# Package 'ROptimus'

January 7, 2023
Title A Parallel General-Purpose Adaptive Optimisation Engine
Version 3.0.0
Description A general-purpose optimisation engine that supports  i) Monte Carlo optimisation with Metropolis criterion [Metropolis et al. (1953) <doi:10.1063 1.1699114="">, Hastings (1970) <doi:10.1093 57.1.97="" biomet="">]  and Acceptance Ratio Simulated Annealing [Kirkpatrick et al. (1983) <doi:10.1126 science.220.4598.671="">, Černý (1985) <doi:10.1007 bf00940812="">]  on multiple cores, and ii) Acceptance Ratio Replica Exchange Monte  Carlo Optimisation. In each case, the system pseudo-temperature is dynamically adjusted such that the observed acceptance ratio is kept near to the desired (fixed or changing) acceptance ratio.</doi:10.1007></doi:10.1126></doi:10.1093></doi:10.1063>
License GPL (>= 3)
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ex.u.fun

ex.m.fun

Tutorial 5 m() function

## Description

The m() function supplied to Optimus() for reproducing Tutorial 5. This is for the small executable example.

## Usage

ex.m.fun

#### **Format**

Function

ex.r.fun

Tutorial 5 r() function

## Description

The r() function supplied to Optimus() for reproducing Tutorial 5. This is for the small executable example.

## Usage

ex.r.fun

#### **Format**

Function

ex.u.fun

Tutorial 5 u() function

## Description

The u() function supplied to Optimus() for reproducing Tutorial 5. This is for the small executable example.

#### Usage

ex.u.fun

## **Format**

Function

IJ\_ORIG 3

IJ\_ORIG

Tutorial 5 Genomic Contact Data

### **Description**

A dataset containing 734 genomic contact pairs for reproducing Tutorial 5. Here, we take a set of 734 pairs of i and j 40-kilobase DNA regions that are known to be in contact inside a cell. Binning the DNA (e.g., a single chromosome) into 40-kb regions, each region is represented as a single integer that is equal to its end position divided by the length of the region, which is 40 kb. For instance, the 1st region, with start and end positions at the 1st and 40000th nucleotides, respectively, is denoted as 1 (40000th base / 40000 bases = 1). This simplifies the notation for a contact between two regions to a pair of positive integers as in used in this dataset.

#### Usage

IJ\_ORIG

#### **Format**

A data frame with 734 rows and 2 variables:

- i Integer representing 40-kb contact region partner of j
- j Integer representing 40-kb contact region partner of i

Optimus

Acceptance Ratio Simulated Annealing and Acceptance Ratio Replica Exchange Monte Carlo Optimisation Engine

#### **Description**

Acceptance Ratio Simulated Annealing and Acceptance Ratio Replica Exchange Monte Carlo Optimisation Engine

## Usage

```
Optimus(
   NUMITER = 1e+06,
   STATWINDOW = 70,
   T.INI = 1e-05,
   T.ADJSTEP = 5e-09,
   TSCLnum = 2,
   T.SCALING = 3,
   T.MIN = 5e-09,
   T.DELTA = 2,
   DUMP.FREQ = 10000,
   LIVEPLOT = TRUE,
   LIVEPLOT.FREQ = 1e+05,
   PDFheight = 29,
   PDFwidth = 20,
```

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```
NCPU = 4,
 LONG = TRUE.
 SEED = 840,
 OPTNAME = ""
 DATA = NULL,
 K.INITIAL = 0,
 rDEF,
 mDEF,
 uDEF,
 EXCHANGE.FREQ = 1000,
 ACCRATIO = c(90, 50, 5, 1),
 CYCLES = 10,
 ACCRATIO.IN = 90,
 ACCRATIO.FIN = 0.5,
 OPT.TYPE = "SA",
 DIR,
  starcore = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

NUMITER	Number of mode	l optimisation steps.
HOLITICIN	Tulliout of mouc	i opumination steps.

STATWINDOW Number of last ongoing iterations to calculate acceptance ratio for temperature

auto-adjustment.

T. INI Initial temperature (K) for Metropolis criterion.

T.ADJSTEP Temperature change step-size for temperature auto-adjustment based on the ac-

tual acceptance ratio.

TSCLnum Cutoff for one of the NumofAccRatSMIdeal and NumofAccRatGRIdeal num-

bers after which the adjustment step is multiplied by T.SCALING.

T. SCALING See above.

T.MIN Value to which the pseudo-temperature is set when the

T.DELTA Minimum value by which acceptance ratio in a STATWINDOW must differ

from the ideal acceptance ratio for the temperature control unit to make a tem-

perature adjustment.

DUMP.FREQ The frequency (in steps) of writing the found ongoing best model.

LIVEPLOT Plotting the optimisation process in a pdf file.

LIVEPLOT.FREQ Frequency (in steps) of plotting the results.

PDFheight Plot height in inches.
PDFwidth Plot width in inches.

NCPU Number of CPU cores to use, by running more replicas of the optimisation.

The usage of more than 1 cores will attempt to load the foreach and doParallel

libraries in the case of SA Optimus

LONG If TRUE, it means that a long simulation is expected to be done, hence the

memory-friendly mode will be activated.

SEED Setting the seed for the random number generator.

OPTNAME The name of the optimisation process.

DATA A list that holds any supplementary data that functions mDEF or uDEF need to

access.

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K.INITIAL	The initial parameter configuration from which the optimisation process will begin.
rDEF	Function that defines a rule by which the parameters(K) are randomly altered.
mDEF	Model function that operates on the parameters to be optimized (K) and returns an observable object O.
uDEF	Function that evaluates the performance of a given set of parameters K.
EXCHANGE.FREQ	Frequency of exchanges (NUMITER should be divisible by this number, for RE Optimus).
ACCRATIO	Vector of Acceptance Ratios for each replica (length of ACCRATIO must be equal to NCPU, for RE Optimus).
CYCLES	Number of annealing cycles (NUMITER should be divisible by this number, for SA Optimus).
ACCRATIO.IN	Initial acceptance ratio $(\%)$ at the beginning of each constituent annealing cycles (for SA Optimus).
ACCRATIO.FIN	Final acceptance ratio (%) at the end of each constituent annealing cycles (for SA Optimus).
OPT.TYPE	String specifying which optimisation protocol to use. Enter "SA" for Simulated Annealing or "RE" for Replica Exchange (default value is "SA")
DIR	String specifying which optimisation protocol to use.
starcore	Experimental variable of type list, holding some parameters for in-lab starcore use only.

#### Value

A probabilistic optimal parameter configuration K.

## **Examples**

OptimusExamples

Generate script for reproducing a tutorial

## Description

Generate script for reproducing a tutorial

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#### Usage

```
OptimusExamples(
   dir,
   example = 1,
   method = "SA",
   file_name = "example.R",
   mopac = NULL,
   vignette = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

dir String specifying directory where to save the script and vignette.

example Integer specifying tutorial or example number based on manual (default value is

1).

method String specifying which optimisation protocol to use. Enter "SA" for Simulated

Annealing or "RE" for Replica Exchange (default value is "SA").

file\_name String specifying file name of script (default value is example.R).

mopac String specifying the path of the MOPAC (Molecular Orbital PACkage) exe-

cutable for tutorial 3 (Geometry Optimisation of Vitamin C Molecule) (default

value is NULL).

vignette If TRUE, add tutorial vignette to directory (default value is TRUE).

#### Value

A script (and optionally a vignette) for reproducing a tutorial.

## **Examples**

```
out.dir <- tempdir()
OptimusExamples(dir=out.dir, example=1)</pre>
```

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