```
function orbit
clc; close all; clear all
hours = 3600;
G = 6.6742e-20;
%...Input data:
% Earth:
m1 = 5.974e24;
                              %moon %5.974e24 - earth;
R = 6378.137;
                                     %6378.137%1737;
m2 = 1000;
r0 = [6837.432552 1868.795099 1455.480629];
v0 = [-2.294079 6.758849 2.049468];
t0 = 0;
tf = 200*60;
                                   %200*hours;
%...End input data
%...Numerical integration:
mu = G*(m1 + m2);
y0 = [r0 v0]';
[t,y] = rkf45(@rates, [t0 tf], y0);
%...Output the results:
output
return
function dydt = rates(t,f)
% ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
x = f(1);
y = f(2);
z = f(3);
vx = f(4);
vy = f(5);
vz = f(6);
r = norm([x y z]);
ax = -mu*x/r^3;
ay = -mu*y/r^3;
az = -mu*z/r^3;
dydt = [vx vy vz ax ay az]';
end %rates
응 ~~~~~~~~~~
function output
응 ~~~~~~~~~~
for i = 1: length(t)
r(i) = norm([y(i,1) y(i,2) y(i,3)]);
end
[rmax imax] = max(r);
[rmin imin] = min(r);
v \text{ at } rmax = norm([y(imax,4) y(imax,5) y(imax,6)]);
v_at_rmin = norm([y(imin, 4) y(imin, 5) y(imin, 6)]);
%...Output to the command window:
fprintf('\n\n-----
fprintf('\n Earth Orbit\n')
```

```
fprintf(' %s\n', datestr(now))
fprintf('\n The initial position is [%g, %g, %g] (km).',...
r0(1), r0(2), r0(3))
fprintf('\n Magnitude = %g km\n', norm(r0))
fprintf('\n The initial velocity is [%g, %g, %g] (km/s).',...
v0(1), v0(2), v0(3))
fprintf('\n Magnitude = %g km/s\n', norm(v0))
fprintf('\n Initial time = %g h.\n Final time = %g h.\n',0,tf/hours)
fprintf('\n The minimum altitude is %g km at time = %g h.',...
rmin-R, t(imin)/hours)
fprintf('\n The speed at that point is %g km/s.\n', v at rmin)
fprintf('\n The maximum altitude is %g km at time = %g h.',...
rmax-R, t(imax)/hours)
fprintf('\n The speed at that point is %g km/s\n', v at rmax)
                                  -----\n\n')
fprintf('\n-----
%...Plot the results:
% Draw the planet
[xx, yy, zz] = sphere(100);
surf(R*xx, R*yy, R*zz)
colormap(light gray)
caxis([-R/100 R/100])
shading interp
% Draw and label the X, Y and Z axes
line([0 \ 2*R], [0 \ 0], [0 \ 0]); text(2*R, 0, 0, 'X')
line([0\ 0], [0\ 2*R], [0\ 0]); text([0\ 0], [0\ 2*R, [0\ 0]);
line([0 0], [0 0], [0 2*R]); text(0, 0, 2*R, 'Z')
% Plot the orbit, draw a radial to the starting point
% and label the starting point (o) and the final point (f)
hold on
plot3(y(:,1), y(:,2), y(:,3), 'k')
line([0 r0(1)], [0 r0(2)], [0 r0(3)])
text(y(1,1), y(1,2), y(1,3), 'o')
text( y(end,1), y(end,2), y(end,3), 'f')
% Select a view direction (a vector directed outward from the origin)
view([1,1,.4])
% Specify some properties of the graph
grid on
axis equal
xlabel('km')
ylabel('km')
zlabel('km')
function map = light gray
8 ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
§ -----
r = 0.8; q = r; b = r;
map = [r g b]
0 0 0
r q b];
end %light gray
end %output
end %orbit
```

Earth Orbit 28-Jan-2017 23:54:20

The initial position is [6837.43, 1868.8, 1455.48] (km). Magnitude = 7236.11 km

The initial velocity is [-2.29408, 6.75885, 2.04947] (km/s). Magnitude = 7.42598 km/s

Initial time = 0 h.Final time = 3.33333 h.

The minimum altitude is 852.503 km at time = 0.280533 h. The speed at that point is 7.43159 km/s.

The maximum altitude is 875.06 km at time = 1.12901 h. The speed at that point is 7.40848 km/s

