```
Sagar Bangari (1BM22CS231)
Lab – 2
                    Breadth First Search and Depth First Search on
                                8 – Puzzle Problem
1) BFS:-
Code:
from collections import deque
def solve_8_puzzle_bfs(initial_state):
  def find_blank_tile(state):
   for i in range(3):
     for j in range(3):
       if state[i][i] == 0:
         return i, j
  def get_possible_moves(state):
   moves = []
   row, col = find_blank_tile(state)
   if row > 0: # Up
     new_state = [r[:] for r in state]
     new_state[row][col], new_state[row - 1][col] = new_state[row - 1][col],
new_state[row][col]
     moves.append((new_state, 'Up'))
   if row < 2: # Down
     new_state = [r[:] for r in state]
```

new_state[row][col], new_state[row + 1][col] = new_state[row + 1][col],

new_state[row][col]

```
moves.append((new_state, 'Down'))
   if col > 0: # Left
     new_state = [r[:] for r in state]
     new_state[row][col], new_state[row][col - 1] = new_state[row][col - 1],
new_state[row][col]
     moves.append((new_state, 'Left'))
   if col < 2: # Right
     new_state = [r[:] for r in state]
     new_state[row][col], new_state[row][col + 1] = new_state[row][col + 1],
new_state[row][col]
     moves.append((new_state, 'Right'))
   return moves
 goal_state = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 0]]
 queue = deque([(initial_state, [])]) # (state, path)
 visited = set()
 visited.add(tuple(map(tuple, initial_state)))
 while queue:
    current_state, current_path = queue.popleft()
   if current_state == goal_state:
     return current_path + [(current_state, 'Goal')] # Mark the goal
   for next_state, direction in get_possible_moves(current_state):
```

```
if tuple(map(tuple, next_state)) not in visited:
       queue.append((next_state, current_path + [(current_state, direction)]))
       visited.add(tuple(map(tuple, next_state)))
 return None # No solution found
# Function to take matrix input from the user
def input_matrix():
 print("Enter the 3x3 matrix row by row (use 0 for the empty space):")
 matrix = []
 for _ in range(3):
   row = list(map(int, input().split()))
   matrix.append(row)
  return matrix
initial_state = input_matrix()
solution = solve_8_puzzle_bfs(initial_state)
if solution:
 print("Solution found:")
 for state, direction in solution:
   for row in state:
     print(row)
    print("Move:", direction)
   print()
 print("Total moves:", len(solution) - 1) # Count of moves to reach the goal
else:
 print("No solution found.")
```

Output:

```
Enter the 3x3 matrix row by row (use 0 for the empty space):
1 2 3
4 5 6
078
Solution found:
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 5, 6]
[0, 7, 8]
Move: Right
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 5, 6]
[7, 0, 8]
Move: Right
[1, 2, 3]
[4, 5, 6]
[7, 8, 0]
Move: Goal
Total moves: 2
```

```
2) DFS:-
Code:
class Puzzle:
  def __init__(self, start):
    self.start = start
    self.goal = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 0] # Default goal state
    self.n = 3 # 8 puzzle is 3x3
  def get_neighbors(self, state):
   # Find the blank space (0)
    blank_index = state.index(0)
    row, col = divmod(blank_index, self.n)
    neighbors = []
    # Define possible moves: up, down, left, right
    moves = [
     (-1, 0), # up
     (1, 0), # down
     (0, -1), # left
     (0,1) # right
   ]
   for move in moves:
     new_row, new_col = row + move[0], col + move[1]
     if 0 <= new_row < self.n and 0 <= new_col < self.n:
       new_index = new_row * self.n + new_col
```

```
new_state = list(state)
       # Swap the blank space (0) with the adjacent tile
       new_state[blank_index], new_state[new_index] = new_state[new_index],
new_state[blank_index]
       neighbors.append((tuple(new_state), (row, col), (new_row, new_col)))
   return neighbors
  def dfs(self):
   # Stack for DFS, starting from the initial state
   stack = [(tuple(self.start), [], None)] # (state, path, previous_blank_pos)
   visited = set()
   while stack:
     state, path, previous_blank_pos = stack.pop()
     if state == tuple(self.goal):
       return path + [(state, previous_blank_pos)] # Return path to the goal
     if state in visited:
       continue
     visited.add(state)
     for neighbor, prev_pos, new_pos in self.get_neighbors(state):
       if neighbor not in visited:
         stack.append((neighbor, path + [(state, prev_pos, new_pos)], new_pos))
   return None # No solution found
  def get_move_direction(self, prev_pos, new_pos):
   if prev_pos is None:
     return None
```

```
prev_row, prev_col = prev_pos
 new_row, new_col = new_pos
 if new_row == prev_row and new_col == prev_col + 1:
   return "right"
 elif new_row == prev_row and new_col == prev_col - 1:
   return "left"
 elif new_row == prev_row - 1 and new_col == prev_col:
   return "up"
 elif new_row == prev_row + 1 and new_col == prev_col:
   return "down"
def print_solution(self, solution):
 move_count = 0
 for i in range(len(solution) - 1):
   state, prev_pos, new_pos = solution[i]
   move_count += 1
   move_direction = self.get_move_direction(prev_pos, new_pos)
   print(f"Move {move_count} ({move_direction}):")
   for i in range(0, self.n * self.n, self.n):
     print(state[i:i + self.n])
   print("") # Print empty line between moves
 # Print the final goal state
 final_state, _, _ = solution[-1]
 move count += 1
 print(f"Move {move_count} (final state):")
 for i in range(0, self.n * self.n, self.n):
```

```
print(final_state[i:i + self.n])
    print("") # Final step empty line
    return move_count
# Input function to take the start state from the user row by row
def get_user_input_row_by_row(prompt):
 print(prompt)
 state = []
 for i in range(3): #8 puzzle is 3x3, so we need 3 rows
   row = input(f"Enter row {i+1} (space-separated numbers, 0 for blank): ").split()
    state.extend([int(x) for x in row])
  return state
# Main function
if __name__ == "__main__":
 print("Enter the start state of the puzzle (0 represents the blank space):")
 start_state = get_user_input_row_by_row("Start State")
 puzzle = Puzzle(start_state)
  solution = puzzle.dfs()
 if solution:
    print("Solution found! Here's how the puzzle solves step by step:")
   total_moves = puzzle.print_solution(solution)
    print(f"Total moves: {total_moves - 1}") # Minus 1 as the initial state is included in the
solutionp
  else:
    print("No solution found.")
```