C and C++ Programming Assessment 2

June 12, 2025

C Multiple Choice

Each question will have four options, with each multiple choice question being worth **Two marks**.

- 1. What is the size of a float on most systems?
 - A) 2 bytes
 - B) 4 bytes
 - C) 8 bytes
 - D) 16 bytes
- 2. Which of the following is a valid variable name in C?
 - A) 1variable
 - B) variable₁C)variable 1
- D) variable1
 - 3. What will this code output?

```
int x = 5;
printf("%d", x++ * 2);
```

- A) 10
- B) 12
- C) 5
- D) Undefined Behavior
- 4. What is wrong with the following code?

```
char str[10];
strcpy(str, "Hello World");
```

- A) Missing include directive
- B) Buffer overflow
- C) Incorrect use of strcpy
- D) Nothing is wrong
- 5. Which loop is best suited for iterating over an array of known size?
 - A) while
 - B) do-while
 - C) for
 - D) None of the above
- 6. Which of the following cannot be used to initialize an array in C?
 - A) Static initialization
 - B) Dynamic initialization
 - C) Direct assignment of another array

- D) Element-by-element assignment
- 7. What is wrong with the following code?

```
int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
int *ptr = arr;
printf("%d", *(ptr + 3));
```

- A) Pointer arithmetic is incorrect
- B) Out-of-bounds access
- C) Array initialization is wrong
- D) Nothing is wrong
- 8. What is the purpose of the static keyword in a function?
 - A) Restricts variable scope to the file
 - B) Preserves variable value between function calls
 - C) Allocates memory dynamically
 - D) Makes the function globally accessible
- 9. Which of the following correctly declares a pointer to a function?
 - A) int *func();
 - B) int (*func)();
 - C) int *func();
 - D) int func*();
- 10. What is wrong with this code?

```
FILE *fp = fopen("data.txt", "w");
fclose(fp);
fprintf(fp, "Test");
```

- A) File opened in wrong mode
- B) Writing to a closed file
- C) Missing error checking
- D) Nothing is wrong

- 1. Which of the following is NOT a C++ access specifier?
 - A) public
 - B) private
 - C) protected
 - D) internal
- 2. What is wrong with this class definition?

```
class Demo {
   int value
   void setValue(int v);
};
```

- A) Missing semicolon after class
- B) Missing access specifier
- C) Function not implemented
- D) Nothing is wrong
- 3. What does the virtual keyword enable in C++?
 - A) Static binding
 - B) Dynamic binding
 - C) Data hiding
 - D) Encapsulation
- 4. What is wrong with this constructor?

```
class Sample {
public:
    Sample(int x) {
        return x;
    }
};
```

- A) Constructors cannot have parameters
- B) Constructors cannot return values
- C) Incorrect access specifier
- D) Nothing is wrong
- 5. What is the purpose of the delete operator in C++?
 - A) Deallocates memory on the stack
 - B) Deallocates memory on the heap
 - C) Deletes a class definition
 - D) Deletes a variable
- 6. What is the error in this code?

```
int* arr = new int[5];
arr[5] = 10;
```

- A) Out-of-bounds access
- B) Memory leak
- C) Incorrect deletion syntax
- D) Nothing is wrong
- 7. What is the role of a copy constructor in C++?
 - A) Initializes an object with default values
 - B) Creates a copy of an existing object
 - C) Deletes an object
 - D) Allocates memory dynamically
- 8. Which keyword is used to define a constant member function?
 - A) static
 - B) const
 - C) final
 - D) virtual
- 9. What are the types of inheritance in C++?
 - A) Single, Multiple, Multilevel, Hierarchical, Hybrid
 - B) Public, Private, Protected
 - C) Static, Dynamic
 - D) Abstract, Concrete

(Last question on the next page)

10. What will be the output of this code?

```
class A {
           public:
2
                virtual void display() {
3
                     cout << "Class A";</pre>
4
           };
6
           class B : public A {
           public:
9
                void display() {
10
                    cout << "Class B";</pre>
11
           };
12
           int main() {
13
                A *a = new B();
14
                a->display();
15
                delete a;
16
           }
17
18
```

- A) Class A
- B) Class B
- C) Compilation Error
- D) Undefined Behavior

C Programming Topic: Binary Search

1. Define an integer array with the following specifications:

The array should contain 10 elements: {10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100}, sorted in ascending order. Declare this array in the main function and print all its elements to confirm initialization.

(4 marks)

2. Write a function named binarySearch that performs the following tasks:

Accept the sorted array, its size, and a search value as arguments. Implement binary search to find the index of the search value. Return the index if found; otherwise, return -1.

(8 marks)

3. Modify the main function to use the binarySearch function:

Prompt the user to input a value to search. Call the binarySearch function and store the result. Print whether the value was found and its index.

(8 marks)

4. Write a function named findSecondLargest that performs the following:

Accept the array and its size as arguments. Find and return the second largest value in the array. Print this value in the main function after calling findSecondLargest.

(6 marks)

5. Write a function to calculate the median of the array elements:

Accept the array and its size as arguments. Calculate the median (average of two middle elements for even-sized array). Return the median and print it in the main function.

(4 marks)

C++ CREATIVE QUESTION

Be careful with the formatting of your answer; it should be easy to read.

1. Define an Employee class with the following specifications:

Private member variables: name (a string) to store the employee's name. salaries (an array of 6 floats) to store monthly salaries for half a year. id (an integer) to store the employee's ID.

Public member functions: A constructor to initialize the name, salaries, and ID for each employee.

(5 marks)

2. Write a member function named calculateAverageSalary in the Employee class that:

Computes the average of the salaries stored in the salaries array. Returns the calculated average as a float.

(5 marks)

3. Add a member function named isAboveThreshold to the Employee class that:

Uses calculateAverageSalary to check if the average salary exceeds 5000. Returns true if the average salary is above 5000, false otherwise.

(5 marks)

4. Write a member function named displayInfo in the Employee class that:

Displays the employee's name, ID, salaries, average salary, and threshold status in the following format:

Name: Alice Johnson

ID: 201

Salaries: $4500.0\ 4700.0\ 4800.0\ 4900.0\ 5000.0\ 5100.0$

Average Salary: 4833.33 Status: Below Threshold

Part 4 (final part) on the next page

5. In the main function, perform the following:

Create two Employee objects using the constructor. For example:

Employee 1: Name: "Alice Johnson", ID: 201, Salaries: $\{4500.0,\ 4700.0,\ 4800.0,\ 4900.0,\ 5000.0,\ 5100.0\}$

Employee 2: Name: "Bob Wilson", ID: 202, Salaries: $\{5500.0, 5600.0, 5700.0, 5800.0, 5900.0, 6000.0\}$

Call the displayInfo function for both employees to test all functionalities.

(10 marks)