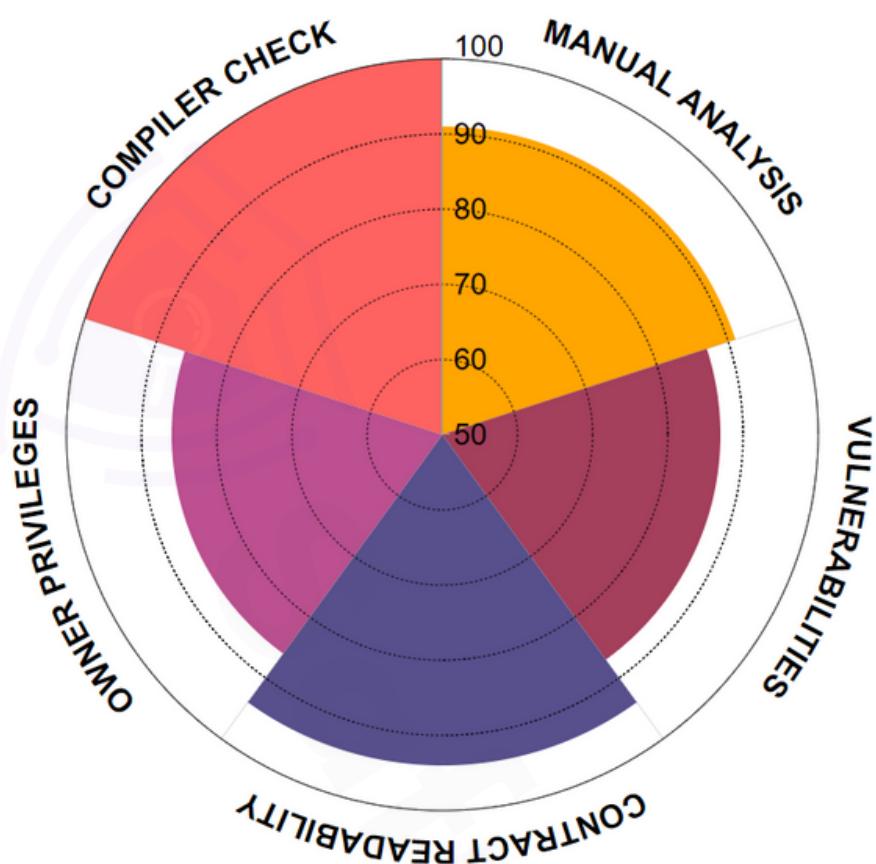
The purpose of the audit is to analyze the on-chain smart contract source code and to provide a basic overview of the project.

While we have used all the information available to us for this straightforward investigation, you should not rely on this report only – we recommend proceeding with several independent audits. Be aware that smart contracts deployed on a blockchain aren't secured enough against external vulnerability or a hack. Be aware that active smart contract owner privileges constitute an elevated impact on the smart contract safety and security. Therefore, SafuAudit does not guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contract. The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.



# RATING

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Manual Analysis



Vulnerabilities



Contract Readability



Owner Privileges



Compiler Check

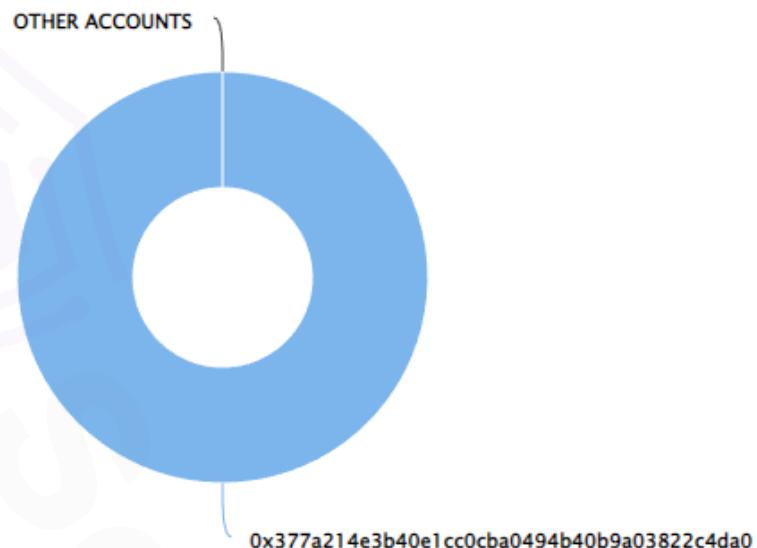
Final Score: **91.6**



# SUMMARY

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## Top 10 holders



Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	0x377a214e3b40e1cc0cba0494b40b9a03822c4da0	10,000,000,000	100.00000%

## CONCLUSION

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Project BullStep does not contain any severe issues or risk characteristics.

SafuAudit has tested the security based on manual and automated tests.

Please note that we don't offer any warranties for business model.



# SMART CONTRACT AUDITS AND BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY



*"Only in growth, reform, and change, paradoxically enough, is true security to be found."*

