# Stock Analyzer

Using Technical, Fundamental, and Sentimental Analysis

# Objective

Determine whether a stock is worth Buying or Shorting

Using Machine Learning Classification, Time Series, and NLP Sentiment Analysis

# The Data Sources

### **Data Sources**

- Stockpup.com
  - Contains Quarterly Reports for 765 stocks dating back to 1990.
- Yahoo Finance
  - CSV files for the Historical Daily Closing Prices.
- Twitter
  - Tweets concerning selected stock.







### **Data Engineering**

- Quarterly Reports:
  - Percent Changes between each report replaced previously listed values.
  - Engineered interaction terms and utilized PCA.
  - Determined most important features
  - Created class labels: Buy, Sell, Hold

# Stock Analysis

## How to Analyze a Stock

#### **Fundamentals:**

- Observe Financial statements such as Balance Sheets, Income statements, and Cash Flow.
- Basically studying the overall financial health of the company.

#### Technicals:

- Observe price movements and patterns from the past to determine the future price.
- Utilizing technical indicators such as Moving Averages and MACD.

#### Sentimental:

- General opinion on stock movements
- People's feeling towards a specific stock.

## **Applying Machine Learning Models**

### **Fundamentals:**

### Implemented Classification Models

- Buy
- Hold
- Sell



#### Technical:

# Implemented Time Series Models

Used Daily Historical
 Prices to forecast the next
 n days.

### Sentimental:

## Implemented NLP Sentimental Analysis:

 Used Tweets to gauge general opinion

# Classification

### Classification for Fundamentals

What determines a Buy, Hold, or Sell?

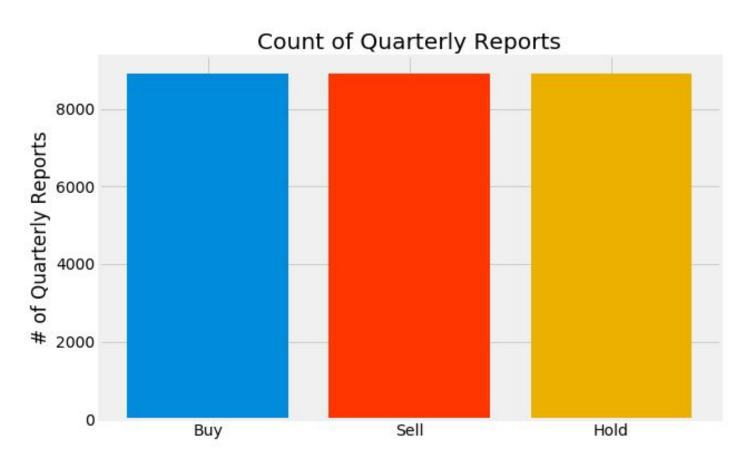
Buys - if next quarter's highest high and lowest low both increase by 5% or more.

**Sells** - if next quarter's lowest low and highest high both *decrease* by 5% or more.

**Holds** - if neither happens.



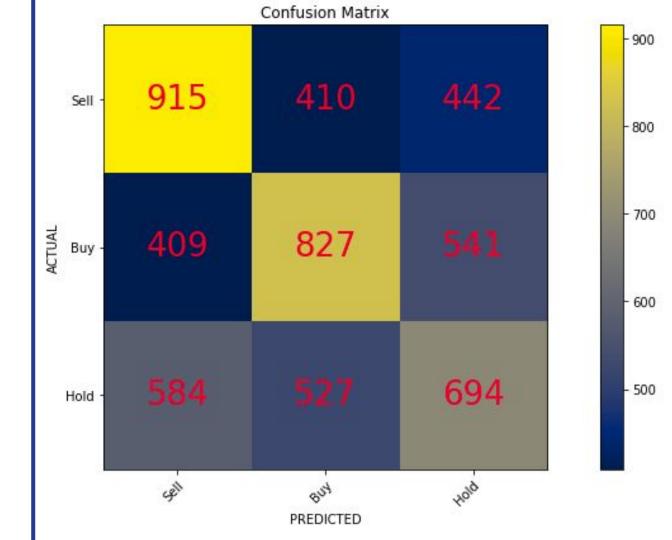
### Class Balance



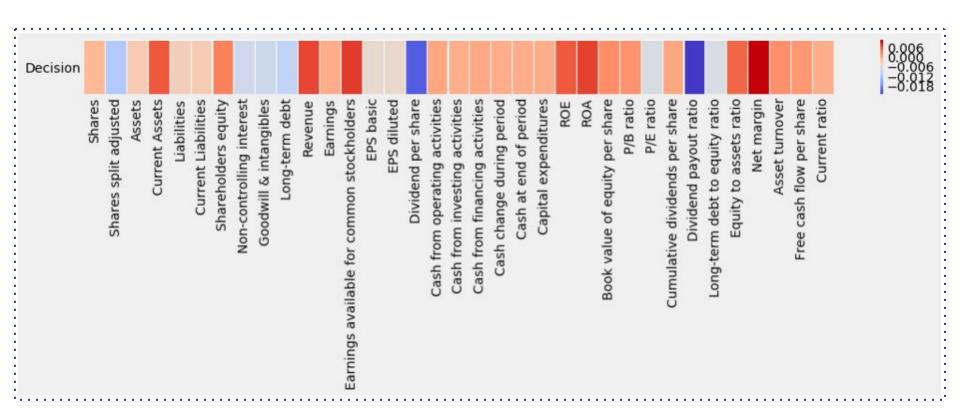


# Accuracy Scores:

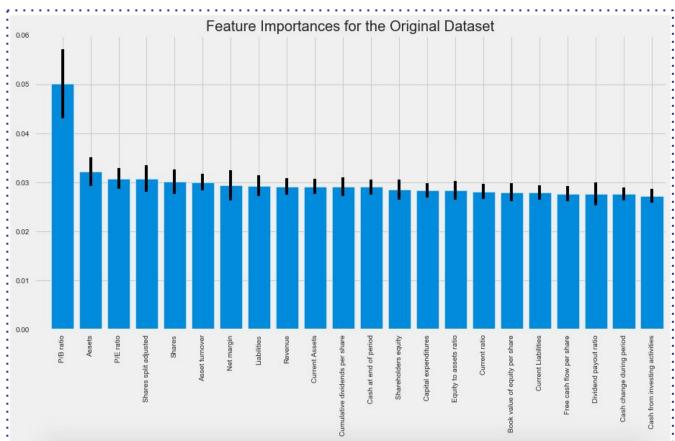
- Testing: 45%
- Training: 47%



# Feature Importance - Heatmap



## Feature Importance



# Top 10

**Most Important Features** 

- 1. P/B Ratio
- 2. Assets
- 3. P/E Ratio
- 4. Shares split adjusted
- 5. Shares
- 6. Asset Turnover
- 7. Net Margin
- 8. Liabilities
- 9. Revenue
- 10. Current Assets

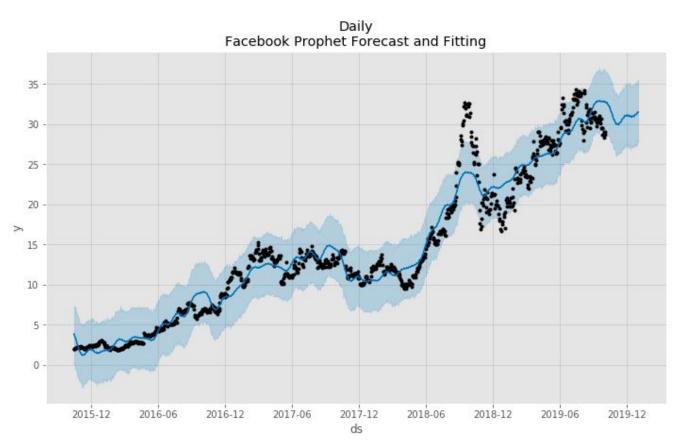
# Time Series

### Time Series for Technicals

- Observing only the Historical Daily Closing prices of a selected stock.
- Modeling will fit and train to that specific stock and forecast the next desired periods.



# Time Series Modeling - Facebook Prophet



## Facebook Prophet

- At the core of FBProphet is an additive regression model.
- Able to produce quality forecasts with much less effort.
- Quick and efficient compared to other time series models such as SARIMAX.



# **Deep Learning**

**Neural Networks** 

With Time Series Data

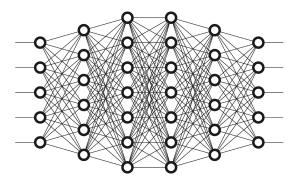
### Recurrent Neural Network

- Used a Long Short Term Memory (LSTM) network.
- Trained on historical daily closing prices.
- Only one stock was learned (AMD)



## Issues with Deep Learning

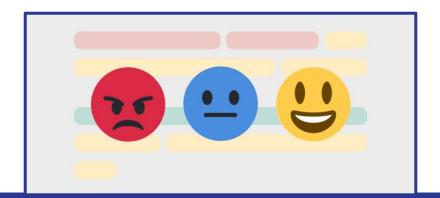
- CPU consumption
- Time to train
  - Much longer than any regular time series model.
- Requires more tuning and experimentation
- Not possible to run a NN on every stock; must be dedicated to only one stock at a time.

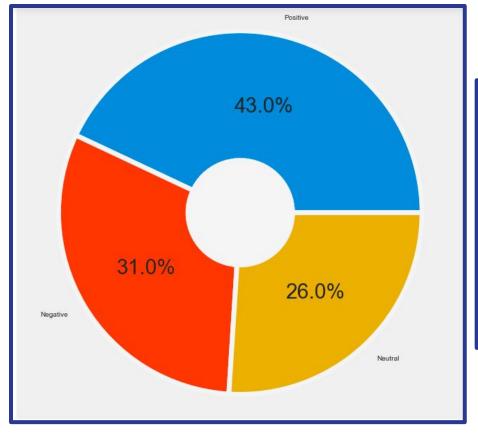


# Sentiment Analysis

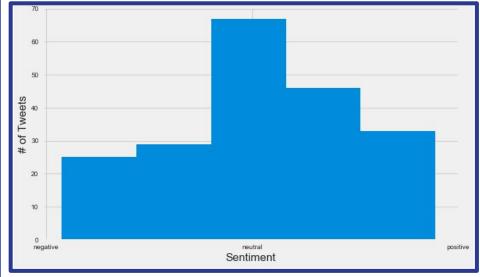
### Sentiment Analysis

- Used NLTK and VADER's SentimentIntensityAnalyzer for the compound scores.
- Created simple class labels for Negative, Neutral, and Positive based on the scores.





Percentage of Tweets that leaned towards a specific sentiment





Distribution of Sentiment Scores

Examples of the Sentiment Analysis EDA

# Potential Improvements

- Up to date quarterly reports by scraping other sites.
- Add other technical indicators (SMA, MACD, etc.) as exogenous variables.
- More time for neural network training.

## Closing

- Stocks can be analyzed in various different ways.
- Use machine learning/deep learning to assist in those way.
- Able to choose stocks without the harm of emotional trading.