Implementing TFIDF vectorizer

Task 1

```
In [77]: corpus = [
              'this is the first document',
              'this document is the second document',
              'and this is the third one',
              'is this the first document ',
In [78]: from collections import Counter
         from tqdm import tqdm
         from scipy.sparse import csr matrix
         import math as m
         import operator
         from sklearn.preprocessing import normalize
         import numpy
In [79]: from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
         vectorizer.fit(corpus)
         skl output = vectorizer.transform(corpus)
         FIT FUNCTION FOR TFIDE
In [80]: def fit(dataset):
             "CRAETING VOCABULARY OF UNIQUE WORDS FROM CORPUS"
             vocab = set()
             if isinstance(dataset, (list,)):
                 for row in dataset:
```

```
for word in row.split(" "):
                         if len(word) < 2:
                              continue
                         vocab.add(word)
                 unique words= sorted(list(vocab))
                 vocab = {j:i for i,j in enumerate(unique words)}
                 return vocab
                 print("you need to pass list of sentance")
In [81]: vocab=fit(corpus)
         print(vocab)
         {'and': 0, 'document': 1, 'first': 2, 'is': 3, 'one': 4, 'second': 5,
         'the': 6, 'third': 7, 'this': 8}
In [29]: print(vectorizer.get feature names())
         ['and', 'document', 'first', 'is', 'one', 'second', 'the', 'third', 'th
         is']

    BOTH THE VOCABULARY ARE SAME

In [30]: def tf(corpus, vocab):
             """FUNCTION TO CALCULATE TF(TERM FREQUENCY) VALUES OF DOCUMENT"""
             tf={}
             if isinstance(corpus, (list,)):
                 for idx, row in enumerate(corpus):
                         word freg = dict(Counter(row.split()))
                         c=sum(word freq.values())
                         for act in vocab.keys():
                             if len(act) < 2:
                                  continue
                             if act in word freq:
                                 tf[act]=word freq[act]/c
                              else:
                                 tf[act]=0
```

```
return(tf)
In [83]: def idf(corpus, vocab):
             """FUNCTION OF CALCULATE IDF VALUES OF A CORPUS"""
             idf={}
             N=len(corpus)
             for act in vocab.keys():
                  n=0
                 for idx, row in enumerate((corpus)):
                      if len(act) < 2:
                          continue
                     if act in row:
                         n=n+1
                 idf[act]=1+(m.log((1+N)/(1+float(n))))
              return(idf)
In [84]: idf(corpus, vocab)
Out[84]: {'and': 1.916290731874155,
           'document': 1.2231435513142097,
          'first': 1.5108256237659907,
          'is': 1.0,
           'one': 1.916290731874155,
          'second': 1.916290731874155,
          'the': 1.0,
          'third': 1.916290731874155,
          'this': 1.0}
In [39]: print(vectorizer.idf )
         [1.91629073 1.22314355 1.51082562 1.
                                                       1.91629073 1.91629073
                     1.91629073 1.
          1.
```

BOTH IDF VALUES ARE SAME

```
In [82]: idfv=idf(corpus,vocab)
         TRANSFORM FUNCTION
In [41]: def tranform(corpus,idfs):
             """TRANSFORM FUNCTION TO CALCULATE THE TFIDF VALUES FOR EACH DOCUME
         NT AND STORE IN SPARSE MATRIX"""
             rows=[]
             colums=[]
             values=[]
             tfidf={}
             if isinstance(corpus, (list,)):
                 for idx, row in enumerate(tqdm(corpus)):
                     lis=[]
                     lis.append(row) # for each document we are calling the func
         tion tf to calculate tf values for a particular document
                     tfval=tf(lis,vocab)
                     for word, value in idfs.items():
                         if len(word) < 2:
                             continue
                         tfidf[word]=idfv[word]*tfval[word]
                         if tfidf[word]!=0:
                             rows.append(idx)
                             colums.append(value)
                             values.append(tfidf[word])
                         l=csr matrix((values, (rows,colums)), shape=(len(corpus
         ),len(vocab)))# creating the sparse matrix
                         k=normalize(l,norm='l2') # normalize the sparse matrix
          (12 norm)
                 print(k[0])
                 print("
                 print(k[0].toarray()) #converting intro dense matrix
```

```
print("shape of sparse matrix", k.shape)
In [42]: #TFIDF VALUES OF FIRST DOCUMENT STORED IN SPARSE MATRIX AND CONVERTED I
        NTO DENSE MATRIX
        tranform(corpus, vocab)
        100%|
                       | 4/4 [00:00<00:00, 166.77it/s]
          (0, 1)
                      0.4697913855799205
          (0, 2)
                      0.580285823684436
          (0, 3)
                      0.3840852409148149
          (0, 6)
                      0.3840852409148149
          (0, 8)
                      0.3840852409148149
        [[0. 0.46979139 0.58028582 0.38408524 0.
          0.38408524 0. 0.3840852411
        shape of sparse matrix (4, 9)
In [43]: print(skl output[0])
        print("
        print(skl output[0].toarray())
          (0, 8)
                      0.38408524091481483
          (0, 6)
                      0.38408524091481483
          (0, 3) 0.38408524091481483
          (0, 2)
                      0.5802858236844359
          (0, 1)
                      0.46979138557992045
        [[0. 0.46979139 0.58028582 0.38408524 0.
          0.38408524 0. 0.38408524]]

    BOTH OUTPUT FOR FIRST DOCUMENT IS SAME
```

Task 2

```
In [57]: import pickle
         with open('cleaned_strings', 'rb') as f: #IMPORTING PICKLE FILE
             corpus = pickle.load(f)
         print("Number of documents in corpus = ",len(corpus))
         Number of documents in corpus = 746
In [46]: def fit(dataset):
             "CRAETING VOCABULARY OF UNIQUE WORDS FROM CORPUS"
             vocab = set()
             if isinstance(dataset, (list,)):
                 for row in dataset:
                     for word in row.split(" "):
                         if len(word) < 2:
                             continue
                         vocab.add(word)
                 unique words= sorted(list(vocab))
                 vocab = {j:i for i,j in enumerate(unique words)}
                 return vocab
                 print("you need to pass list of sentance")
In [47]: vocab=fit(corpus) # CREATING THE VOCAB OF ALL UNIOUE WORDS IN CORPUS
In [61]: def idf(corpus, vocab):
             """FUNCTION OF CALCULATE IDF VALUES OF A CORPUS"""
             i=0
             idf={}
             idfsorted={}
             idf50={}
             vocab50={}
             N=len(corpus)
             for act in vocab.keys():
                 n=0
                 for idx, row in enumerate((corpus)):
                     if len(act) < 2:
                         continue
```

```
if act in row:
                        n=n+1
                    idf[act]=1+(m.log((1+N)/(1+float(n))))
            for k in sorted(idf, key=idf.get, reverse=True):
                    idfsorted[k]=idf[k] #SORTING DICTIONARY OF IDF BASED
          ON KEY VALUES (IDF VALUES)
             z=Counter(idfsorted)
            top=z.most common(50)
                                         # STORING TOP 50 IDF VALUES
            for a,b in top:
                vocab50[a]=i
                                    # CREATING VOCABULARY BASED ON TOP 5
         0 IDF VALUES
                idf50[a]=b
                i=i+1
             return vocab50,idf50 # THESE FUNCTION RETURNS TOP 50 IDF VALUES AND
          WORDS CORRESPONDING TO THAT IDF VALUE
In [68]: vocab50,idf50=idf(corpus,vocab)
        print('*******IDF VALUES OF TOP 50 WORDS******')
In [69]:
         print("\n")
         print(idf50)
         {'aailiyah': 6.922918004572872, 'abandoned': 6.922918004572872, 'abroa
         d': 6.922918004572872. 'abstruse': 6.922918004572872. 'academy': 6.9229
         18004572872, 'accents': 6.922918004572872, 'accessible': 6.922918004572
         872, 'acclaimed': 6.922918004572872, 'accolades': 6.922918004572872, 'a
         ccurately': 6.922918004572872, 'achille': 6.922918004572872, 'ackerma
         n': 6.922918004572872, 'adams': 6.922918004572872, 'added': 6.922918004
         572872, 'admins': 6.922918004572872, 'admiration': 6.922918004572872,
         'admitted': 6.922918004572872, 'adrift': 6.922918004572872, 'adventur
         e': 6.922918004572872, 'aesthetically': 6.922918004572872, 'affected':
         6.922918004572872, 'affleck': 6.922918004572872, 'afternoon': 6.9229180
         04572872, 'agreed': 6.922918004572872, 'aimless': 6.922918004572872, 'a
```

```
ired': 6.922918004572872, 'akasha': 6.922918004572872, 'alert': 6.92291
         8004572872, 'alike': 6.922918004572872, 'allison': 6.922918004572872,
         'allowing': 6.922918004572872, 'alongside': 6.922918004572872, 'amateur
         ish': 6.922918004572872, 'amazed': 6.922918004572872, 'amazingly': 6.92
         2918004572872, 'amusing': 6.922918004572872, 'amust': 6.92291800457287
         2, 'anatomist': 6.922918004572872, 'angela': 6.922918004572872, 'angeli
         na': 6.922918004572872, 'angry': 6.922918004572872, 'anguish': 6.922918
         004572872, 'angus': 6.922918004572872, 'animals': 6.922918004572872, 'a
         nimated': 6.922918004572872, 'anita': 6.922918004572872, 'anniversary':
         6.922918004572872, 'anthony': 6.922918004572872, 'antithesis': 6.922918
         004572872, 'anyway': 6.922918004572872}
In [70]: print('*******TOP 50 WORDS AFTER SORTED IDF VALUES******')
         print("\n")
         print(vocab50)
         *******TOP 50 WORDS AFTER SORTED IDF VALUES*****
         {'aailiyah': 0, 'abandoned': 1, 'abroad': 2, 'abstruse': 3, 'academy':
         4, 'accents': 5, 'accessible': 6, 'acclaimed': 7, 'accolades': 8, 'accu
         rately': 9, 'achille': 10, 'ackerman': 11, 'adams': 12, 'added': 13, 'a
         dmins': 14, 'admiration': 15, 'admitted': 16, 'adrift': 17, 'adventur
         e': 18, 'aesthetically': 19, 'affected': 20, 'affleck': 21, 'afternoo
         n': 22, 'agreed': 23, 'aimless': 24, 'aired': 25, 'akasha': 26, 'aler
         t': 27, 'alike': 28, 'allison': 29, 'allowing': 30, 'alongside': 31, 'a
         mateurish': 32, 'amazed': 33, 'amazingly': 34, 'amusing': 35, 'amust':
         36, 'anatomist': 37, 'angela': 38, 'angelina': 39, 'angry': 40, 'anguis
         h': 41, 'angus': 42, 'animals': 43, 'animated': 44, 'anita': 45, 'anniv
         ersary': 46, 'anthony': 47, 'antithesis': 48, 'anyway': 49}
In [54]: def tf(corpus, vocab):
             """FUNCTION TO CALCULATE TF(TERM FREQUENCY) VALUES OF DOCUMENT"""
             tf={}
             if isinstance(corpus, (list,)):
                 for idx, row in enumerate(corpus):
                         word freg = dict(Counter(row.split()))
                         c=sum(word freq.values())
                         for act in vocab.keys():
```

```
if len(act) < 2:
                                  continue
                             if act in word freq:
                                 tf[act]=word freq[act]/c
                              else:
                                 tf[act]=0
             return(tf)
In [55]: def tranform(corpus,idfs):
              """TRANSFORM FUNCTION TO CALCULATE THE TFIDF VALUES FOR EACH DOCUME
         NT AND STORE IN SPARSE MATRIX"""
             rows=[]
             colums=[]
             values=[]
             tfidf={}
             if isinstance(corpus, (list,)):
                 for idx, row in enumerate(tqdm(corpus)):
                     lis=[]
                     lis.append(row) # for each document we are calling the func
         tion tf to calculate tf values for a particular document
                     tfval=tf(lis,vocab50) # WE ARE GIVING ONLY TOP 50 WORDS F
         OR TE CALCULATION
                     for word, value in idf50.items():
                         if len(word) < 2:</pre>
                             continue
                         tfidf[word]=idf50[word]*tfval[word]
                         if tfidf[word]!=0:
                              rows.append(idx)
                             colums.append(value)
                             values.append(tfidf[word])
                         l=csr_matrix((values, (rows,colums)), shape=(len(corpus
         ),len(vocab50)))# creating the sparse matrix
                          k=normalize(l,norm='l2',) # normalize the sparse matrix
          (12 norm)
                 print(k[0])
```