```
1D Array and String
1.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
    int a[5]={100,1,0,200,1};
    int i=2, j, m;
    i=a[i++]++;
    i=++a[++i];
    m=--a[i--];
    printf("%d,%d,%d,%d",i,j,m, *(a+i+j+m));
    return 0;
A. 0,0,0,199
B. 1,1,0,200
C. 1, 1, 1, 1
D. 1,1,0,0
Answer: D
2.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
   char* p=NULL;
   char buf[][10]={"PG-DAC", "PG-DESD", "PG-DMC",
                     "PG-DBDA", "PreCat"};
   p=(buf+7)[-3];
   printf("%s",p);
   return 0;
A. PG-DBDA
B. PreCat
C. Grabage Value
D. Error as array index cant be negative.
Answer: B
                             1
```

```
1D Array and String
3.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
   char arr[5][10]={"PG-DAC", "PG-DMC", "PG-DBDA",
                     "PG-DESD", "PreCat"};
   printf("%c",*arr[4]+2);
   printf("\t %s",&(*arr[4])+3);
    return 0;
A. -
       DESD
B. e
      Cat
C. E DBDA
D. R Cat
Answer: D
4.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
   int arr[3]={10,20,30,40};
   printf("%d", -2[arr]);
   return 0:
A. 30
B. 10
C. Compiler error
D. -30
Answer: D
5. consider starting address of array is 1000.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
   int a[3]={10,20,30,40};
   printf("\n a=%u &a=%u &a[0]=%u",a, &a ,&a[0]);
    return 0;
}
```

```
1D Array and String
A. 1000 1000 1000
B. 1000 1004 1004
C. 1016 1016 1016
D. None of above
Answer: A
6.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
   int arr[100],i=0;
   if(arr[0+i]==i[0+i+arr])
   {
       printf("Welcome to Sunbeam @ Karad ");
   else
       printf("Welcome to Sunbeam @ Pune ");
   return 0;
A. Complile time error
B. Welcome to Sunbeam @ Karad
C. Welcome to Sunbeam @ Pune
D. Run time error
Answer: B
7.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
{
   int a[5]={1,2,3,4,5}, i,j,m;
   i=a[1]+++++a[2]+++a[3];
   j=a[2]++ + --a[3] - a[4]--;
   m=++a[i];
   printf("%d,%d,%d",i,j,m);
   return 0:
                            3
```

```
1D Array and String
A. 3,5,11
B. 5,3,11
C. 11,5,3
D. 11,3,5
Answer: D
8.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
    double arr[]={1.2 , 2.3 , 3.4 , 4.5 , 5.6};
    float size=(float)(sizeof(arr)+1)/(sizeof(arr[1]));
    printf("%.4f",size);
    return 0:
A. 41.0000
B. 5.0000
C. 5.1250
D. 0.0000
Answer: C
9.
#include<stdio.h>
int main( void )
{
    char name[] = "Sunbeam Pune";
    char *ptr = "Sunbeam Karad";
    printf("%d, %d, ", sizeof(name), sizeof(ptr));
printf("%d, %d" , sizeof(*name), sizeof(*ptr));
    return 0:
A. 13, 4, 1, 1
B. 1 , 1, 4, 4
C. 13, 1, 1, 1
D. 13.8.1.1
Answer: A
```



```
10.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char s[] = "Sunbeam";
    int i=0:
    char ch;
    ch = s[i++];
    printf("%c", ch);
    ch = s[++i];
    printf("%c", ch);
    ch = ++i[s];
    printf("%c", ch);
    ch = i++[s];
    printf("%c", ch);
    return 0;
A. Snoo
B. Soon
C. Snoo
D. Sono
Answer: A
11.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   char str1[] = "Sunbeam Pune and Karad";
   char str2[40];
   char *t=NULL, *s=NULL;
    s = str1; t = str2;
   while(*t=*s)
        *t++ = *s++;
   printf("%s", str2);
    return 0;
```

1D Array and String



```
A. Sunbeam
B. Karad
C. Sunbeam Pune and Karad
D. infine loop
Answer: C
12.
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
   char str[] = "Sunbeam";
   printf("%s - %s", &str+3, str+3);
   return 0:
A. Run time error
B. Garbage Value - beam
C. Sunbeam - beam
D. Compile time error
Answer: B
13.
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(void)
{
   char* str1 = "Sunbeam";
   char* str2= "Karad";
   char* str3=NULL:
   str3=strcat(str1, str2);
   printf("%s %s", str3, str1);
   return 0:
A. SunbeamKarad
B. It will terminates exit value -1
C. NULL Sunbeam
D. None of above
Answer: B
```

1D Array and String



```
14. What will be output of
following code on 64 bit Compiler.
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(void)
{
   char *str[] = {"PG-DAC", "PG-DESD", "PG-DMC",
                   "PG-DBDA", "PreCat"};
   printf("%d, %d", sizeof(str), strlen(str[0]));
   return 0:
A. 8,5
B. 40,8
C. 40.6
D. 40,5
Answer: C
15.
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(void)
   char str[10] = "C#";
   strcpy(str+2, " Java");
   printf("%s", str);
   return 0:
A. Java
B. C#Java
C. Garabge value
D. C# Java
Answer: D
```

1D Array and String



16.

```
Consider address of hellow as 4195764
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(void)
{
    printf("%u %s", &"Hello", &"Hello");
    return 0;
}
A. 4195764 4195764
B. 4195764 Hello
C. 4195764 4195678
D. Hello 4195764
Answer: B
```