## Midterm 1 Exam - ECE 503 Fall 2020

- Due Date and Time: Monday, Oct. 5, 2020, by Noon.
- Submit your answers on D2L.
- Maximum Credit: 100 points

## 1. [25 points]

- (a) (5 points) Mutually exclusive events are always independent. (True or False?)
- (b) (10 points) Six cards are drawn at random (with replacement) from a deck of 52 cards. What is the probability that there are at least two Aces?
- (c) (10 points) Let X be a discrete random variable with the following PMF:

$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1 - p)^{(n-k)}, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, n$$

Compute the mean of X.

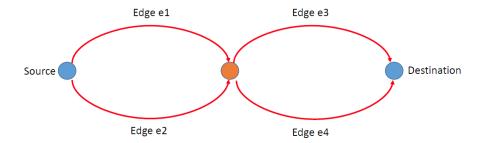
2. [25 points] Let X be a random variable with the following CDF:

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < -3\\ \frac{x}{12} + \frac{1}{2}, & -3 \le x < 0\\ \frac{x}{12} + \frac{3}{4}, & 0 \le x < 3\\ 1, & 3 \le x. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find P(X=-2), P(X=0) and  $P(0 < X \le 2)$
- (b) Find  $P(X \le 2|X > -1)$ .
- (c) If  $Y = X^2$ , find the CDF of the random variable Y.

- 3. [25 points] To sign up for a new COVID-19 contact tracing app, users are asked to pick a password of length 8, with the following guidelines. The password must have
  - exactly 4 upper-case letters (can be chosen with replacement) from  $\{A, B, \dots, Z\}$
  - exactly 2 lower-case letters (can be chosen with replacement) from  $\{a,b,\cdots,z\}$
  - exactly 2 special characters (chosen without replacement) from the following list  $\{\#, \$, \%, \&, !, @\}$
  - (a) How many distinct passwords are possible?
  - (b) Suppose there are N users that sign up for the app. Each user independently picks a valid password at random. What is the probability that none of the users share the same password?

4. [25 points] Consider a source (S) and a destination (D) connected through the network shown in the figure below. A path from S to D is defined as a sequence of edges that connect S to D. For instance, the path  $P_{1,3} = e_1 \rightarrow e_3$  is a valid path that can allow data transfer from S to D. Each edge in the network is functional independently with probability p (and does not work with probability 1-p). In order to send data from S to D, one needs a working path, i.e., a path with all functional edges. For instance, the path  $P_{1,3}$  is a working path only if both the edges  $e_1$  and  $e_3$  are functional.



- (a) Enumerate all the valid paths for this network.
- (b) What is the probability that there is at least one working path from S to D?
- (c) What is the expected number of working paths?