One Sector Growth Model

Consider a deterministic infinite horizon problem that a social planner seeks to maximize:

$$\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t \, \frac{(c_t^{\mu} \, (1-l_t)^{1-\mu})^{1-\sigma}}{1-\sigma}$$

subject to:

$$c_t + k_{t+1} - (1 - \delta)k_t = k_t^{\theta} l_t^{1-\theta}$$

where $c_t \equiv \text{consumption}$ at time t, $k_t \equiv \text{capital}$ stock at time t, and $l_t \equiv \text{labor}$ supplied at time t.

Use value function iteration methods to compute the value and policy functions and plot them. Assume the following parameter values:

• Preferences: $\mu = 0.34$, $\sigma = 2$, $\beta = 0.99$

• Technology: $\theta = 0.36$, $\delta = 0.025$