

R Analytics Module 4: Freight Capacity Forecasting

1. Technical Significance

The **Capacity Forecast** module predicts future truck demand to prevent shortages. Simple Excel trends fail because they don't account for complex seasonality (e.g., Diwali spikes, End-of-Quarter pushes). We use an **Ensemble Model** in R that averages two powerful forecasting engines: **Prophet** (by Meta) and **ETS** (Exponential Smoothing).

2. The R Technique: Prophet + ETS Ensemble

Ensembling reduces error by cancelling out the biases of individual models.

A. Facebook Prophet

- **Purpose:** To handle complex seasonality and holidays.
- **Algorithm:** prophet package in R.
- **Mechanism:** It models time series as:
 - *Growth*: A saturated growth trend.
 - *Seasonality*: Fourier series for annual/weekly cycles.
 - *Holidays*: Explicitly models Indian holidays (Diwali, Eid, Independence Day) which cause massive logistics spikes.

B. ETS (Error, Trend, Seasonal)

- **Purpose:** To capture short-term momentum.
- **Algorithm:** forecast::ets() in R.
- **Mechanism:** It weights recent observations more heavily than older ones (exponential decay). It is excellent for adapting quickly to recent trend changes.

The Ensemble

- **Final Forecast** = (Prophet_Prediction + ETS_Prediction) / 2
- This approach is widely considered “State of the Art” for operational supply chain forecasting.

3. Workflow & Architecture

1. **Data Ingestion:**
 - System queries aggregate shipment volumes by week for the last 2 years.
2. **R Execution (forecast.R - *internal logic*):**
 - backend/r_analytics_service.py invokes R.
3. **Statistical Processing:**

- **Prophet:** Fits the holiday-aware model.
 - **ETS:** Fits the smoothing model.
 - **Combination:** Averages the results.
 - **Confidence:** Calculates 80% and 95% prediction intervals (The “Cone of Uncertainty”).
4. **Output:**
- R returns a 12-week forecast vector with upper/lower bounds.

4. Sample Data & Results

Input Data (Weekly Volumes)

```
[
  {"date": "2024-01-01", "trucks": 450},
  {"date": "2024-01-08", "trucks": 465},
  ...
  {"date": "2025-10-20", "trucks": 850} // Pre-Diwali spike
]
```

R Processing Output

```
{
  "forecast_dates": ["2025-11-01", "2025-11-08", ...],
  "predicted_volume": [900, 920, 880, ...],
  "lower_bound": [850, 870, ...],
  "upper_bound": [950, 970, ...],
  "holiday_effect": "+15%" // Flagged due to Diwali
}
```

User Facing Result

- **Forecast (Week 45):** 920 Trucks Needed.
- **Alert:** “Demand exceeds Contracted Capacity (800).”
- **Recommendation:** “Secure 120 spot trucks now before rates spike.”