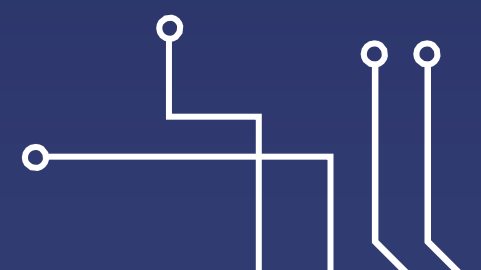




Data Analysis on CPU Performance

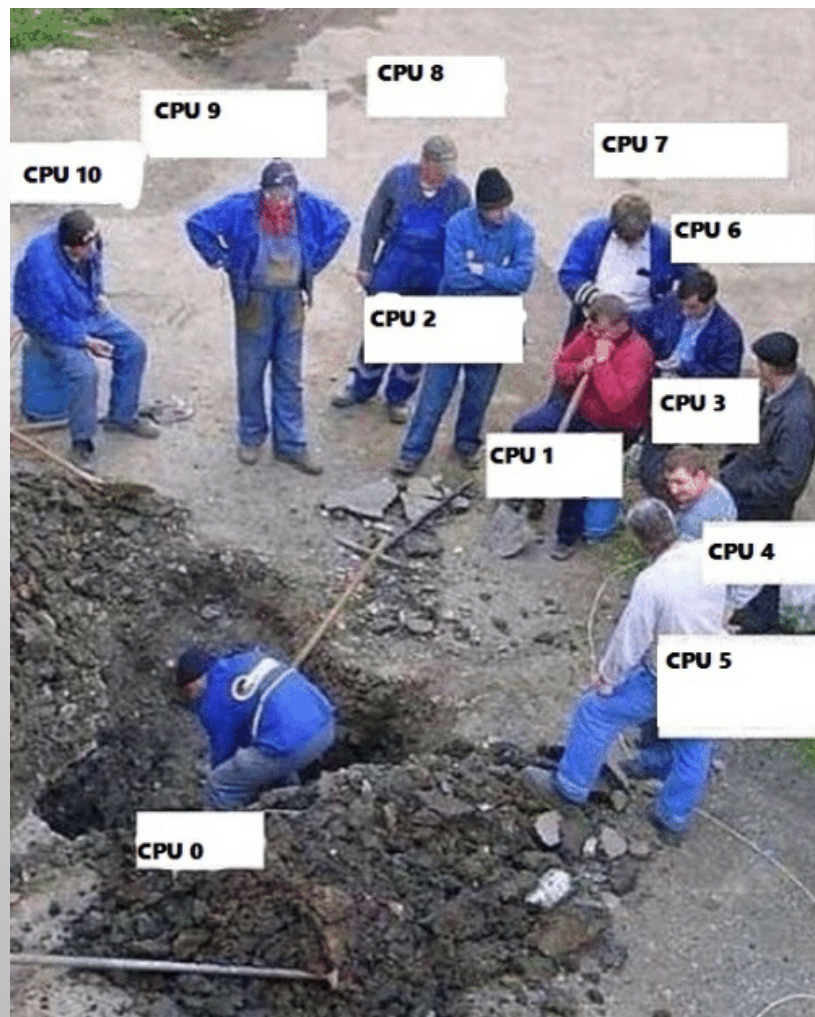
By
Atish Panday, Sagar Soneji, Roheet Bakare



Research Question

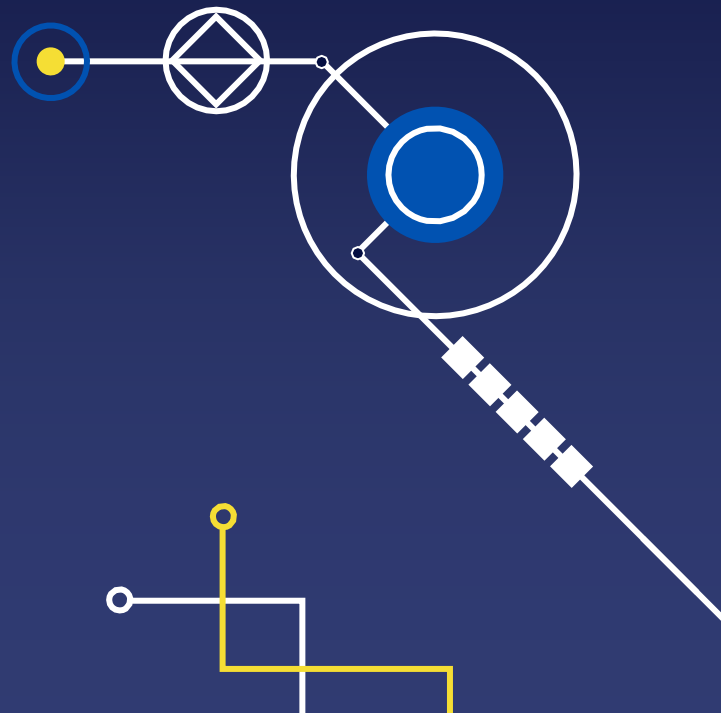


Are the boost clock speeds of CPUs
accurate measures of their performance?



Data Collection

Users run the CineBench R23 software on their PCs and submit their scores to the CineBench website. A random sample of this data has been used for our analysis.



Observations

Char

Manufacturer

Who made me?

Char

CPU Name

My full name

Int

Single Score

My solo performance

Int

Multi Score

My group performance

Int

Cores

How many friends do I have?

Int

Threads

Tasks I can handle at a time

Int

Base Clock Speed

Speed on a normal day

Int

Turbo Clock Speed

Speed on my best day

Char

Type

Do I live inside a laptop or a desktop?

Data Insights

Sample Size = 215

Single Core Scores:

Mean = 1368

Median = 1312

Standard Deviation = 239.829

Min = 903

Max = 2082

Turbo Clock Speeds:

Mean = 4.515

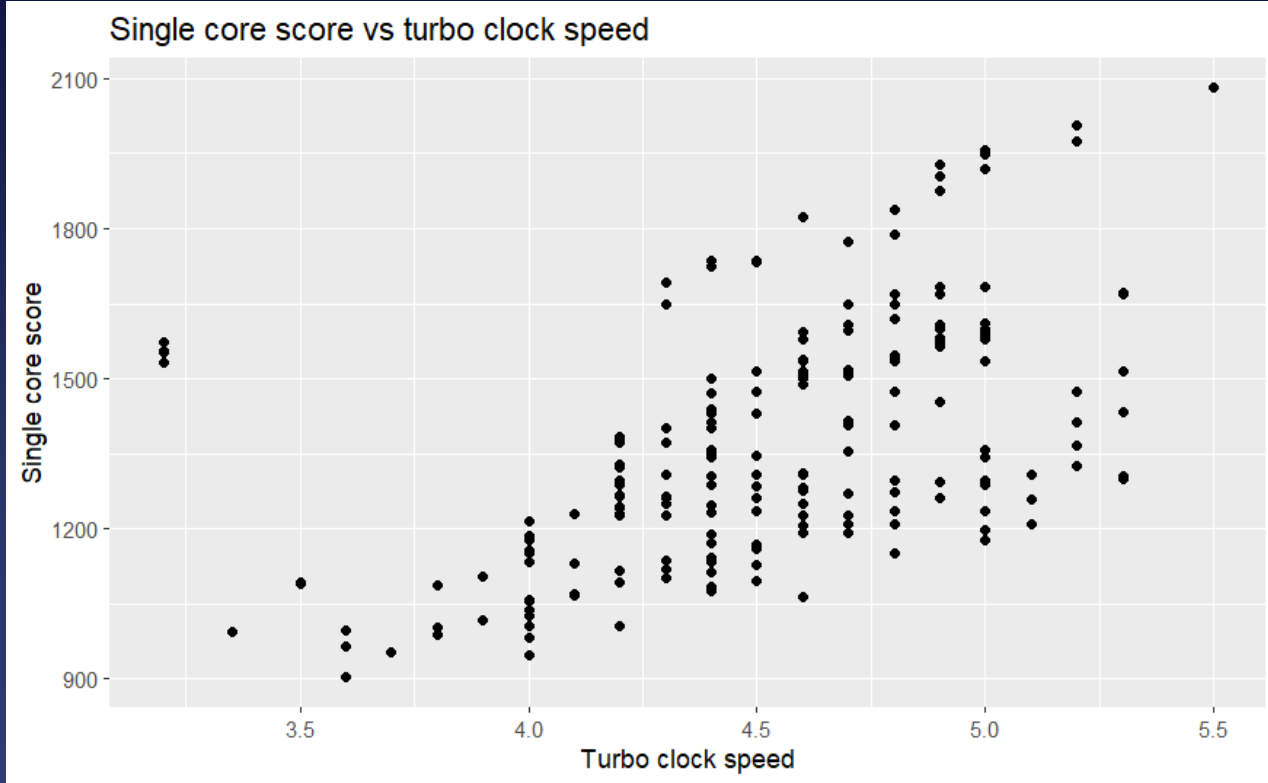
Median = 4.500

Standard Deviation = 0.441

Min = 3.200

Max = 5.500

Performance vs Boost speed



Hypothesis



No linear relationship between
single core scores and turbo
clock speeds ($\beta_1 = 0$)



Positive linear relationship
between single core scores and
turbo clock speeds ($\beta_1 > 0$)

Simple Linear Regression Model

$$\hat{y} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \varepsilon$$

Error $\sim N(0, \sigma^2)$

Single core score

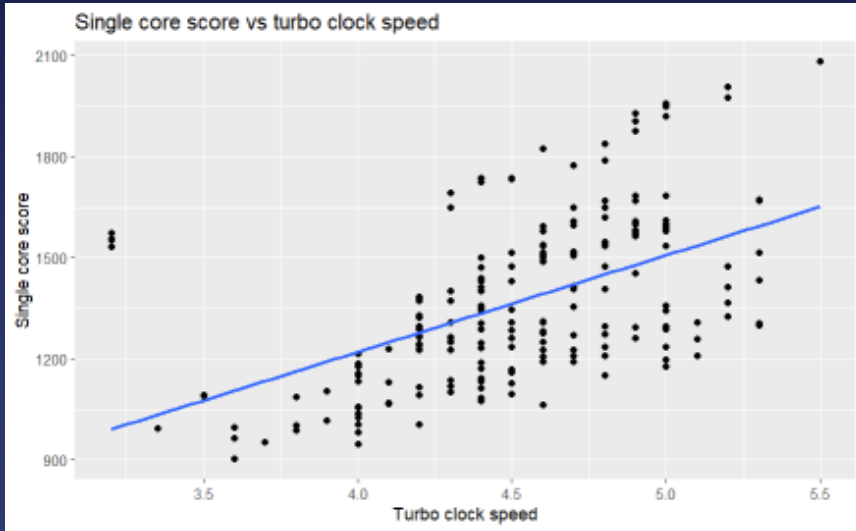
Intercept of the single core score and turbo clock speed regression line

Turbo clock speed

Slope of the single core score and turbo clock speed regression line

Conditions

LINEAR

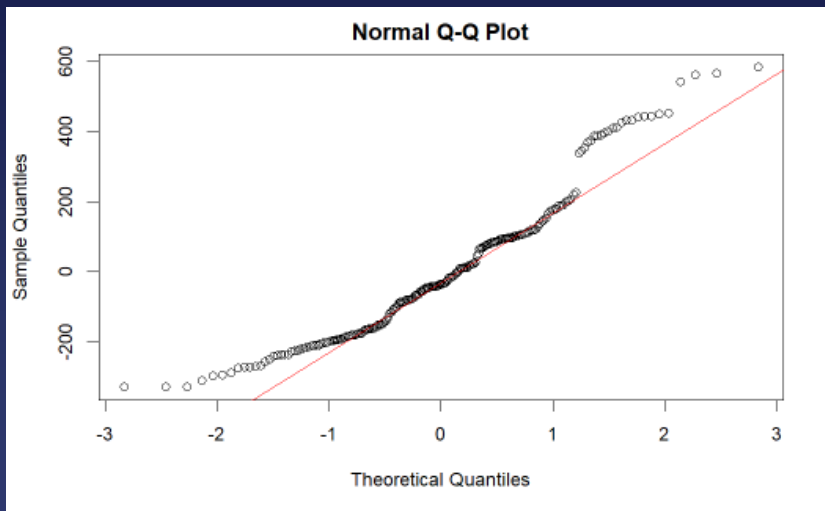


INDEPENDENCE

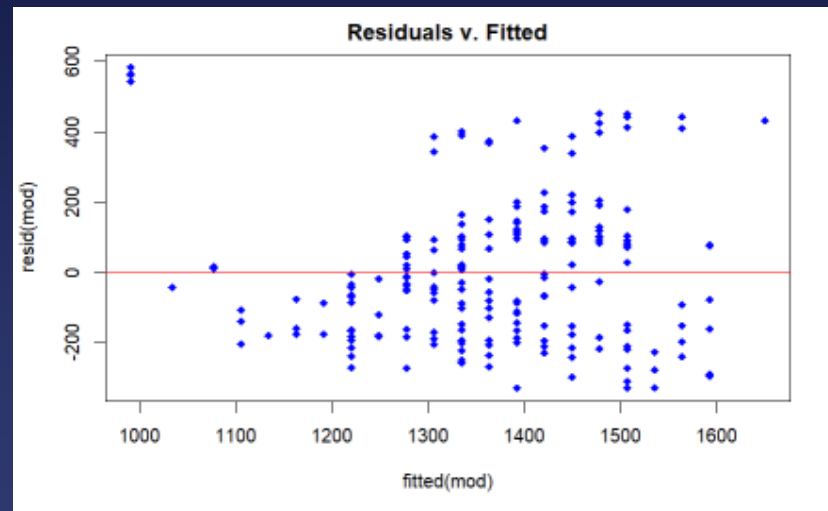
Since the data was collected from independent users who submitted their Cinebench scores to Cinebench website, the data can be assumed to be independent.

Conditions

NORMALITY



EQUAL VARIANCE



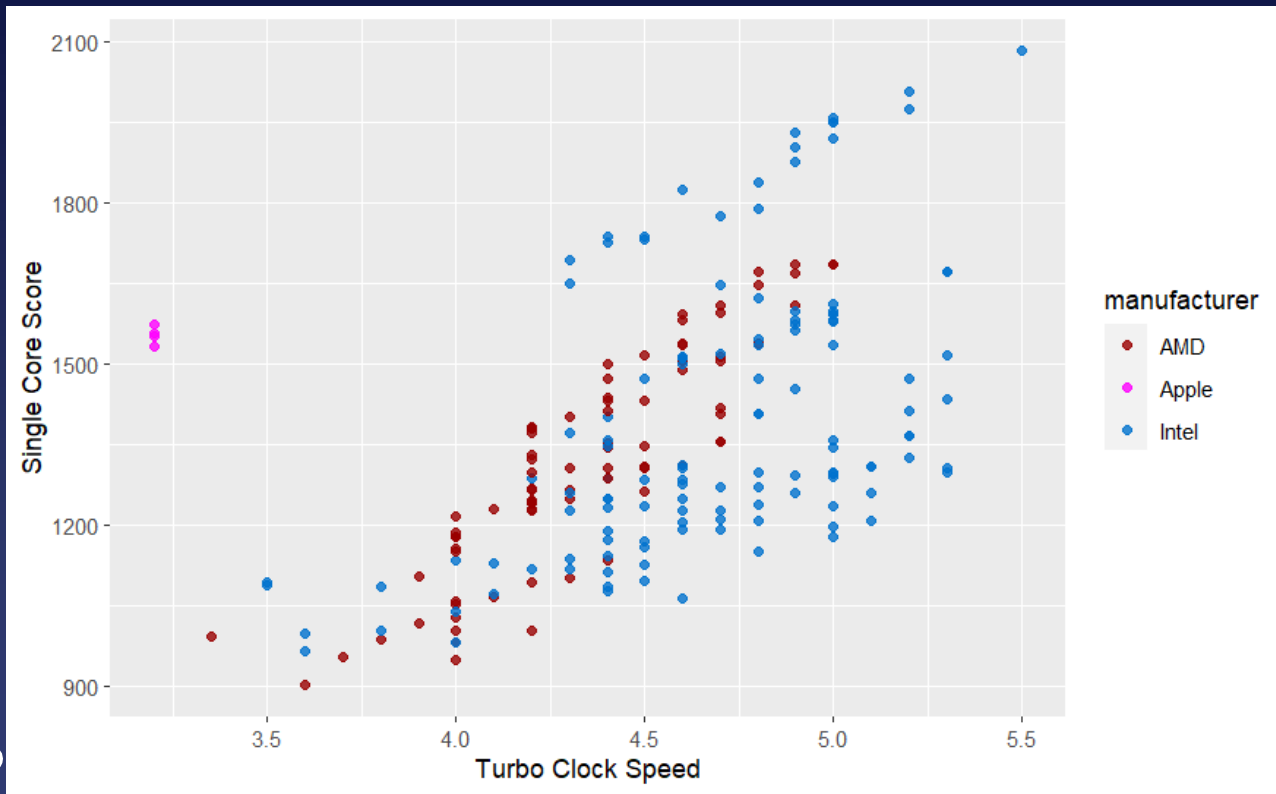
LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL STATISTICS SUMMARY

	θ_0	θ_1	Error	t-value	p-value	Conf. Int.
TURBO CLOCK	72.85	286.78	31.61	9.071	< 2e-16	(224.4601, 349.0955)

Conclusion

- p-value is less than 0.05, thus we reject the null hypothesis
- There exists a POSITIVE LINEAR relationship between single core score and turbo clock speed
- Better performance can be expected from CPUs with higher boost speeds in general

Discoveries





\$1999



Limitations

- Data may not be produced in an ideal environment
- Sample size may not be sufficiently large
- CPU architectures are not same (x86, ARM, etc)
- Depends on the operating system

Future Scope

- Extending our regression model to include multiple other predictors
- Checking the relationship between turbo clock speeds and multi-core performance
- Analysing the relationship between single core scores and CPU temperatures



Thank You

