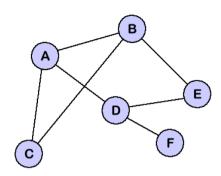
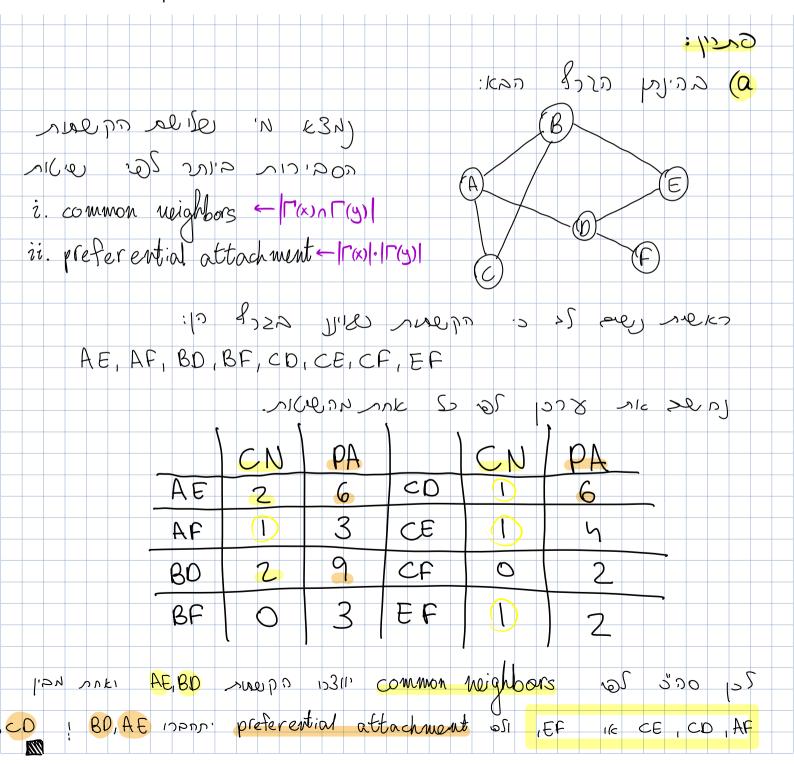
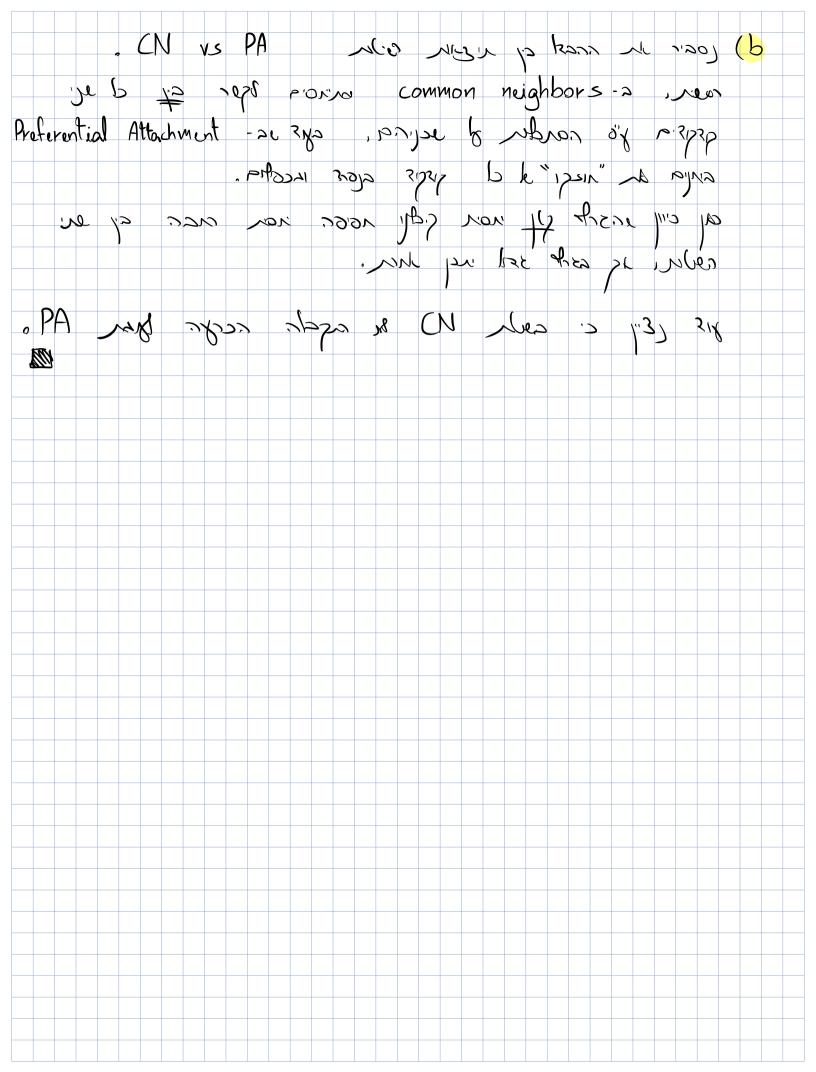
## **Question #1:**

a. Given an undirected graph of 6 nodes. Using the Link Prediction algorithm with Common Neighbors and Preferential Attachment heuristics, find the (non-existing) top-3 edges that have the highest chance to be created in this network.



b. Explain the difference in the result.

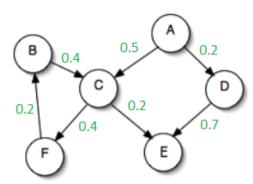


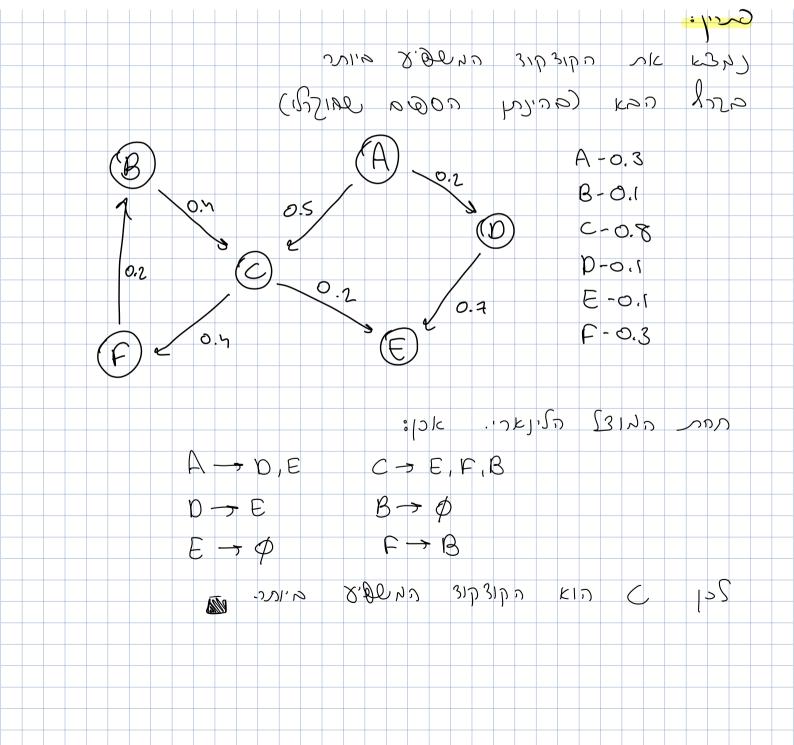


### **Question #2:**

a. Given the following graph, including edge weights, assume we have randomly generated the following thresholds:

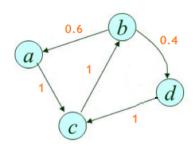
A - 0.3; B - 0.1; C - 0.8; D - 0.1; E - 0.1; F - 0.3; Find the most influential node using the Linear Threshold model.



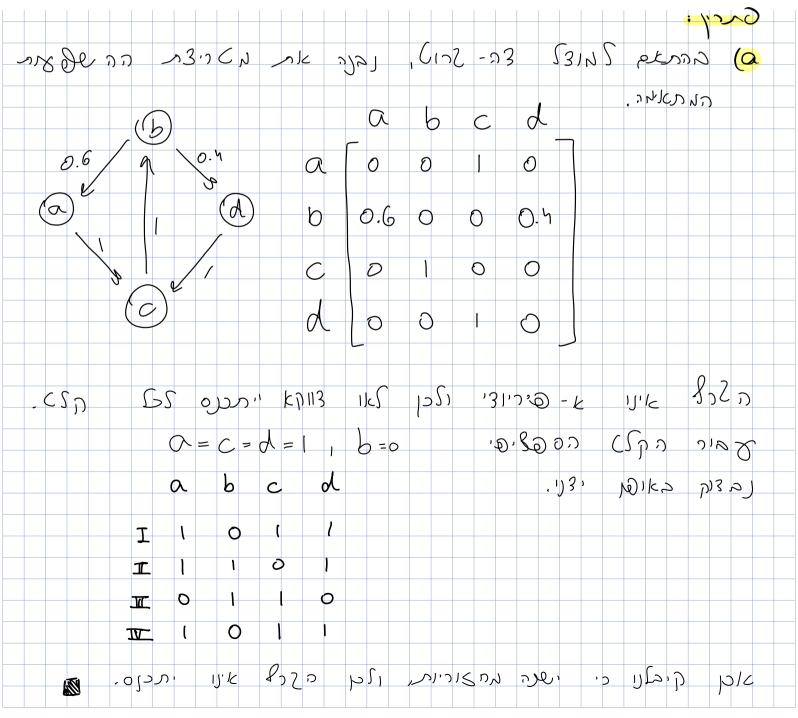


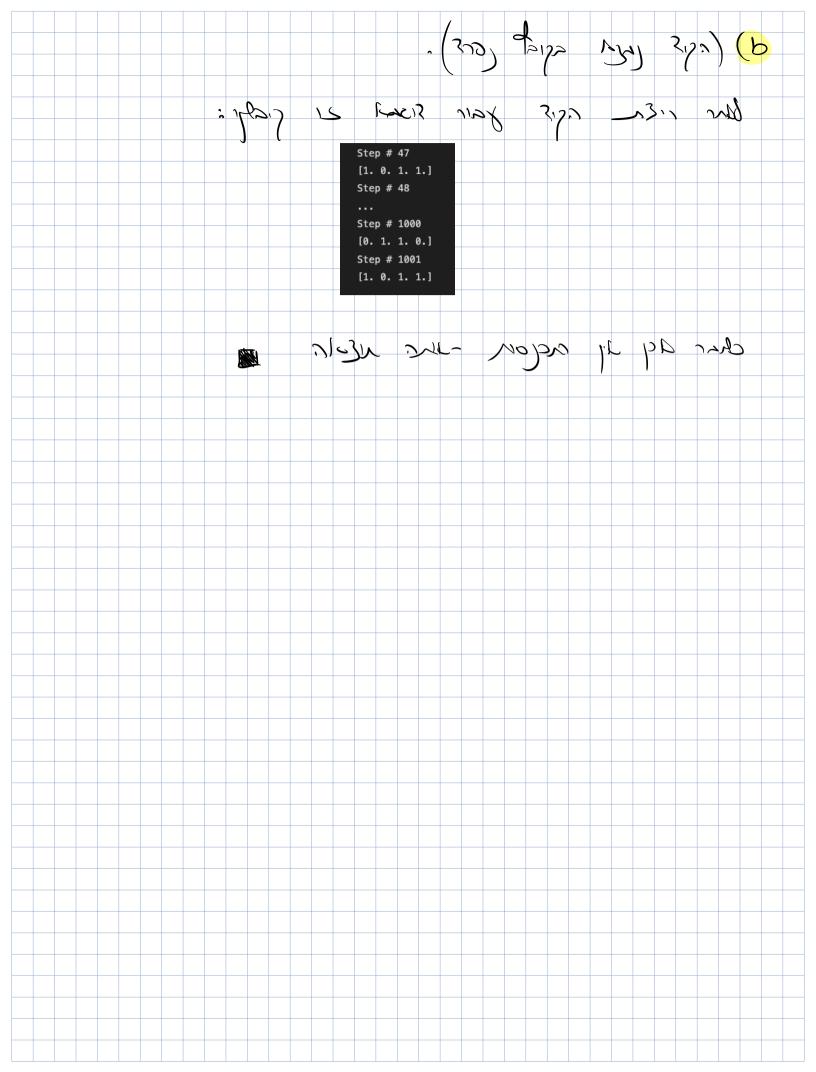
#### Question #3:

a. 4 friends want to decide if they should go to Eilat. Following graph depicts the influence of friends on each other. Assuming that (a), (c) and (d) want to go to Eilat (opinion = 1) and (b) does not (opinion = 0). Compute, using the DeGroot model, if they are going to agree on a consensus. If they agree, what is the severity of going to Eilat?



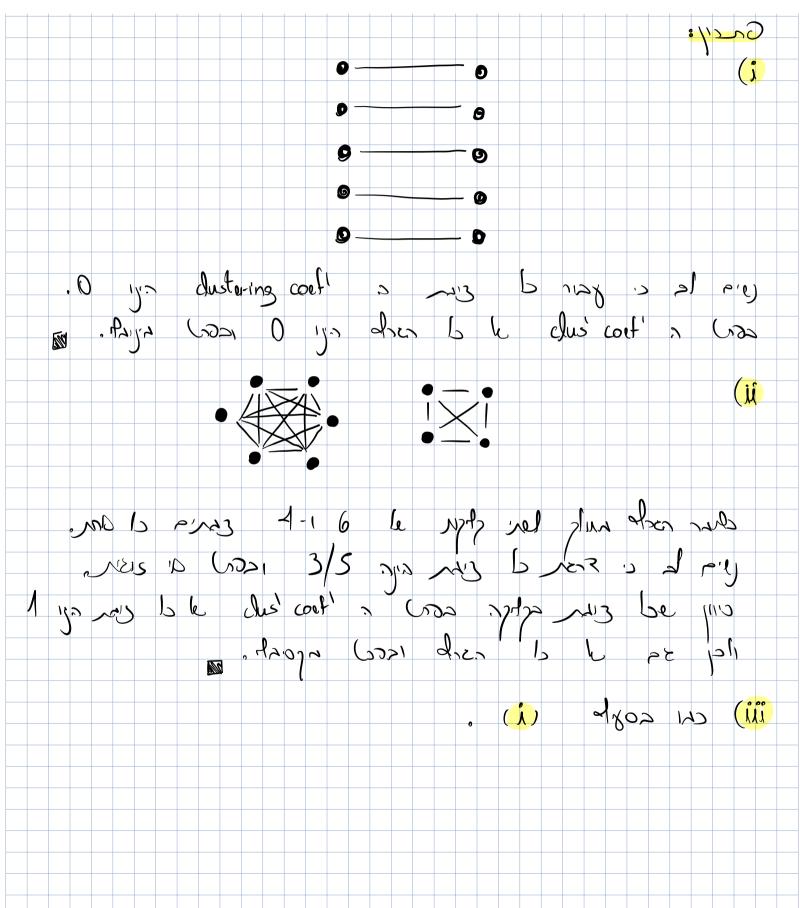
b. Using the code shown in class - construct this example and check if you got same result





# **Question #4:**

- a. Given a requirement for a graph with 10 nodes with all node degrees which are odd (1, 3, ...). Show example that has:
  - i. Minimum possible clustering coefficient
  - ii. Maximum possible clustering coefficient
  - iii. No cycles



#### Question #5:

- a. Given a network of 9 nodes. Each node's degree is at least 4. Prove that the graph is connected.
- b. Given a network of n nodes. Each node's degree is at least round\_up((n-1)/2). Prove that the graph is connected.

