1. Download all the data in this folder https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Z4TyI7Fc FVEx8qdl4j09qxvxaqLSqoEu. it contains two file both images and labels. The label file list the images and their categories in the following format:

path/to/the/image.tif,category

where the categories are numbered 0 to 15, in the following order:

- 0 letter
- 1 form
- 2 email
- 3 handwritten
- 4 advertisement
- 5 scientific report
- 6 scientific publication
- 7 specification
- 8 file folder
- 9 news article
- 10 budget
- 11 invoice
- 12 presentation
- 13 questionnaire
- 14 resume
- 15 memo
- 2. On this image data, you have to train 3 types of models as given below. You have to split the data into Train and Validation data.
- 3. Try not to load all the images into memory, use the gernarators that we have gi ven the reference notebooks to load the batch of images only during the train dat a.

or you can use this method also

https://medium.com/@vijayabhaskar96/tutorial-on-keras-imagedatagenerator-with-flow -from-dataframe-8bd5776e45c1 (https://medium.com/@vijayabhaskar96/tutorial-on-kera s-imagedatagenerator-with-flow-from-dataframe-8bd5776e45c1)

https://medium.com/@vijayabhaskar96/tutorial-on-keras-flow-from-dataframe-1fd4493d 237c (https://medium.com/@vijayabhaskar96/tutorial-on-keras-flow-from-dataframe-1fd4493d 2493d237c)

- 4. You are free to choose Learning rate, optimizer, loss function, image augmentat ion, any hyperparameters. but you have to use the same architechture what we are a sking below.
- 5. Use tensorboard for every model and analyse your gradients. (you need to upload the screenshots for each model for evaluation)

Note: fit_genarator() method will have problems with the tensorboard histograms, t ry to debug it, if you could not do use histgrams=0 i.e don't include histograms, check the documentation of tensorboard for more information.

6. You can check about Transfer Learning in this link - https://blog.keras.io/building-powerful-image-classification-models-using-very-little-data.html)

Model-1

- 1. Use VGG-16 (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/applications/VG G16) pretrained network without Fully Connected layers and initilize all the weights with Imagenet trained weights.
- 2. After VGG-16 network without FC layers, add a new Conv block (1 Conv layer and 1 Maxpooling), 2 FC layers and a output layer to classify 16 classes. You are fre e to choose any hyperparameters/parameters of conv block, FC layers, output layer.
- 3. Final architecture will be INPUT --> VGG-16 without Top layers(FC) --> Conv Lay er --> Maxpool Layer --> 2 FC layers --> Output Layer
- 4. Train only new Conv block, FC layers, output layer. Don't train the VGG-16 network.

Model-2

- 1. Use VGG-16 (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/applications/VG G16) pretrained network without Fully Connected layers and initilize all the weights with Imagenet trained weights.
- 2. After VGG-16 network without FC layers, don't use FC layers, use conv layers on ly as Fully connected layer. any FC layer can be converted to a CONV layer. This c onversion will reduce the No of Trainable parameters in FC layers. For example, an FC layer with K=4096 that is looking at some input volume of size 7×7×512 can be e quivalently expressed as a CONV layer with F=7,P=0,S=1,K=4096. In other words, we are setting the filter size to be exactly the size of the input volume, and hence the output will simply be 1×1×4096 since only a single depth column "fits" across the input volume, giving identical result as the initial FC layer. You can refer this (http://cs231n.github.io/convolutional-networks/#convert) link to better understanding of using Conv layer in place of fully connected layers.
- 3. Final architecture will be VGG-16 without FC layers(without top), 2 Conv layers identical to FC layers, 1 output layer for 16 class classification. INPUT --> VGG-16 without Top layers(FC) --> 2 Conv Layers identical to FC --> Output Layer
- 3. Train only last 2 Conv layers identical to FC layers, 1 output layer. Don't tra in the VGG-16 network.

Model-3

1. Use same network as Model-2 'INPUT --> VGG-16 without Top layers(FC) --> 2 Conv Layers identical to FC --> Output Layer' and train only Last 6 Layers of VGG-16 ne twork, 2 Conv layers identical to FC layers, 1 output layer.

In []:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # importing the libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import tensorflow as tf
import datetime, os
from tensorflow import keras
from keras.models import Model
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/statsmodels/tools/_testing.py:19: Fut ureWarning: pandas.util.testing is deprecated. Use the functions in the publ ic API at pandas.testing instead.
 import pandas.util.testing as tm
Using TensorFlow backend.

In []:

```
!wget --header="Host: doc-0k-3k-docs.googleusercontent.com" --header="User-Agent: Mozi
--2020-06-28 05:06:02-- https://doc-0k-3k-docs.googleusercontent.com/doc
s/securesc/8h8uvuh5ifib89027b7ihknt22nu5vgc/pb2qojp66b5mdedm2vf2dtj92nda0j
em/1593320700000/00484516897554883881/05866892802988797180/1Z4TyI7FcFVEx8q
d14j09qxvxaqLSqoEu?e=download&authuser=0&nonce=cvcfvs0ct36a2&user=05866892
802988797180&hash=ilt33fv0qrj4td17qaeas607uq6g796v (https://doc-0k-3k-doc
s.googleusercontent.com/docs/securesc/8h8uvuh5ifib89027b7ihknt22nu5vgc/pb2
qojp66b5mdedm2vf2dtj92nda0jem/1593320700000/00484516897554883881/058668928
02988797180/1Z4TyI7FcFVEx8qdl4j09qxvxaqLSqoEu?e=download&authuser=0&nonce=
cvcfvs0ct36a2&user=05866892802988797180&hash=ilt33fv0qrj4td17qaeas607uq6g7
96v)
Resolving doc-0k-3k-docs.googleusercontent.com (doc-0k-3k-docs.googleuserc
ontent.com)... 74.125.204.132, 2404:6800:4008:c04::84
Connecting to doc-0k-3k-docs.googleusercontent.com (doc-0k-3k-docs.googleu
sercontent.com) | 74.125.204.132 | :443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: unspecified [application/rar]
Saving to: 'rvl-cdip.rar'
rvl-cdip.rar
                                                 4.34G 39.5MB/s
                                                                    in 85s
                        Γ
                                <=>
2020-06-28 05:07:27 (52.2 MB/s) - 'rvl-cdip.rar' saved [4660541790]
```

In []:

get_ipython().system_raw("unrar x rvl-cdip.rar") # extracting the uploaded file

```
1 df=pd.read_csv("labels_final.csv")
```

```
labels_dict={ 0 :"letter",
 1
 2
        1 :"form",
        2 :"email",
 3
        3 :"handwritten",
 4
 5
        4: "advertisement",
        5 : "scientific report",
 6
 7
        6 : "scientific publication",
 8
        7 :"specification",
 9
        8 :"file folder",
        9 : "news article",
10
        10 :" budget",
11
        11 :"invoice",
12
        12: "presentation",
13
14
        13 :"questionnaire",
        14 :"resume",
15
        15: "memo"}
16
```

In []:

```
1 df['label']=df['label'].apply(lambda x:labels_dict[x])
```

In []:

```
1 df.head(5)
```

Out[7]:

	path	label
0	imagesv/v/o/h/voh71d00/509132755+-2755.tif	handwritten
1	imagesl/l/x/t/lxt19d00/502213303.tif	handwritten
2	imagesx/x/e/d/xed05a00/2075325674.tif	email
3	imageso/o/j/b/ojb60d00/517511301+-1301.tif	handwritten
4	imagesq/q/z/k/qzk17e00/2031320195.tif	specification

In []:

```
from keras_preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255., validation_split=0.2) #image generator
```

In []:

```
print("----")
                                     # train data
2
  train generator = datagen.flow from dataframe(dataframe=df, directory="/content/data f
3
                                              x_col='path',
                                              y_col='label', # using flow from data frame
4
                                      target_size=(256,256),
5
6
                                              class_mode='categorical',
7
                                              batch_size=32,
8
                                              subset='training',
9
                                              seed=7)
```

----TRAIN DATA----

Found 38400 validated image filenames belonging to 16 classes.

```
print("-----CROSS VALIDATION DATA-----") # cross validation data
2
   validation generator = datagen.flow from dataframe(dataframe=df, directory="/content/d
3
                                                 x_col='path',
4
                                                 y col='label',
5
                                                 target_size=(256,256),
6
                                                 class_mode='categorical',
7
                                                 batch_size=32,
8
                                                 subset='validation',
9
                                                 seed=7)
```

-----CROSS VALIDATION DATA-----

Found 9600 validated image filenames belonging to 16 classes.

In []:

```
from keras.layers import Input, Lambda, Dense, Flatten
from keras.models import Model
from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
from keras.applications.vgg16 import preprocess_input
from keras.preprocessing import image
from keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, MaxPool2D , Flatten
from keras.callbacks import Callback
from keras.callbacks import TensorBoard
```

In []:

```
1 %load_ext tensorboard
```

In []:

```
logdir="logs/fit/" + datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S") # tensorboard
tensorboard_callback = TensorBoard(log_dir=logdir, histogram_freq=1)
```

```
1 IMAGE_SIZE = [256, 256] #pre trained vgg16 model
2 model = VGG16(input_shape=IMAGE_SIZE + [3], weights='imagenet', include_top=False)
```

1 model.summary() #pre trained vgg16 model

Model: "vgg16"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<pre>input_1 (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 256, 256, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 128, 128, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32, 32, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 8, 8, 512)	0

Total params: 14,714,688 Trainable params: 14,714,688 Non-trainable params: 0

MODEL_1(INPUT --> VGG-16 without Top layers(FC) --> Conv Layer --> Maxpool Layer --> 2 FC layers --> Output Layer)

```
1 #model 1
   for layer in model.layers:
 2
    layer.trainable = False
 4 #Adding custom Layers
 5
   x = model.output
 6 x = Conv2D(filters=512,kernel_size=(3,3),padding="same", activation="relu")(x)
 7 \quad x = MaxPool2D(2,2)(x)
 8 \times = Flatten()(x)
 9 x = Dense(256, activation="relu")(x)
10 x = Dense(128, activation="relu")(x)
11 output = Dense(16, activation="softmax")(x)
12 # creating the final model
13 model_1 = Model(inputs = model.input, outputs = output)
14 # compile the model
15 model_1.compile(loss = "categorical_crossentropy", optimizer ='Adam', metrics=["accura
```

```
1 # summary of the model_1
2 model_1.summary()
```

Model: "model_1"

Layer (type)	Output Sh	nape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 25	56, 256, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 25	56, 256, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 25	56, 256, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 12	28, 128, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 12	28, 128, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 12	28, 128, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64	4, 64, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 64	4, 64, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 64	4, 64, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 64	4, 64, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32	2, 32, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32	2, 32, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 32	2, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 32	2, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16	5, 16, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 16	5, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16	5, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 16	5, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 8,	, 8, 512)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 8,	, 8, 512)	2359808
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None, 4,	, 4, 512)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 81	192)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 25	56)	2097408
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 12	28)	32896
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 16	5) ============	2064

Total params: 19,206,864 Trainable params: 4,492,176 Non-trainable params: 14,714,688

```
In [ ]:
```

```
train_steps = train_generator.n//train_generator.batch_size
validation_steps = validation_generator.n//validation_generator.batch_size
```

In []:

Out[19]:

<keras.callbacks.callbacks.History at 0x7f6a6041f2e8>

```
# model graphs
tf.keras.utils.plot_model(
    model_1, to_file='model_1.png', show_shapes=False, show_layer_names=True,
    rankdir='TB', expand_nested=False, dpi=96
)
Out[20]:
```

input_1: InputLayer block1_conv1: Conv2D block1_conv2: Conv2D

In []:

```
1 %tensorboard --logdir logs
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

observations

- out of total parameters only 1/4 are trainable.
- after running only 5 epochs we get accuracy of .75 ,that is if we increase the epoch number we can increase accuracy and reduce loss.
- from histogram we can understand that after 5 epoch added layers forms same distribution as pretrained
 layers as the number of neurons in the layers decreases range of dsistribution(mean=0) of weight
 increases *after every epochs weight distribution reduces its ranges centered towards mean(standard
 deviation reduces).

```
In [ ]:
1 !rm -rf ./logs/
```

MODEL_2 (INPUT --> VGG-16 without Top layers(FC) --> 2 Conv Layers identical to FC --> Output Layer

```
#model 2
   for layer in model.layers:
 2
    layer.trainable = False
4 #Adding custom Layers
 5
   x = model.output
 6  x = Conv2D(filters=4096,kernel_size=8 ,strides=1,activation="relu")(x)
 7 x = Conv2D(filters=4096,kernel_size=1 ,strides=1,activation="relu")(x)
8 \times = Flatten()(x)
   # creating the final model
9
10 output= Dense(16, activation="softmax")(x)
11 model_2 = Model(inputs = model.input, outputs = output)
12 # compile the model
13 model_2.compile(loss="categorical_crossentropy",optimizer = 'Adam',metrics=['accuracy'
```

```
1 # summary of the model_2
2 model_2.summary()
```

Model: "model_4"

_		
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 256, 256, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 128, 128, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32, 32, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 8, 8, 512)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 1, 1, 4096)	134221824
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 1, 1, 4096)	16781312
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None, 4096)	0
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 16)	65552
Tatal		=== ==

Total params: 165,783,376 Trainable params: 151,068,688 Non-trainable params: 14,714,688

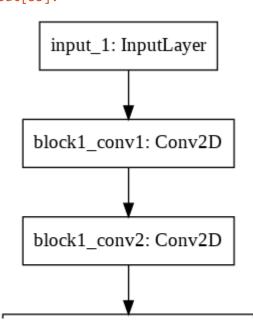
Out[32]:

<keras.callbacks.callbacks.History at 0x7f6a08762668>

In []:

```
# model graphs
tf.keras.utils.plot_model(
model_2, to_file='model_2.png', show_shapes=False, show_layer_names=True,
rankdir='TB', expand_nested=False, dpi=96
)
```

Out[33]:



```
In [ ]:
```

```
1 %tensorboard --logdir logs
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

observations

- number of trainable parameter large as compared to model 1 so time taken for each epoch is increases
- as number of trainable parameters increases and we use epoch number as previous model we got lesser accuracy and higher loss value(we got only .73 accuracy)
- in the conv2d_6 layer change of weights after every epoch is very small because that layer consist of large number of parameter.

```
In [ ]:
```

```
1 !rm -rf ./logs/
```

Model-3

```
In [ ]:
```

```
for layer in model.layers[-6:]: # training last 6 layers of vgg16
layer.trainable = True
print("Layer '%s' is trainable" % layer.name)
```

```
Layer 'block4_conv3' is trainable
Layer 'block4_pool' is trainable
Layer 'block5_conv1' is trainable
Layer 'block5_conv2' is trainable
Layer 'block5_conv3' is trainable
Layer 'block5_pool' is trainable
```

```
#model_3
#Adding custom Layers
x = model.output
x = Conv2D(filters=4096,kernel_size=8 ,strides=1,activation="relu")(x)
x = Conv2D(filters=4096,kernel_size=1 ,strides=1,activation="relu")(x)
x = Flatten()(x)
# creating the final model
output = Dense(16, activation="softmax")(x)
model_3 = Model(inputs = model.input, outputs = output)
# compile the model
model_3.compile(loss="categorical_crossentropy",optimizer = 'Adam',metrics=['accuracy'
```

1 model_3.summary()

Model: "model_5"

riode1. mode1_5		
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<pre>input_1 (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 256, 256, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 128, 128, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 32, 32, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 8, 8, 512)	0
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)	(None, 1, 1, 4096)	134221824
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)	(None, 1, 1, 4096)	16781312
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 4096)	0
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 16)	65552
		

Total params: 165,783,376 Trainable params: 160,507,920 Non-trainable params: 5,275,456

In [39]:

Out[39]:

<keras.callbacks.callbacks.History at 0x7f6a0c669eb8>

In [40]:

```
# model graphs
tf.keras.utils.plot_model(
    model_3, to_file='model_3.png', show_shapes=False, show_layer_names=True,
    rankdir='TB', expand_nested=False, dpi=96

block3_conv3: Conv2D

block4_conv1: Conv2D

block4_conv2: Conv2D
```

In [42]:

```
1 %tensorboard --logdir logs
```

```
Reusing TensorBoard on port 6006 (pid 5579), started 3:18:59 ago. (Use '!kil 1 5579' to kill it.)
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

observations

- we get only .0601 accuracy on model_3.
- from the histograms of last layers we understand that layers are not completely learned.
- low accuracy is because of model_3 consist of very large number of trainable parameters so that it need more epoch to attain more accuracy.
- as trainable parameters increases more epoch is needed to get good accuracy loss convergence.
- if we run the model for 25-30 epochs we get accuracy above 90

In [3]:

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
from prettytable import ALL as ALL
table=PrettyTable(hrules=ALL)
table.field_names = [ "Sl.N0", "Model", "Number of epochs", " val_accuracy"] # # http:/
table.add_row([1, "model_1", "5", 0.7444])
table.add_row([2, "model_2","5", 0.7315])
table.add_row([3, "model_3","5", 0.0601])
print(table)
```

```
In [ ]:
```

1