```
import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import sqlite3
        import datetime
        import sys
        import plotly.express as px
        import plotly.graph_objects as px_o
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        %matplotlib inline
        plt.style.use('seaborn')
        import seaborn as sns
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
        from sklearn import preprocessing
        from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
        from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
        from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score
In [2]: # Load the datasets
        df_orders = pd.read_csv('orders.csv')
        df customers = pd.read csv('customers.csv')
        df_line_items = pd.read_csv('line_items.csv')
        Missing values
In [3]: # Check to see is I have missing values
        df_customers.isnull().sum()
Out[3]: customer_uid
                                0
        is_business
        has account
                                0
        bill_state
                                6
        acquisition_channel
        dtype: int64
        I thought I would be able to use ship_state (column in orders table) for missing bill_states but they are 100s of cases that these two variables are different. So, I decided to categorize the missing bill_states as "unknown".
In [4]: df_customers['bill_state'].unique()
Out[4]: array(['OK', 'CA', 'WA', 'TX', 'IL', 'NY', 'NC', 'VA', 'FL', 'SC', 'OH',
                'MD', 'PA', 'IN', 'NJ', 'TN', 'MO', 'VT', 'IA', 'MI', 'GA', 'MS',
                'MA', 'CT', 'KY', 'WI', 'SD', 'AR', 'MN', 'LA', 'NH', 'NE', 'AL',
```

Feature engineering

dtype=object)

In [1]: # Import libraries

There is a lot of information that could be gained from line_items and orders tables about shopping attitude of the customers. I added three features using line_items and orders to the customers table, but one could build more features if there were more time.

Adding quantity feature

This feature is supposed to say what is the total quantity of items purchased by each customer.

'ND', 'RI', 'KS', 'AZ', 'OR', 'CO', 'UT', 'NM', 'WY', 'MT', 'NV', 'WV', 'AK', 'ME', 'ID', 'ON', 'DE', nan, 'DC', 'HI', 'BC', 'AE'],

In [5]: df customers['bill state'] = df customers['bill state'].fillna('Unknown')

```
In [6]: df_customers.shape
 Out[6]: (10000, 5)
 In [7]: len(df_orders.customer_uid.unique())
 Out[7]: 8457
         The number of customers are larger in customers table. This means that some customers have never purchased anything. I will take care of these cases later in the analysis.
 In [8]: # adding quantity feature for each order to orders table
          df_quantities = df_line_items.groupby('order_id').agg({'quantity': np.sum}).reset_index()
         df_temp = pd.merge(df_orders, df_quantities, on='order_id', how='left').reset_index()
         print('Do I have a row that there is an order but the quantity is NULL?')
         df_temp[df_temp['quantity'].isnull()]
        Do I have a row that there is an order but the quantity is NULL?
 Out[8]:
                 index order id
                                                                        order_timestamp discount ship_state shipping_revenue shipping_cost returned quantity
                                                      customer_uid
          18474 18474 23676037 eae8a7565d0198b84f2277378407cb6f 2019-10-12 22:04:47.786
                                                                                                          FL
                                                                                                                          0.0
                                                                                                                                       8.54
                                                                                                                                                False
                                                                                                                                                          NaN
         I will remove this order because when there's no quantity, there is not enough information about this order.
         df_temp = df_temp.drop(df_temp.loc[~(df_temp['order_id'].isnull())
                  &(df_temp['quantity'].isnull())].index)
          Add the quantity to customers table:
In [10]: df_orders = df_temp
         df_temp = pd.merge(df_customers, df_orders, on='customer_uid', how='left')
          Cases that customers have never placed an order:
         df_temp.loc[(df_temp['order_id'].isnull())].head()
Out[11]:
                                  customer_uid is_business has_account bill_state acquisition_channel index order_id order_timestamp discount ship_state shipping_revenue shipping_cost returned quantity
              74ae1c5c093c9e6f3227eec1aff5378d
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                             GΑ
                                                                                      organic search
                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                  NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                            NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
          76 eb76b0298d57542bdfe2043835f32d3a
                                                                  False
                                                                                      organic search
                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                  NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                            NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
          78 f9c578d17da31a9b611193edaa00e6af
                                                     False
                                                                  True
                                                                             TX
                                                                                              direct
                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                  NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                            NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
               924a299002ae424ffdccfb943889f91c
                                                                  False
                                                                                       organic search
                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                  NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                            NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
              e052c9437e77aaf1725f8632e85b8c3e
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                             GΑ
                                                                                              direct
                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                               NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                  NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                            NaN
                                                                                                                                                                                                     NaN
In [12]: # the customers who never ordered the quantity for them is 0
         df_temp['quantity'] = df_temp['quantity'].fillna(0)
          # adding quantity column to customers table
         df_temp = df_temp.groupby('customer_uid').agg({'quantity': np.sum}).reset_index()
          df customers = pd.merge(df customers, df temp, on='customer uid', how='left')
In [13]: df_customers.head()
```

	customer_uid	is_business	has_account	bill_state	acquisition_channel	quantity
0	7d30104b82c22393003ac3c07b491c15	False	False	OK	coupon aggregator	15.0
1	77a48e4c4a69458d3421c54058350f93	False	False	CA	organic search	6.0
2	c9fe0dadc9e25ab478144bbd3a0ae750	False	False	WA	organic search	3.0
3	7a8bdb597d753c6c7430ea4e1d52fc48	False	False	TX	organic search	1.0
4	becb1413c375caba8707085efaac08e9	False	False	IL	organic search	7.0

Adding recent feature

Out[13]:

Out[14]:

This feature represents how recent customers have purchased their latest order.

```
In [14]: # convert order_timestamp to date
# add date column to customer table

df_orders['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df_orders['order_timestamp']).dt.date
# get the date of the last order for each customer

df_temp = df_orders.groupby('customer_uid').agg(('date': max}).reset_index()

df_temp = pd.merge(df_customers, df_temp, on='customer_uid', how='left')

# calculate recent variable that is (the max date in the dataset - the date of the last order of each customer)

max_date = max(df_temp['date'][-df_temp['date'].isnull()])

df_temp['recent'] = (max_date - df_temp['date']).dt.days

# I assign large number to recent variable for customers that have never placed an order

df_temp.loc[off_temp['date'].isnull(), 'recent'] = 10000

# drop the date column I made because I don't need it anymore

df_temp.drop('date', axis=1, inplace=True)

df_customers.head()
```

	customer_uid	is_business	has_account	bill_state	acquisition_channel	quantity	recent
0	7d30104b82c22393003ac3c07b491c15	False	False	OK	coupon aggregator	15.0	1822.0
1	77a48e4c4a69458d3421c54058350f93	False	False	CA	organic search	6.0	525.0
2	c9fe0dadc9e25ab478144bbd3a0ae750	False	False	WA	organic search	3.0	517.0
3	7a8bdb597d753c6c7430ea4e1d52fc48	False	False	TX	organic search	1.0	781.0
4	becb1413c375caba8707085efaac08e9	False	False	IL	organic search	7.0	1323.0

Adding frequency feature

This feature represents how many times customers have purchased.

```
In [15]: # make the frequency feature in orders table
df_temp = df_orders.groupby('customer_uid')['date'].size().reset_index()
df_temp.rename(columns={'date': 'frequency'}, inplace=True)

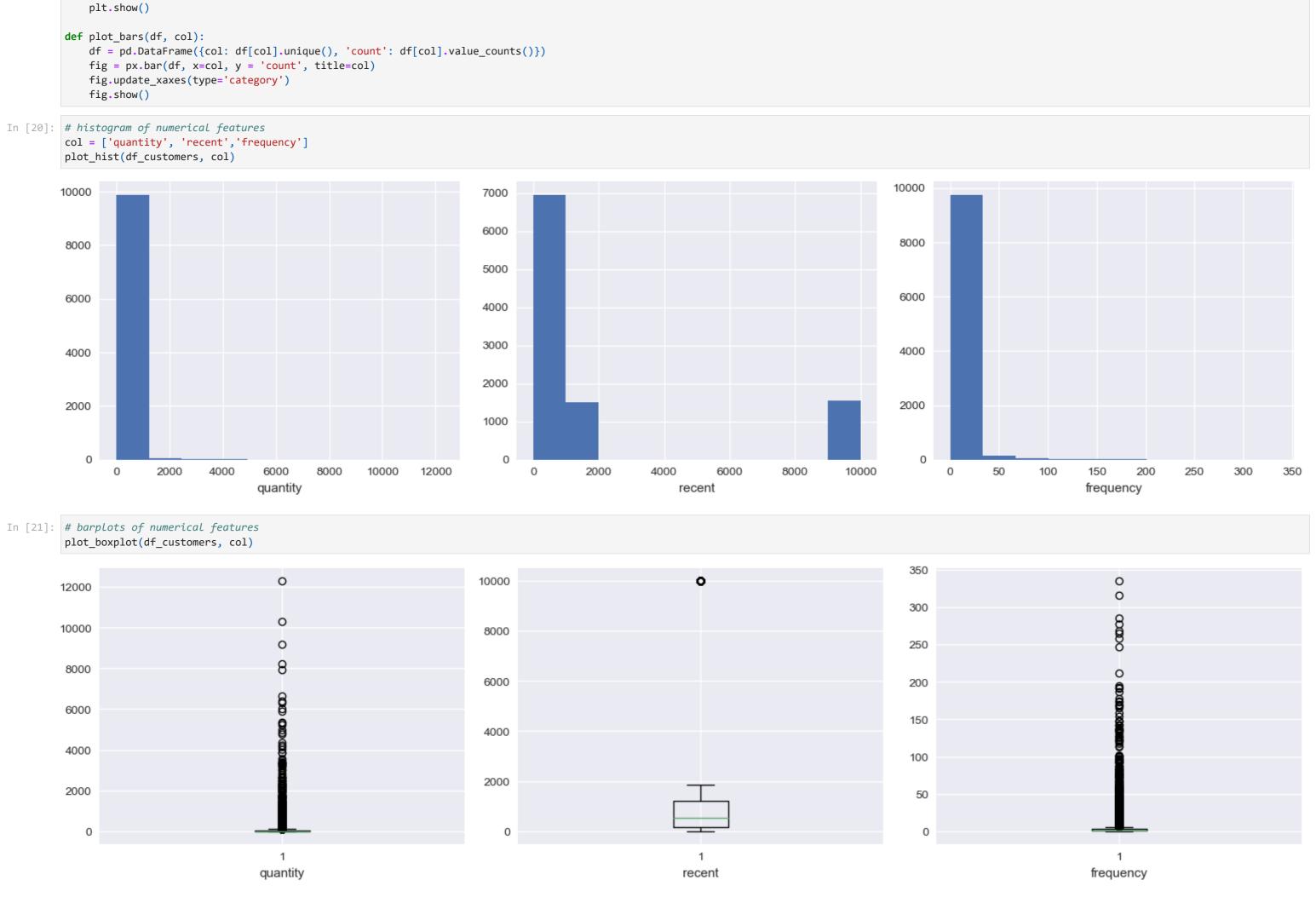
# add the frequency to customers table
df_temp = pd.merge(df_customers, df_temp, on='customer_uid', how='left')
# customers that have never ordered frequency should be 0
df_temp['frequency'].fillna(0, inplace=True)
df_customers = df_temp
df_customers.head()
```

```
Out[15]:
                                 customer_uid is_business has_account bill_state acquisition_channel quantity recent frequency
          0 7d30104b82c22393003ac3c07b491c15
                                                                                                         15.0 1822.0
                                                                                                                            1.0
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                                  coupon aggregator
                                                                                                          6.0 525.0
          1 77a48e4c4a69458d3421c54058350f93
                                                                  False
                                                                                                                            1.0
                                                     False
                                                                             CA
                                                                                       organic search
          2 c9fe0dadc9e25ab478144bbd3a0ae750
                                                                             WA
                                                                                                          3.0 517.0
                                                                                                                            1.0
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                                       organic search
          3 7a8bdb597d753c6c7430ea4e1d52fc48
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                             TX
                                                                                       organic search
                                                                                                          1.0 781.0
                                                                                                                            1.0
          4 becb1413c375caba8707085efaac08e9
                                                                              IL
                                                                                       organic search
                                                                                                          7.0 1323.0
                                                                                                                            1.0
                                                     False
                                                                  False
In [16]: # quantity, recent and frequency should be integer
          df_customers['quantity'] = df_customers['quantity'].apply(int)
          df_customers['recent'] = df_customers['recent'].apply(int)
          df_customers['frequency'] = df_customers['frequency'].apply(int)
In [17]: df_customers.head()
Out[17]:
                                 customer_uid is_business has_account bill_state acquisition_channel quantity recent frequency
          0 7d30104b82c22393003ac3c07b491c15
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                                  coupon aggregator
                                                                                                          15
                                                                                                               1822
                                                                                                                             1
          1 77a48e4c4a69458d3421c54058350f93
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                             CA
                                                                                       organic search
                                                                                                                525
                                                                                                                             1
                                                                                                           6
          2 c9fe0dadc9e25ab478144bbd3a0ae750
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                             WA
                                                                                       organic search
                                                                                                           3
                                                                                                                517
                                                                                                                             1
          3 7a8bdb597d753c6c7430ea4e1d52fc48
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                             TX
                                                                                       organic search
                                                                                                                781
                                                                                                                             1
          4 becb1413c375caba8707085efaac08e9
                                                     False
                                                                  False
                                                                              ΙL
                                                                                       organic search
                                                                                                              1323
                                                                                                                             1
In [18]: # keep the roginal table because I am going to do one scaling, normalization and hot encoding
          df_customers_original = df_customers.copy()
```

EDA

Plotting functions

```
In [19]: def plot_hist(df, col):
             fig, axes = plt.subplots(ncols=3, nrows=1, figsize=(15,4))
             col_count = 0
             for i in range(1):
                 for j in range(3):
                     axes[j].hist(df[col[col_count]])
                     axes[j].set_xlabel(col[col_count])
                     col_count += 1
             plt.tight_layout()
             plt.show()
         def plot_boxplot(df, col):
             fig, axes = plt.subplots(ncols=3, nrows=1, figsize=(15,4))
             col count = 0
             for i in range(1):
                 for j in range(3):
                     axes[j].boxplot(df[col[col_count]])
                     axes[j].set_xlabel(col[col_count])
                     col_count += 1
             plt.tight_layout()
```

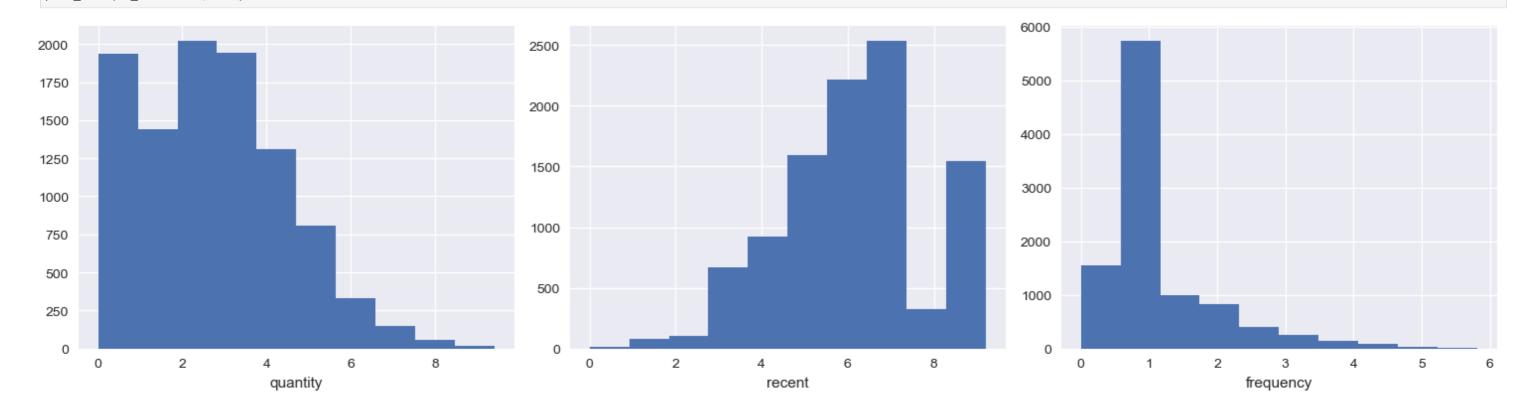


It shows how skewed my data is! For that I use log transformation to normalize my data.

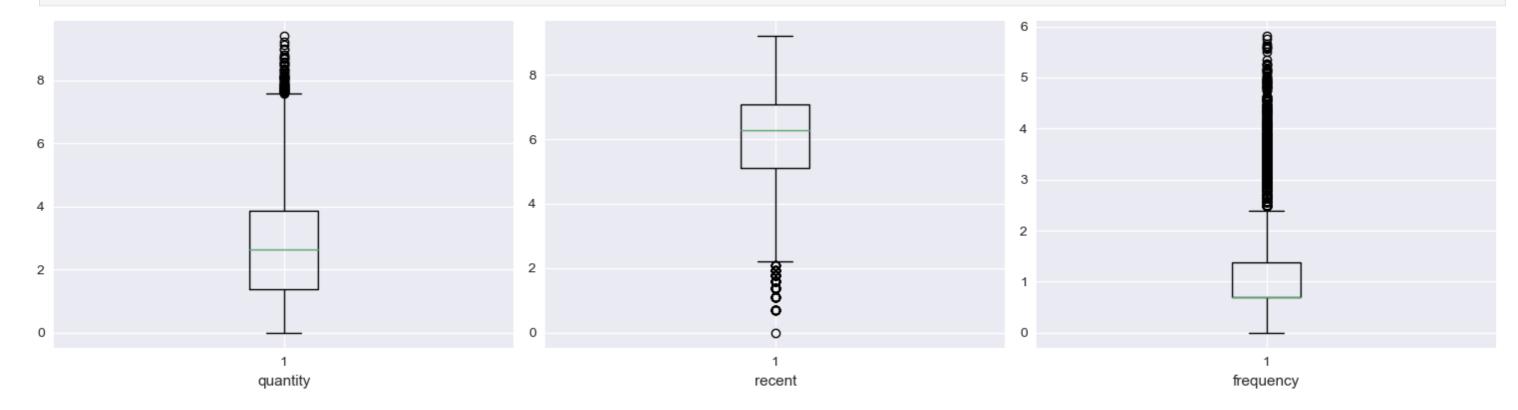
Normalization

```
In [22]: # Normalizing the numerical columns
for c in col:
    df_customers[c] = np.log(df_customers[c].values.reshape(-1, 1)+1)
```

In [23]: # drawing the histograms to check the result of Log normalization
plot_hist(df_customers, col)



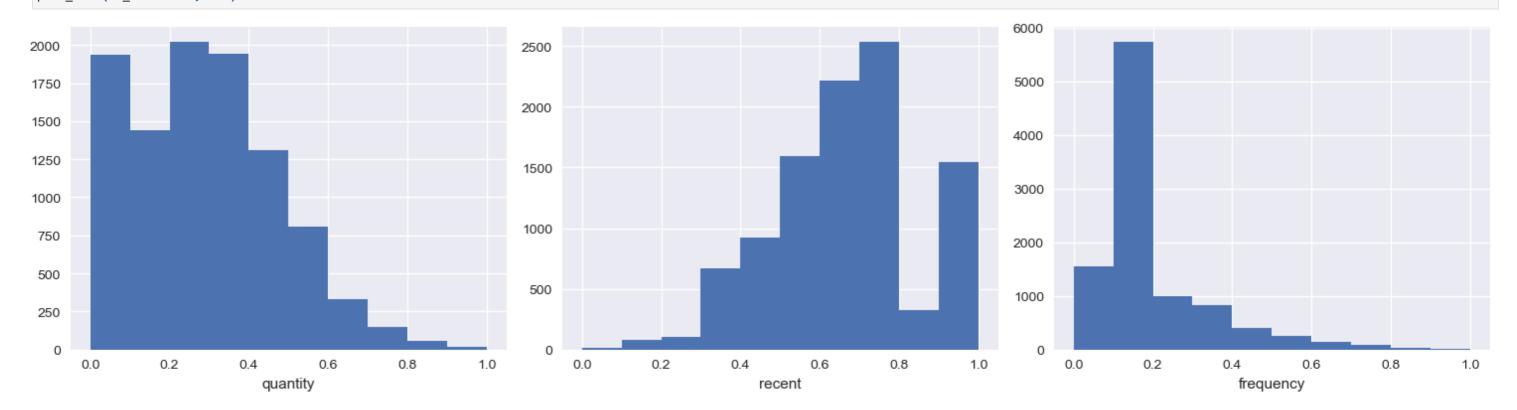
In [24]: # drawing the barplots to check the result of Log normalization
plot_boxplot(df_customers, col)



Scaling

```
In [25]: # scaling the numerical columns
    min_max_scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
    for c in col:
        df_customers[c] = min_max_scaler.fit_transform(df_customers[c].values.reshape(-1, 1))
```

drawing the histograms to check the result of scaling
plot_hist(df_customers, col)

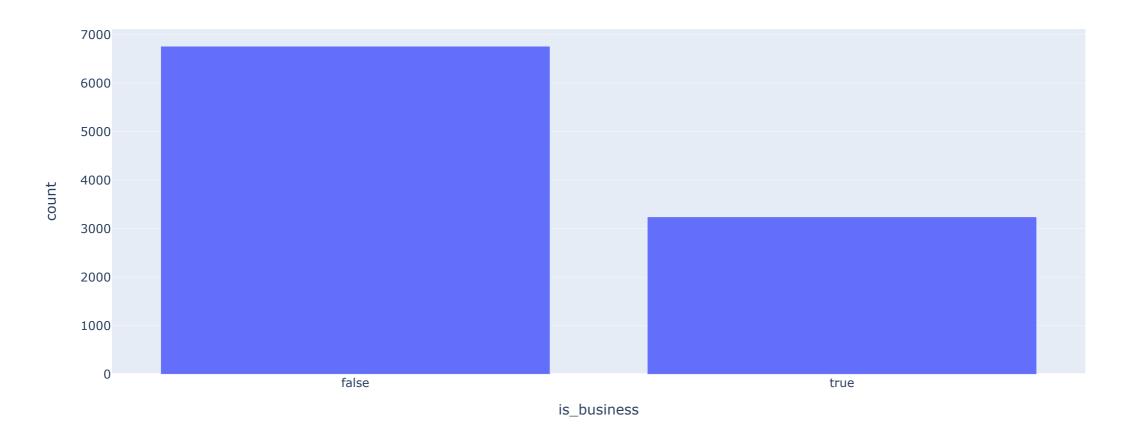


Categorical features

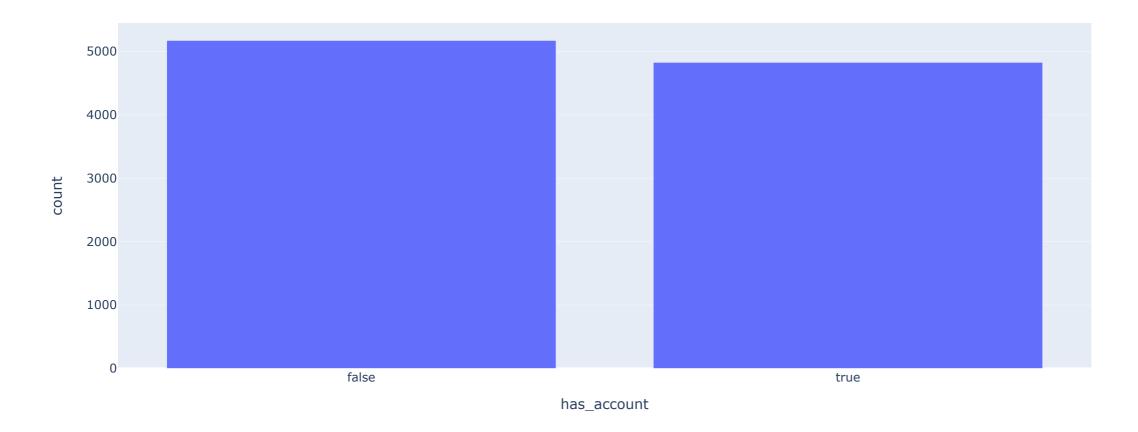
As part of data exploration, I made descriptive figures of the features, so I can see the distribtions for each variable.

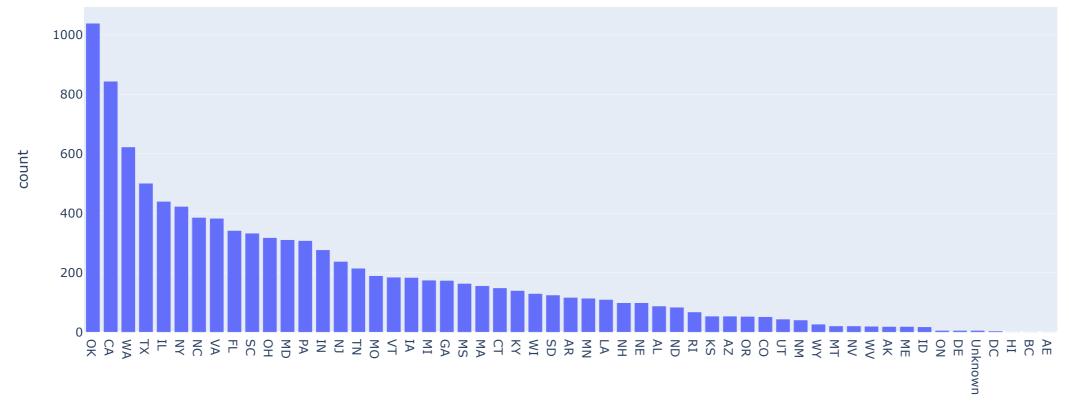
```
In [26]: col = ['is_business', 'has_account', 'bill_state','acquisition_channel']
for i in col:
    plot_bars(df_customers, i)
```

is_business



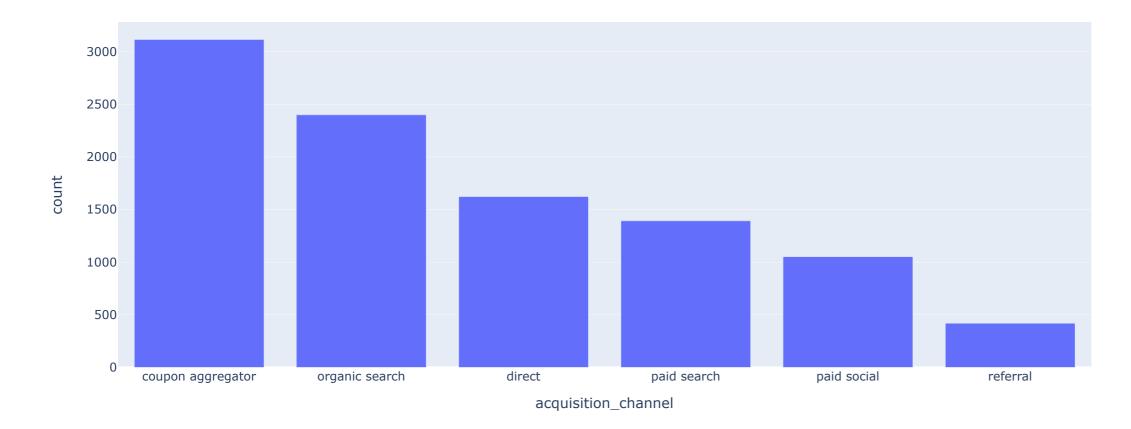
has_account





bill_state

acquisition_channel



K-means uses euclidean distance between the clustered observations and the cluster centroid. However, since our data has categorical features we cannot use K-means right off the shelf. I have two options:

- 1. While K-means is for categorical data and K-modes is for numerical data, there is third option that works for both data types named K-prototype.
- 2. When I one hot encode my categorical variables, my features will be 67. I can use PCA to both reduce my data dimension and have numerical variables only. Then I can use K-means.

I would try both of them if I had more time, but since I have never used K-prototype, and there's a time restriction. I will try my second option.

Out[31]: Text(0, 0.5, 'SSE')

```
In [27]: # one-hot encode the non-binary categorical features
df_customers = pd.get_dummies(df_customers, columns=['bill_state', 'acquisition_channel'])

In [28]: df_customers.shape

Out[28]: (10000, 67)

PCA

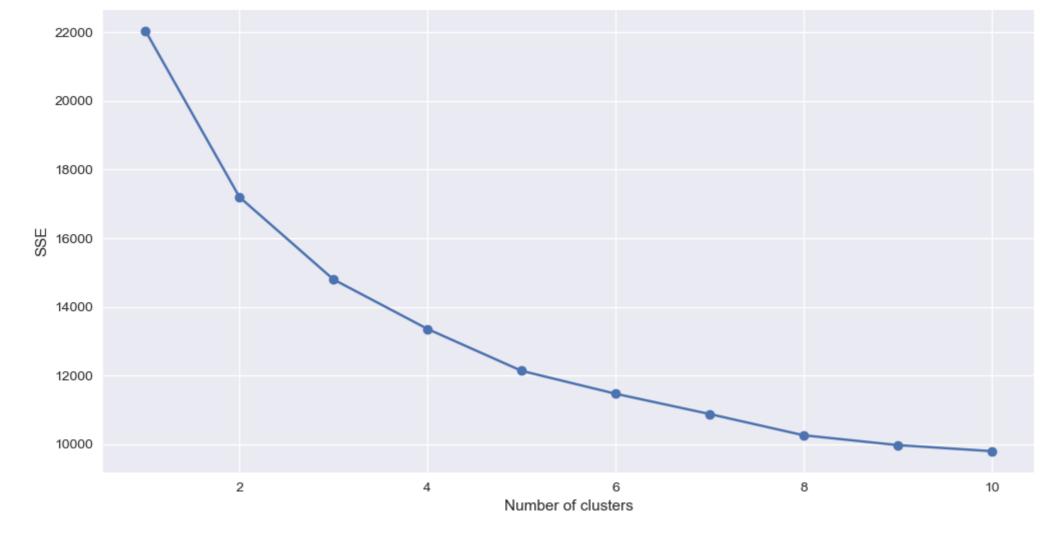
In [29]: # 0.95 says choose the number of components that keep 95% of original data's variability
pca = PCA(n_components=0.95)

In [30]: X_pca = pca.fit_transform(df_customers.loc[:, df_customers.columns != 'customer_uid'].values)
X_pca.shape

Out[30]: (10000, 37)

K-means

In [31]: # choosing the k
SSE = []
```



I think based on the graph above number of clusters 5 would be the best option, although there isn't an elbow that stands out.

```
In [38]: # build a model with 5 clusters
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = 5, init='k-means++', random_state=0)
kmeans.fit(X_pca);
```

I use silhouette to evaluate the model. Silhouette is a coefficient that varies from -1 to +1. The better model has a higher silhouette.

```
In [39]: silhouette_score(X_pca, kmeans.labels_)
Out[39]: 0.27595323666581456
In [40]: # add the labels to my original cutomers table
df_customers_original['label'] = kmeans.labels_
```

In [41]: df_customers_original.head()

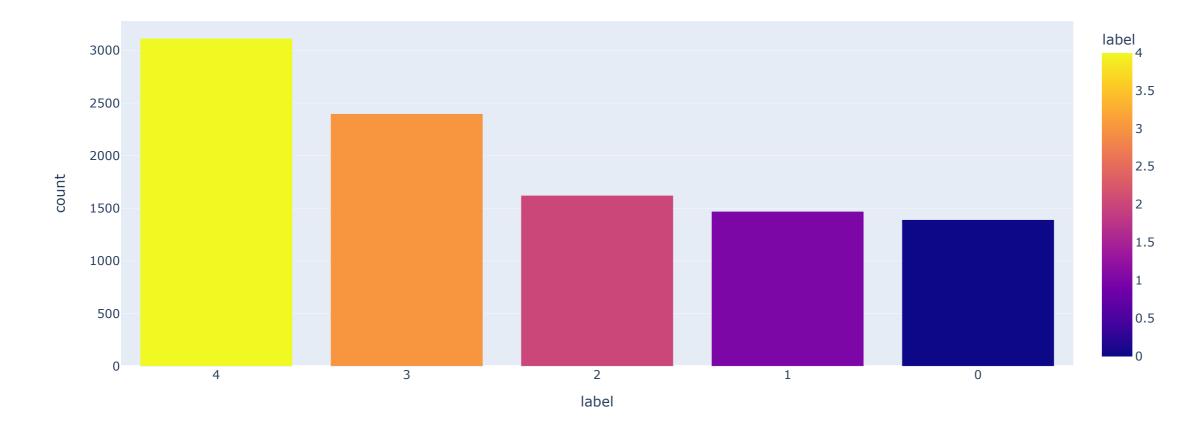
Out[41]:

•	customer_uid	is_business	has_account	bill_state	acquisition_channel	quantity	recent	frequency	label
	7d30104b82c22393003ac3c07b491c15	False	False	OK	coupon aggregator	15	1822	1	4
	77a48e4c4a69458d3421c54058350f93	False	False	CA	organic search	6	525	1	3
2	2 c9fe0dadc9e25ab478144bbd3a0ae750	False	False	WA	organic search	3	517	1	3
3	7a8bdb597d753c6c7430ea4e1d52fc48	False	False	TX	organic search	1	781	1	3
	4 becb1413c375caba8707085efaac08e9	False	False	IL	organic search	7	1323	1	3

```
In [42]: df = pd.DataFrame({'label': df_customers_original['label'].unique(), 'count': df_customers_original['label'].value_counts()})
fig = px.bar(df, x='label', y = 'count', title='label', color='label')
```

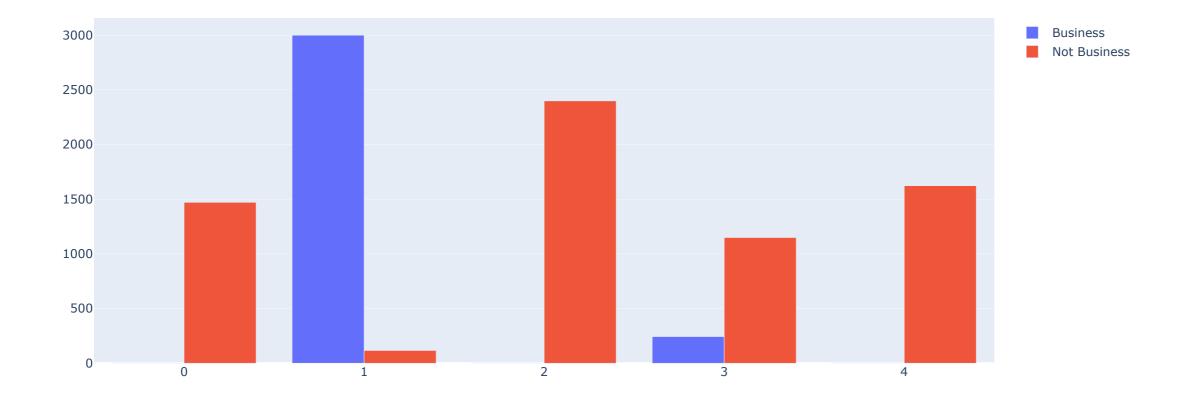
```
fig.update_xaxes(type='category')
fig.show()
```

label



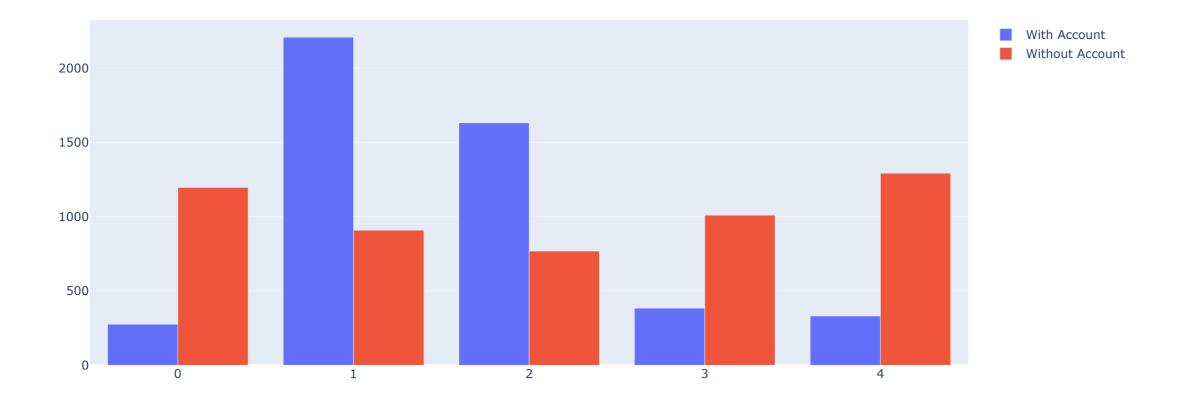
Analyze the result

How is my clusters against is_business feature:



Cluster 0, 2 and 4 have no business customers. Cluster 3 has some, but most of the business customers are in cluster 1.

How is my clusters against has_account feature:

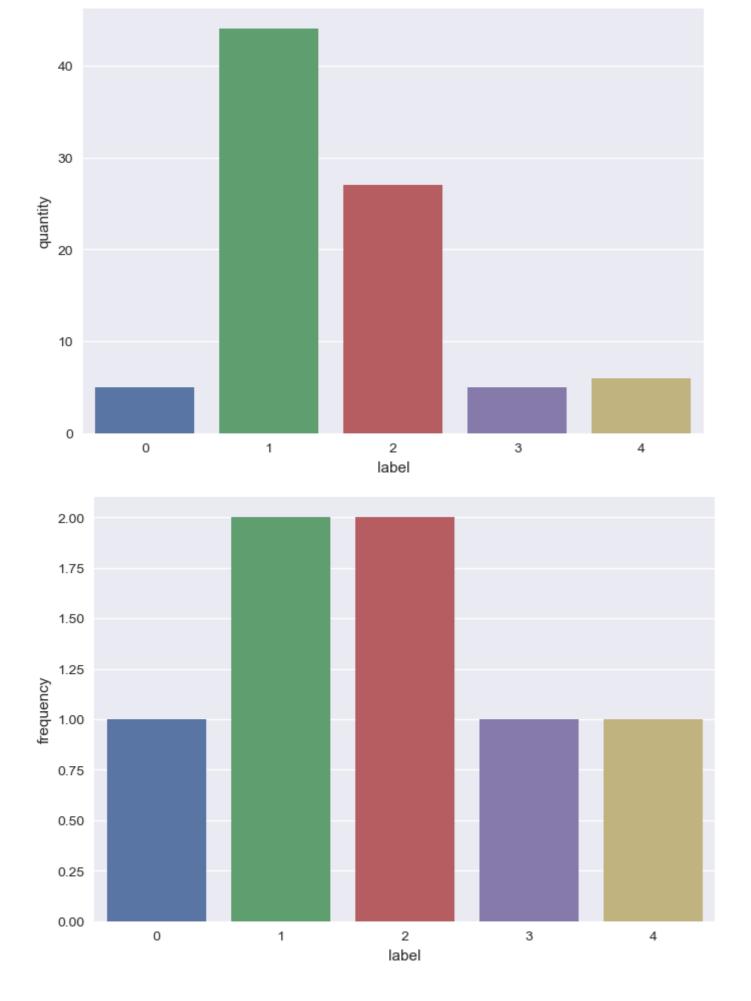


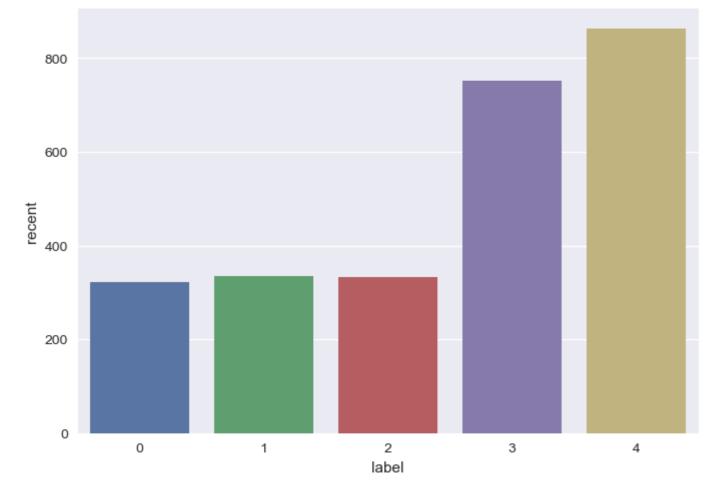
Interestingly, cluster 1 had the most business customers and most customers who have accounts. Does it mean most of my business customers make accounts? We can't tell by just looking at this graph, but maybe it is worth investigation.

Showing how the numerical variables look like within each group of customers:

Out[45]:		label	quantity		freq	uency	recent		
			median	std	median	std	median	std	
	0	0	5.0	38.22	1.0	2.99	323.0	4505.18	
	1	1	44.0	663.07	2.0	25.76	335.0	3419.82	
	2	2	27.0	68.51	2.0	4.18	333.0	3528.46	
	3	3	5.0	79.62	1.0	2.10	751.0	3594.51	
	4	4	6.0	11.54	1.0	0.00	862.0	402.77	

Plot the median of the numerical variables against each group:





Group 1 that is the group with largest number of business customers shops the largest quantity and very frequently!

We can continue analyzing each group and understand each group of customers better. However, because of time constraint, I stop at this point.

One idea

It would be interesting to know which of the features contributed the most to the PCA. One way of going about this would be to regress each principal component against a variable, and extract the R-squared value. First, we could set up an empty matrix with each row representing a principal component and each column a variable. Then we populate each element of that matrix with the R-squared value (i.e. row 1, column 1 would be the R-squared corresponding to principal component 1 and variable 1). Since R-squared represents the proportion of variation in the PC explained by the variable and the explained variance ratio represents the amount of variation explained by the specific PC in PCA, we can multiply these together and sum them across all PCs.

So, if X_i is the explained variance ratio of PC_i (among I PCs) and R2_ij is the R-squared value for PC_i and variable j among J variables, then the total contribution of variable j to the PCA could be computed as X_1 * R2_1j + X_2 * R2_2j + ... + X_I * R2_lj. This can be repeated for all variables J, such that we can compare the total contributions across variables.