

Slip 1: Java Program to Implement I/O Decorator for Uppercase to Lowercase Conversion

```
import java.io.*;

class LowerCaseInputStream extends FilterInputStream {
    public LowerCaseInputStream(InputStream in) {
        super(in);
    }

    public int read() throws IOException {
        int c = super.read();
        return (c == -1 ? c : Character.toLowerCase((char)c));
    }

    public int read(byte[] b, int offset, int len) throws IOException {
        int result = super.read(b, offset, len);
        for (int i = offset; i < offset + result; i++) {
            b[i] = (byte)Character.toLowerCase((char)b[i]);
        }
        return result;
    }
}

public class IOExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        InputStream in = null;
        try {
            in = new LowerCaseInputStream(new BufferedInputStream(new
FileInputStream("test.txt")));
            int c;
            while((c = in.read()) >= 0) {
                System.out.print((char)c);
            }
        } finally {
            if (in != null) in.close();
        }
    }
}
```

Slip 2: Java Program to Implement Singleton Pattern for Multithreading

```
class Singleton {
    private static Singleton instance;

    private Singleton() {}

    public static synchronized Singleton getInstance() {
        if (instance == null) {
            instance = new Singleton();
        }
        return instance;
    }

    public void showMessage() {
        System.out.println("Hello, Singleton Pattern!");
    }
}

public class SingletonPattern {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Singleton obj = Singleton.getInstance();
        obj.showMessage();
    }
}
```

Slip 3: Java Program for Weather Station using java.util.Observable

```
import java.util.Observable;
import java.util.Observer;

class WeatherData extends Observable {
    private float temperature;
    private float humidity;
    private float pressure;

    public void measurementsChanged() {
        setChanged();
        notifyObservers();
    }

    public void setMeasurement(float temperature, float humidity, float pressure) {
        this.temperature = temperature;
        this.humidity = humidity;
        this.pressure = pressure;
        measurementsChanged();
    }

    public float getTemperature() { return temperature; }
    public float getHumidity() { return humidity; }
    public float getPressure() { return pressure; }
}

class CurrentConditionsDisplay implements Observer {
    private float temperature;
    private float humidity;

    public CurrentConditionsDisplay(Observable observable) {
        observable.addObserver(this);
    }

    public void update(Observable obs, Object arg) {
        if (obs instanceof WeatherData) {
            WeatherData weatherData = (WeatherData) obs;
            this.temperature = weatherData.getTemperature();
            this.humidity = weatherData.getHumidity();
            display();
        }
    }

    public void display() {
        System.out.println("Current conditions: " + temperature + "F degrees and " + humidity + "% humidity");
    }
}

public class WeatherStation {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        WeatherData weatherData = new WeatherData();
        CurrentConditionsDisplay currentDisplay = new CurrentConditionsDisplay(weatherData);

        weatherData.setMeasurement(80, 65, 30.4f);
        weatherData.setMeasurement(82, 70, 29.2f);
    }
}
```

Slip 4: Java Program to Implement Factory Method for Pizza Store

```
abstract class Pizza {
    String name;

    void prepare() { System.out.println("Preparing " + name); }
    void bake() { System.out.println("Baking " + name); }
    void cut() { System.out.println("Cutting " + name); }
    void box() { System.out.println("Boxing " + name); }
}

class NYStyleCheesePizza extends Pizza {
    NYStyleCheesePizza() { name = "NY Style Cheese Pizza"; }
}

class ChicagoStyleCheesePizza extends Pizza {
    ChicagoStyleCheesePizza() { name = "Chicago Style Cheese Pizza"; }
}

abstract class PizzaStore {
    abstract Pizza createPizza(String type);

    public Pizza orderPizza(String type) {
        Pizza pizza = createPizza(type);
        pizza.prepare();
        pizza.bake();
        pizza.cut();
        pizza.box();
        return pizza;
    }
}

class NYPizzaStore extends PizzaStore {
    Pizza createPizza(String type) {
        if (type.equals("cheese")) {
            return new NYStyleCheesePizza();
        } else return null;
    }
}

class ChicagoPizzaStore extends PizzaStore {
    Pizza createPizza(String type) {
        if (type.equals("cheese")) {
            return new ChicagoStyleCheesePizza();
        } else return null;
    }
}

public class PizzaTestDrive {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        PizzaStore nyStore = new NYPizzaStore();
        PizzaStore chicagoStore = new ChicagoPizzaStore();

        Pizza pizza = nyStore.orderPizza("cheese");
        System.out.println("Ethan ordered a " + pizza.name + "\n");

        pizza = chicagoStore.orderPizza("cheese");
        System.out.println("Joel ordered a " + pizza.name + "\n");
    }
}
```

Slip 5: Java Program to Implement Adapter Pattern for Enumeration Iterator

```
import java.util.*;

class EnumerationIterator implements Iterator<Object> {
    Enumeration<?> enumeration;

    public EnumerationIterator(Enumeration<?> enumeration) {
        this.enumeration = enumeration;
    }

    public boolean hasNext() {
        return enumeration.hasMoreElements();
    }

    public Object next() {
        return enumeration.nextElement();
    }

    public void remove() {
        throw new UnsupportedOperationException();
    }
}

public class EnumerationAdapterTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Vector<String> vector = new Vector<>();
        vector.add("Item1");
        vector.add("Item2");
        Enumeration<String> enumeration = vector.elements();
        Iterator<Object> iterator = new EnumerationIterator(enumeration);

        while (iterator.hasNext()) {
            System.out.println(iterator.next());
        }
    }
}
```

Slip 6: Java Program to Implement Command Pattern for Remote Control

```
interface Command {
    void execute();
}

class Light {
    public void on() {
        System.out.println("Light is On");
    }

    public void off() {
        System.out.println("Light is Off");
    }
}

class LightOnCommand implements Command {
    Light light;

    public LightOnCommand(Light light) {
        this.light = light;
    }

    public void execute() {
        light.on();
    }
}

class RemoteControl {
    Command command;

    public void setCommand(Command command) {
        this.command = command;
    }

    public void pressButton() {
        command.execute();
    }
}

public class RemoteControlTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        RemoteControl remote = new RemoteControl();
        Light light = new Light();
        LightOnCommand lightOn = new LightOnCommand(light);

        remote.setCommand(lightOn);
        remote.pressButton();
    }
}
```

Slip 7: Java Program to Implement Undo Command for Ceiling Fan

```
interface Command {
    void execute();
    void undo();
}

class CeilingFan {
    public void on() {
        System.out.println("Ceiling fan is on");
    }

    public void off() {
        System.out.println("Ceiling fan is off");
    }
}

class CeilingFanOnCommand implements Command {
    CeilingFan ceilingFan;

    public CeilingFanOnCommand(CeilingFan ceilingFan) {
        this.ceilingFan = ceilingFan;
    }

    public void execute() {
        ceilingFan.on();
    }

    public void undo() {
        ceilingFan.off();
    }
}

class RemoteControl {
    Command command;

    public void setCommand(Command command) {
        this.command = command;
    }

    public void pressButton() {
        command.execute();
    }

    public void pressUndo() {
        command.undo();
    }
}

public class CeilingFanTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        RemoteControl remote = new RemoteControl();
        CeilingFan ceilingFan = new CeilingFan();
        CeilingFanOnCommand ceilingFanOn = new CeilingFanOnCommand(ceilingFan);

        remote.setCommand(ceilingFanOn);
        remote.pressButton();
        remote.pressUndo();
    }
}
```

Slip 8: Java Program to Implement State Pattern for Gumball Machine

```
interface State {
    void insertQuarter();
    void ejectQuarter();
    void turnCrank();
    void dispense();
}

class GumballMachine {
    State soldOutState;
    State noQuarterState;
    State hasQuarterState;
    State soldState;

    State state = soldOutState;
    int count = 0;

    public GumballMachine(int count) {
        this.count = count;
        soldOutState = new SoldOutState(this);
        noQuarterState = new NoQuarterState(this);
        hasQuarterState = new HasQuarterState(this);
        soldState = new SoldState(this);

        if (count > 0) {
            state = noQuarterState;
        }
    }

    public void insertQuarter() { state.insertQuarter(); }
    public void ejectQuarter() { state.ejectQuarter(); }
    public void turnCrank() { state.turnCrank(); state.dispense(); }

    public void setState(State state) { this.state = state; }
    public void releaseBall() {
        System.out.println("A gumball comes rolling out the slot...");
        if (count != 0) count--;
    }

    public int getCount() { return count; }
}

class NoQuarterState implements State {
    GumballMachine gumballMachine;

    public NoQuarterState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
    }

    public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You inserted a quarter");
        gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.hasQuarterState);
    }

    public void ejectQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You haven't inserted a quarter");
    }
}
```



```

    public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("You turned, but there's no quarter");
    }

    public void dispense() {
        System.out.println("You need to pay first");
    }
}

class HasQuarterState implements State {
    GumballMachine gumballMachine;

    public HasQuarterState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
    }

    public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You can't insert another quarter");
    }

    public void ejectQuarter() {
        System.out.println("Quarter returned");
        gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.noQuarterState);
    }

    public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("You turned...");
        gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.soldState);
    }

    public void dispense() {
        System.out.println("No gumball dispensed");
    }
}

class SoldState implements State {
    GumballMachine gumballMachine;

    public SoldState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
    }

    public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("Please wait, we're already giving you a gumball");
    }

    public void ejectQuarter() {
        System.out.println("Sorry, you already turned the crank");
    }

    public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("Turning twice doesn't get you another gumball!");
    }

    public void dispense() {
        gumballMachine.releaseBall();
        if (gumballMachine.getCount() > 0) {
            gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.noQuarterState);
        } else {
            System.out.println("Oops, out of gumballs!");
            gumballMachine.setState(gumballMachine.soldOutState);
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

class SoldOutState implements State {
    GumballMachine gumballMachine;

    public SoldOutState(GumballMachine gumballMachine) {
        this.gumballMachine = gumballMachine;
    }

    public void insertQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You can't insert a quarter, the machine is sold out");
    }

    public void ejectQuarter() {
        System.out.println("You can't eject, you haven't inserted a quarter yet");
    }

    public void turnCrank() {
        System.out.println("You turned, but there are no gumballs");
    }

    public void dispense() {
        System.out.println("No gumball dispensed");
    }
}

public class GumballMachineTestDrive {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        GumballMachine gumballMachine = new GumballMachine(5);

        System.out.println(gumballMachine);

        gumballMachine.insertQuarter();
        gumballMachine.turnCrank();

        System.out.println(gumballMachine);

        gumballMachine.insertQuarter();
        gumballMachine.turnCrank();
        gumballMachine.insertQuarter();
        gumballMachine.turnCrank();

        System.out.println(gumballMachine);
    }
}

```

Slip 9: Java Program to Design HR Application using Spring Framework

(As this requires the Spring Framework, a simplified version without Spring is provided as a placeholder)

```
class Employee {
    private String name;
    private String position;

    public Employee(String name, String position) {
        this.name = name;
        this.position = position;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public String getPosition() {
        return position;
    }

    public void setPosition(String position) {
        this.position = position;
    }
}

public class HRApplication {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Employee employee = new Employee("John Doe", "Developer");
        System.out.println("Employee: " + employee.getName() + ", Position: " +
employee.getPosition());
    }
}
```

Slip 10: Java Program to Implement Strategy Pattern for Duck Behavior

```
interface FlyBehavior {
    void fly();
}

class FlyWithWings implements FlyBehavior {
    public void fly() {
        System.out.println("I'm flying!!");
    }
}

class FlyNoWay implements FlyBehavior {
    public void fly() {
        System.out.println("I can't fly");
    }
}

interface QuackBehavior {
    void quack();
}

class Quack implements QuackBehavior {
    public void quack() {
        System.out.println("Quack");
    }
}

class MuteQuack implements QuackBehavior {
    public void quack() {
        System.out.println("<< Silence >>");
    }
}

abstract class Duck {
    FlyBehavior flyBehavior;
    QuackBehavior quackBehavior;

    public void performFly() {
        flyBehavior.fly();
    }

    public void performQuack() {
        quackBehavior.quack();
    }

    public void swim() {
        System.out.println("All ducks float, even decoys!");
    }
}
```

```

public abstract void display();

public void setFlyBehavior(FlyBehavior fb) {
    flyBehavior = fb;
}

public void setQuackBehavior(QuackBehavior qb) {
    quackBehavior = qb;
}
}

class MallardDuck extends Duck {
    public MallardDuck() {
        quackBehavior = new Quack();
        flyBehavior = new FlyWithWings();
    }

    public void display() {
        System.out.println("I'm a real Mallard duck");
    }
}

public class MiniDuckSimulator {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Duck mallard = new MallardDuck();
        mallard.performQuack();
        mallard.performFly();
    }
}

```

Slip 11: Java Program to Implement Adapter Pattern for Heart Model to Beat Model

```
class HeartModel {
    public void startBeat() {
        System.out.println("Heart is beating...");
    }

    public void stopBeat() {
        System.out.println("Heart has stopped beating...");
    }
}

interface BeatModelInterface {
    void start();
    void stop();
}

class HeartAdapter implements BeatModelInterface {
    private HeartModel heart;

    public HeartAdapter(HeartModel heart) {
        this.heart = heart;
    }

    public void start() {
        heart.startBeat();
    }

    public void stop() {
        heart.stopBeat();
    }
}

public class HeartModelTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        HeartModel heart = new HeartModel();
        BeatModelInterface beatModel = new HeartAdapter(heart);

        beatModel.start();
        beatModel.stop();
    }
}
```

Slip 12: Java Program to Implement Decorator Pattern for Car (Sports Car and Luxury Car)

```
interface Car {
    void assemble();
}

class BasicCar implements Car {
    public void assemble() {
        System.out.println("Basic Car.");
    }
}

class CarDecorator implements Car {
    protected Car car;

    public CarDecorator(Car c) {
        this.car = c;
    }

    public void assemble() {
        this.car.assemble();
    }
}

class SportsCar extends CarDecorator {
    public SportsCar(Car c) {
        super(c);
    }

    public void assemble() {
        super.assemble();
        System.out.print(" Adding features of Sports Car.");
    }
}

class LuxuryCar extends CarDecorator {
    public LuxuryCar(Car c) {
        super(c);
    }

    public void assemble() {
        super.assemble();
        System.out.print(" Adding features of Luxury Car.");
    }
}

public class DecoratorPatternTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Car sportsCar = new SportsCar(new BasicCar());
        sportsCar.assemble();
        System.out.println("\n");

        Car sportsLuxuryCar = new SportsCar(new LuxuryCar(new BasicCar()));
        sportsLuxuryCar.assemble();
    }
}
```

Slip 13: Java Program to Implement Adapter Pattern for Mobile Charger

```
class Volt {
    private int volts;

    public Volt(int v) {
        this.volts = v;
    }

    public int getVolts() {
        return volts;
    }
}

class Socket {
    public Volt getVolt() {
        return new Volt(120);
    }
}

interface MobileAdapter {
    Volt get3Volt();
    Volt get12Volt();
    Volt get120Volt();
}

class SocketAdapter implements MobileAdapter {
    private Socket socket;

    public SocketAdapter(Socket socket) {
        this.socket = socket;
    }

    public Volt get3Volt() {
        return convertVolt(socket.getVolt(), 40);
    }

    public Volt get12Volt() {
        return convertVolt(socket.getVolt(), 10);
    }

    public Volt get120Volt() {
        return socket.getVolt();
    }

    private Volt convertVolt(Volt v, int i) {
        return new Volt(v.getVolts() / i);
    }
}

public class AdapterPatternTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Socket socket = new Socket();
        MobileAdapter adapter = new SocketAdapter(socket);

        System.out.println("3 volts : " + adapter.get3Volt().getVolts());
        System.out.println("12 volts : " + adapter.get12Volt().getVolts());
        System.out.println("120 volts : " + adapter.get120Volt().getVolts());
    }
}
```


Slip 14: Java Program to Implement Command Pattern for Command Interface (Light and Garage Door)

```
interface Command {
    void execute();
}

class Light {
    public void on() {
        System.out.println("Light is On");
    }

    public void off() {
        System.out.println("Light is Off");
    }
}

class LightOnCommand implements Command {
    Light light;

    public LightOnCommand(Light light) {
        this.light = light;
    }

    public void execute() {
        light.on();
    }
}

class GarageDoor {
    public void up() {
        System.out.println("Garage Door is Open");
    }

    public void down() {
        System.out.println("Garage Door is Closed");
    }
}

class GarageDoorUpCommand implements Command {
    GarageDoor garageDoor;

    public GarageDoorUpCommand(GarageDoor garageDoor) {
        this.garageDoor = garageDoor;
    }

    public void execute() {
```

```

        garageDoor.up();
    }
}

class RemoteControl {
    Command command;

    public void setCommand(Command command) {
        this.command = command;
    }

    public void pressButton() {
        command.execute();
    }
}

public class CommandPatternTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        RemoteControl remote = new RemoteControl();

        Light light = new Light();
        GarageDoor garageDoor = new GarageDoor();

        LightOnCommand lightOn = new LightOnCommand(light);
        GarageDoorUpCommand garageUp = new
GarageDoorUpCommand(garageDoor);

        remote.setCommand(lightOn);
        remote.pressButton();

        remote.setCommand(garageUp);
        remote.pressButton();
    }
}

```

Slip 15: Java Program to Implement Facade Design Pattern for Home Theater

```
class Amplifier {
    public void on() {
        System.out.println("Amplifier is on");
    }

    public void off() {
        System.out.println("Amplifier is off");
    }
}

class DvdPlayer {
    public void on() {
        System.out.println("DVD Player is on");
    }
    public void play(String movie) {
        System.out.println("Playing movie: " + movie);
    }
    public void off() {
        System.out.println("DVD Player is off");
    }
}

class Projector {
    public void on() {
        System.out.println("Projector is on");
    }
    public void off() {
        System.out.println("Projector is off");
    }
}

class HomeTheaterFacade {
    Amplifier amp;
    DvdPlayer dvd;
    Projector projector;
    public HomeTheaterFacade(Amplifier amp, DvdPlayer dvd, Projector projector) {
        this.amp = amp;
        this.dvd = dvd;
        this.projector = projector;
    }
    public void watchMovie(String movie) {
        System.out.println("Get ready to watch a movie...");
        amp.on();
        projector.on();
        dvd.on();
        dvd.play(movie);
    }
    public void endMovie() {
        System.out.println("Shutting movie theater down...");
        dvd.off();
        projector.off();
        amp.off();
    }
}

public class HomeTheaterTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Amplifier amp = new Amplifier();
        DvdPlayer dvd = new DvdPlayer();
        Projector projector = new Projector();
        HomeTheaterFacade homeTheater = new HomeTheaterFacade(amp, dvd, projector);
        homeTheater.watchMovie("Inception");
        homeTheater.endMovie();
    }
}
```

Slip 16: Observer Design Pattern for Number Conversion (Decimal to Hexadecimal, Octal, Binary):

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
// Observer interface
interface Observer {
    void update(int number);
}
// Concrete Observer for Binary conversion
class BinaryObserver implements Observer {
    @Override
    public void update(int number) {
        System.out.println("Binary: " + Integer.toBinaryString(number));
    }
}
// Concrete Observer for Octal conversion
class OctalObserver implements Observer {
    @Override
    public void update(int number) {
        System.out.println("Octal: " + Integer.toOctalString(number));
    }
}
// Concrete Observer for Hexadecimal conversion
class HexObserver implements Observer {
    @Override
    public void update(int number) {
        System.out.println("Hexadecimal: " + Integer.toHexString(number).toUpperCase());
    }
}
// Subject class that notifies observers of number changes
class NumberSubject {
    private List<Observer> observers = new ArrayList<>();
    private int number;
    public void setNumber(int number) {
        this.number = number;
        notifyAllObservers();
    }
    public void addObserver(Observer observer) {
        observers.add(observer);
    }
    public void notifyAllObservers() {
        for (Observer observer : observers) {
            observer.update(number);
        }
    }
}
// Main class to demonstrate Observer Pattern
public class ObserverPatternNumberConversion {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        NumberSubject numberSubject = new NumberSubject();
        // Attach observers
        numberSubject.addObserver(new BinaryObserver());
        numberSubject.addObserver(new OctalObserver());
        numberSubject.addObserver(new HexObserver());
        System.out.println("Enter a number in Decimal form:");
        numberSubject.setNumber(10); // Example number: 10

        System.out.println("\nUpdating number to 255:");
        numberSubject.setNumber(255);
    }
}
```

Slip 17: Java Program to implement Abstract Factory Pattern for Shape interface.

//Step 1: Define the Shape interface

```
public interface Shape {  
    void draw();  
}
```

//Step 2: Implement concrete classes for Shape

```
public class Circle implements Shape {  
    @Override  
    public void draw() {  
        System.out.println("Drawing a Circle");  
    }  
}  
public class Rectangle implements Shape {  
    @Override  
    public void draw() {  
        System.out.println("Drawing a Rectangle");  
    }  
}  
public class Square implements Shape {  
    @Override  
    public void draw() {  
        System.out.println("Drawing a Square");  
    }  
}
```

//Step 3: Define the ShapeFactory interface

```
public interface ShapeFactory {  
    Shape createShape();  
}
```

//Step 4: Implement concrete factories for each shape

```
public class CircleFactory implements ShapeFactory {  
    @Override  
    public Shape createShape() {  
        return new Circle();  
    }  
}  
public class RectangleFactory implements ShapeFactory {  
    @Override  
    public Shape createShape() {  
        return new Rectangle();  
    }  
}  
public class SquareFactory implements ShapeFactory {  
    @Override  
    public Shape createShape() {  
        return new Square();  
    }  
}
```

```

}
//Step 5: Create the FactoryProducer to get the factories
public class FactoryProducer {
    public static ShapeFactory getFactory(String shapeType) {
        if (shapeType.equalsIgnoreCase("CIRCLE")) {
            return new CircleFactory();
        } else if (shapeType.equalsIgnoreCase("RECTANGLE")) {
            return new RectangleFactory();
        } else if (shapeType.equalsIgnoreCase("SQUARE")) {
            return new SquareFactory();
        }
        return null;
    }
}

```

```

//Step 6: Client code to test the Abstract Factory Pattern
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ShapeFactory circleFactory = FactoryProducer.getFactory("CIRCLE");
        Shape circle = circleFactory.createShape();
        circle.draw();

        ShapeFactory rectangleFactory =
FactoryProducer.getFactory("RECTANGLE");
        Shape rectangle = rectangleFactory.createShape();
        rectangle.draw();

        ShapeFactory squareFactory = FactoryProducer.getFactory("SQUARE");
        Shape square = squareFactory.createShape();
        square.draw();
    }
}

```

Slip 18: Java Program to implement built-in support (java.util.Observable) Weather station with members temperature, humidity, pressure and methods measurementsChanged(), setMeasurement(), getTemperature(), getHumidity(), getPressure()

//Step 1: Create the WeatherStation class

```
import java.util.Observable;

public class WeatherStation extends Observable {
    private float temperature;
    private float humidity;
    private float pressure;

    public void measurementsChanged() {
        setChanged();
        notifyObservers();
    }

    public void setMeasurements(float temperature, float humidity, float pressure) {
        this.temperature = temperature;
        this.humidity = humidity;
        this.pressure = pressure;
        measurementsChanged();
    }

    public float getTemperature() {
        return temperature;
    }

    public float getHumidity() {
        return humidity;
    }

    public float getPressure() {
        return pressure;
    }
}
```

//Step 2: Create the WeatherDisplay class

//This class will implement the Observer interface to display the weather data.

```
import java.util.Observable;
import java.util.Observer;

public class WeatherDisplay implements Observer {
    @Override
    public void update(Observable o, Object arg) {
        if (o instanceof WeatherStation) {
            WeatherStation station = (WeatherStation) o;
            System.out.println("Current Weather Measurements:");
        }
    }
}
```

```

        System.out.println("Temperature: " + station.getTemperature());
        System.out.println("Humidity: " + station.getHumidity());
        System.out.println("Pressure: " + station.getPressure());
        System.out.println();
    }
}
}

```

//Step 3: Create the Main class

//This class will tie everything together and demonstrate the functionality.

```

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        WeatherStation weatherStation = new WeatherStation();
        WeatherDisplay display = new WeatherDisplay();

        // Register the display as an observer
        weatherStation.addObserver(display);

        // Simulating new weather measurements
        weatherStation.setMeasurements(25.0f, 65.0f, 1013.0f);
        weatherStation.setMeasurements(22.0f, 70.0f, 1010.0f);
        weatherStation.setMeasurements(28.0f, 60.0f, 1015.0f);
    }
}

```


Slip 19: Java Program to implement Factory method for Pizza Store with createPizza(), oredorderPizza(), prepare(), Bake(), cut(), box(). Use this to create variety of pizza's like NyStyleCheesePizza, ChicagoStyleCheesePizza etc.

//Step 1: Define the Pizza abstract class

```
public abstract class Pizza {
    String name;
    String dough;
    String sauce;

    public void prepare() {
        System.out.println("Preparing " + name);
        System.out.println("Tossing dough... " + dough);
        System.out.println("Adding sauce... " + sauce);
    }
    public void bake() {
        System.out.println("Baking " + name);
    }
    public void cut() {
        System.out.println("Cutting " + name);
    }
    public void box() {
        System.out.println("Boxing " + name);
    }
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }
}
```

//Step 2: Create concrete pizza classes

//NYStyleCheesePizza

```
public class NYStyleCheesePizza extends Pizza {
    public NYStyleCheesePizza() {
        name = "NY Style Cheese Pizza";
        dough = "Thin Crust Dough";
        sauce = "Marinara Sauce";
    }
}
```

//ChicagoStyleCheesePizza

```
public class ChicagoStyleCheesePizza extends Pizza {
    public ChicagoStyleCheesePizza() {
        name = "Chicago Style Cheese Pizza";
        dough = "Deep Dish Dough";
        sauce = "Plum Tomato Sauce";
    }

    @Override
    public void cut() {
        System.out.println("Cutting " + name + " into square slices");
    }
}
```

//Step 3: Define the PizzaStore abstract class

```
public abstract class PizzaStore {
    public Pizza orderPizza(String type) {
        Pizza pizza = createPizza(type);

        if (pizza != null) {
            pizza.prepare();
            pizza.bake();
            pizza.cut();
            pizza.box();
        }
        return pizza;
    }
    protected abstract Pizza createPizza(String type);
}
```

//Step 4: Implement concrete pizza store classes

//NYPizzaStore

```
public class NYPizzaStore extends PizzaStore {
    @Override
    protected Pizza createPizza(String type) {
        if (type.equalsIgnoreCase("cheese")) {
            return new NYStyleCheesePizza();
        }
        return null; // Add more types as needed
    }
}
```

//ChicagoPizzaStore

```
public class ChicagoPizzaStore extends PizzaStore {
    @Override
    protected Pizza createPizza(String type) {
        if (type.equalsIgnoreCase("cheese")) {
            return new ChicagoStyleCheesePizza();
        }
        return null; // Add more types as needed
    }
}
```

//Step 5: Create the Main class to test the implementation

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        PizzaStore nyStore = new NYPizzaStore();
        PizzaStore chicagoStore = new ChicagoPizzaStore();

        System.out.println("Ordering a Cheese Pizza from NY Store:");
        nyStore.orderPizza("cheese");

        System.out.println("\nOrdering a Cheese Pizza from Chicago Store:");
        chicagoStore.orderPizza("cheese");
    }
}
```

Slip 20: Java Program to implement I/O Decorator for converting uppercase letters to lower case letters.

```
import java.io.*;

class LowerCaseInputStream extends FilterInputStream {
    public LowerCaseInputStream(InputStream in) {
        super(in);
    }

    public int read() throws IOException {
        int c = super.read();
        return (c == -1 ? c : Character.toLowerCase((char)c));
    }

    public int read(byte[] b, int offset, int len) throws IOException {
        int result = super.read(b, offset, len);
        for (int i = offset; i < offset + result; i++) {
            b[i] = (byte)Character.toLowerCase((char)b[i]);
        }
        return result;
    }
}

public class IOExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        InputStream in = null;
        try {
            in = new LowerCaseInputStream(new BufferedInputStream(new
        FileInputStream("test.txt")));
            int c;
            while((c = in.read()) >= 0) {
                System.out.print((char)c);
            }
        } finally {
            if (in != null) in.close();
        }
    }
}
```