



# UITS

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University of Information Technology & Sciences

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## Assignment

**Course Title:** Digital Logic Design

**Course Code:** CSE0611216

**Assignment Name:** 7 Segment Display

### Submitted To:

**Ratri Datta**

Lecturer

University of Information  
Technology and Sciences

### Submitted by:

**Name:** Saha Pradyumna Prasad

**ID:** 0432410005101159

**Batch:** 55th

**Semester:** Spring-2025

**Assignment:** Design a 7 Segment display .

**Objective:**

A 7-segment display is an electronic display device used to represent decimal numbers and some letters. In Tinkercad, you can create circuits that utilize 7-segment displays, allowing for visual representation of data through simple coding and circuit design.

**Equipment:**

- 1.Bread Board
- 2.7 segment display(Cathode)
- 3.Switch(2x)
- 4.Power Supply Board

**Steps:**

**Set Up the Breadboard:**

Place the breadboard on a flat surface. Ensure you have enough space for the 7-segment display and other components.

**Insert the 7-Segment Display:**

Insert the 7-segment display into the breadboard. Make sure the pins are aligned with the breadboard's rows.

**Identify the Pins:**

Identify the pins of the 7-segment display. Typically, there are 10 pins: 7 for the segments (labeled a to g), 1 for the common anode or cathode, and 2 for the common connection.

### **Connect the Power Supply:**

Connect the positive terminal of the power supply to the common pin of the 7-segment display (if it's a common anode display) or to the ground (if it's a common cathode display).

### **Connect the Resistors:**

Connect a resistor to each of the segment pins (a to g) of the 7-segment display. The other end of each resistor should be connected to the corresponding digital pins on the Arduino or directly to the power supply if not using an Arduino.

### **Connect the Switch:**

Insert the switch into the breadboard. Connect one terminal of the switch to the power supply (positive terminal) and the other terminal to the common pin of the 7-segment display.

This will allow you to control the power to the display.

### **Wiring Connections:**

If using an Arduino, connect the segment pins (a to g) of the 7-segment display to the digital pins on the Arduino (e.g., pins 2 to 8).

Ensure that the ground of the Arduino is connected to the ground of the power supply.

### **Testing:**

Turn on the power supply using the switch. The 7-segment display should light up according to the programmed instructions or the connections made.

## Adjustments:

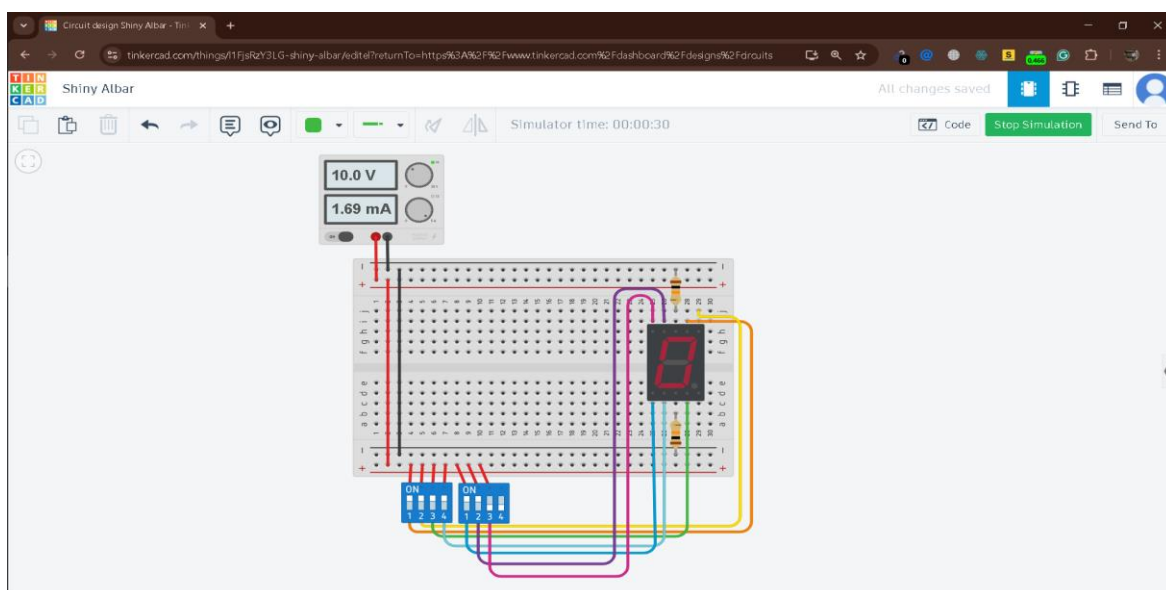
If the display does not work as expected, check all connections, ensure the power supply is functioning.

## Truth table:

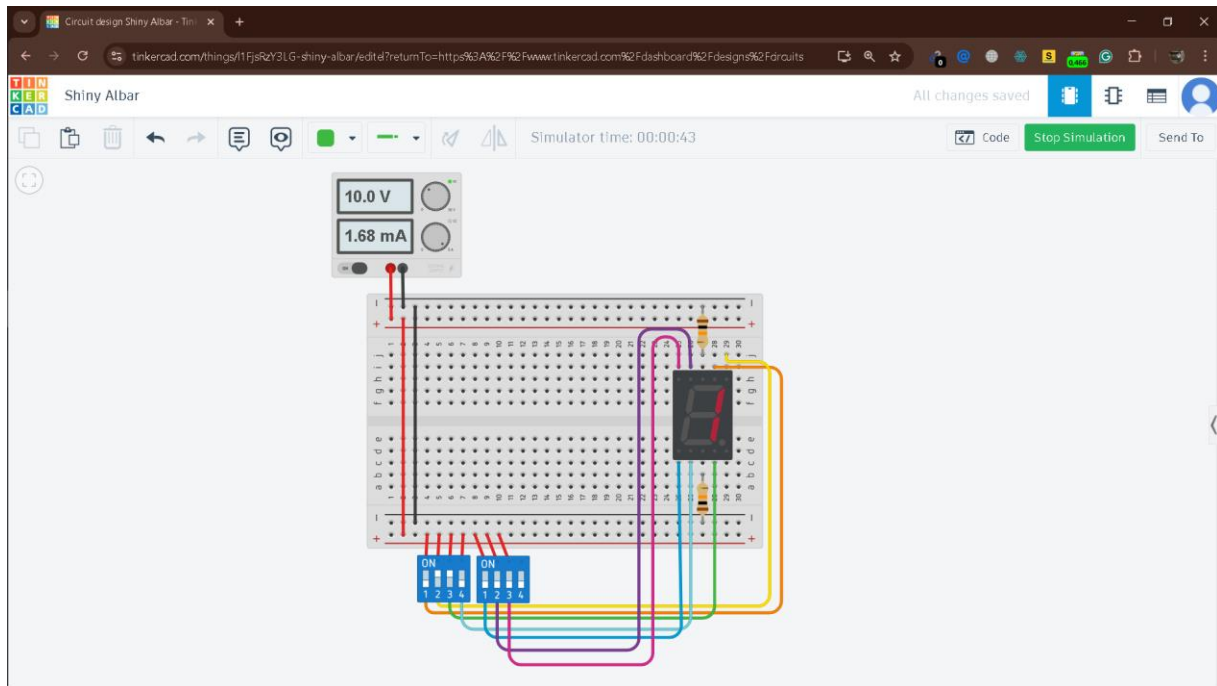
A	B	C	D	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1

## Tinkercad Result:

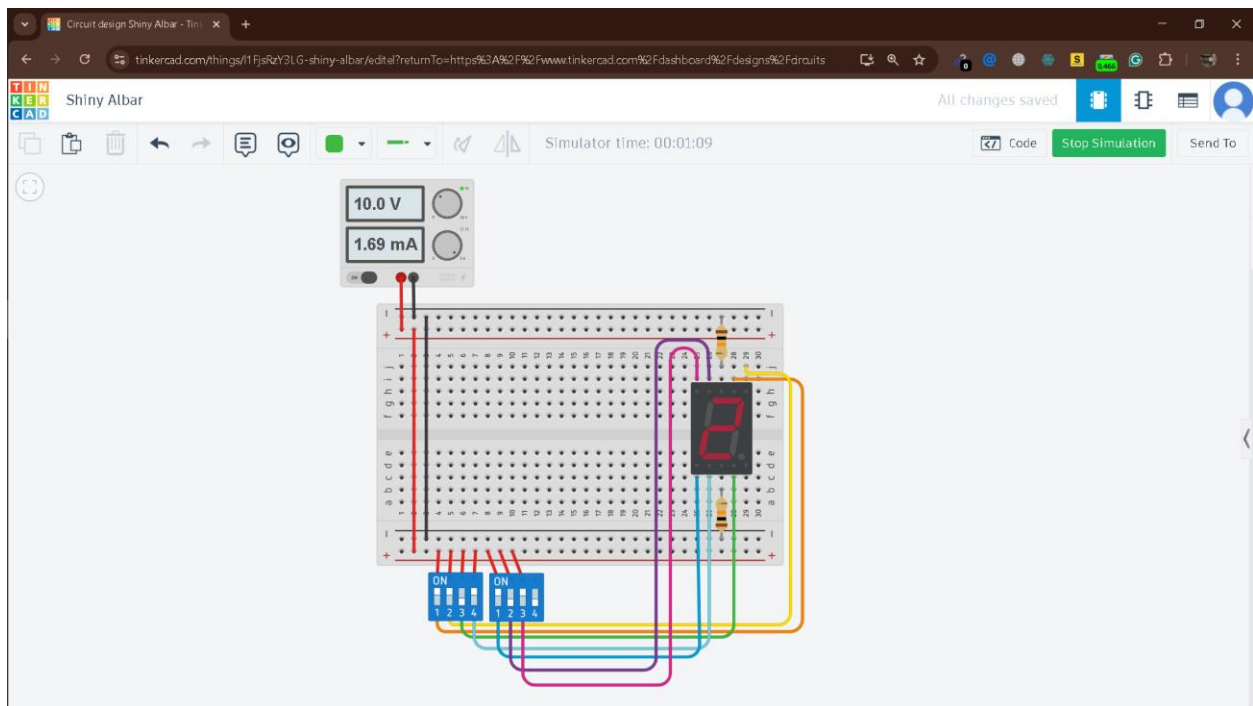
(1) For 0 ; A=1,B=1,C=1,D=1,E=1,F=1,G=0



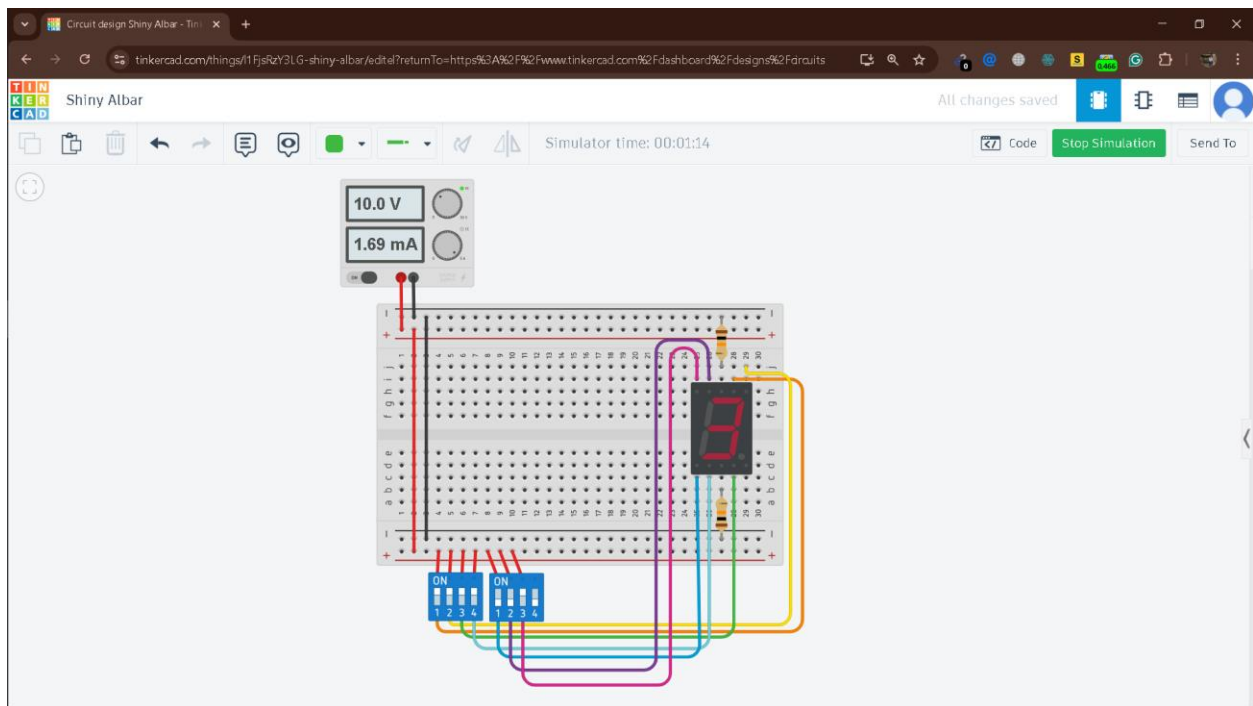
(2) For 1 ;  $A=0, B=1, C=1, D=0, E=0, F=0, G=0$



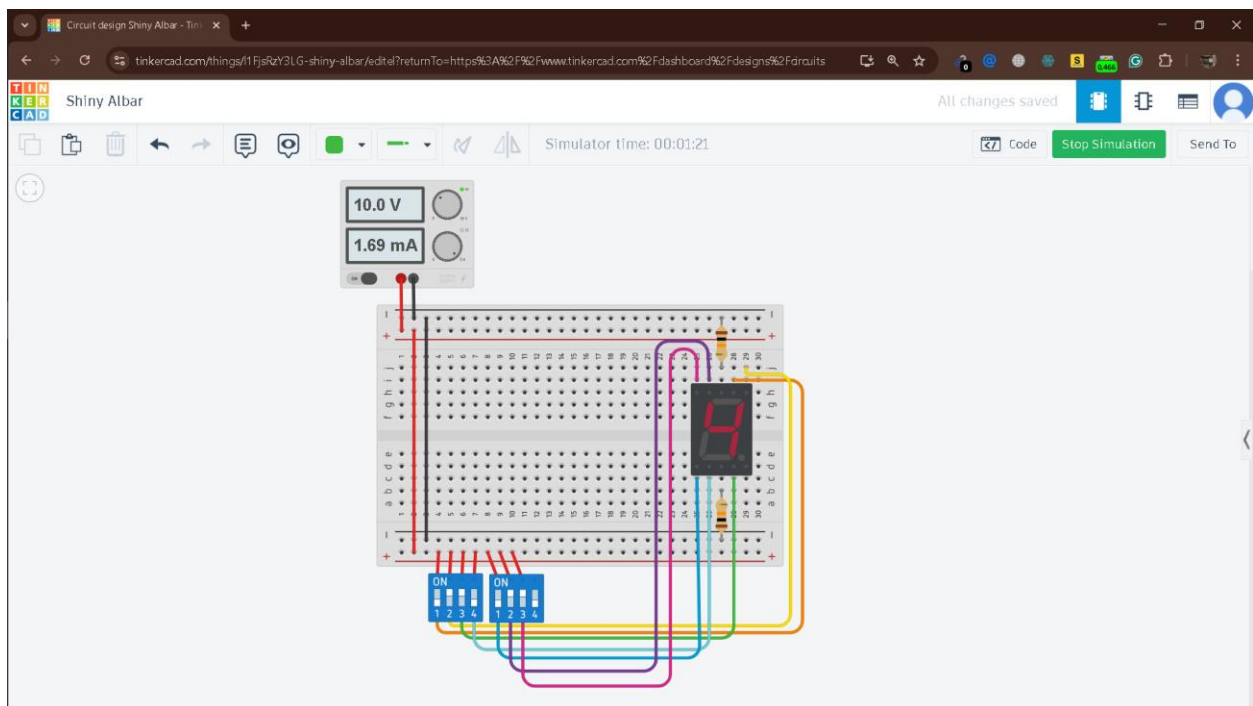
(3) For 2 ;  $A=1, B=1, C=0, D=1, E=1, F=0, G=1$



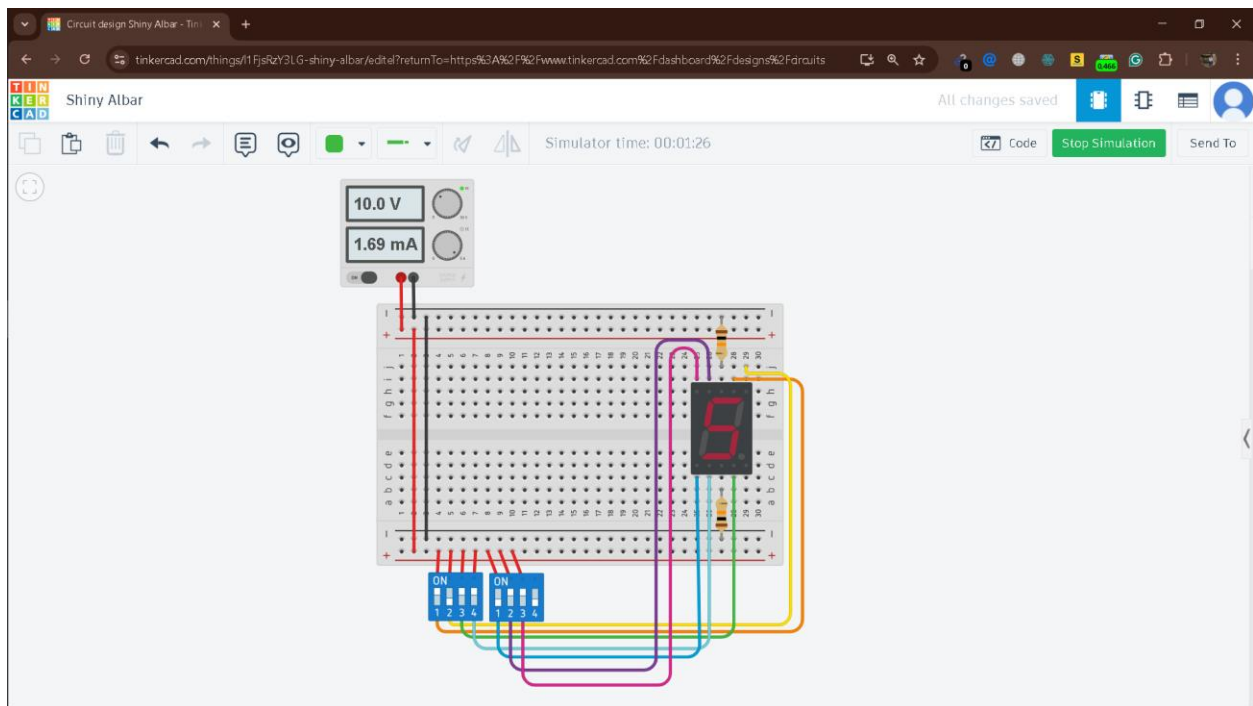
(4) For 3 ; A=1,B=1,C=1,D=1,E=0,F=0,G=1



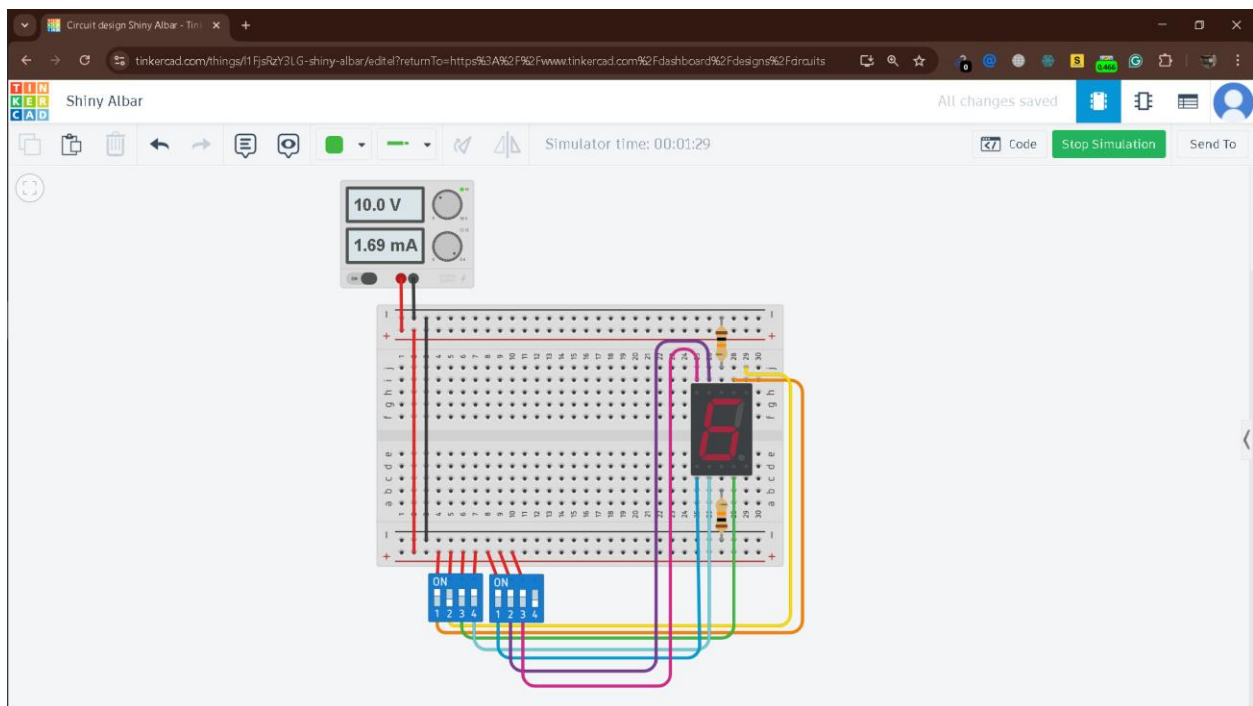
(5) For 4 ; A=0,B=1,C=1,D=0,E=0,F=1,G=1



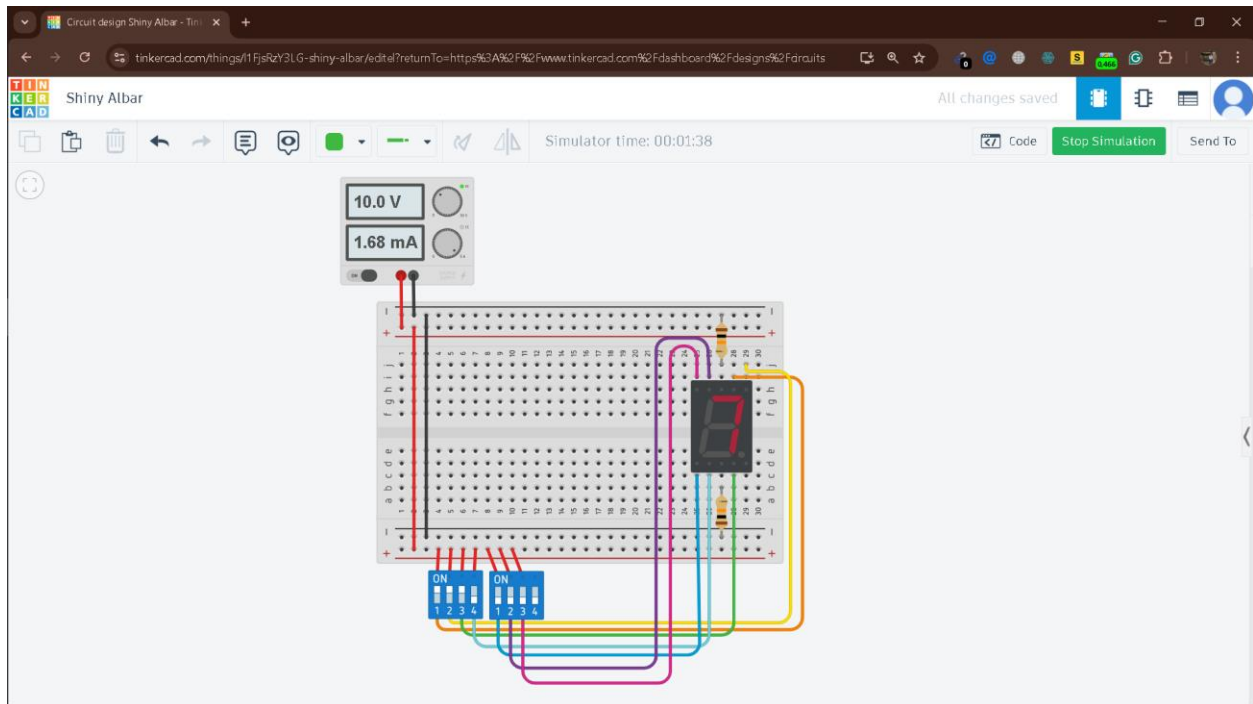
(6) For 5 ; A=1,B=0,C=1,D=1,E=0,F=1,G=1



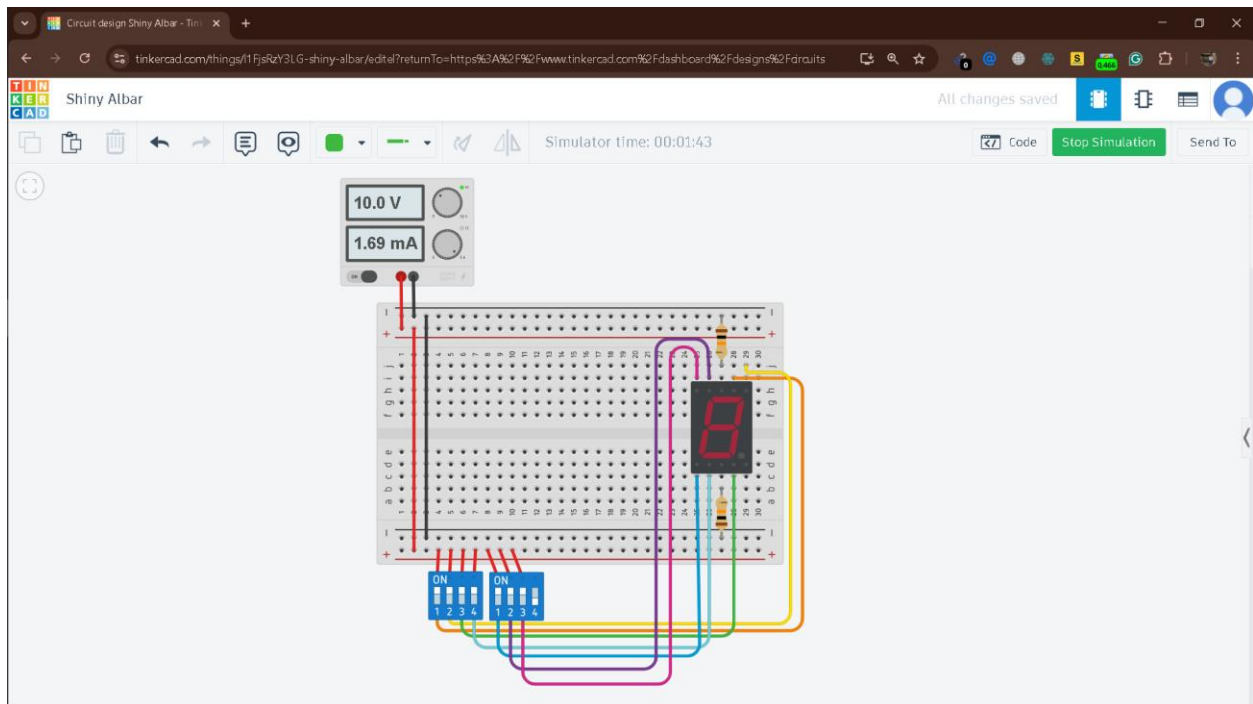
(7) For 6 ; A=1,B=0,C=1,D=1,E=1,F=1,G=1



(8) For 7 ; A=1,B=1,C=1,D=0,E=0,F=0,G=0

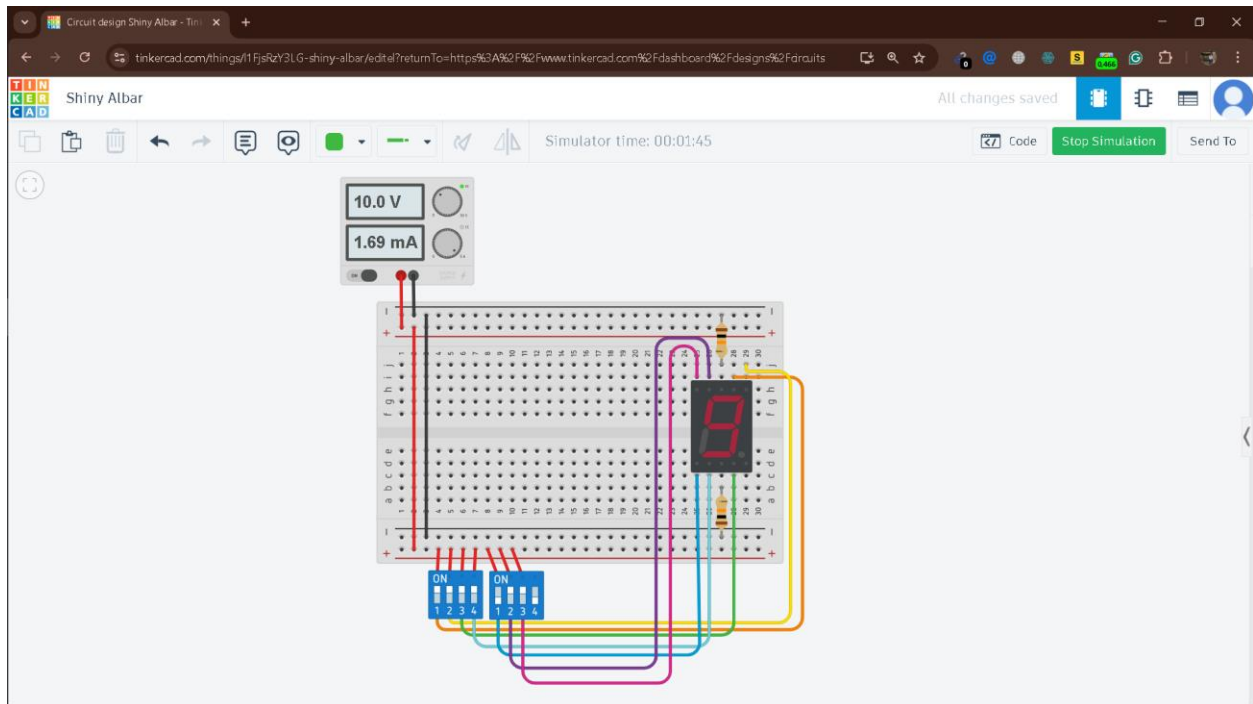


(9) For 8 ; A=1,B=1,C=1,D=1,E=1,F=1,G=1





(10) For 9 ; A=1,B=1,C=1,D=1,E=0,F=1,G=1



**Project link:** <https://www.tinkercad.com/things/11FjsRzY3LG-7-segment-display>

### **Conclusion:**

This setup is typical for projects where the display data on an 7 segment is successfully displayed .