- 1. Create a 4X2 integer array and Prints its attributes
- 2. Note: The element must be a type of unsigned int16. And print the following Attributes. The shape of an array.
- 3. Array dimensions.
- 4. The Length of each element of the array in bytes.
- 5. Create a 5X2 integer array from a range between 100 to 200 such that the difference between each element is 10.
- 6. Following is the provided numPy array. Return array of items by taking the third column from all rows
- 7. sampleArray = numpy.array([[11,22,33], [44,55,66], [77,88,99]])
- 8. Return array of odd rows and even columns from below numpy array
- 9. sampleArray = numpy.array([[3 ,6, 9, 12], [15 ,18, 21, 24], [27 ,30, 33, 36], [39 ,42, 45, 48], [51 ,54, 57, 60]])

10.

11. Extract all odd numbers from arr

```
Input:
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```
arr = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
Desired output:
#> array([1, 3, 5, 7, 9])
```

- 12. Create a null vector of size 10
- 13. How to find the memory size of any array
- 14. Create a null vector of size 10 but the fifth value which is 1
- 15. Create a vector with values ranging from 10 to 49
- 16. Create a 3x3 identity matrix
- 17. Create a 3x3x3 array with random values
- 18. Print the numpy version and the configuration