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Roll no:- 55 Batch:- T4

Practicl No.05

Title:write a PL/SQL code block to calculate area of a circle for a value of radius varying from 5 to 9. Store radius and the corresponding values of calculated area in an empty table areas, consisting of two columns, radius and area.

************************************ mysql> show databases; +----+ Database +----+ | information_schema | | Circle | Customer | Grade | Library | LibraryDB abhi borrower circle 17 rows in set (0.00 sec) **USE DATABASE:** mysql> use Circle; Database changed mysql> delimiter// -> ^C mysql> delimiter // **SHOW TABLES:** mysql> show tables// +----+ | Tables_in_Circle | Area +----+ 1 row in set (0.00 sec) **CREATE PROCEDURE:** mysql> create procedure Area Circle(IN radius float(6,2)) -> begin -> declare Area float(6,2); -> set Area=3.142*radius*radius; -> insert into Area value(radius, Area); -> end;

```
-> //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> call Area_Circle(5)//
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> select * from Area//
+----+
| radius | Area |
+----+
| 5 | 78.55 |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> call Area_Circle(6)//
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> call Area_Circle(7)//
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> call Area_Circle(8)//
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> call Area Circle(9)//
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> call Area_Circle(10)//
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> call Area_Circle(4)//
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> select * from Area//
+----+
| radius | Area |
+----+
  5 | 78.55 |
  5 | 78.55 |
  6 | 113.11 |
  7 | 153.96 |
  8 | 201.09 |
  9 | 254.5 |
  10 | 314.2 |
   4 | 50.27 |
+----+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> Exit
Bye
```