Relazione di "Metodi del Calcolo Scientifico"

Simon Vocella Matricola: 718289

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1 Lu Decomposition

- 1.1 Teoria
- 1.2 Jama
- 1.3 Programma lu-decomposition

Listing 1: lu-decomposition

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.Scanner;
import Jama. EigenvalueDecomposition;
import Jama. Matrix;
class Main {
 public static String path = "/home/simon/" +
                "projects/metodi_calcolo_scientifico/LuEig/matrice/";
 /*
  * Method that permit to read a file and
  * create a Jama Matrix
 public static Matrix readMatrix(String file) {
  Matrix matrix = null;
  Scanner sc;
  \mathbf{try} {
   sc = new Scanner(new File(file));
   int size = sc.nextInt();
   matrix = new Matrix(size, size);
   for (int i = 0; i < size * size; i++) {
    int x = sc.nextInt();
    int y = sc.nextInt();
```

```
double d = Double.parseDouble(sc.next());
   matrix.set (x - 1, y - 1, d);
 sc.close();
} catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
 e.printStackTrace();
return matrix;
* Method that permit to read a file and
* create a Jama Matrix with 1 column (an array)
public static Matrix readArray(String file) {
Matrix matrix = null;
Scanner sc;
try {
 sc = new Scanner(new File(file));
 int size = sc.nextInt();
  matrix = new Matrix(size, 1);
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
  int x = sc.nextInt();
  double d = Double.parseDouble(sc.next());
  matrix.set(x-1, 0, d);
  sc.close();
} catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
 e.printStackTrace();
return matrix;
}
/*
 * Method that permit to get all eigenvalues
* ordered from a Jama Matrix
public static ArrayList<Double> getOrderedEigenValues(Matrix A) {
double [][] values = A. getArray();
ArrayList < Double > eigenValues = new ArrayList < Double > ();
for (int i = 0; i < values.length; <math>i++) {
 eigenValues.add(values[i][i]);
 Collections.sort(eigenValues);
```

```
return eigenValues;
public static void main(String[] argv) {
 System.out
   . println ("TEST
                         \t" +
               "ERRORE RELATIVO \t" +
               "ERRORE PRIMA COMP.\t" +
               "AUTOVALORE NUMERO 7\t" +
               "TIME TO SOLVE\t" +
               "TIME TO EIGEN");
 System.out
               ____\t" +
"____\t" +
   .println("-
                                   --\t" +
               "_____\t" +
"______);
 /* Name of all files */
 String[] names = { "easy-10", "easy-100", "easy-1000", "bad-10",
   "bad-100", "bad-500", "bad-1000", "verybad-10", "verybad-100",
   "verybad-500", "verybad-1000", "rand-10", "rand-100",
   "rand -1000", "rand -5000", "eig -10", "eig -20", "eig -30",
  "eig -40", "eig -50", "eig -100", "eig -1000", "eig -2000",
   "eig -5000" };
 String prefix = "matrice-";
 String postfix = ".dat";
 for (int i = 0; i < names.length; i++) {
  String nameFile = prefix + names[i] + postfix;
  String file = path + nameFile;
  Matrix A = readMatrix(file);
  String erroreRelativo = "n.a.";
  String errorePrimaComp = "n.a.";
  String settimoAutovalore = "n.a.";
  long inizioS = 0;
  long fineS = 0;
  long inizioE = 0;
  long fineE = 0;
  /* If the matrix isn't eig type than solve with lu decomposition */
  if (!nameFile.startsWith("matrice-eig")) {
   String fileNoti = file.replace("matrice", "terminenoto");
   Matrix b = readArray(fileNoti);
   int size = A.getArray().length;
   Matrix x_esatta = new Matrix(size, 1, 1.0);
   inizioS = new Date().getTime();
   Matrix x_{-}calcolata = A. solve (b);
```

```
fineS = new Date().getTime();
 Matrix diff = x_esatta.minus(x_calcolata);
double erroreRelativoD = diff.normF() / x_esatta.normF();
 double errorePrimaCompD = Math.abs(x_calcolata.get(0, 0) - 1.0);
 erroreRelativo = String.format("%e", erroreRelativoD);
 errorePrimaComp = String.format("%e", errorePrimaCompD);
/* If the matrix isn't rand type than calculate eigenvalues */
if (!nameFile.startsWith("matrice-rand")) {
 inizioE = new Date().getTime();
 EigenvalueDecomposition eg = new EigenvalueDecomposition(A);
 fineE = new Date().getTime();
 ArrayList < Double > eigenValues = getOrderedEigenValues (eg.getD());
double settimoAutovaloreD = eigenValues.get(6);
 settimoAutovalore = String.format("%f", settimoAutovaloreD);
/* Print results */
String printName = nameFile.replace("matrice-", "")
  .replace("-symm", "").replace(".dat", "");
if (nameFile.startsWith("matrice-eig")) {
System.out.printf("\%12s\t\%16s\t\%18s\t\%19s\t\%12s\t\t\%2dms\%n",
   printName, erroreRelativo, errorePrimaComp,
   settimoAutovalore , "-" , (fineE - inizioE));
} else if (nameFile.startsWith("matrice-rand")) {
 System.out.printf("%12s\t%16s\t%18s\t%19s\t%2dms\t\t%12s\m',
   printName, erroreRelativo, errorePrimaComp,
   settimoAutovalore, (fineS - inizioS), "-");
} else {
System.out
   . printf ("%12s\t%16s\t%18s\t%19s\t%2dms\t\t%2dms\n",
     printName, erroreRelativo, errorePrimaComp,
     settimoAutovalore, (fineS - inizioS),
     (fineE - inizioE));
```

Test	Errore Relativo	Errore Prima Comp	Autovalore n.7	Time to solve	Time to calc. eigen
easy-10	3.510833e-16	2.220446e-16	7.000000	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
easy-100	2.853360e-15	1.110223e-15	7.000000	1ms	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
easy-1000	3.174443e-14	3.264056e-14	7.000000	$670 \mathrm{ms}$	9ms
rand-10	4.711062e-15	8.659740e-15	n.a.	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
rand-100	1.001901e-13	8.237855e-14	n.a.	1ms	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
rand-1000	2.547025e-12	4.767298e-13	n.a.	647ms	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
rand-5000	9.787832e-12	1.521339e-11	n.a.	101418ms	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
bad-10	3.118816e-07	2.176155e-07	6.000000	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
bad-100	2.258293e-05	2.394252e-05	6.000000	$1 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
bad-500	4.622912e-05	4.654016e-05	6.000000	$69 \mathrm{ms}$	$2 \mathrm{ms}$
bad-1000	2.279306e-04	2.257559e-04	6.000000	645ms	13ms
verybad-10	4.993346e-04	4.179128e-04	6.000000	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
verybad-100	3.283544e-03	3.125627e-03	6.000000	$2 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
verybad-500	1.065932e-02	1.067230e-02	6.000000	$70 \mathrm{ms}$	1ms
verybad-1000	2.926093e-02	2.903832e-02	6.000000	644ms	8ms
eig-10	n.a.	n.a.	1.212788	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
eig-20	n.a.	n.a.	0.616452	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
eig-30	n.a.	n.a.	0.386165	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
eig-40	n.a.	n.a.	0.251158	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
eig-50	n.a.	n.a.	0.183589	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$0 \mathrm{ms}$
eig-100	n.a.	n.a.	0.105820	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	1ms
eig-1000	n.a.	n.a.	0.005791	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$7 \mathrm{ms}$
eig-2000	n.a.	n.a.	0.004094	$0 \mathrm{ms}$	$30 \mathrm{ms}$
eig-5000	n.a.	n.a.	0.001635	0ms	967ms

1.4 Risultati e conclusioni

2 Discrete Cosine Transform

- 2.1 Teoria
- 2.2 JTransform
- 2.3 Programma discrete-cosine-transform

Listing 2: discrete-cosine-transform

```
import java.util.Date;
import edu.emory.mathcs.jtransforms.dct.DoubleDCT_2D;
public class Dct {
  * Method that permit to print a Matrix
  * for debug purpose
 public static void printMatrix(double[][] z) {
  int n = z.length;
  int m = z[0]. length;
  System.out.print("[");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
    System.out.print(z[i][j]);
    if (j != m - 1)
     System.out.print(" ");
   if (i != n - 1)
    System.out.println();
  System.out.println("]");
  st Method that calculate dct2 in two dimensions directly
  * just as described here:
  *\ http://www.mathworks.it/help/toolbox/images/ref/dct2.html
 public static double [][] dct2in2dimension(double [][] z, double offset)
   throws Exception {
  if (z.length == 0)
   throw new Exception("z empty");
  if (z[0]. length == 0)
   throw new Exception("z row empty");
```

```
int n = z.length;
int m = z[0]. length;
double[][] c = new double[n][m];
double[] alf 1 = new double[n];
double[] alf 2 = new double[m];
 alf1[0] = 1. / Math.sqrt(n);
for (int k = 1; k < n; k++) {
  alf1[k] = Math.sqrt(2. / n);
 alf2[0] = 1. / Math.sqrt(m);
for (int l = 1; l < m; l++) {
 alf2[1] = Math.sqrt(2. / m);
double sum;
 for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
 for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
  sum = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
     sum += (z[i][j] + offset)
       * Math. \cos((Math. PI * (2 * i + 1) * k))
         /(2 * n)
       * Math. \cos((Math. PI * (2 * j + 1) * 1)
         /(2 * m);
    }
  c[k][1] = alf1[k] * alf2[1] * sum;
  System.out.println(k + " " + 1 + ": " + sum + "*" + alf1[k]
    + "*" + alf 2 [l] + " -> " + c[k] [l]);
}
return c;
* Method that calculate idct2 in two dimensions directly
* just as described here:
*\ http://www.mathworks.it/help/toolbox/images/ref/idct2.html
*/
public static double [][] idct2in2dimension(double [][] z, double offset)
 throws Exception {
if (z.length == 0)
 throw new Exception("z empty");
if (z[0]. length == 0)
 throw new Exception ("z row empty");
```

```
int n = z.length;
int m = z[0]. length;
double[][] c = new double[n][m];
double[] alf1 = new double[n];
double[] alf 2 = new double[m];
 alf1[0] = 1. / Math.sqrt(n);
for (int k = 1; k < n; k++) {
  alf1[k] = Math.sqrt(2. / n);
 alf2[0] = 1. / Math.sqrt(m);
for (int l = 1; l < m; l++) {
 alf2[1] = Math.sqrt(2. / m);
for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
  for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
  c[k][1] = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
     c[k][1] += alf1[i]
       * alf2 [j]
       * z[i][j]
       * Math. \cos((Math. PI * (2 * k + 1) * i)
         (2 * n)
       * Math. \cos((Math. PI * (2 * l + 1) * j)
         /(2 * m);
    }
  c[k][l] += offset;
  System.out.println(k + "" + 1 + ":" + c[k][1]);
}
return c;
* Method that calculate dct2 in two dimensions, first
st calculate dct in row and after calculate dct in column
public static double[][] dct2(double[][] z, double offset) throws Exception {
 if (z.length == 0)
 throw new Exception("z empty");
if (z[0].length == 0)
 throw new Exception ("z row empty");
int n = z.length;
 int m = z[0]. length;
```

```
double[][] c = new double[n][m];
double[][] c2 = new double[n][m];
double alfa;
double sum;
 for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
  for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
  sum = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   sum += (z[i][l] + offset)
      * Math. \cos((Math. PI * (2. * i + 1.) * k) / (2. * n));
   alfa = k = 0? 1. / Math. sqrt(n): Math. sqrt(2. / n);
   c[k][l] = alfa * sum;
 }
}
for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
  for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
  sum = 0;
  for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
   sum += c[k][j]
      * Math. \cos((Math. PI * (2. * j + 1.) * l) / (2. * m));
   alfa = 1 = 0? 1. / Math. sqrt(m): Math. sqrt(2. / m);
  c2[k][l] = alfa * sum;
return c2;
* Method that calculate idct2 in two dimensions, first
* calculate idet in row and after calculate idet in column
public static double[][] idct2(double[][] z, double offset)
 throws Exception {
if (z.length == 0)
 throw new Exception ("z empty");
 if (z[0]. length == 0)
 throw new Exception ("z row empty");
int n = z.length;
int m = z[0]. length;
double[][] c = new double[n][m];
double[][] c2 = new double[n][m];
double alfa;
 for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
 for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
```

```
c[k][1] = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   alfa = i = 0 ? 1. / Math.sqrt(n) : Math.sqrt(2. / n);
   c[k][1] += alfa * z[i][1]
     * Math. \cos((Math.PI * (2 * k + 1) * i) / (2 * n));
for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
 for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
  c2[k][1] = 0;
  for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
   alfa = j = 0? 1. / Math. sqrt(m): Math. sqrt(2. / m);
   c2[k][l] += alfa * c[k][j]
     * Math. \cos((Math.PI * (2 * I + 1) * j) / (2 * m));
  c2[k][l] += offset;
return c2;
* test from example 1
z = [1 \ 2 \ 3]
     4 5 6];
  dct2(z) = [+8.5732 -2.0000]
                                0.0000
             -3.6742
public static void test1() throws Exception {
double [][] vals = { \{1., 2., 3.\}, \{4., 5., 6.\}\};
double offset = 0;
System.out.println("vals: ");
printMatrix(vals);
long startS = new Date().getTime();
double[][] result = dct2(vals, offset);
long endS = new Date().getTime();
System.out.println("dct2 result: ");
printMatrix(result);
System.out.println("time: " + (endS - startS));
double [][] ivals = idct2(result, -offset);
System.out.println("idct2 result: ");
```

```
printMatrix(ivals);
System.out.println("jtransform dct2 result: ");
int n = vals.length;
int m = vals [0]. length;
 for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
  for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
   vals[k][l] += offset;
}
long startO = new Date().getTime();
DoubleDCT_2D dct_2d = new DoubleDCT_2D(n, m);
 dct_2d.forward(vals, true);
long endO = new Date().getTime();
printMatrix(vals);
System.out.println("time: " + (endO - startO));
  test from example 2
  * % -> tratto dall'articolo di Wallace
  % attenzione: prima di calcolare la DCT2 tutti
  % i coefficienti sono stati abbassati di 128
  % (come prescrive lo standard) per equilibrare
  % la frequenza (0,0)
   z = \begin{bmatrix} 139 & 144 & 149 & 153 & 155 & 155 & 155 & 155144 & 151 & 153 & 156 & 159 & 156 & 156 \end{bmatrix}
        150 \ 155 \ 160 \ 163 \ 158 \ 156 \ 156 \ 156159 \ 161 \ 162 \ 160 \ 160 \ 159 \ 159 \ 159
        159 160 161 162 162 155 155 155161 161 161 161 160 157 157 157
        162 162 161 163 162 157 157 157162 162 161 161 163 158 158 158];
  dct2(z-128) =
 *
 *
     235.6250
                -1.0333
                          -12.0809
                                      -5.2029
                                                 2.1250
                                                           -1.6724
                                                                     -2.7080
                                                                                 1.3238
 *
                -17.4842
                                                                      0.4342
                                                                                -1.1856
     -22.5904
                           -6.2405
                                      -3.1574
                                                -2.8557
                                                           -0.0695
 *
                                                                     -0.5669
     -10.9493
                -9.2624
                           -1.5758
                                       1.5301
                                                 0.2029
                                                           -0.9419
                                                                                -0.0629
      -7.0816
                 -1.9072
                            0.2248
                                       1.4539
                                                 0.8963
                                                           -0.0799
                                                                     -0.0423
                                                                                 0.3315
      -0.6250
                -0.8381
                            1.4699
                                      1.5563
                                                -0.1250
                                                           -0.6610
                                                                      0.6088
                                                                                 1.2|752
 *
       1.7541
                -0.2029
                            1.6205
                                      -0.3424
                                                -0.7755
                                                            1.4759
                                                                      1.0410
                                                                                -0.9930
 *
                                                                                -0.7613
 *
      -1.2825
                 -0.3600
                           -0.3169
                                      -1.4601
                                                -0.4900
                                                            1.7348
                                                                      1.0758
      -2.5999
                 1.5519
                           -3.7628
                                      -1.8448
                                                 1.8716
                                                            1.2139
                                                                     -0.5679
                                                                                -0.4456
 *
 *
public static void test2() throws Exception {
 double [][] vals = { \{139., 144., 149., 153., 155., 155., 155., 155. \},
   \{144., 151., 153., 156., 159., 156., 156., 156. \},
   \{150., 155., 160., 163., 158., 156., 156., 156., 156.\}
```

```
\{159., 161., 162., 160., 160., 159., 159., 159., 159.\}
  \{159., 160., 161., 162., 162., 155., 155., 155., 155.\}
  \{161., 161., 161., 161., 160., 157., 157., 157., 157. \}
  \{162., 162., 161., 163., 162., 157., 157., 157. \}
  { 162., 162., 161., 161., 163., 158., 158., 158. };
double offset = -128;
System.out.println("vals: ");
printMatrix(vals);
long startS = new Date().getTime();
double[][] result = dct2(vals, offset);
long endS = new Date().getTime();
System.out.println("dct2 result: ");
printMatrix(result);
System.out.println("time: " + (endS - startS));
double [][] ivals = idct2(result, -offset);
System.out.println("idct2 result: ");
printMatrix(ivals);
System.out.println("jtransform dct2 result: ");
int n = vals.length;
int m = vals [0]. length;
for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
  vals[k][l] += offset;
}
long startO = new Date().getTime();
DoubleDCT_2D dct_2d = new DoubleDCT_2D(n, m);
dct_2d.forward(vals, true);
long endO = new Date().getTime();
printMatrix(vals);
System.out.println("time: " + (endO - startO));
 test from example 3
 z = /3
                  \gamma/;
       8
 dct2(z) =
               4.5000
     4.4907
                         4.9075
```

```
-0.4082 3.5000 -14.1451
*
 */
public static void test3() throws Exception {
double [][] vals = { \{3., 7., -5.\}, \{8., -9., 7.\} };
double offset = 0;
System.out.println("vals: ");
 printMatrix(vals);
long startS = new Date().getTime();
double [][] result = dct2(vals, offset);
long endS = new Date().getTime();
System.out.println("dct2 result: ");
 printMatrix(result);
System.out.println("time: " + (endS - startS));
double [][] ivals = idct2(result, -offset);
System.out.println("idct2 result: ");
 printMatrix(ivals);
System.out.println("jtransform dct2 result: ");
int n = vals.length;
int m = vals [0]. length;
 for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
 for (int l = 0; l < m; l++) {
   vals[k][l] += offset;
 }
}
long startO = new Date().getTime();
DoubleDCT_2D dct_2d = new DoubleDCT_2D(n, m);
dct_2d.forward(vals, true);
long endO = new Date().getTime();
printMatrix(vals);
System.out.println("time: " + (endO - startO));
}
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
System.out.println("TEST1");
test1();
System.out.println("\nTEST2");
test2();
System.out.println("\nTEST3");
 test3();
```

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2.4	Risiiltati	\mathbf{e}	conclusioni
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name	time_dct2 (ms)	time_jtransform (ms)	width (px)	height (p
scaled/scaled/artificial.bmp	7942	193	384	2.
scaled/scaled/big_building.bmp	127478	783	902	6'
scaled/scaled/big_tree.bmp	81907	383	761	56
scaled/scaled/bridge.bmp	19125	316	344	50
scaled/scaled/cathedral.bmp	7479	79	250	37
scaled/scaled/deer.bmp	18021	118	506	33
scaled/scaled/fireworks.bmp	10058	19	392	29
scaled/scaled/flower_foveon.bmp	3284	18	284	18
scaled/scaled/hdr.bmp	7875	40	384	25
$scaled/scaled/leaves_iso_200.bmp$	7438	10	376	25
$scaled/scaled/leaves_iso_1600.bmp$	7551	10	376	25
$scaled/scaled/nightshot_iso_100.bmp$	10080	33	392	29
$scaled/scaled/nightshot_iso_1600.bmp$	10245	10	392	29
$scaled/scaled/spider_web.bmp$	22486	38	532	35
$scaled/scaled/scaled/zone_plate.bmp$	7588	8	375	25
scaled/scaled/artificial.bmp	66245	534	768	51
scaled/scaled/big_building.bmp	1135163	2639	1804	135
scaled/scaled/big_tree.bmp	597656	1731	1522	113
scaled/scaled/bridge.bmp	157433	650	688	101
scaled/scaled/cathedral.bmp	60869	118	500	75
scaled/scaled/deer.bmp	151674	335	1012	66
scaled/scaled/fireworks.bmp	82743	82	784	58
scaled/scaled/flower_foveon.bmp	25788	17	568	37
scaled/scaled/hdr.bmp	63813	125	768	51
scaled/scaled/leaves_iso_200.bmp	60658	527	752	50
scaled/scaled/leaves_iso_1600.bmp	61871	68	752	50
scaled/scaled/nightshot_iso_100.bmp	82330	111	784	58
scaled/scaled/nightshot_iso_1600.bmp	111011	59	784	58
scaled/scaled/spider_web.bmp	207638	161	1064	7.
scaled/scaled/zone_plate.bmp	60285	29	750	50
scaled/artificial.bmp	518198	535	1536	102
scaled/big_building.bmp	8364020	7823	3608	270
scaled/big_tree.bmp	4872149	3647	3044	227
scaled/bridge.bmp	1369571	411	1376	202
scaled/cathedral.bmp	540372	267	1000	150
scaled/deer.bmp	1151979	2690	2024	133
scaled/fireworks.bmp	658911	568	1568	11'
scaled/flower_foveon.bmp	267050	155	1136	75
scaled/hdr.bmp	585721	469	1536	103
scaled/leaves_iso_200.bmp	525412	335	1504	100
scaled/leaves_iso_1600.bmp	540518	256	1504	100
scaled/nightshot_iso_100.bmp	727666	227	1568	11'
scaled/nightshot_iso_1600.bmp	720260	225	1568	11
scaled/spider_web.bmp	1416648	1079	2128	149
$scaled/zone_plate.bmp$	491263	408	1500	100