

1.

```
#include <stdio.h>
struct student
{
    int rollno;
    char name[10];
    char *subject, division;
    short int std;
    struct student *point;
};
int main(void)
{
    struct student s;
    struct student m;
    s.subject = m.subject = "C++";
    m.point = &s;
    (m.point)->subject = "CPP";
    printf("%s\t%s\t", s.subject, m.subject);
    return 0;
}
```

- A. CPP C++
- B. CPP CPP
- C. C++ C++
- D. Runtime error

Answer: A

2.

```
#include<stdio.h>
typedef struct p *q;
struct p
{
    int x;
    char y;
    q ptr;
};
int main(void)
{
    struct p p = {1, 65, &p};
    printf("p.ptr->x =%d \t p.ptr->y =%c",p.ptr->x,p.ptr->y);
    return 0;
}
```

A. Compile time error

B. `p.ptr->x = 1`                      `p.ptr->y = A`

C. `p.ptr->x = 1`                      `p.ptr->y = 65`

D. `p.ptr->x = Address of p`        `p.ptr->y = Address of p`

Answer: B

3.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
struct st
```

```
{
```

```
    int x;
```

```
    struct st next;
```

```
};
```

```
int main( void )
```

```
{
```

```
    struct st temp;
```

```
    temp.x = 10;
```

```
    temp.next = temp;
```

```
    printf("%d", temp.next.x);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

A. Compiler Error – next has incomplete type

B. 10

C. Runtime Error

D. Garbage Value

Answer: A

4.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<string.h>
```

```
struct Test
```

```
{
```

```
    char str[9];
```

```
};
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    struct Test st1, st2;
```

```
    strcpy(st1.str, "CSharp");
```

```
    st2 = st1; st1.str[0] = 'J';
```

```
    printf("%s \t %s", st2.str, st1.str);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

## Use Define Data Type



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- A. CSharp JSharp
- B. JSharp CSharp
- C. Segmentation Fault
- D. Compile Error
- E. CSharp CSharp

Answer: A

5.

For accessing a data member of structure by using a pointer

- A. address of operator (&)
- B. dot operator (.)
- C. value at operator (\*)
- D. arrow operator (->)

Answer: D

6.

What will be output of following code on 32 bit Compiler?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#pragma pack(1)
int main(void)
{
    struct
    {
        short s[5];
        union
        {
            char x;
            float y;
            long z;
            short int z1;
        }u;
    }t;
    printf("%d", sizeof(t) + sizeof(t.u));
    return 0;
}
```

- A. 21
- B. 11
- C. 26
- D. 14
- E. Error as structure does not have any name.

Answer: C

7.

```
#include <stdio.h>
union test
{
    int x;
    char arr[4];
    int y;
};
int main(void)
{
    union test t;
    t.x = 0;
    t.arr[1] = 'G';
    printf("%s", t.arr);
    return 0;
}
```

- A. no output return value from main function is zero
- B. Garbage character followed by 'G'
- C. G
- D. Compile Error

Answer: A

8. In the following C code, we can access the 1st character of the string sval by using \_\_\_\_\_

```
#include <stdio.h>
struct
{
    char *name;
    union
    {
        char *sval;
    }u;
}symtab[10];
```

- A. \*symtab[0].u.sval
- B. symtab[0].u.sval[0].
- C. You cannot have union inside structure
- D. Both A and B (\*symtab[0].u.sval & symtab[0].u.sval[0])

Answer: D

9.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    enum days {MON=-1, TUE, WED=6, THU, FRI, SAT};
    printf("%d, %d, %d, %d, %d, %d", MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT);
    return 0;
}
```

- A. -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4
- B. -1, 2, 6, 3, 4, 5
- C. -1, 0, 6, 2, 3, 4
- D. -1, 0, 6, 7, 8, 9

Answer: D

10.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    enum status {pass, fail, absent};
    enum status stud1, stud2, stud3;
    stud1 = pass;
    stud2 = absent;
    stud3 = fail;
    printf("%d %d %d", stud1, stud2, stud3);
    return 0;
}
```

- A. 0, 1, 2
- B. 1, 2, 3
- C. 0, 2, 1
- D. 1, 3, 2

Answer: C

11.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
struct
{
    unsigned int age : 2;
}Age;
```

## Use Define Data Type



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```
int main(void )
{
    Age.age = 3;
    printf( "Age.age : %d ", Age.age );
    Age.age = 4;
    printf( "updated Age.age : %d\n", Age.age );
    return 0;
}
```

- A. Age.age : 3 updated Age.age : 4  
B. Age.age : 0 updated Age.age : 0  
C. Age.age : 3 updated Age.age : 0  
D. Age.age : 3 updated Age.age : 3  
Answer: C

```
12.
#include <stdio.h>
struct Date
{
    unsigned int d:5;
    unsigned int m:4;
    unsigned int y;
};
int main(void )
{
    struct Date Today={9,3,2017};
    printf( "%d", sizeof(Today));
    return 0;
}
```

- A. 12  
B. 8  
C. 16  
D. 13  
Answer: B

```
13.
#include <stdio.h>
struct sData
{
    unsigned int a: 2;
    unsigned int b: 2;
    unsigned int c: 2;
};
```

```
int main(void )
{
    struct sData data;
    printf("Sizeof of data.a = %d", sizeof(data.a));
    return 0;
}
```

- A. 4
- B. Compile Time Error
- C. 2
- D. 6

Answer: B

- 14.
- typedef int (\*PFI)(char \*, char \*) creates:
- A. type PFI, for pointer to function (of two char \* arguments) returning int
  - B. Error
  - C. type PFI, function (of two char \* arguments) returning int
  - D. type PFI, for pointer

Answer: A

- 15.
- What is x in the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    typedef char (*( *arrfptr[3])())[10];
    arrfptr x;
    return 0;
}
```

- A. x is a pointer
- B. x is an array of three pointer
- C. x is an array of three function pointers
- D. Error in x declaration

Answer: C

- 16.
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    typedef float fData;
    static fData *fpData = NULL;
```

## Use Define Data Type



```
float fValue = 90;  
fpData = &fValue;  
printf("%f\n", *fpData);  
return 0;  
}
```

- A. 90
- B. Compiler Error
- C. 90.000000
- D. Linker Error

Answer: C