1. Navigating the File system

root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal\$ pwd
/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal

```
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab$ ls
a.out cppProgram.cpp filing1. filing1.o open2.c program2.c program3.cu program5.c read1.c sample.c thread1.c write.c
cppProg.cpp cppProgram.o filing1.c open1.c program3.c program4.c program6.c read2.c test.txt towrite.txt
```

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab$ cd osFinal/
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ |
```

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ cd ~
root1@RADHERADHE:~$
```

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ cd ~
root1@RADHERADHE:~$ cd -
/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$
```

2. Managing Files and Directories

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab$ mkdir osFinal
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab$ cd osFinal/
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ touch example.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ touch test.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ ls -l
total 0
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1 0 May 15 15:42 example.txt
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1 0 May 15 15:42 test.txt
root1@RADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ mkdir TestFolder
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ mv test.txt TestFolder/
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ cp example.txt TestFolder/
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ cd TestFolder/
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ ls
example.txt test.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ mv example.txt sample.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ ls
sample.txt test.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ rm sample.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ ls
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$
```

3. Working with File content.

```
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ touch example.txt
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ echo "This is my first file" > example.txt
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ cat example.txt
This is my first file
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ echo "I am learning Linux commands" >> example.txt
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ cat example.txt
This is my first file
I am learning Linux commands
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$
```

4. Understanding File Permissions

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ ls -l
total 0
drwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1 512 May 15 15:45
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1 0 May 15 15:42 example.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ chmod 600 example.txt
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ ls -l
total 0
drwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1 512 May 15 15:45
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1 0 May 15 15:42 example.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ chmod 777 example.txt
total 0
drwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1 512 May 15 15:45
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root1 root1
                        0 May 15 15:42 example.txt
rootl@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$
```

5. Finding Files and Directories

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ find test.txt
test.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ grep "Linux" test.txt
I am learning Linux Commands
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ |
```

6. Basic System Information

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ date
Wed May 15 15:54:35 PKT 2024
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal/TestFolder$ who
root1 pts/1 2024-05-15 14:24

root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ uptime
16:05:39 up 1:37, 1 user, load average: 0.15, 0.09, 0.02
```

root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal\$ df				
Filesystem	1K-blocks	Used	Available	use% Mounted on
none	1960356	4	1960352	2 1% /mnt/wsl
none	191455440	146955704	44499736	5 77% /usr/lib/wsl/drivers
none	1960356	0	1960356	5 0% /usr/lib/modules
none	1960356	Θ	1960356	6 0% /usr/lib/modules/5.15.146.1-microsoft-standard-WSL2
/dev/sdc	1055762868	2842968	999216428	3 1% /
none	1960356	380	1959976	5 1% /mnt/wslg
none	1960356	0	1960356	5 0% /usr/lib/wsl/lib
rootfs	1957100	1884	1955216	5 1% /init
none	1960356	828	1959528	3 1% /run
none	1960356	0	1960356	5 0% /run/lock
none	1960356	Θ	1960356	5 0% /run/shm
tmpfs	4096	0	4096	5 0% /sys/fs/cgroup
none	1960356	76	1960280) 1% /mnt/wslg/versions.txt
none	1960356	76	1960280) 1% /mnt/wslg/doc
C:\	191455440	146955704	44499736	5 77% /mnt/c
D:\	133118972	71365584	61753388	
E:\	174078972	31453020	142625952	2 19% /mnt/e
snapfuse	128	128) 100% /snap/bare/5
snapfuse	76032	76032	0) 100% /snap/core22/1122
snapfuse	93952	93952) 100% /snap/gtk-common-themes/1535
snapfuse	41472	41472) 100% /snap/snapd/20671
snapfuse	134144	134144	Θ) 100% /snap/ubuntu-desktop-installer/1284
snapfuse	134912	134912) 100% /snap/ubuntu-desktop-installer/1286
snapfuse	39680	39680) 100% /snap/snapd/21465
snapfuse	76032	76032) 100% /snap/core22/1380
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal\$				

Perform the following tasks.

Program 1: To write some data on the standard output device to working of the write() system call.

Program 2: To read data from the standard input device and write it on the screen.

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ nano read.c
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ cat read.c
#include<unistd.h>
int main()
{
    char buff[20];
    read(0,buff,10);//read 10 bytes from standard input device(keyboard), store in buffer (buff)
    write(1,buff,10);//print 10 bytes from the buffer on the screen
}
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ gcc read.c
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ ./a.out
Sagar
Sagar
```

Program 3: Write a program using open() system call to read the first 10 character of an existing file "OSLAB.txt" and print them on screen.

```
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ nano OSLAB.txt
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ cat OSLAB.txt
Sagar Chhabriya
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ nano open.c
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ gcc open.c
root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ ./a.out
Sagar ChhaThe file descriptor of the file is: 3root1@RADHERADHE:/mnt/c/Users/Mr Sagar Kumar/Desktop/osLab/osFinal$ |
```