

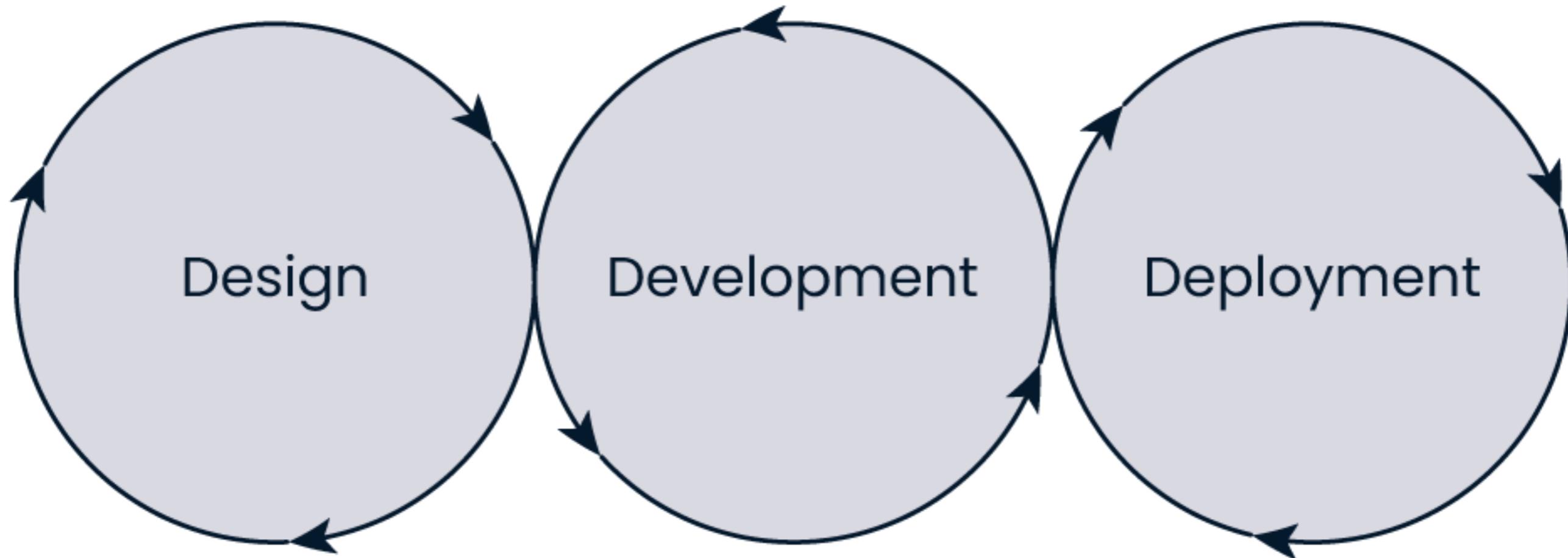
# Monitoring machine learning models

MLOPS CONCEPTS



Folkert Stijnman  
ML Engineer

# Monitoring & retraining

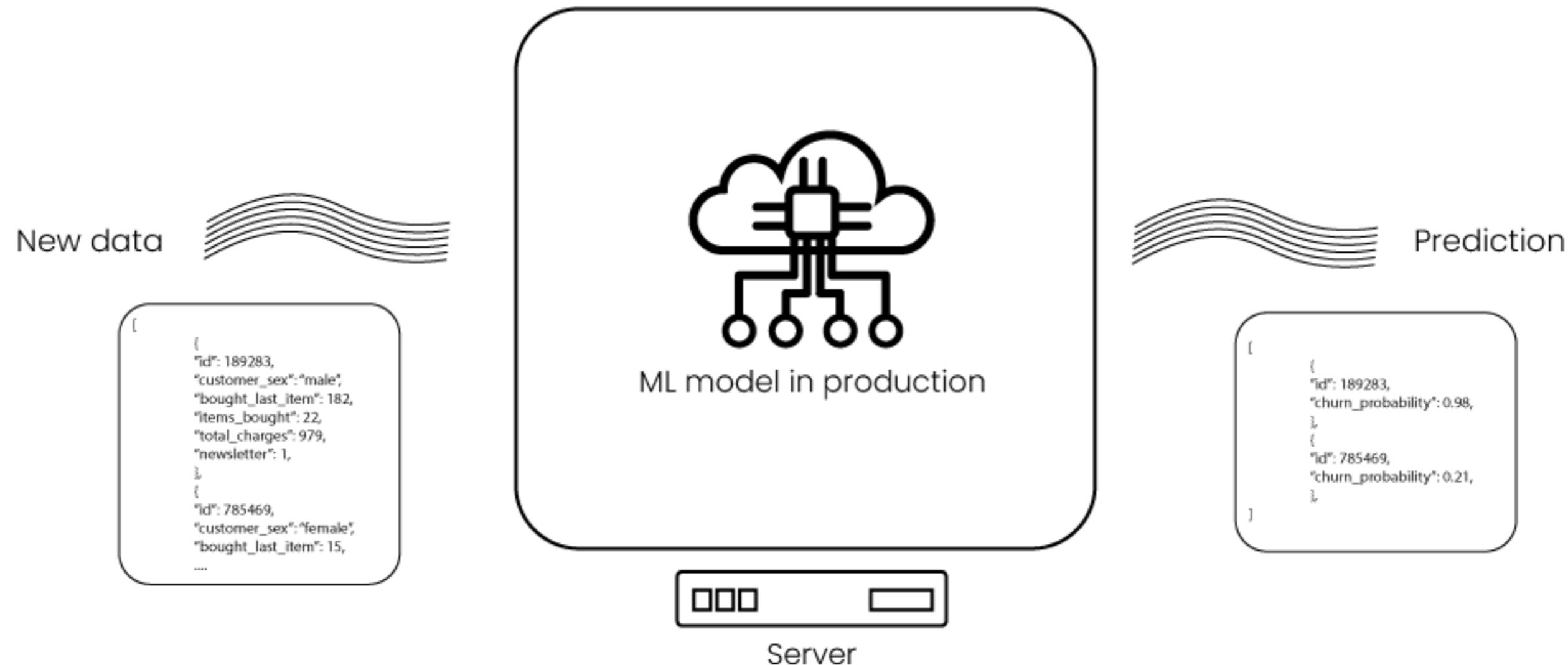


- Added value
- Business requirements
- Key metrics
- Data processing

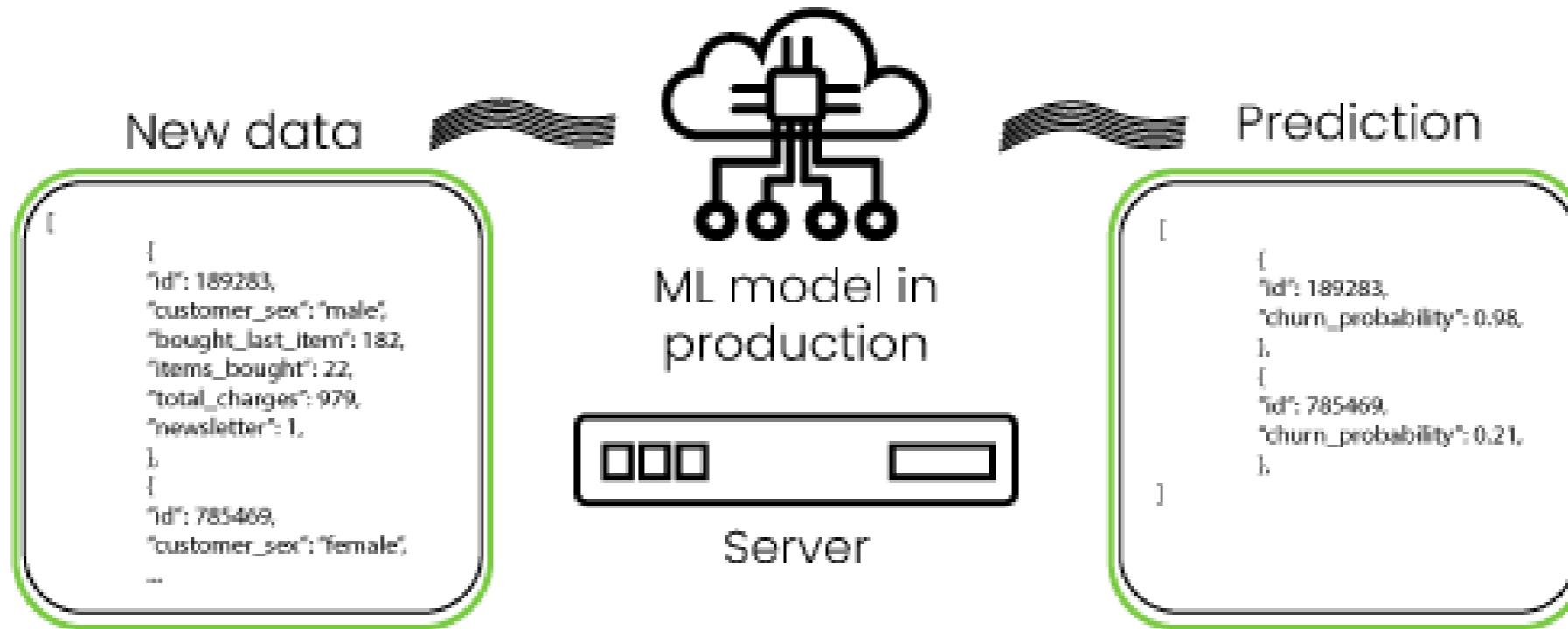
- Feature engineering
- Experiment tracking
- Model training & evaluation

- Runtime environments
- Microservices architecture
- CI/CD pipeline
- Monitoring & retraining

# Monitoring



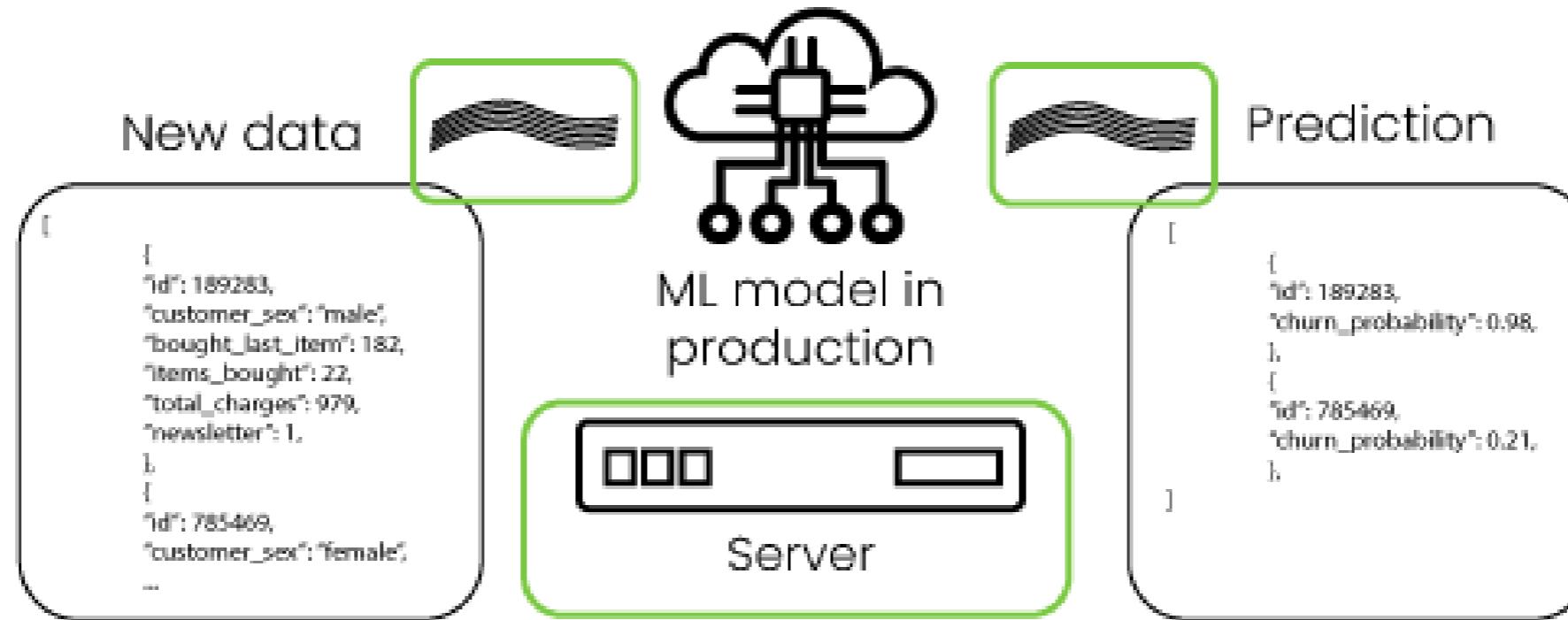
# Types of monitoring



**Statistical monitoring:** focuses on the input and output data, including predictions

*Examples:* customer X has a 72% probability of churning, customer Y has a 31% probability of not churning

# Types of monitoring



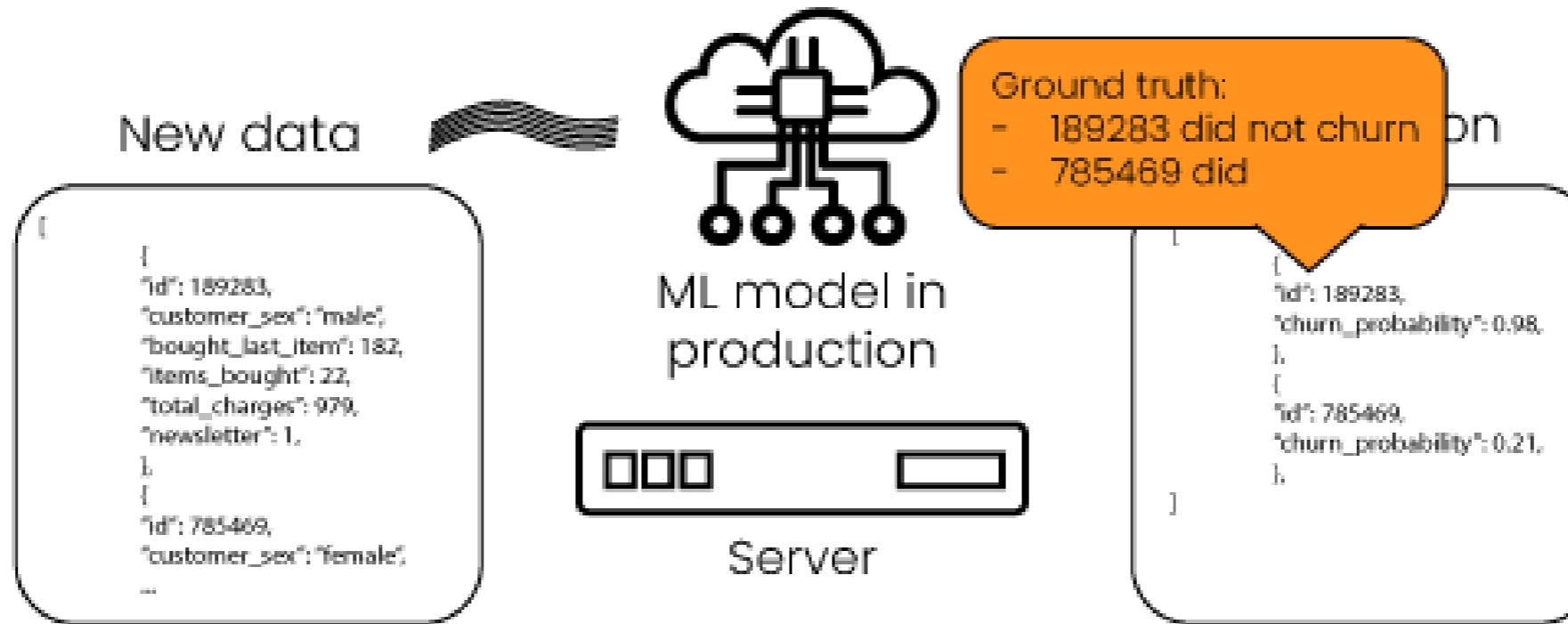
**Computational monitoring:** focuses on technical metrics

*Examples:* server CPU usage, number of incoming requests, number of predictions, downtime of server

# Statistical and computational monitoring

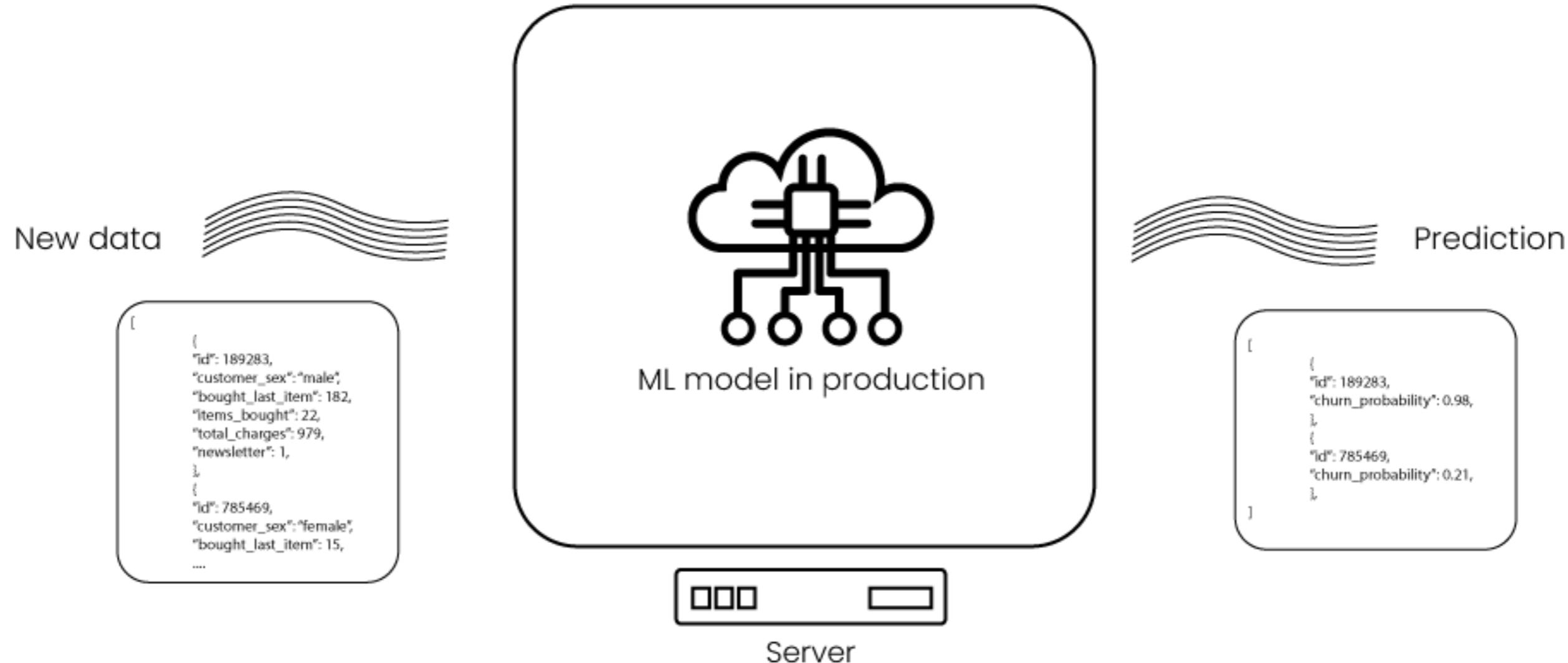


# Feedback loop



**Feedback loop:** the process through which the ground truth is used to improve the machine learning model

# Monitoring in production



# Let's practice!

MLOPS CONCEPTS

# Retraining a machine learning model

MLOPS CONCEPTS



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# Retraining after changes

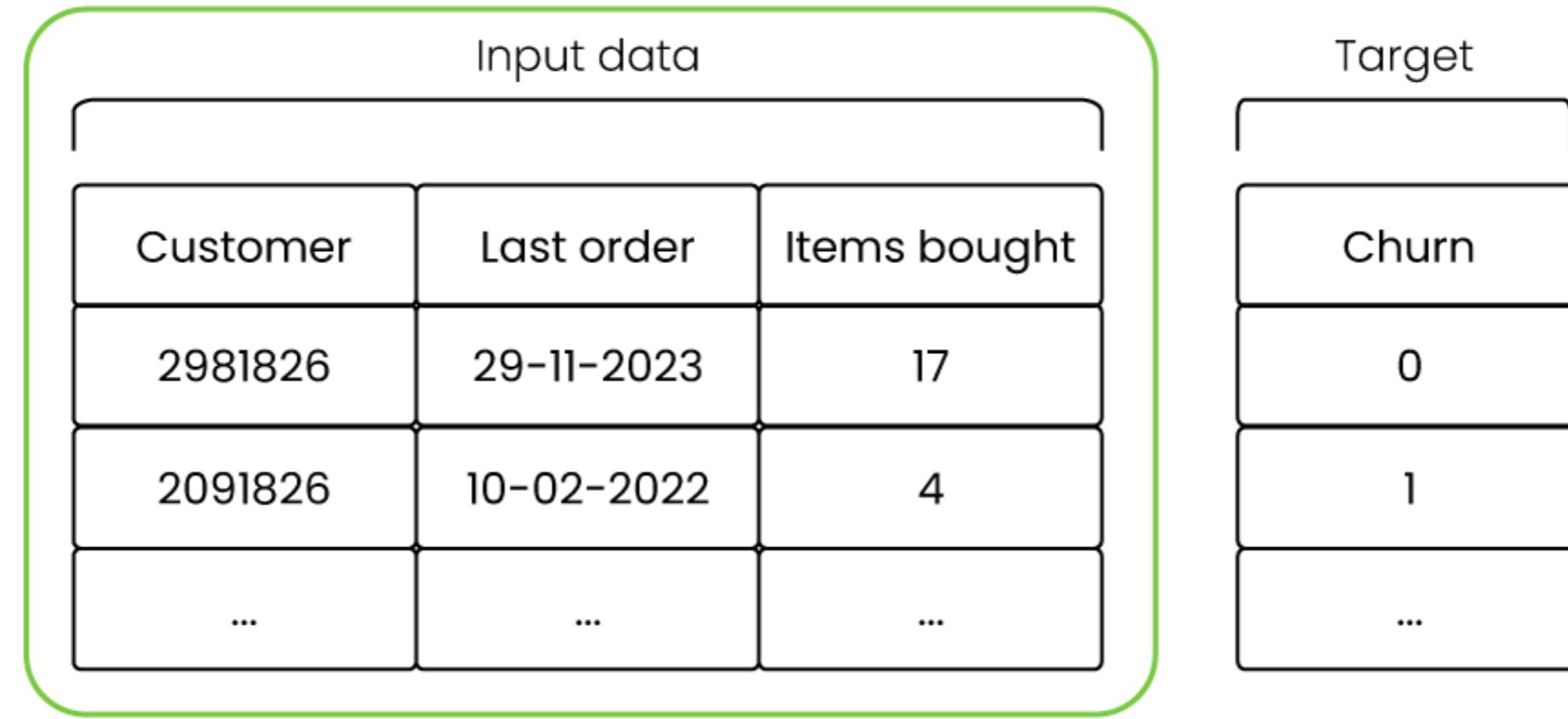


**Retraining:** use new data to develop a fresh version of the machine learning model

# Drift in data

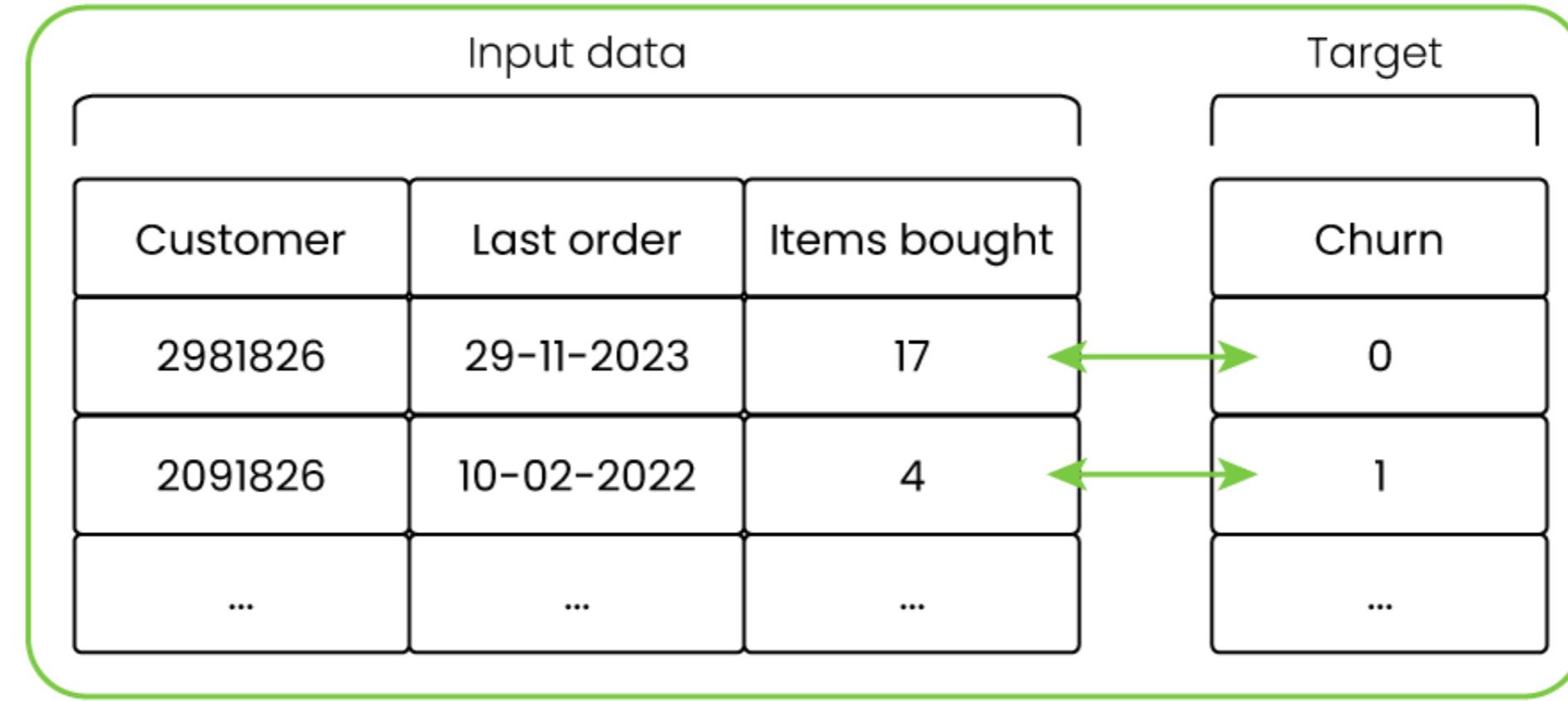
| Input data |            |              | Target |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------|
| Customer   | Last order | Items bought | Churn  |
| 2981826    | 29-11-2023 | 17           | 0      |
| 2091826    | 10-02-2022 | 4            | 1      |
| ...        | ...        | ...          | ...    |

# Data drift



**Data drift:** changes in the input data

# Concept drift



**Concept drift:** changes in the relationship between input and output data

# How often to retrain?

- **Business environment:** how volatile is the data?
- **Cost:** how much does it cost to retrain?
- **Business requirements:** what is the required model performance?

# Retraining methods

Old data

| Customer | Last order | Items bought |
|----------|------------|--------------|
| 2981826  | 29-11-2023 | 17           |
| 2091826  | 10-02-2022 | 4            |
| ...      | ...        | ...          |

| Churn |
|-------|
| 0     |
| 1     |
| ...   |



New data

| Customer | Last order | Items bought |
|----------|------------|--------------|
| 3029712  | 12-01-2024 | 17           |
| 4900298  | 18-04-2024 | 81           |
| ...      | ...        | ...          |

| Churn |
|-------|
| 1     |
| 0     |
| ...   |



# Retraining methods

Old data

| Customer | Last order | Items bought |
|----------|------------|--------------|
| 2981826  | 29-11-2023 | 17           |
| 2091826  | 10-02-2022 | 4            |
| ...      | ...        | ...          |

New data

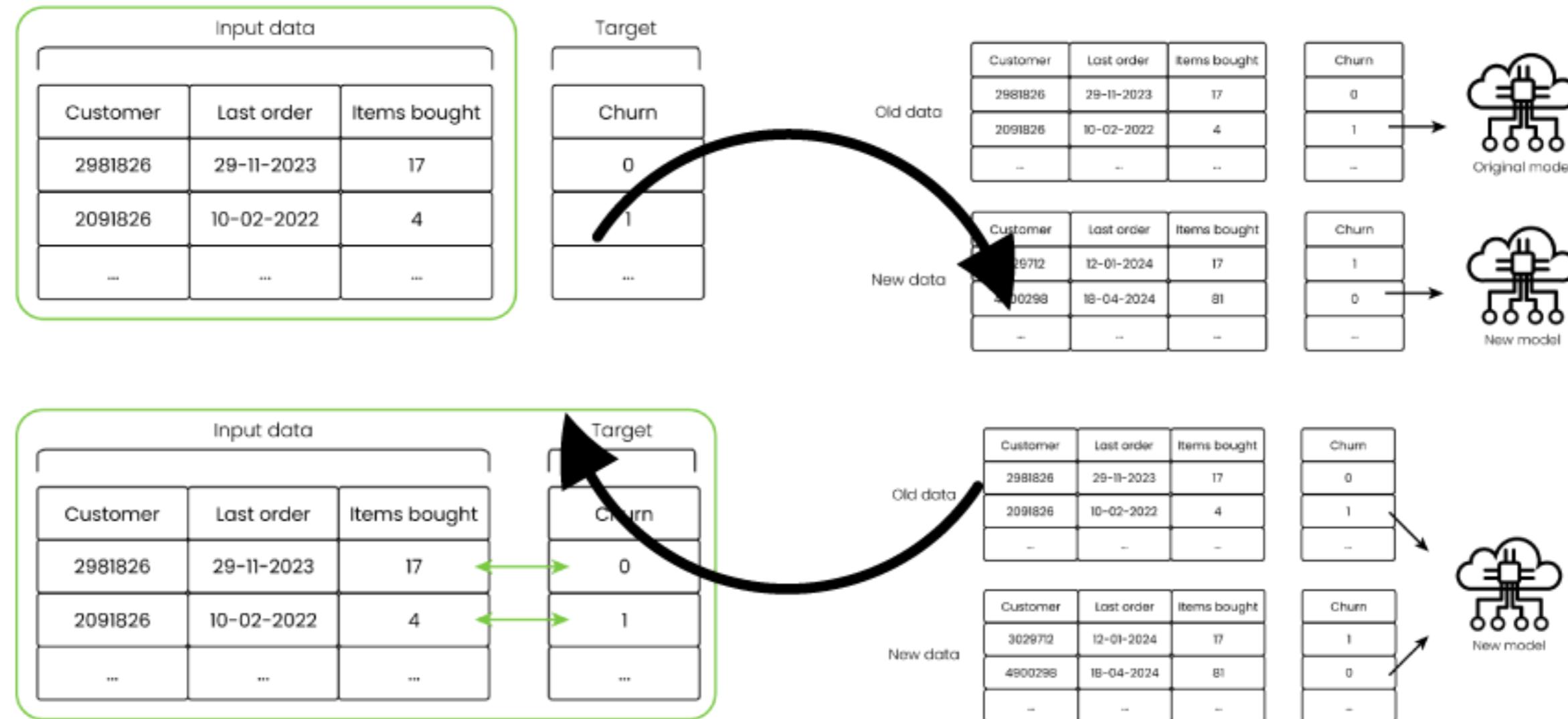
| Customer | Last order | Items bought |
|----------|------------|--------------|
| 3029712  | 12-01-2024 | 17           |
| 4900298  | 18-04-2024 | 81           |
| ...      | ...        | ...          |

| Churn |
|-------|
| 0     |
| 1     |
| ...   |

| Churn |
|-------|
| 1     |
| 0     |
| ...   |



# Automatic retraining



# Let's practice!

MLOPS CONCEPTS

# Levels of MLOps maturity

MLOPS CONCEPTS

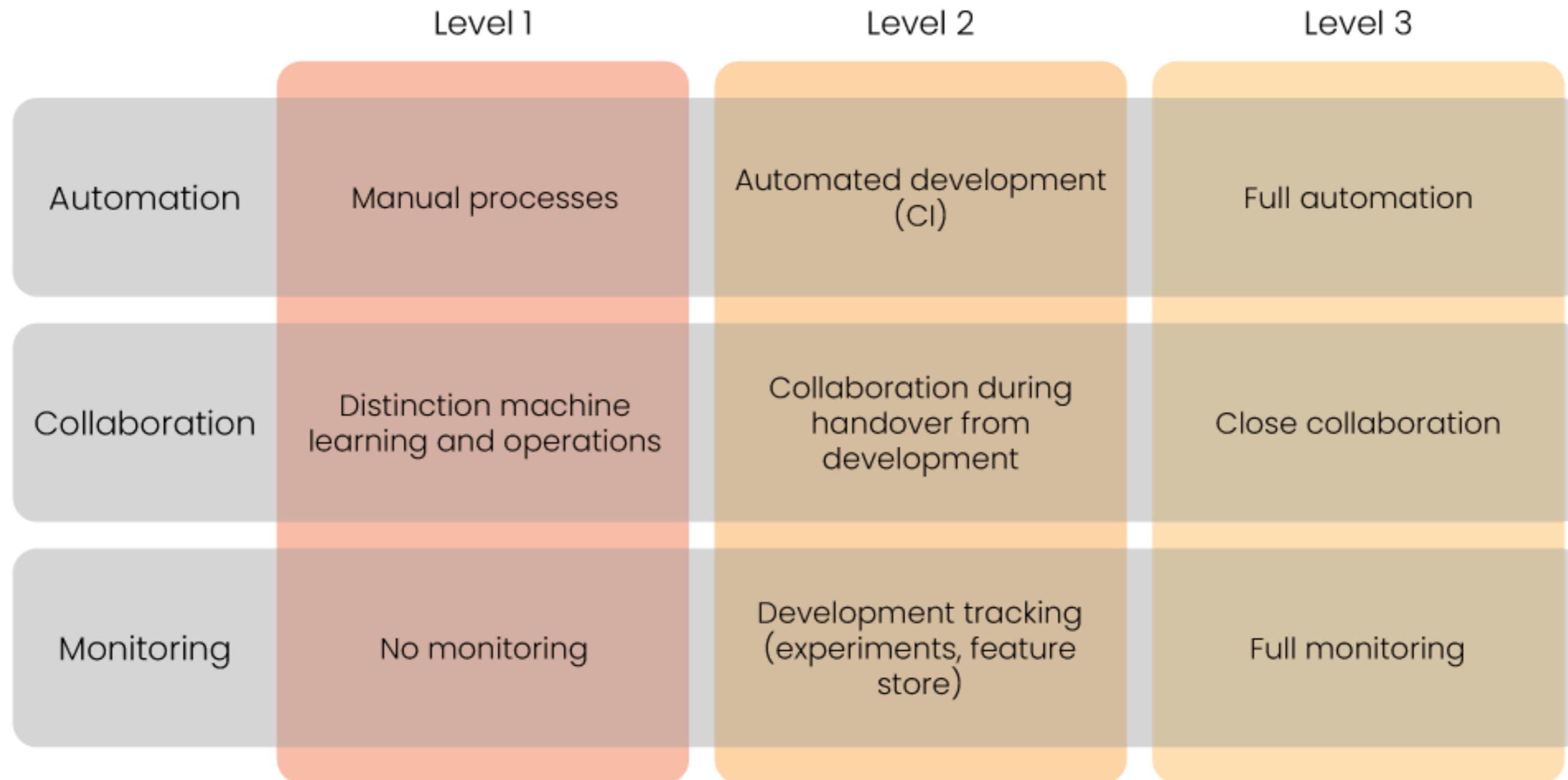


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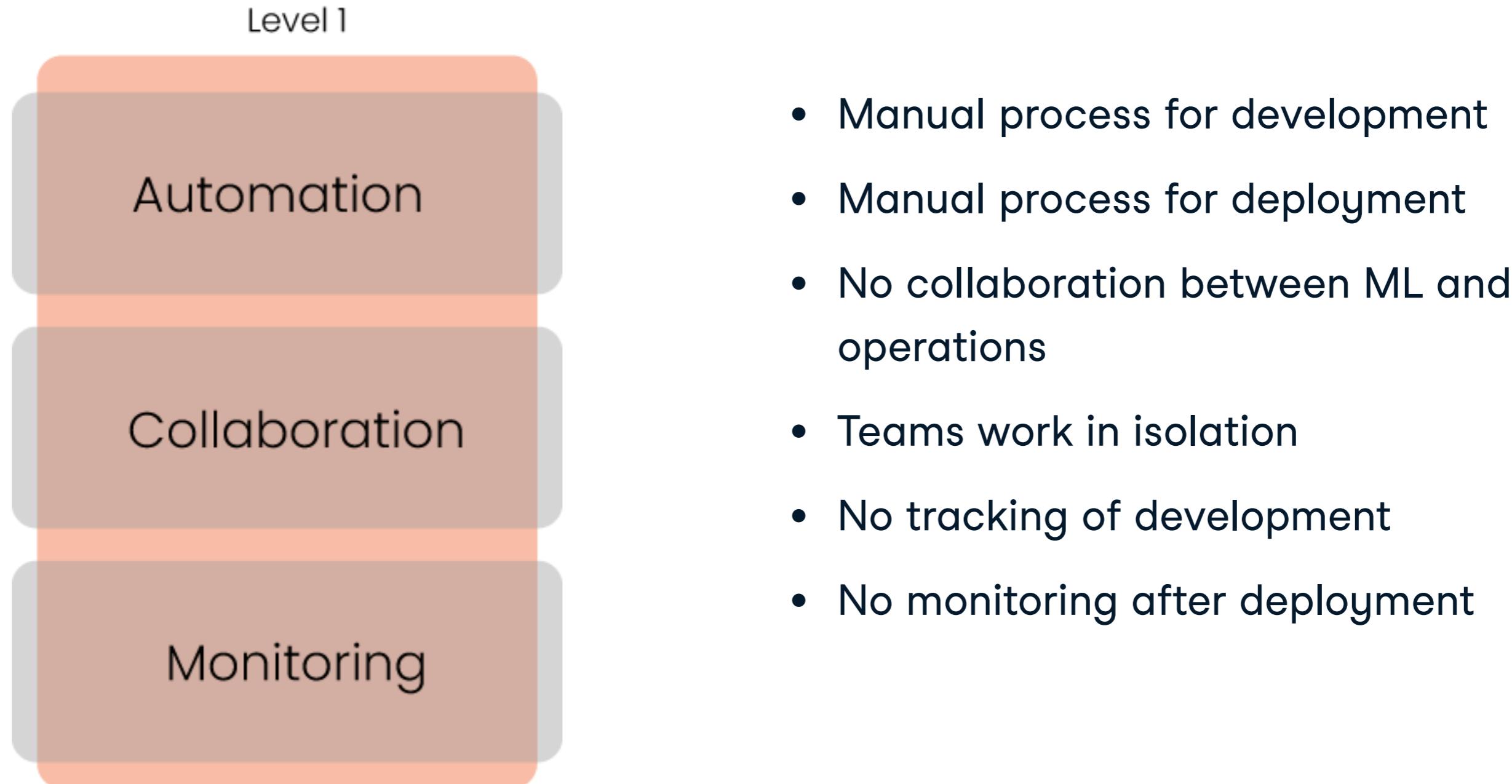
# MLOps maturity

- Level of **automation, collaboration, and monitoring** within MLOps processes
- Higher level is not necessarily better
- Focus on development and deployment phase

# Levels of MLOps maturity

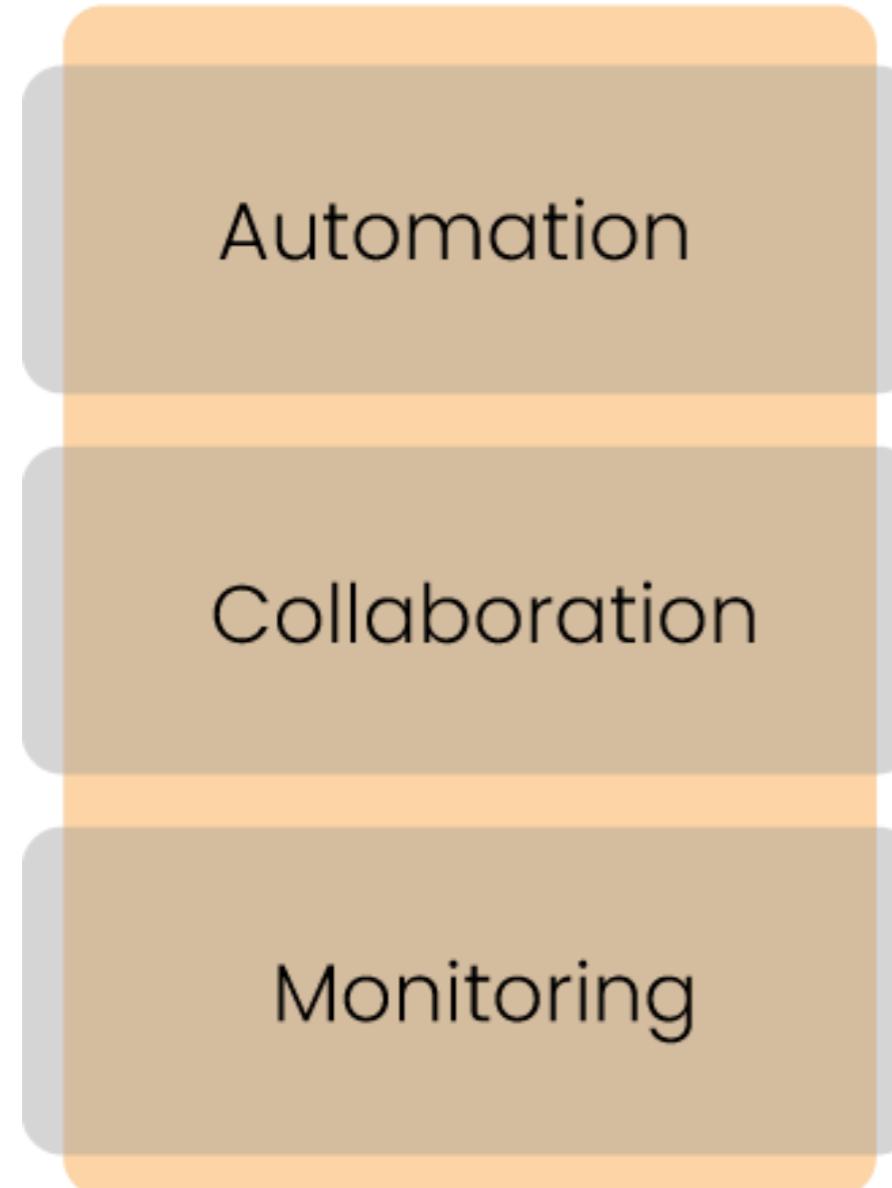


# Level 1: Manual processes



# Level 2: Automated development

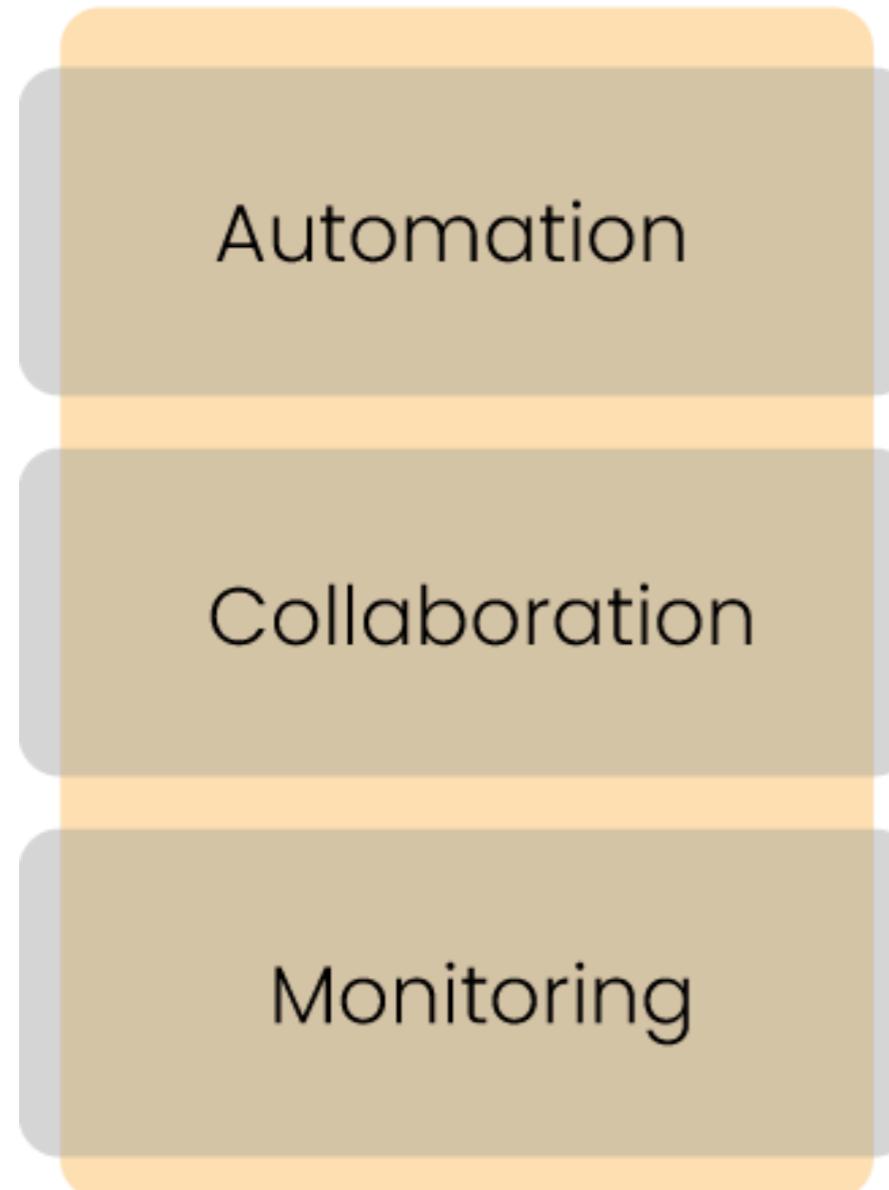
Level 2



- Automated development pipeline (Continuous integration)
- Manual process for deployment
- After development teams will collaborate to deploy model
- Tracking of ML experiments and features
- Little monitoring after deployment

# Level 3: Automated development and deployment

Level 3



- Automated development pipeline (CI)
- Automated deployment pipeline (CD)
- Close collaboration between teams
- Monitoring of development and deployment
- Potentially automatically triggering retraining

# Let's practice!

MLOPS CONCEPTS

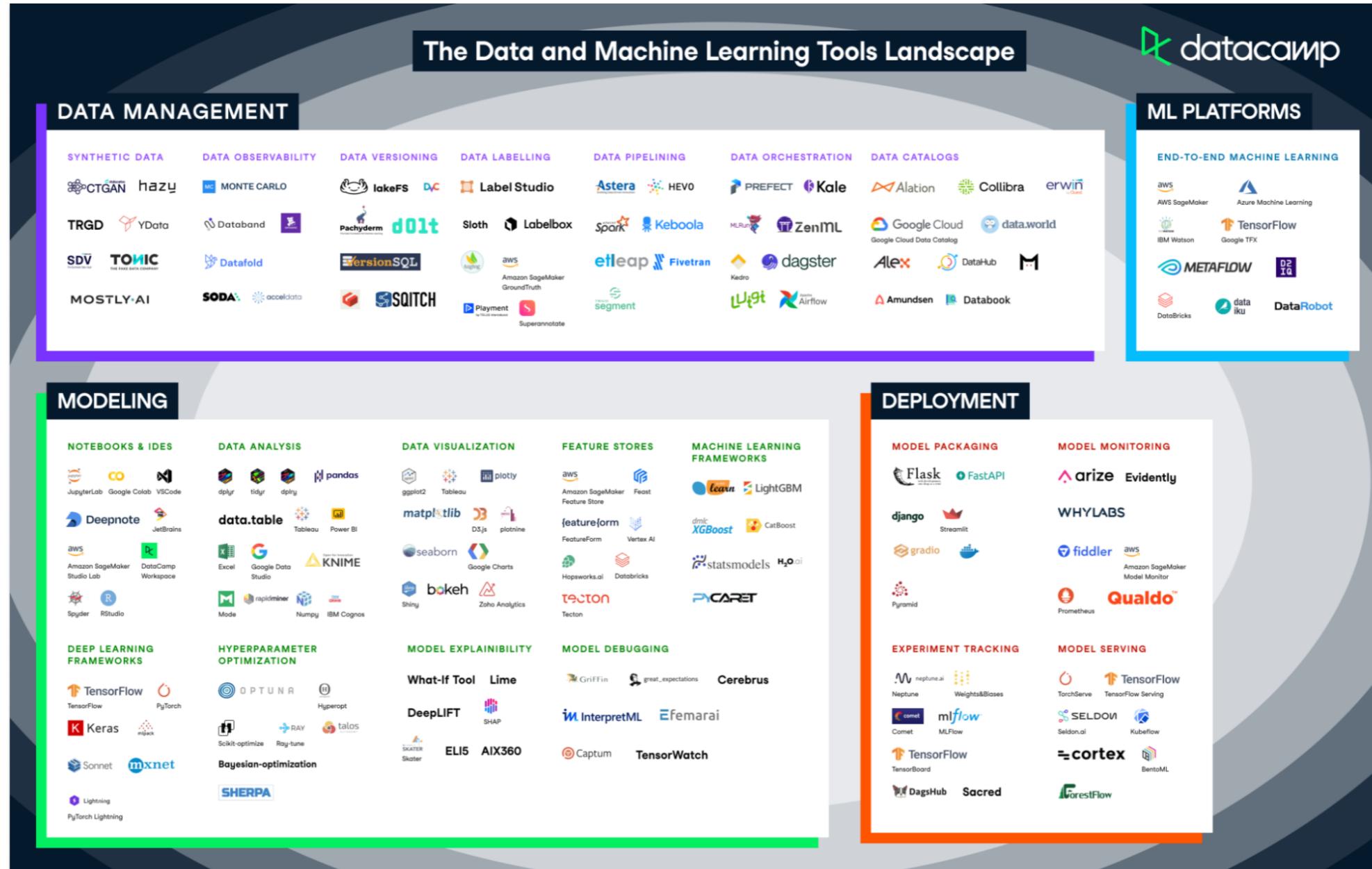
# MLOps tools

## MLOPS CONCEPTS



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ML Engineer

# MLOps tools



<sup>1</sup> <https://www.datacamp.com/blog/infographic-data-and-machine-learning-tools-landscape>

# Feature store

- Both open-source
- **Feast**: self-managed
- **Hopsworks**: part of larger platform



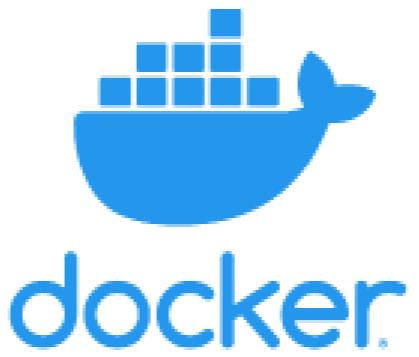
# Experiment tracking

- **MLFlow and ClearML:** full machine learning lifecycle tools
- **Weights and Biases:** tracking and visualizing experiments



# Containerization

- **Docker:** containerizing applications
- **Kubernetes:** running containerized applications
- **Cloud providers:** provides Kubernetes-like services



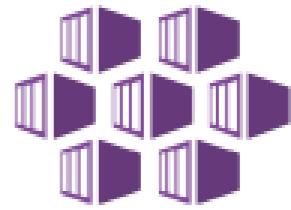
docker



kubernetes



Amazon EKS



Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)



Google Kubernetes Engine

# CI/CD pipeline

- **Jenkins:** open-source continuous integration tool
- **GitLab:** code sharing and version control through repositories



**Jenkins**



**GitLab**

# Monitoring

- **Fiddler:** machine learning model monitoring
- **Great expectations:** data monitoring



great\_expectations

# MLOps platforms

Tools for full machine learning lifecycle

- AWS Sagemaker
- Azure Machine Learning
- Google Cloud AI platform



Amazon  
SageMaker



Azure Machine Learning



Google Cloud Platform

# Let's practice!

MLOPS CONCEPTS

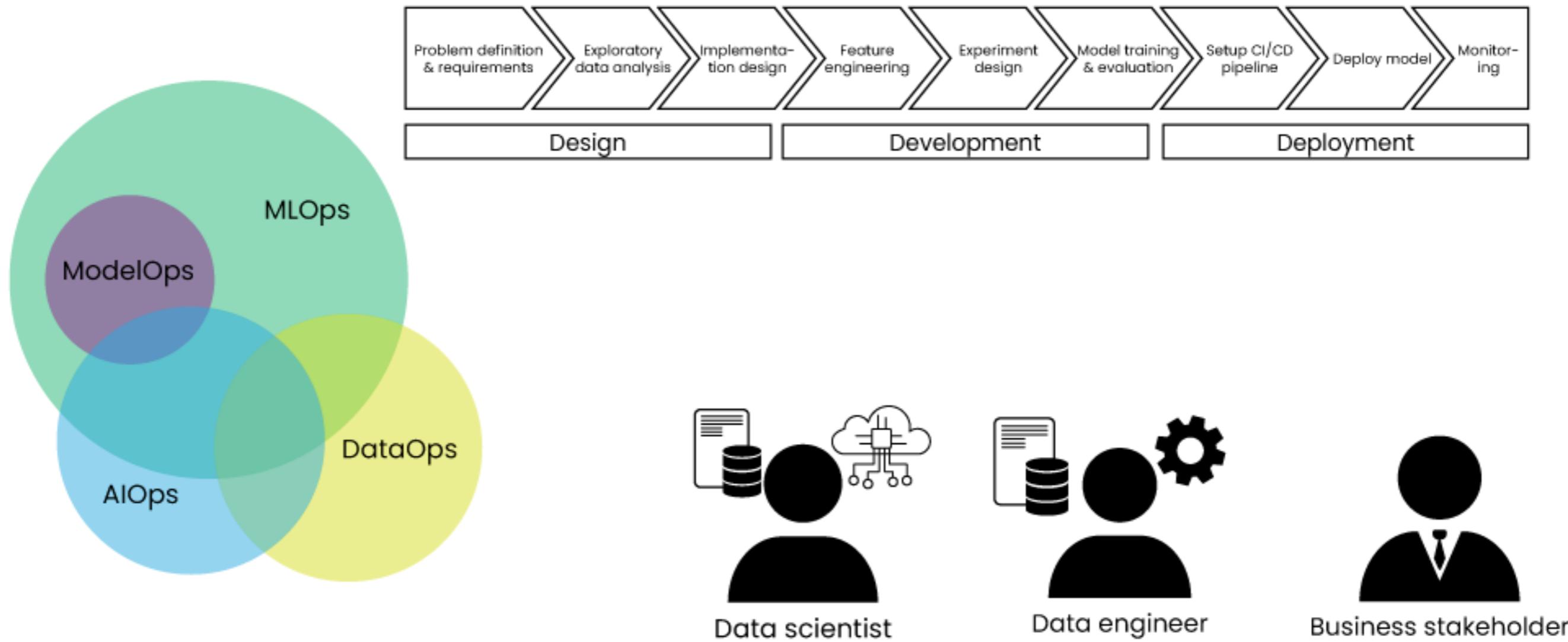
# Recap: MLOps concepts

MLOPS CONCEPTS

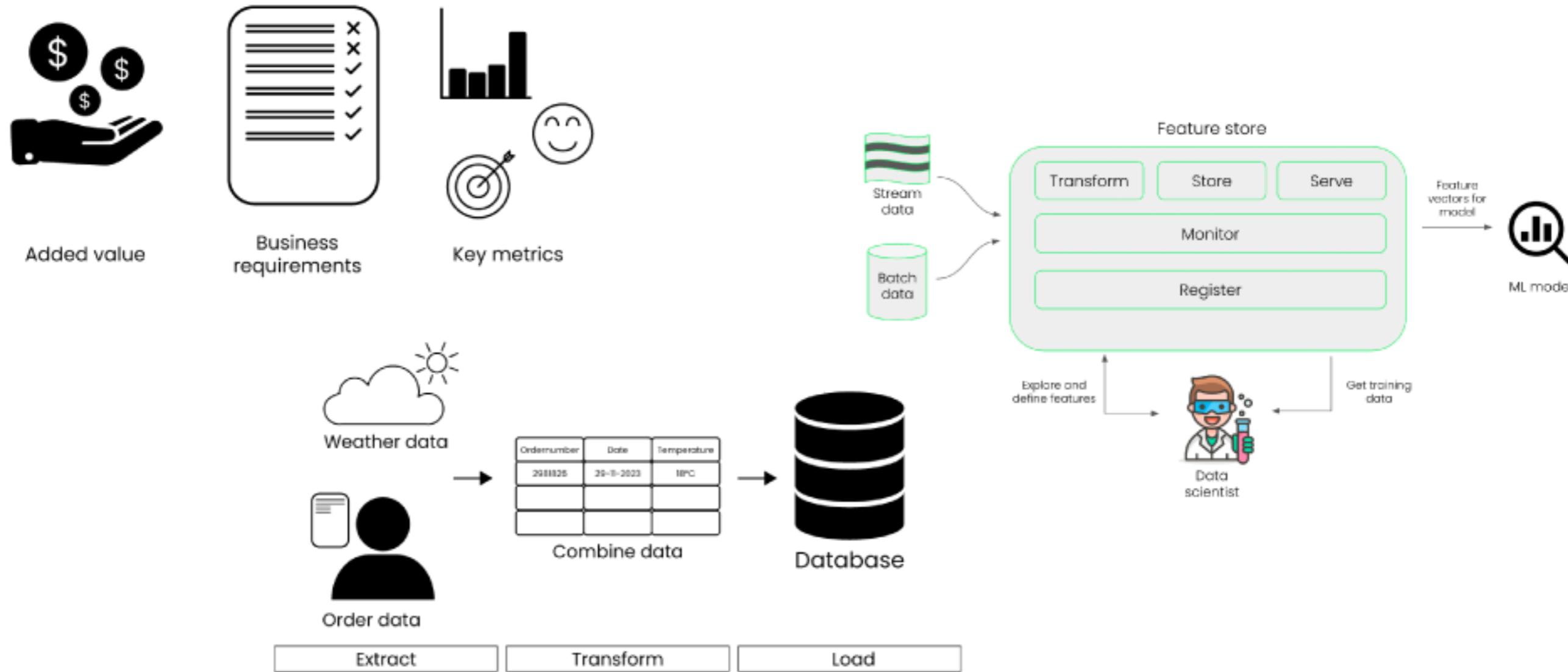


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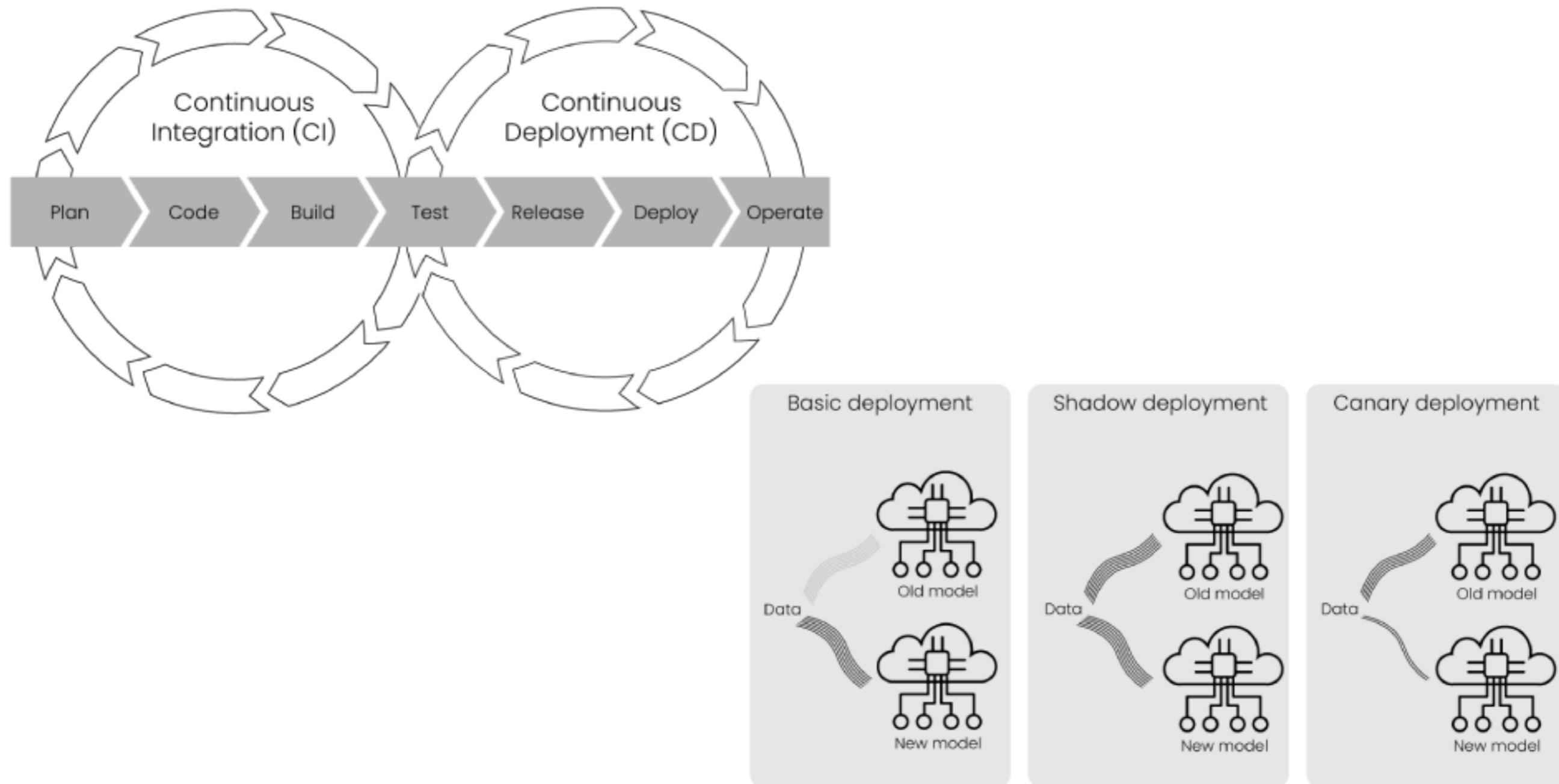
# What is MLOps?



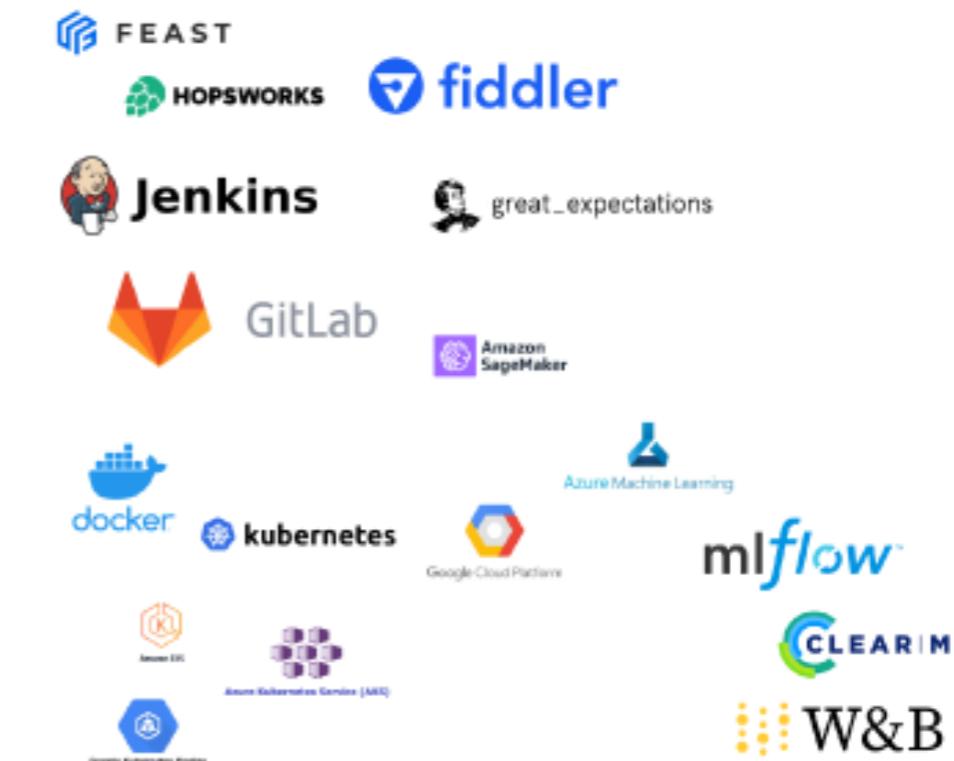
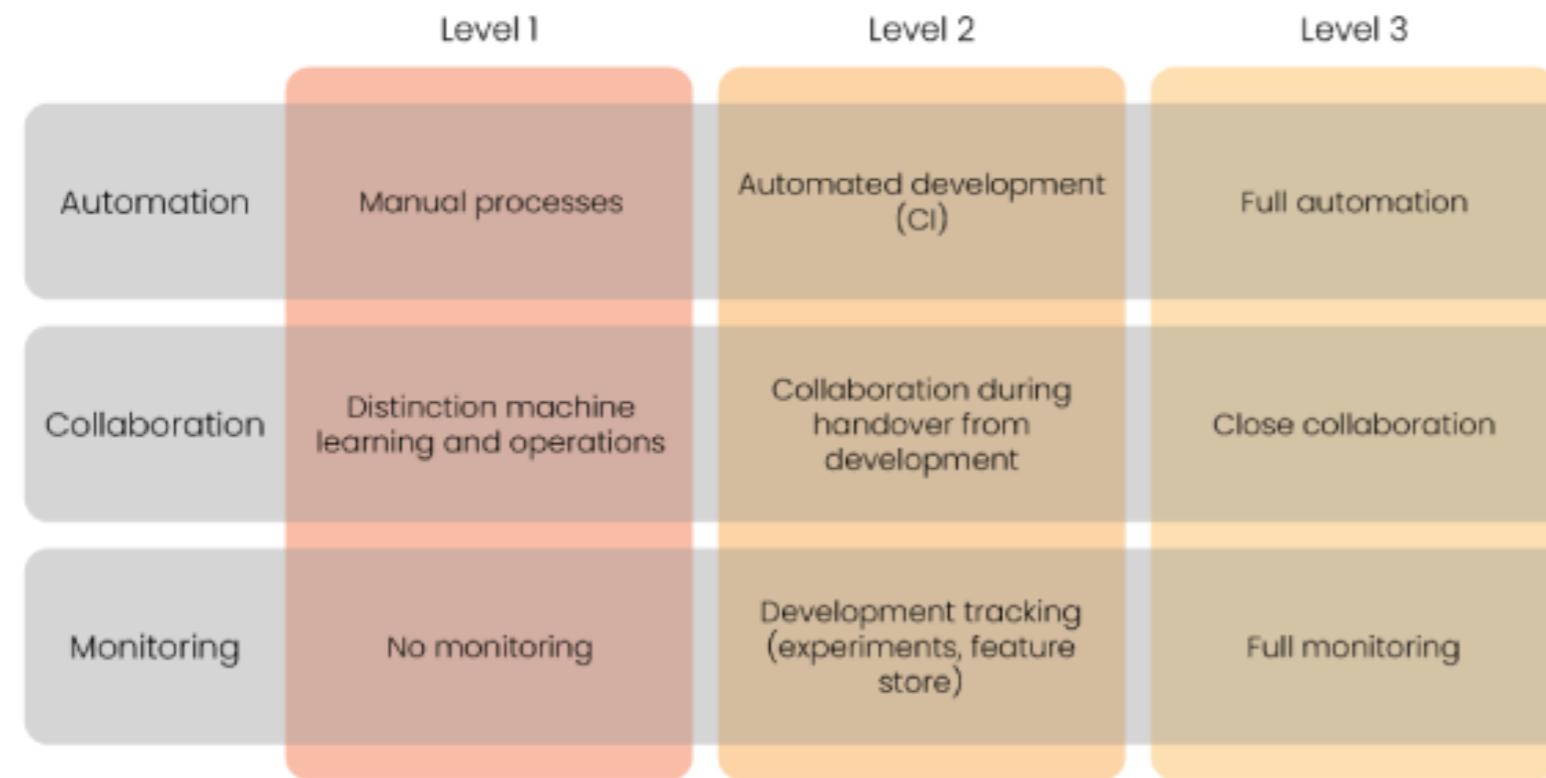
# Design and development



# Deployment



# Maintaining machine learning



# Congratulations!

MLOPS CONCEPTS